

Established  
June 14, 1881.

# Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO TEXAS, SUNDAY, MAY 11, 1919—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 57

## RICHTER'S LAREDO'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

HAND TAILORED  
Genuine Palm Beach Suits  
For Summer Wear at  
**\$16.50**  
ALL SIZES AND SHADES.

STRAW HATS OF ALL KINDS  
Sennets, Madagascars, Bangkoks, Panamas,  
Leghorns and Baliluk \$1.50 up to \$8.50

SILK SHIRTS  
Complete Line of Beautiful Shirts in  
all sizes and colors \$4.00 up to \$10.00

### MEN'S JUST WRIGHT OXFORDS.

Cherry Red Calf, English Last - - \$8.50  
Brown Kid, Medium Last - - - \$9.00  
Black Kid in all Lasts - - - \$7.50  
White Cloth and Palm Beach Oxfords \$4.00

**AUG. C. RICHTER**

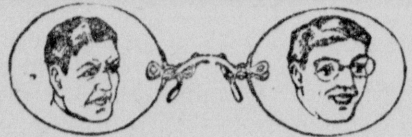
## ANNOUNCING

Some very attractive Price Concessions on  
Fine Suits and Overcoats

Allow us to suggest another  
Suit or Overcoat at such at-  
tractive prices for Stein-  
Bloch and Kuppenheimer  
clothes; and especially when  
prices promise higher next  
season.

New Spring 1919 { **HATS  
SHIRTS  
SHOES**

**I. Alexander**  
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



**KRYPTOK**

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece  
glasses you can see far and near.

Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and  
guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.

Our prices are the most reasonable.

**LAREDO OPTICAL Co.**  
516 Flores Ave. (Opposite City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

## WILSON DECLARES HE HAS NOT DEVIATED FROM ATTITUDE ON THE FIUME QUESTION

Despatches from Paris Say that He will Address Congress and  
Discuss the Whole Subject Matter of the Paris Negotia-  
tions Immediately After His Return to  
the United States.

### NAVAL RESERVE WAS CALLED TO COLORS

FORMING NEW ADDITION TO  
THE TRANSPORT SERVICE  
CALLS FOR MORE EN-  
LISTED MEN

By Associated Press.

Boston, May 10.—Thirty-two per cent of the enlisted men of the naval reserve and the entire enlisted personnel of the regular navy are to be assigned to sea duty immediately, according to orders received at the navy yard from Washington today. It is understood that the purpose is to obtain men for addition to the transport service.

### ASTOR PLACE RIOTS RECALLED.

New York, May 10.—Students of local history, especially those interested in the annals of the New York stage, recalled today as the seventh anniversary of the so-called Astor Palace riots, which formed the most thrilling chapter in the early history of the drama in America.

The riots were the outgrowth of a personal feud existing between Edwin Forrest and William C. Macready, the one the foremost among American tragedians of that time and the other occupying a similar standing with reference to the English stage. The two famous actors had formerly been friends. When Forrest played a professional engagement in London he was personally entertained by Macready. Later, however, professional jealousy led to an estrangement which in time developed into bitter personal animosity. It is said that Forrest vowed to drive Macready from the American stage, but that he personally instigated the riots in this city, as was charged by friends of Macready, has been denied by the biographers of the American tragedian.

It is certain, however, that the friends of Forrest threatened to prevent the appearance of Macready in New York. The latter nevertheless played for a number of nights at the Astor Place Opera House in the autumn of 1848, but upon commencing a farewell engagement there in the following spring he was menaced by serious opposition.

The engagement opened on May 7, with the famous English tragedian appearing as "Macbeth." Such was the confusion in the audience that the manager of the house was compelled to order the curtain dropped before the performance was concluded. Macready thereupon determined to end the engagement, but upon the publication in the newspapers of a letter signed by many leading citizens of New York, requesting him to remain, and promising to protect him against any hostile demonstration, he consented to reappear on the following Thursday.

On that evening, owing to elaborate precautions taken by the theater management and the police, order was preserved in the house during the performance. Trouble was started, however, immediately the play was ended and the audience was departing. Friends of Forrest had gathered in force outside the opera house and after vainly endeavoring to effect an entrance commenced an attack on the building.

Soon the mob grew to immense proportions. Stones and other missiles were hurled about, innocent bystanders were clubbed, and many shots were fired. The police being unable to restrain the infuriated mob, the military were called out. Orders to disperse were ignored by the crowd. Several volleys were thereupon fired by the soldiers. Not until thirty-two persons lay dead in the streets and many others had been removed seriously wounded was the riot finally quelled.

Though assured of ample protec-

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Reports from Paris that President Wilson had committed himself to the proposal to settle the Fiume dispute by giving the port to Italy after 1923 were said, in despatches to the White House today, to be absolute fiction. It appeared from today's advices that the president has not deviated in the slightest from his original stand in opposition to Italy's claim to this Adriatic port.

Other despatches from Paris said President Wilson would personally address congress and discuss the whole subject matter of the Paris negotiations immediately after his return to the United States.

### What They Will Do.

Paris, May 10.—It is understood that the council of four at its meeting today discussed among other subjects the eventuality of Germany refusing to sign the peace treaty and the steps to be taken in that event. It is said no intimation that Germany intended to take such a course had reached the allies, but that they are taking nothing for granted.

### Be Silent for a Week.

Paris, May 10.—President Wilson expressed the belief today that nothing would be heard from the German plenipotentiaries for about a week. Neither he nor other members of the American delegation had heard anything regarding the published report that the German delegates were preparing to depart from Versailles.

### Ebert Makes Proclamation.

Berlin, May 10.—Germany's reply

## VICTORY LOAN HAS GONE OVER THE TOP

WORD FROM WASHINGTON IN-  
DICATIONS THAT THERE  
IS EVEN AN OVER-  
SUBSCRIPTION.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Although there are no official predictions or estimates there are many indications that the Victory Liberty Loan has successfully passed over the top, if not been oversubscribed.

### Nearly Subscribed.

Washington, May 10.—Official subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan shortly before noon today were approximately \$3,500,000,000, according to the treasury statement. Reports of unreported subscriptions indicate that the total is greatly above the official showing.

tion, Macready made no further attempt to act in New York. According to those in attendance the famous actor narrowly escaped with his life on the night of the riot. He had just time enough to divest himself of his theatrical costume and put on his street clothes when the mob succeeded in getting into the opera house. According to several friends, Macready made his way undetected to a house in Union Square, where he remained until daylight the following morning. He was then driven out to New Rochelle in a wagon and there boarded a train for Boston.

It has been said that the quarrel between Forrest and Macready had its origin in Edinburgh, where Macready attended a performance given by Forrest and is said to have hissed him. However the fact was, the American actor believed that Macready had hissed him, and he thereupon determined to crush the English tragedian at the first opportunity. In a certain speech in Philadelphia Macready imputed the opposition he was encountering to Forrest. This increased the zeal of Forrest's friends in the espousal of his cause, and the culmination came in the memorable riot of May 10, 1849.

### NAVAL AIRPLANES LEFT THIS MORNING

ONE PLANE TURNED BACK TO  
HALIFAX FOR THE RE-  
PLACEMENT OF A  
PROPELLER.

By Associated Press.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval hydroairplanes Nos. 1 and 3 started on their way to Trepassey at 9 o'clock this morning, from whence they will attempt the transatlantic flight.

### Returned to Halifax.

Washington, May 10.—Naval sea-plane No. 3 returned to Halifax an hour after it started for Trepassey Bay, according to a report to the navy department from the tender Baltimore this morning. The despatch said the plane would replace a propeller and start again at noon.

### Cruised Fifty Miles.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval airplane No. 3, forced by propeller trouble to return here after cruising 50 miles on its flight to Trepassey, Newfoundland, made a fresh start at 12:35.

to the terms of peace presented at Versailles will be a proposal for a peace of right on the basis of the last peace of nations, according to a proclamation to the German people issued here today by President Ebert.

### Fixed Boundaries.

Paris, May 10.—The council of foreign minister have fixed the boundaries between Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia and have made progress toward the adjustment of the new Rumanian boundaries. The question of lifting the blockade against Hungary was referred to the supreme economic council for action.

### Wants Written Assurance.

Paris, May 10.—It seems unlikely that China will sign the peace treaty unless she is given written assurance by the council of three that Japan will return Kiaochow to China. The Chinese delegates say no such provision was made in the peace treaty and their only basis for believing such restoration would be made was in a verbal agreement.

### Death Knell of Austria.

Vienna, May 10.—The death knell of old Austria was sounded in parliament today when Chancellor Benner in accepting the nomination as peace delegate to St. Germain said he relinquished all hopes for fusion with Germany.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Close of the United States Victory Liberty Loan campaign.  
Observance of Confederate Memorial Day in North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee.  
Today is the seventieth anniversary of the historic Astor Place Opera House riots in New York City.

The name "Abraham Lincoln" will be bestowed upon a 12,500-ton cargo steamer to be launched today at Gloucester, N. J.

Flyers from ten American universities and colleges are to take part in a balloon contest scheduled to start today from Akron, O.

Seven thousand members of the uniformed force and about 5,000 reserves are expected to march today in the annual police parade in New York City.

As a preliminary to the world's cotton conference, to be held in New Orleans next October, a commission composed of Northern and Southern cotton-mill owners, experts and financiers will sail from New York today for Europe to make an investigation of textile conditions abroad.

### DO IT.

DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.  
YOU KNOW YOU OUGHT TO SUPPORT THE VICTORY LOAN.

You know that you ought to do your share towards finishing the job.  
You know that this loan is the real test of patriotism.

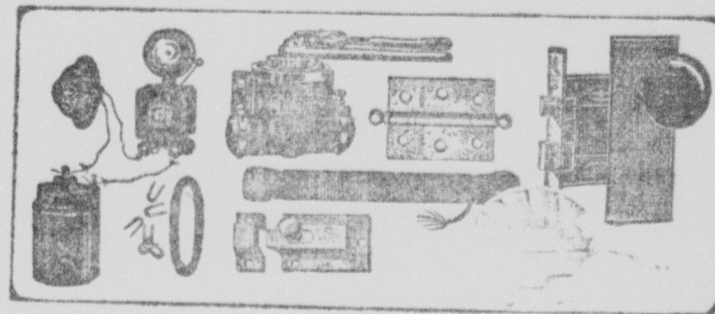
You know that your love of country, your self respect, call upon you to buy Victory Bonds.

DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.

### DO IT.

**LAREDO NATIONAL BANK**  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

### BUILDERS' HARDWARE



Do the odd jobs around the house. We have a complete line of Builders' Hardware that will save you money on your repair bills.

LENGTHEN the LIFE and INCREASE the VALUE of your property by keeping it well PAINTED and REPAIRED.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**  
DISTRIBUTORS OF FINE HARDWARE

### DIAMONDS.

What a satisfaction there is in ownership of perfect Diamonds, in the pleasure and pride their possession brings and in the assurance that they will enhance in value as the years roll by. Twenty-one years reputation for the constant maintenance of highest quality gives you the feeling of fullest confidence in Daiches, one low unvarying price to all.

One of the largest stocks in Southwest Texas to select from.

**L. DAICHES, The Jeweler**

### LET THE WIZARD DO YOUR WORK.

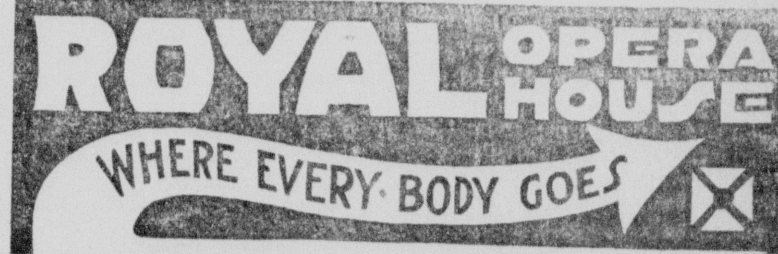
WIZARD Triangle Mops absorb dirt and clean and polish all kinds of floors.

WIZARD Furniture Polish cleans, polishes and renews furniture, pianos, woodwork, automobiles, etc.

"Its more than a furniture polish."

Phone Us.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE COMPANY**



Today—Carlyle Blackwell and Evelyn Greely in "HIT OR MISS," A real knockout. Just one laugh after another.

"A RAGTIME ROMANCE," L-Ko feature, with the famous L-Ko beauties.

Royal Concert Orchestra.

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: Albert Ray and Elinor Fair in "MARRIED IN HASTE."



From Friday's Daily.

#### THE GERMAN VIEW.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German spokesman at the peace conference, is nothing if not insolent, and he demonstrated his Prussian boorishness by remaining seated while he talked, although Premier Clemenceau, the aged chairman of the conference, stood up to speak.

But the real insolence of the German representative was shown in his declaration that "The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 because of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation." This is not only a deliberate falsehood, but the honorable (!) gentleman was aware when he said it that everyone within hearing of his voice knew that it was a deliberate falsehood.

There is room for much doubt as to "hundreds of thousands" of Germans having perished because of the blockade, either before or after the signing of the armistice. And those who did die were as much the victims of the German authors of the war as were the French or Belgians.

During the war and since November 11 quite appreciable quantities of foodstuffs were shipped into Germany from Holland and other neutral countries. Previous to 1918 large quantities reached the Germans through Denmark, and both Sweden and Norway continued the trade in contraband for a long time after the blockade was begun.

It was not until the battle off Jutland that the British and allied fleets were able to make the blockade very effective, and the food shipped in, in addition to what the Germans claim to have planted and harvested themselves and the vast supplies of foodstuffs taken when Rumania and Russia were tricked into a disgraceful peace, were sufficient to keep the Germans from starving to death.

But since the armistice the Germans have used what food they had in a wasteful manner, besides cutting off the supplies from those who could not engage in the street fighting and other amusements which have occupied the German attention to the exclusion of all consideration of what they should do toward a settlement of their difficulties with the allied nations.

There has been no attempt on the part of any of the allies to bring hardship upon the German people, and on the contrary there has been a great deal of food shipped in by permission of the allied officers and governments.

To attempt to offset what the Germans have done by the death of the non-combatants in Germany because of anything the allies have done is futile. The world knows what Germany did with the food of Belgium, of France, of Poland, of Russia and of Rumania. And the world also knows that vast quantities of foodstuffs have gone into that country since the signing of the armistice, as well as the fact that the German prisoners of war in the hands of the allies were well fed and those who did work for civilians were well paid in addition.

The German spokesman says "We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged the war," but it is evident that he is attempting by recrimination to belittle the enormity of what those men did. For if he can show that the allies were guilty of causing the death of hundreds of thousands of German non-combatants "by cold deliberation," then the allies would forfeit, in the estimation of the neutral nations, much of their right to accuse Germany of enormities.

But the conduct of the allied soldiers in the occupied zone of Germany just now is giving the lie to this German noble's statements, and when the spokesmen of the allies get through with him he will have little left to say.

Germany is not showing up any better in defeat than she did in temporary victory. The world despises a person or a nation with a yellow streak, and the Germans are demonstrating an entire lack of the sporting spirit.

#### COXEY'S NEW ARMY.

Jacob Coxe, who led his "army" to Washington to demand new legislation many years ago, is again in the limelight with a proposition to head a new "army" which he suggests should be composed of ten per cent of every labor organization in its United States, and which shall march to the national capital in case congress, within two weeks time after it convenes in special session does not act on the measures which "General" Coxe proposes.

Here is some more of the pernicious class legislation suggested, for Coxe does not propose that anyone save the labor organizations take part in either the march or the demand for the passage of the legislation.

But it must be remembered that all legislation to be acceptable must be for the good of all the country, not merely a percentage of the population.

It is estimated that the labor organizations, most of which are included in the American Federation of Labor, represent about one-tenth of the laboring element of the country. The rest of the workers, the professional and commercial men, the financiers, the people who have no trade

or occupation—all these are to be dominated by one-tenth of the labor element, which in turn is not to exceed sixty per cent of the entire population, so that the demand for this special legislation would come from about six per cent of the population, leaving the other ninety-four per cent without either voice or representation.

Coxey's legislation includes the old idea of the initiative and referendum, which is to amend the constitution of the United States that when a petition from 500,000 bona fide voters is received by the secretary of state at Washington, he shall submit the legislation they propose at the next general election, and when a petition from a million voters is received, he shall call a special election for that express purpose within sixty days after presentation of the petition.

There is no doubt that the people are dissatisfied with the present mode of amending our constitution. The plan was adopted at a time when the few scattered colonies and the lack of communications made it well-nigh impossible for the people to become informed as to the merits of a proposed measure, and as ours is a representative government, the amending or altering of our constitution was left to the representatives.

But of late years there has been an ever-growing suspicion that we are not really represented, either in the various state legislatures or in the national congress; that other interests besides those of the people receive more attention at the hands of our representatives, and that it is time a change were made.

A few years ago we adopted an amendment to the constitution calling for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, instead of by the legislators of a state, as formerly. And the election of a senator does not so closely affect the people as the adoption of a constitutional amendment, especially as the states with but a few hundreds of thousands of inhabitants have as much voice in approving a proposed amendment as those with millions of inhabitants.

But the matter of permitting a comparatively small number of voters to demand the submission to the people of any measure which might appeal to them, and thus disturb existing conditions without warrant, does not seem to be the best way of improving our affairs.

Still, any one who wants to join Coxe's new army can secure enrollment by writing to him at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, which seems to be a queer place for the headquarters of a plain citizen representing the labor element of the country.

It would be a novel sight, that of some 100,000 men camped about the national capital, awaiting the action of congress on the measures which Coxe says will bring about the millennium. And just who is to feed them during their siege is not disclosed in the call to action.

#### HAD TO QUIT WORK

##### ON FATHER'S FARM

KEPT GOING DOWN HILL—TAKES TANLAC AND BEGINS TO PICK RIGHT UP.

"I never saw anyone pick up so fast as my son John has since he started taking Tanlac," said A. McGrew, a prominent and successful farmer of Dawson, Okla., recently.

"He suffered awfully from indigestion and a general rundown condition of his system for the past six months," continued Mr. McGrew, "and his kidneys seemed to give him a good deal of trouble and he was going down hill all the time. He had a healthy appetite but right after eating his food would feel like a lump of lead in his stomach and it gave him so much trouble that he got so he would hardly taste a thing on the table. He looked pale and sickly all the time and got thin as a rail and was so weak he just had to quit working on the farm. He just moped around all the time and couldn't get up energy to do a thing. He worried a lot about his kidneys and complained of having severe pains in his side and back and sometimes his back would hurt so bad he could hardly get up out of a chair."

"I read so much in the papers about the good Tanlac was doing so many people that I got some for him and started him on it. He is still on his second bottle, but it has done him a world of good and he is looking much better than he has for a long time. His kidneys don't trouble him anymore and he hasn't had a pain in his side or back in some time. He has gained in weight and is stronger too, and is able to get around and do anything he wants. The indigestion don't trouble him any more and he can eat a good square meal without any pain afterward. Tanlac is the only medicine I have bought that has been of any benefit to my son and he is so pleased with what it has done for him that he is telling all his friends about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

A. M. MANSUR.

Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919.

#### IN BATTLE WITH SMUGGLERS CHARLES HOPKINS KILLED

THREE SMUGGLERS KILLED AND FOURTH SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Ira Hill of State Health Service in Critical Condition as Result of Wound; J. Dunnaway Injured.

Four men dead, Immigration Inspector Charles Hopkins and three Mexican smugglers, names unknown, but one said to be named Pedro Vargas; two others seriously wounded and may die, Ira Hill of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, a Mexican smuggler, both now in Mercy Hospital; and one slightly wounded, James Dunnaway of the immigration service, is the toll of a semi-moonlight battle on the banks of the Rio Grande between the farms of Warwick and Charles E. Richter southeast of Laredo at about 10:30 o'clock last night.

Last night about 10:20 o'clock a party of mounted immigration, customs and public health officers, consisting of Mounted Customs Inspectors Robert Rumsey and John Chamberlain, Immigration Inspectors Charles Hopkins, James Dunnaway and Mal Petty, and Ira Hill of the state health service, who were on patrol duty along the Rio Grande in the country near Laredo, ran upon four Mexicans who had just reached the American side of the river. The boat landed within a few feet of where Rumsey and Hopkins were standing hiding in the chaparral, while the other members of the American party were about fifteen feet distant from Rumsey and Hopkins. When the boat halted Rumsey addressed the men in the skiff, and they immediately opened fire, Hopkins being hit by a bullet striking him in the right side and coming out of the left side of the back, Hopkins dying an hour later.

The battle opened up all around instantly after the firing of the first shot. The man who killed Hopkins was shot through the chest by Rumsey, but ran quite a distance before he fell seriously wounded. Two of the Mexicans in the boat had a battle royal with Dunnaway, Chamberlain and Hill, who succeeded in killing both of the Mexicans. The fourth Mexican, who was in the water at this time, was killed in the river by Rumsey, this man's body disappearing.

During the battle Ira Hill was shot and seriously wounded and is now in Mercy Hospital in a critical condition, as is also the Mexican smuggler, Jose Valdez, who killed Hopkins and who was shot down by Bob Rumsey. James Dunnaway had one of his thumbs shot away during the fight, but Rumsey, Chamberlain and Petty escaped without injury.

The body of Hopkins, who leaves a wife to survive him, was brought here and prepared for burial, while the bodies of two of the dead smugglers were viewed this morning by a large crowd on the second floor of the Convery undertaking establishment. The body of the third dead smuggler had not been recovered up to this morning.

All the fighting was done at close range, the smugglers using both rifles and revolvers, and when Hopkins was shot down his assailant was less than twenty feet away. A cloudy sky beneath the moon caused a semi-moonlight night and the battle raged fiercely for some minutes.

Charles Hopkins has been in the immigration service for several years and made a good, fearless officer and the news of his death came as a shock to his many friends. Ira Hill, who was seriously wounded, is well known here and has been in the service of the state health department as an inspector for some time past.

Hill and Valdez Still Alive. A telephone message to Mercy Hospital this afternoon brought the information that both Ira Hill, of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, the smuggler, who were shot during the fight last night, were still alive, but the conditions of both men were very critical.

#### Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

Due to the K. of C.'s opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 18th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening.

#### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:25 p. m.

International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

5-9-30t.

#### QUARTER-MILLION DOLLAR OIL REFINERY FOR LAREDO

GULF REFINING & PIPE LINE CO. WILL BUILD PLANT HERE.

Plant Similar to That at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport to Be Built Here Immediately.

The first big oil refinery plant to be installed along the Texas-Mexican border will be constructed at Laredo by the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co., and the work of construction on the plant and its equipment, to cost approximately \$250,000, will begin within the next two weeks, according to a statement given out by Charles A. Lindsey, one of the representatives of the company who has been in Laredo for some days past in connection with the securing of a site for the plant, etc. The company has several sites within the city limits offered them, but the selection will not be made of the site until after the arrival of the company's engineer here within the next day or two. After the site is selected work of construction on the refinery buildings, etc., will begin within ten days afterwards, as the brick will be purchased from one of the local plants and the steel and other material will be shipped to Laredo soon thereafter.

Regarding the matter of where the company was to secure petroleum for refining purposes, Mr. Lindsey said: "Our company realizes that Laredo has very good promise of becoming the center of a very important oil field, with oil development work soon to be in progress in Zapata, Webb, Jim Hogg and other counties, and for that reason we are getting in on the ground floor to be ahead of the rush. There is going to be great development work in the oil line hereabouts soon, and we believe oil will be produced in paying quantities. Until that development takes place, however, we will have plenty of raw material to work on, as crude oil will be brought here in tank cars from the North Texas oil fields and refined at our plant. And then, too, when the Mexican situation clarifies and Mexico again assumes normal conditions our company, located here at the logical gateway to Mexico, will be in a position to sell Mexico refined oil. We came here to build a first-class refinery, asked for no bonus, are buying our own site and we are going to give Laredo an oil refinery that will do great good for Laredo."

Joseph H. Parker, who will direct the erection of the refinery plant in Laredo and the installation of the machinery and other material, is the inventor of the high and low pressure system of refining employed by practically every oil refinery in the world. Mr. Parker has installed refineries in India, Sumatra, South America, and in this country and is looked upon as the most authoritative man in oil refinery matters in the world today.

Included in the stockholders of the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co. are a number of the most prominent men of the country, while a number of Laredo capitalists are also stockholders. The building of the refinery here will give employment to a large number of people and Mr. Lindsey stated that eventually the payroll of employees of the refinery in Laredo would total anywhere from 300 to 400 persons. The plant will probably be completed and ready for August.

The refinery at Laredo will be similar to those constructed and operated by the company at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport, La.

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES. \*  
\*\*\*\*\*  
MAY 9.  
1775—Jacob Brown, a Quaker farmer who became commander of the United States Army, born in Bucks County, Pa. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 24, 1828.  
1810—John Brougham, celebrated actor, manager and author, born in Dublin. Died in New York City, Jan. 7, 1880.  
1853—The first ocean steamer arrived at Quec.  
1865—Edwin J. Delfaven, who commanded the first expedition sent in search of Sir John Franklin, died in Philadelphia. Born there in 1819.  
1878—Serious disturbances in Lancashire in connection with the cotton-mill strike.  
1894—Earthquake in Venezuela destroyed several towns and killed about 11,000 persons.  
1915—Italians assembled army of 600,000 on the Austrian frontier.  
1916—French repelled heavy German assaults and made gain at Verdun.  
1917—Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing summoned to Washington to be given command of the American expeditionary force to France.

#### WILL HOLD PEACE PAGEANT ON THE SCHOOL PLAZA TODAY

School Fete Will Begin With the Baby Buggy Parade Which Starts at 5:45 O'clock This Afternoon.

The Peace Pageant which takes the place of the annual May-Day Fete this year, and which has been twice postponed on account of weather conditions making School Plaza undesirable for the purpose, will be held this evening, the first feature of the program, the baby buggy parade, under the direction of Miss Siros, taking place at 5:45 o'clock this afternoon. The crowning of the Goddess of Liberty (Miss Mildred Leyendecker) will take place at 6:15 this evening on the plaza immediately following the doll buggy parade, Liberty being attended by her maid and the courtes of Italy (Miss Esther Penn), France (Miss Alicia Penn) and Belgium (Miss Elena Garcia), together with various attendants. The program as outlined in The Times a few days ago, including vocal and instrumental singing, group dancing, Maypole dances, etc., being carried out this evening. It is expected that several thousand adults and children will be on hand to witness the grand festival.

Notice to Teachers.  
By direction of the State Superintendent all teachers are requested to obtain registration cards at the office of County Superintendent of Public Instruction. These cards are to be filled out and mailed to the Department of Education at Austin.

**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION  
6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

#### LOCAL NEWS

—The importations from Mexico through the port of Laredo yesterday consisted of two carloads of manganese, three carloads of calamine, one carload of chile pequin and one carload of hides.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

—Remember, tomorrow is the last day of the Victory Bond drive. Have you done your part in this campaign? If not, telephone to some member of the soliciting committee to call around and get your subscription at once.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—The grand jury in district court this morning returned nine bills of indictment charging theft under \$50, swindling, violation of the ten-mile zone law, theft over \$50, etc. Included in these bills of indictment was one against Pablo Montez, charged with the murder of W. C. Giddens.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Lopez and Miss Virginia Luna.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

—A report was brought to Laredo this morning to the effect that the county bridge near the Farias Spur, about seven miles north of Laredo on the road toward San Antonio, had been badly damaged by washouts as a result of the heavy rain which fell on Wednesday night.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave Phone 576 or 1017.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 312 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

#### "DANGEROUSLY" NEAR GOAL IN THE VICTORY BOND DRIVE

ONLY \$112,000 NEEDED TO HAVE WEBB COUNTY'S QUOTA.

Sum of \$30,000 Raised at Meeting This Morning; Remaining \$112,000 Will Be Secured by Saturday.

Webb County must go "over the top!"

Only \$112,000 remains to be raised to do that.

The sum of \$367,000 of the quota of \$479,900 is subscribed.

At the mass meeting this morning the sum of \$30,000 was subscribed.

ONLY ONE DAY REMAINS IN WHICH TO RAISE THE REMAINING SUM OF \$112,000.

Tomorrow night August C. Richter and Mrs. Robert L. Bobbitt are anticipating sending a telegram to Dallas advising the federal reserve head of the Victory Bond campaign in Texas that Webb county has gone "over the top" and that the quota of \$479,900 assigned this county has been subscribed. It is up to every red-blooded American in Webb county to do his part that these hard workers for the success of the Victory Bond campaign here be not disappointed.

There was a little apathy shown by the slim attendance at the mass meeting held at Market Hall this morning, but that "little crowd" was thoroughly "big-hearted" in its subscriptions and subscribed \$30,000 to the bond issue. Now only \$112,000 remains to be raised—AND IT WILL BE RAISED!

List of Laredo's Patriotic Women. The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser	.....\$ 500
Miss Helen Richter	..... 500
Mrs. H. C. Hall	..... 500
Mrs. George W. Derby	..... 500
Mrs. S. N. Johnson	..... 500
Mrs. M. T. Cogley	..... 500
Mrs. A. E. Younk	..... 500
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig	..... 500
Mrs. Charles E. Richter	..... 600
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr.	..... 600
Mrs. B. G. Salinas	..... 1,000
Mrs. J. R. Moore	..... 1,000
Mrs. Alfred Matthews	..... 1,000
Mrs. Arthur Derby	..... 1,000
Mrs. W. J. Sames	..... 1,000
Mrs. Charles Deutz	..... 1,000
Mrs. August C. Richter	..... 2,500
Miss Katherine Tarver	..... 3,000

And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

#### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

#### QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

##### Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets, while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime. Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

#### TWELVE CARLOADS ONIONS SHIPPED OUT FROM LAREDO

On Account of the Effects of the Rain, the Shipments Out of Here Still Remain at a Low Figure.

As a result of the rain of Wednesday evening the shipments of onions out of Laredo last night by freight were again very light, only twelve cars being sent out, but with a day or two of clear weather and the drying up of the fields so as to permit of harvesting, cleaning and packing, shipments will again become heavy and will be very much increased.

With the shipments made last night the total number of cars of onions shipped out of Laredo to-date aggregates 691 carloads.

Correction: In the report published in Monday's Times regarding onion shipments it was stated that forty-one carloads were shipped out on Saturday night, when it should have been fifty-one carloads. This makes the grand total of shipments to date 701 carloads.

#### PROSPECT LEASES FILED; LARGE TRACTS INVOLVED

Mrs. Lamar Benavides of This City and Fred. Boltz and Wife of Massachusetts Have Leased Tracts.

The following prospect oil and gas leases have been filed for record with the county clerk here since last report:

Mrs. Lamar B. Benavides to Morris Sass of Ardmore, Okla., surveys of land in Webb county containing 4,509.87 acres. Consideration, \$1,350.  
Fred. S. Boltz and wife of Manfield, Mass., to A. M. Bruni, fourteen sections of land in Webb county containing a total of 9,074 acres. Consideration, \$2,268.50.

#### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/4 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

#### Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of the Rio Grande Auto Machine Co., composed of Andrew Ritter and M. M. Holland, has been dissolved by mutual consent. A. Ritter will continue the business, assume all debts and collect all debts due said firm.

ANDREW RITTER,  
M. M. HOLLAND,  
Laredo, Texas, May 7, 1919.

5-7-3t.

#### Your Troubles May be a Warning of a Nervous Breakdown

Nine failures out of ten are due to personal physical conditions.

The causes are usually not far to seek—at first a little brain fog, weakened memory, insomnia, nervous indigestion and increased irritability, nerves become unstrung—finally there is a complete breakdown of the nervous system.

#### SENSAPERSA

helps rebuild the nerve system and makes rich blood. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double the nerve health in ten days. Every nerve, every tissue will receive its share of energy and health. Take heed of the warnings. Don't be a failure. Build up your health with Sensaparsa. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from

City Drug Co.

#### OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Nearly one-fourth of all the factory workers in India are women.

Telephone girls in Winnipeg have won a demand for a wage increase of \$10 a month.

Roumanian women are credited with possessing the best heads of hair of any women in the world.

The British Government is now paying out more than \$1,500,000 a week in unemployment bonuses to women workers.

In Washington, D. C., one local of the National Federation of Federal Employees has more than 9,000 women members.

Honolulu has a society of some seven hundred women who are interested in the beautification of the city and its environs.

Two women were among those who recently took a civil service examination in Detroit for the position of assistant city purchasing agent.

The Massachusetts Woman Suffrage Association at its annual meeting in Boston this month will observe the 100th anniversary of the birth of Julia Ward Howe.

Women will be included among the speakers at the banquet to be held by the National Democratic Committee in connection with its meeting in Chicago at the end of May.

Women of Texas are rapidly organizing for the election of May 24, when a woman suffrage amendment to the State Constitution is to be voted on by the electorate.



IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 8.

Lord Morris, former premier and for many years the most conspicuous figure in public affairs in Newfoundland, celebrates his sixtieth birthday today. A Newfoundland by birth and education, he has spent the greater part of his life in public service, and his career as a statesman has been a distinguished one. In 1885 he was called to the bar, and the same year was elected to the legislature. Four years later he entered the cabinet. While Attorney-General he went to London to arrange the settlement of the French shore question, and for his services on that occasion he received his knighthood. In 1909 he became premier and remained in power until the beginning of the world war, when he resigned to avoid all danger of old party controversies being raised during the war. Later he represented Newfoundland at the Imperial War Conference in London.

NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:  
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor: Manuel Davila has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application that letters of temporary guardianship on the Estate of said Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor, which were granted on May 7th, 1919, be made permanent which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919; said day being the 19th day of said month at the Court House there, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper. Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919.  
J. A. RODRIGUEZ,  
Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas.

FOR ITCHING TORTURE  
Use Antiseptic Liquid Zemo

There is one remedy that seldom fails to stop itching torture and relieve skin irritation and that makes the skin soft, clear and healthy.  
Any druggist can supply you with Zemo, which generally overcomes skin diseases. Eczema, itch, pimples, rashes, blackheads, in most cases give way to Zemo. Frequently, minor blemishes disappear overnight. Itching usually stops instantly. Zemo is a safe, antiseptic liquid, clean, easy to use and dependable. It costs only 35c; an extra large bottle, \$1.00. It will not stain, is not greasy or sticky and is positively safe for tender, sensitive skins.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

Two British officials who have no need to worry over the high price of clothing are the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General. From time immemorial it has been the custom for the Clothworkers' Company to make each of these officials an annual present of a number of yards of the best broadcloth.

A unique suggestion has been offered that some of the great guns employed in the war might now be used for firing hollow shells filled with letters and parcels. A gun such as the Germans used in their long-range bombardment of Paris would carry a shell full of letters from New York to Philadelphia in less than five minutes.

Many ancient families in England have stored away life-sized figures in wax of their ancestors, made at the time of the original's death. For example, the Duke of Norfolk has the figures of three wives of one of his ancestors, which are kept in a glass case at one of his country seats. Most of these effigies were made by Italians, and it was from Italy that the idea came.

GOOD FOR HIM.

"I punished you merely to show my love for you," said the fond father after the chastisement.  
"That's all right," sobbed the small boy. "But it's a g-g-good thing for you I aint b-b-big enough to return your l-love, that's all."

For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

WHO KNOWS THIS YOUTH?



Officials of the American Naval hospital in London are trying to identify this young American sailor who was found dazed outside the Curzon hotel in London at two o'clock in the morning, clad only in his underclothing. His memory is a blank and he does not even recall his own name. Officers of the American air station at Eastleigh, England, have identified him as I. F. Seeley, an aviation mechanic stationed there. The young sailor, however, says the name does not sound familiar to him and efforts are being made to have him positively identified.

Profiteering.

Senator Vardaman made a gesture of disgust.  
"War profiteers!" he said. "With their absurd excuses they revolt me. Listen to this:  
"Two profiteering partners in the clothing trade were going over their stock. The less rapacious partner said:  
"Why don't we reduce the price of these \$95 all-wool overcoats?"  
"The other partner nearly fainted.  
"What!" he roared. "With cotton as high as it is? Say, man, you must be crazy."

ODD AND INTERESTING.

Beads in olden time were accounted sacred.  
Only one celebrated poet had red hair—Swinburne.  
Java has more thunderstorms than any other country.  
Italy, in her new budget, is proposing to tax bachelors.  
The black apes of Guinea have long silky hair, and their fur is used for muffs and capes.  
The French Legion of Honor has a much larger membership than has any other prominent order.

Whales have been known to dive at the rate of 300 yards a minute when struck by the harpoon.  
Of all animals the tiger is the worst sea-traveller and the most susceptible to sea-sickness.  
The fastest trip around the world was made by John Henry Mears in 1913—35 days, 21 hours and 36 minutes.

Some of the caterpillars found in the region of the Darling River in Australia are over six inches in length.

In the normal year of 365 days the months of February, March and November always begin on the same day of the week.

The famous collection of butterflies belonging to Lord Rothschild is estimated to have cost not less than \$500,000.

It is possible to go into air of a temperature of 300 degrees without the body's temperature being raised more than 20 degrees.

An apron is the Persian royal standard. A Persian who was a blacksmith by trade raised a successful revolt, and his leather apron, covered with jewels, is still borne in the van of Persian armies.

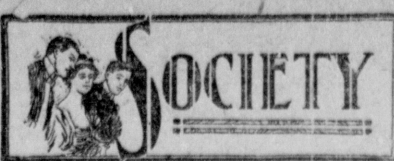
The most curious bed ever seen was probably that made for Che-mah the famous Chinese dwarf. His bed was two feet six inches in length, and although he measured scarcely fourteen inches around the chest, he insisted that it be made four feet wide.

There are poisons which are rapidly fatal to man, yet which have comparatively little effect upon animals. Dogs and horses can take ten times as much morphine in comparison to their body weight as man can. The pigeon can take five hundred times as much, while a frog is unhurt by a dose a thousand times greater, weight for weight, than one which will kill a human being.

For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

A movement has been started to erect in Washington a monument to American womanhood, in commemoration of the loyalty, sacrifices and services of American women in the war.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 70 ..... Phone 43  
SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.  
The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.  
The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Friday.  
The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church.  
Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.  
Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

Resurrection.  
Today I walked about,  
And all the little crocuses were out.

The white, the lavender, the gold,  
Blooming in sizes manifold.

Though pale their leaves, and few,  
Perfect their blossoms lifted to the blue.

Last year I walked this way  
And saw a garden just like this today.

And yet the garden of that other day,  
With blossoms, leaves, is gone away.

Away? Oh, not away. 'Tis here anew  
In this gay bed of white and gold and blue.

Why wonder where and how went they?  
Do I not see these living flowers today?

—Florence I. Wait.

General Mention.

Mr. Edwin Atlee is in Austin attending the legislature.

Mr. Ned Woodul of El Paso spent yesterday in the city en route to Mexico.

Mrs. Steiber returned to San Antonio yesterday, after a short visit to relatives.

Mr. A. W. Lang is expected home today from San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and little daughter Lamar have returned to their home in Bruni, after a short stay in the city.

Mr. E. T. Merriman of Corpus Christi arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of his brother, Mr. J. D. Merriman.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Burbank expect to leave the early part of next week for Glenelder, Kansas, which is Burbank's old home.

Announcements.

Mrs. Fred W. Mally will entertain at bridge Friday, May 16, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. K. Mims.

There will be a meeting at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of arranging an entertainment for the returned soldier boys who have been in the service "over there and here," to be given in the near future. The mothers and wives of our soldiers are requested to be present. A large attendance is urged.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN,  
Chairman.

The Peace Pageant which was to

For  
Weak  
Women

In use for over 40 years!  
Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

TAKE

CARDUI

'The Woman's Tonic'

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help.

"I was taken sick, seemed to be . . .," writes Mrs. Mary E. Veste, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around.

. . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

J. 70

be given this afternoon will take place tomorrow afternoon at 5:45 o'clock.

B. R. D. A. Elect Officers.

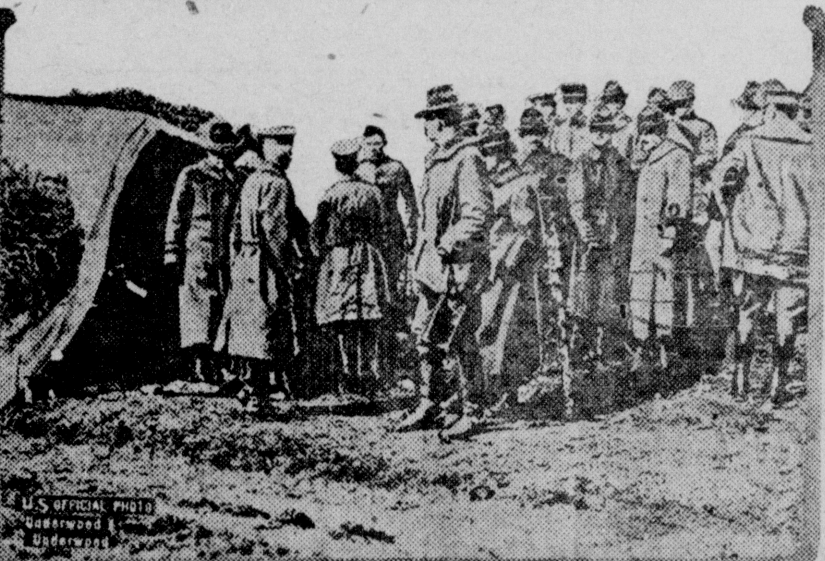
At a business meeting held yesterday by the B. R. D. A. Club the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Miss Maria T. Juarez, president; Mrs. E. C. Benavides, secretary; Mrs. E. P. Peña, treasurer.

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church held an interesting business meeting at the Rectory yesterday afternoon. During the business session the secretary read a report of the last meeting. Mrs. W. W. MacGregor reported that the amounts received from the Episcopal Market during Lent and from the White Sale after Easter amounted to something over \$100. The members decided to meet each week during May and they will decide later in regard to summer meetings. The president nominated a committee of four ladies to serve for a year to place prices on articles to be sold during the year, viz: Mesdames Woodman, MacGregor, Lines and Arthur. Those present yesterday were: Mesdames Arthur, Anderson, Kohl, Lusk, Lang, MacGregor, Woodman, Vidales and Cook.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

INSPECTING MISSOURI SIGNAL CORPS



Major General Menoher and all the commanding officers of the field inspecting a signal battalion of the Rainbow division that formerly was the First battalion, Missouri National Guard, at Lannes, France, before the division started on its homeward way.

GERMAN SPOKESMAN SAID DEATH OF PEOPLE  
WAS DUE TO COLD DELIBERATION OF ALLIES

Allied Chiefs were Angered at His Cutting Remarks and Situation at Peace Conference was Tense During Brockdorff-Rantzau's Speech in Answer to the Delivery of the Peace Terms.

MEXICO MADE FLAT  
DENIAL OF REPORT

NO FOUNDATION FOR STATEMENT THAT MEXICO TRIED TO FORM LATIN-AMERICAN LEAGUE.

By Associated Press.  
Mexico City, May 8.—Replying today regarding a report that the Mexican government has instructed its minister at Buenos Aires to propose to Argentina and other South American countries a plan for the formation of a Latin-American league of nations which would be independent of the new league of nations created by the peace conference in Paris, the department of foreign relations issued a statement which it communicated to the press and other sources of the report that there was no foundation for the report.

BRINGING DEAD HEROES HOME.

London, May 8.—The body of Edith Cavell, the heroic English nurse who was executed by the Germans in 1913 at Brussels, is to be brought to England from Belgium next week, and after ceremonies at Westminster Abbey will be taken to Norwich for final interment.

It is expected that in the course of time a considerable number of those who fell in service in France, in Flanders and in other of the theatres of war will be returned to the British Isles to sleep their last sleep in their home land. A similar course has been adopted in the case of many of Britain's fallen heroes in the past.

It is recalled that as far back as 1821, through the courtesy of the United States Government, the body of Major Andre, an officer of high rank in the British army, who was hanged near New York as a spy during the American Revolution, was brought home. Andre's remains were conveyed to England in a magnificent sarcophagus, and interred in Westminster Abbey, and few Americans ever come to London without paying a visit to his tomb.

In the crypt of St. Paul's there rest side by side the bodies of Professor Palmer, Captain Gill, and Lieutenant Charrington. These three brave Englishmen penetrated in disguise into the desert hinterland during the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and were murdered by the tribesmen. For long their fate remained in doubt, but eventually their bodies were recovered, conveyed reverently to England, and laid in one grave within the walls of the famous cathedral.

One of the saddest incidents of the Zulu War of 1879 was the death of the youthful Prince Imperial of France, who was ambushed and speared by the enemy while engaged in fighting with the British troops. His body, too, was brought to England and laid to rest beside that of his father, Napoleon III, at Chislehurst, both being afterwards removed to the magnificent mausoleum erected at Farnborough by the Empress Eugenie.

HOPED THAT WAS.

"Charlie dear, what is a monopoly?" she asked, as she rested submissively in his arms, with head nestled against his coat collar.

"Well," replied Charlie, manfully struggling to bring his mind to cope with abstruse subjects and failing altogether to get beyond concrete facts, "I sincerely hope that this is."

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight and Friday partly cloudy. Warmer Friday.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: East.  
Cloudy.  
Precipitation, 1 inch.

By Associated Press.  
Versailles, May 8.—In his speech before the peace conference yesterday Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau said, in part: "Public opinion in all the countries of our adversaries is resounding with the crimes Germany is said to have committed in the war. We are ready to confess the wrong that may have been done. We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged war politically and economically, or to deny the crimes which may have been committed against the rights of peoples. We repeat the declaration made in the Reichstag at the beginning of the war, that wrong had been done. Belgium, and we are willing to repair it. The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 by reason of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation after our adversaries had incurred and victory had been assured them. Think of that when you speak of guilt and punishment."

Evidently Angered.

Versailles, May 8.—There were tense moments at the peace conference yesterday and during the translation of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau's speech. Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George and President Wilson put their heads together in evident anger at more than one of the German spokesman's cutting remarks, as if deliberating the advisability of an immediate answer.

An Intolerable Insult.

London, May 8.—After the conference at Versailles, William E. Hughes, premier of Australia, said, according to a Reuters despatch: "The attitude of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau was an intolerable insult to the conference. For while Premier Clemenceau spoke standing, the German spokesman did not rise while making his address. In spite of their intolerance arrogance, this has been at time of humiliation for the Germans which we could see had entered into their souls."

Mandatory of Armenia.

Paris, May 8.—It is expected that the United States will be asked to become mandatory for Armenia, and the indications are that President Wilson will submit the matter to congress. The council of four with the president began today to arrange the program for the presentation of peace terms to the Austrian, Hungarian and Bulgarian delegates.

The Austrian treaty has begun to take form. Portions of it have already been drafted. It appears that instead of Germany being required to pay the entire indemnity demanded by the allies, a considerable sum will be demanded from Austria, the estimate of this sum at present being five billion crowns. The frontiers between German-Austria and Italy and probably the Adriatic settlement also will figure in the Austrian treaty.

WILL CABLE MESSAGE.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, May 8.—President Wilson will cable his message to congress and it will be read immediately after congress convenes. It was announced at the White House today.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of John P. Squire, a noted pioneer in the meat packing industry in New England.

The annual convention of the Southern Textile Association will open at Greenville, S. C., today and continue over tomorrow.

The annual convention of the New Jersey Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained at Atlantic City during the three days beginning today.

A call has been issued for a meeting to open at St. Louis today to effect preliminary organization of the American Legion, to be composed of American Veterans of the world war.

\*\*\*\*\*  
ONE YEAR AGO TODAY  
IN THE WAR.  
\*\*\*\*\*

MAY 8.  
Anglo-Indian force reported eighty miles south of Mosul.  
Eight United States gunners killed and seven injured in explosion during firing practice at Fort Worth.

AMERICANS BEGAN  
AMBITIOUS FLIGHT

STARTED ON FIRST LEG OF TRANSATLANTIC VOYAGE IN THE NAVY PLANES.

By Associated Press.  
New York, May 8.—The first transatlantic flight was begun when three navy Curtiss hydroairplanes left the government air station at Rockaway Beach at 10 o'clock this morning on the first leg of the journey, from Rockaway to Halifax, a distance of 240 miles. The NC-3, with Commander John H. Tower, chief of the expedition, was the first to take the air, followed by NC-1 with Lieut. Commander Bellinger and NC-4 with Lieut. Commander A. C. Read.

WINTER WHEAT FIGURES.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, May 8.—Winter wheat production this year will be \$99,915,000 bushels, the department of agriculture announced today, basing the estimate on condition May 1.

HOUSE SHORTAGE IN LONDON.

London, May 8.—London can sympathize with New York and other American cities now suffering from a shortage of houses. In London the problem has reached a most serious stage. The scarcity of houses and apartments is driving a countless number of people into living in very queer domiciles. For example, a well-known society woman—a leader in women's movements—has had converted into house a tumbledown stable in one of the London suburbs.

Caravans of all sorts and descriptions are in use, and the demand exceeds the supply. But perhaps the queerest dwelling-places are those to be seen at the little resorts along the upper reaches of the Thames River, where even in the cold weather of the past winter, it was no uncommon thing to find people of means living in old motor buses. Sometimes these people own them, but many are paying rental at a rate of from \$20 to \$30 a month. Two of the old buses joined together—one for a living-room, the other for a sleeping apartment—have been found to make a very comfortable domicile, with no lack of ventilation.

It is estimated that huts, tents, caravans and house-boats will be almost unobtainable this summer if the weather is good. People who are now paying extravagant prices in hotels and furnished apartments owing to the house shortage, will try the simple life when the first hot day appears. In fact, the only people not likely to want to sleep in huts or under canvas are the discharged soldiers. After months and years spent in dugouts and tents the four walls of a very substantial house will be the height of Tommy Atkins' ambition.

SHE HAD, TOO.

"Get up, Maria," the poet said one night to his sleeping wife. "Get up and strike a light. I have just thought of a good word."

"Get up, yourself," replied the indignant Maria. "I have just thought of a bad one."—London Opinion.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Mr. Henpeck—"One big luxury is being overlooked by the taxmakers." Mrs. Henpeck—"Sunshine?" Mr. Henpeck (as he selects his exit)—"Divorce."—Buffalo Express.

Sailors consider it very unlucky to point towards another ship. It is their custom to nod towards it, or to indicate its presence otherwise, but never to point.



## THE AWFUL CIGARETTE.

For some years past, when the cheerful reformer wanted to take a rap at the fads and follies of mankind, he picked out the cigarette as the one best bet. It was something that women did not use—as a rule—and therefore he could count upon the support of the weaker half in his battle against the little source of solace, while many of the men—even those who smoked—looked with horror on the cigarette.

As a result of this activity, many of the states passed laws—most of which were "more honored in the breach than in the observance"—making it almost a crime to have the makings on one's person. Indeed, they made it at least a misdemeanor to expose for sale the thin papers without which the average "home mader" could not be fabricated.

The laws at first aimed at preventing young boys from getting the cigarettes, and from that it was only a step to making the cigarette habit so disreputable that the older and more hardened offenders were almost ashamed to smoke cigarettes in public.

But the war has changed the opinion of those who were not absolutely fanatics on the cigarette question, and it came to be known that the army surgeons and nurses, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A. and a number of other welfare workers approved of the cigarette as the greatest solace to a weary, sick or wounded soldier that could be given him.

One of the results of this widespread knowledge is that Nebraska, one of the pioneer states in anti-cigarette legislation, has repealed its laws forbidding the sale of cigarettes or "the makings" thereof, and in future a man who smokes the little tubes will not have to feel like a criminal.

The Atlanta Constitution recently said that the continuance of such legislation would tend to cause a reaction on the part of the people and result in the wiping away of the statutes which have been passed against the traffic in drugs or alcoholic liquors.

Back from the trenches are coming the millions of young soldiers who have helped to make the world safe for democracy. There may be some among them who do not use cigarettes, and there may be few who have learned to use them while in the service. But the fact remains that no one is better qualified to speak concerning the solace of a short smoke when in pain, or weary or "in the dumps." They find that there is not the evil after effect from smoking a cigarette or two that the extremists have charged. And they are not willing to forego the enjoyment and the comfort which they derive from the cigarettes because a certain reform element which is now without an occupation because of the success of the prohibition movement wants to seek new worlds to conquer and picks out the cigarette as the next thing to tackle.

The world has been redeemed from much sin and suffering during the past few centuries. That this redemption is due to the reformers of the class which is now attacking the cigarette is doubtful. Many of our greatest reforms have come about through the education of the masses, and it is not always the man who preaches to others who is the most moral.

It is true that tobacco, like many other things which we use daily, can be abused. But as the Constitution's editorial says, the next thing will be the pipe and the cigar, after which we may expect an attack upon tea and coffee, and even dill pickles, because the latter disagree with some people.

There is nothing inherently wrong in smoking a cigarette. Nor does such a habit lead to other vices, such as are charged against intoxicating liquors. And when a thing is not inherently wrong and leads to no wrong, even though it may be a foolish and wasteful habit, which is all that can really be charged against the cigarette, it would seem that there is no crying need for such a drastic reform as the prohibition of cigarette smoking, or the sale of the little comforts.

## UNDER TWO FLAGS.

Just now this country is under two flags—Old Glory and the red flag of anarchy. And as "a nation divided against itself cannot stand," just so it is necessary for the red flag to be driven out, or the American flag is in danger.

Coming back from Europe are some of our soldiers who entered the service without the ideals which animated the majority. They are ignorant and uninformed. They take a pride at present in wearing the uniform and being a part of the great forces of victory. But soon they will return to their old habits and customs, their former acquaintances and their previous lack of employment that is useful.

These men have learned the lessons of discipline, and up to the present are amenable to law and order. Why not keep them so? Why let them drift back into their old sordid surroundings, where they touch shoulders with anarchists, where they hear the doctrine of unrest preached by the frowsy-headed, unwashed trash that Europe has rejected?

Why not get rid of the anarchists who are a potential source of danger to our institutions and who have already begun to threaten what they will do as soon as peace is declared.

No sooner is peace in prospect than our authorities go back to the old careless ways, apparently not understanding that this a critical moment, even more so than when we were at war and every man and woman was on the watch for possible treason.

A meeting is broken up because of its treasonable nature, and when the speakers and leaders at the meeting leave the house, the officers merely take off their red badges and permit them to depart.

These men, who are now working to overthrow the government under which we are living, should be arrested and confined, not turned loose. What is it to them that the police take off their flags? A bit of cloth is easy to get, and so long as the spirit of the anarchist survives he is as dangerous to the community as a mad dog.

If we are to protect our young men from evil associates, we must see to it that the anarchist leaders are rounded up and deported; if they have committed crimes which would warrant it, they should be given long terms of imprisonment.

We cannot dry nurse the soldiers for years to come. They have won the right to act and think for themselves, but many of them are at the impressionable age when a little impassioned talk and the waving of the flag which is declared to be the emblem of humanity may turn them into evil paths.

We have laws which forbid improper assemblages of those who advocate the overthrow of our government. It is not enough to prevent or break up the meetings. When a man preaches sedition against our government he has committed the overt act which is all that is necessary to convict him of a violation of our laws, and he should receive the penalty, not be turned loose with a warning from the police.

There is no room for another flag in this country. We are one people, no matter what our origin; we acknowledge one country and one flag, and those who are opposed to that doctrine have no place among us.

It is natural for a man to have a friendly feeling for the country that gave him birth, and to even respect and love the flag of that country. But the anarchist preaches that there is no country, no flag and no people worthy of respect; that all are brothers and that the same flag which is good enough for one people—meaning the anarchists—is good enough for all the rest.

Let us put a definite stop to this treason, and let every man who preaches treason and upholds the red flag be confined in prison or deported to the country from which he came. If he is a native American, so much the worse for him, for he has not even the excuse of knowing no better.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAYO 7.  
Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell, who has come to America to further a plan for solidifying the Boy Scout movement into an international organization, will always be identified with this movement, which he founded in England in 1908 and which has since spread practically all over the world. Sir Robert, who was knighted in 1909, is one of Great Britain's greatest military men. Joining the Hussars in 1876, he saw service in India, Afghanistan and South Africa, and in 1890 he became assistant military secretary at Malta. He was in command of the special native levies during the Ashanti campaign of 1895, and he held the position of chief staff officer in the Matabele campaign the next year. The most famous incident in his military career, however, was, of course, his heroic defense of Mafeking during the Boer war.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

MAYO 7.  
1796—George Upfold, first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Indiana, born in England. Died at Indianapolis, Aug. 26, 1872.  
1848—Polish insurgents under Mierowlawski after severe defeats surrendered to Prussians.  
1875—Three hundred lives lost in the wreck of the German mail steamer "Schiller" near the Scilly Isles.  
1889—Theodore Roosevelt was appointed a member of the U. S. Civil Service Commission.  
1892—The 100th anniversary of the discovery of Puget Sound was celebrated at Port Townsend, Wash.  
1902—Eruption of Mont La Soufriere, St. Vincent's destroying two thousand lives.  
1915—Steamship Lusitania sunk off south coast of Ireland by German submarine with loss of nearly 1,200 lives, including more than 100 Americans.  
1916—Germans launched new great offensive at Verdun.  
1917—British repulsed an assault by the Germans southeast of Lens.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*



The City of  
**GOODRICH**  
Akron, Ohio

"Spoiling the ship for a penny's worth of Tar."

You know the old saying—Don't let this happen to our American Ship of State.

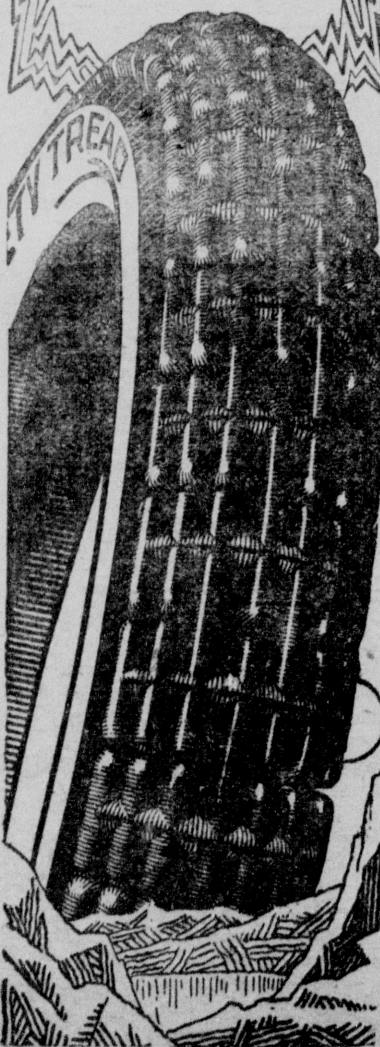
Our Country has never stood higher in the eyes of the world than it does today. A place second to none among the Nations has come to us—a place in the sun calling upon Americans to be teachers and exponents instead of followers.

We fought to make the World a decent place to live in, now we must pay to keep the World a decent place to live in—the eyes of all people are upon us, we must put this Victory Loan over "in double quick time."

Remember, 4-3/4%—a quarter more this time, and with America's whole resources behind you. Do it now. Do you bit towards steering our American Ship of State towards the greatest smooth sailing prosperity the world has known—and finish this war in a businesslike way.

**GOODRICH**  
**TIRES**

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"



## WHIRLWIND CANVASS IS ON TO SECURE SUBSCRIPTIONS

VICTORY LOAN COMMITTEES SECURE VOLUNTEER HELPERS.

Workers Making an Effort to Put Webb County "Over the Top" Are Working Like Trojans Today.

The Victory Loan workers of Laredo and Webb county are "on the job" today with an earnest and determined effort that should avail much in greatly increasing the amount of the bond subscriptions here and far exceed the \$300,000 mark.

As a result of the meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning many volunteer workers were secured to assist in the campaign of soliciting subscriptions, and when the workers got out and began their work there were none to escape them, for they "nailed" everybody who was not wearing a "V" button denoting that he had done his part in buying bonds.

Up to the noon hour today many new subscriptions had been secured and the work will continue unabated throughout the day. Most of the business houses of Laredo sent representatives to the meeting held this morning and these representatives comprise the volunteer solicitors who are assisting the Victory Loan committees in the whirlwind canvass today.

## HISTORIC CANNON GIVEN TO ALAMO BY JUDGE SPOHN

Historic Relic of the Early Days of Texas Now Occupies a Place in Texas Cradle of Independence.

According to an item published in the San Antonio Evening News of yesterday, Judge A. P. Spohn of Zapata county has presented the Alamo with a valuable historic relic in the form of an old cannon that for more than forty years has been in the custody of Judge Spohn and has lain in the courtyard at Zapata since that county was organized. In part the item regarding the presentation of the dismounted cannon states:

Judge Spohn was induced by J. J. Lawrence of San Antonio to give him the cannon with the understanding that it be presented to some historical society. A few days ago the cannon was placed in the Alamo.

Mr. Lawrence is a grandson of Joseph Lawrence, a member of Gen. Sam Houston's command and a participant in the battle of San Jacinto and the capture of Santa Anna.

"Being a native Texan and a grandson of one of the heroes of the battle of San Jacinto, I am naturally interested in anything connected with the history of this great State of Texas," Mr. Lawrence explained to the Daughters of the Texas Republic in making his gift to the Alamo. "A number of pioneer citizens of Laredo insisted that this piece of Texas history be given to the City of Laredo instead of the Daughters of the Republic. Since San Antonio is my home and the home of the Alamo, it is but natural that I give it to the Daughters of the Republic."

Though at first glance this relic of the struggles of the pioneer Texans is a cumbersome cannon barrel, so rusted from exposure that much of its identity is lost, around it clusters one of the greatest chronicles in the annals of Texas history—the story of the Mier expedition.

In the early fall of 1842, excited and angered by the continual raids and encroachments of the Mexicans, and particularly by the recent attack on San Antonio by the Mexicans, Gen. Woll determined to retaliate.

In pursuance of a call for volunteers issued by President Sam Houston more than a thousand gathered at San Antonio under the command of Gen. Somervell, who was placed at the head of the troops by President Houston. Later, after disbanding and reassembling in October, in November about 750 men, representing only a part of the first volunteers, crossed into Mexico at Guerrero, returned to Gonzales and disbanded.

Six captains and their companies, however, refused to demobilize and reorganized themselves under the command of Col. William S. Fisher. Approximately 300 men met more than 2,340 Mexicans at Mier, inflicted a loss of 700 or 800 men on the part of the Mexicans, and finally were forced to surrender. About 250 Texans were captured and marched to the City of Mexico by the way of Matamoros. After escaping and being recaptured at the Hacienda del Salado, one-tenth of the number was selected by lot for execution. The survivors were imprisoned in the Castle Perote. A few escaped and the others, 107 in number, were liberated by Santa Anna in 1844.

**BREEDEN'S**  
**RHEUMATIC**  
**COMPOUND**  
FOR RHEUMATISM  
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold By  
Reed's Drug Store, People's  
Pharmacy and J. M. Ramos.

## PEACE PAGEANT TOMORROW BY THE SCHOOL CHILDREN

FESTIVITIES APROPOS TO OCCASION ON THE PROGRAM.

Instead of May Queen Will Be Liberty, and the Allies Will Be Represented in the Courts.

The Peace Pageant given by the children of the Laredo public schools, which was to have taken place on May 1, but was necessarily postponed on account of the effects of the rain, will take place on School Plaza tomorrow afternoon beginning at 5:45 o'clock, when the first feature of the program, the baby buggy parade, will start the festival going.

The Peace Pageant takes the place of the May Queen Fete, and instead of a May Queen being crowned, Little Miss Mildred Leyendecker will be crowned as the Goddess of Liberty, attended by her maid, "Independence," Miss Rosalie Wormser. A soldier of the United States army, represented by Jack Halsell, will crown Liberty, while a sailor of the United States Navy, represented by Beverly Hall, will present Liberty with the torch. Liberty and her attendants will be escorted by the High School Cadets as a guard of honor.

The courts this year, instead of representing those of princesses, will represent the allied nations, while Liberty's court will represent the United States of America. Miss Esther Penn's court will represent Italy; Miss Alice Penn's court will represent France, and Miss Elena Garcia's court will represent Belgium, while Indian club swingers in costume will represent Great Britain. As each of the courts enter the scene of the coronation the 37th Infantry Band will play the national air of that country. The musical program will be in charge of Mrs. Macdonald, while the vocal program will be in charge of Mrs. Sue Smith.

The following is the official program of the "Peace Pageant" as announced by Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill, who is in charge, the program starting promptly at 6:30 o'clock Thursday evening, May 1, on School Plaza:

1. Baby buggy parade in charge of Miss Siros, with the Boy Scouts attending at 5:45 o'clock.
2. Entrance of Liberty and her attendants, at 6:15 o'clock.
3. Song, "Hail, Queen of the May," by the children.
4. Crowning of Liberty.
5. May pole dances—Misses Mussett and Lang in charge of the Urbahn school pole; Miss Melitona Villareal in charge of the Heights school pole; Miss Vera Sharkey in charge of the Central school pole.
6. Group dance, "Garlands," under direction Miss Zara Mowry.
7. Victory song by attendants of Liberty.
8. Indian Club drill by High School boys.
9. Group dance, "Chase of the Butterfly," by children.
10. Song, "America," everybody requested to join in the singing.
11. Lowering of the flag.
12. The Star Spangled Banner—grand finale.

The following boys will act as flag-bearers in the Peace Pageant: Fred Rogers, for the United States (Liberty); Elmer Rogers, for Great Britain; Justo S. Penn, Jr., for France; Roy K. Mims, Jr., for Belgium; and Ralph Mathes for Italy.

## FIFTEEN CARLOADS AGAIN SHIPPED OUT LAST NIGHT

Recent Rains and "Cinco de Mayo" Caused Harvesting to Be Reduced to Minimum Past Three Days.

The effects of the rain making the fields muddy and the "Cinco de Mayo" causing many of the Mexican laborers to come to the city to help in the observance of Mexico's national holiday, has had a tendency to reduce the onion shipments out of Laredo to the minimum the past three days.

Last night's shipments out of here again aggregated only fifteen carloads, when under normal conditions it should have been about fifty carloads, but harvesting and packing on an extensive scale was resumed this morning and the shipments out of here tonight will be heavy. The total number of carloads of onions shipped out of Laredo up to this morning was 653 carloads.

## CIVIL CASES IN COURT DISPOSED OF YESTERDAY

Number of Cases Were Also Continued, Set for Trial at the Present Term of Court or Dismissed.

In the district court here yesterday, with Judge C. C. Thomas presiding, the case of the Union Bank & Trust Co. vs. Dominguez Brothers of this city, suit on note, was taken up and disposed of, resulting in a judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$1,090.98 and costs of court.

The case of J. P. Bass vs. C. Garcia Fuentes et al, suit on note, was disposed of yesterday in district court, with judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$992.75 and costs of court. A number of civil cases were continued, set for trial at this term of court, while several were finally dismissed.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Seven carloads of calamine, one carload of rubber and two carloads of garlic.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—If the weather remains in its present favorable condition there will be several thousand people on and about School Plaza tomorrow evening to witness the Peace Pageant to be held by the school children of Laredo.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery. 4-10-1f.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-1f.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-1f.

—Parties arriving in Laredo from various portions of the country report good rains during the past few days. The rains at this time will prove of inestimable value to stockmen, as it will put the ranges in good condition and cattle will fare better the coming summer than in several years past.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-1m.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-1f.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Medrano and Miss Maria Guevara, Cesario Salas and Miss Rebecca Garcia, Manuel Medina and Miss Eudelia Morales.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-1f.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-1f.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-1f.

—The grand jury in district court recessed yesterday afternoon until Thursday morning, several of the members desiring to help in the Victory Bond Drive today, which followed the meeting held in the Chamber of Commerce quarters at nine o'clock this morning.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

## For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

## SAVE MONEY TO BUY YOUR LIBERTY BONDS

by trading with us.

The market is going up, but our prices remain the same.

Columbia Flour 24 lb. sack \$1.55

Country eggs per dozen 40 cts.

Gold Dust 6 for 25 cts.

Spuds 8 lbs. for 25 cts.

Rose Dale Peaches, can 25 cts.

Clipper tomatoes No. 1, dozen \$1.00

Clipper pulp No 1, dozen 95 cts.

LET'S HAVE YOUR ORDER

**S. Flores Cash Store**

1319 Hidalgo St. Tel. 1417

\*\*\*\*\*

**LAREDO ICE FACTORY**

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

\*\*\*\*\*

**John O. Buenz Lumber Co.**

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

\*\*\*\*\*

**FIRE INSURANCE**

**F. M. RAMSAY**

1301 Iturbide St.

PHONE 82

\*\*\*\*\*

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

**PIGGLY WIGGLY**

All Over the World

Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.

EVERY PATRON THAT TURNS THE TURNSTILE REGISTERS

**10% TO 20% SAVING**

TRY IT YOURSELF. SEE IF OUR WORDS ARE NOT INFINITELY TRUE.

You save on everything you buy, no catch penny Bargains, no leaders to draw you in but a steady-persistent SAVING ON EVERYTHING, you ask HOW CAN WE DO IT, well we don't do it YOU DO IT, you save yourself the cost of clerks waiting upon you, you save the cost of expensive order taking and delivery, AND YOU DON'T PAY THE OTHER FELLOW'S BILL, that is HOW it is done. Come in and see for yourself the same as thousands of other good people in Laredo are doing.

SOME OF PIGGLY-WIGGLY EVERY DAY-ALL THE TIME PRICES.

Serve Yourself--No Clerks--No Deliveries

Remember the Location  
Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.



# LOCAL NEWS

—Laredo onions are still being rushed out at a good rate to the markets in all sections of the country, and so far the prices have remained at a good figure and the demand remains good, which means that Laredo onion growers will be in "clover" this season.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

—The farmers of Zapata county, who have a good cotton crop planted this season, with prospects of a yield that will net two or three thousand bales, are preparing to be in readiness to have their cotton ginned on the spot and are already negotiating for the purchase of a gin plant that will cost about \$10,000.

—Beich's (call it Bikes) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Three men charged with violation of the ten-mile zone law as a result of smuggling intoxicants from the Mexican side of the Rio Grande into Laredo, were given an examining hearing before Justice of the Peace Benavides this morning and bound over to the district court grand jury which is now in session.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

—The disturbed conditions which have been hovering about the Laredo section the past three days, with threatening clouds obscuring the firmament, has resulted in some very disagreeable weather and the general expression has been heard, "Great Scott; isn't it hot!"

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

—The subscriptions to the Victory Loan are not coming in as fast as they should, but the committees are going to make a canvass the remaining days of this week that will avail results. The \$300,000 mark has not yet been reached in the subscriptions, but that figure is expected to be passed today or tomorrow.

—The Bellmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—Quite a number of Laredo people crossed to the Mexican side of the Rio Grande yesterday to witness the celebration held there and enjoy the festivities in honor of the "Cinco de Mayo." On this side of the Rio a grand "Jamaica" was held on Martin Plaza and was largely attended.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 Phone 48

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Tuesday.

Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

### Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

### General Mention.

Mrs. D. L. Edwards returned today to her home in San Marcos after a short visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. R. Echols.

Dr. Davis returned to Austin on Saturday after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. John Maltzberger and daughter, Miss Alice, and Miss Anna Knapp of Cotulla are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will May.

Dr. H. C. Hall returned to Austin Sunday night, after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. A. G. Macdonald and children, who have had apartments at the Belmont, have moved their residence to apartments on Washington street.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski received a telegram last night announcing the landing of her son, Lieut. G. E. Sielski, at Newport News, Va.

Miss Florence Deutz is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Deutz.

Mr. Henry Deutz and daughter, Miss Florence, who have been visiting relatives here for the past three months, expect to leave tomorrow for San Antonio, where they will spend a few days before departing for their home in Mooretown, N. J.

Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

The Jewish Welfare Board will have its dance at the J. W. B. hall Wednesday night. Dancing will begin at 8:30 o'clock.

Heights Civic Club.

A business meeting of the Heights Civic Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan Monday afternoon. A number of important matters were postponed because a full attendance is desired. There will be a called meeting for left over business. The residents of the Heights deplore the fact that there is no law relative to the erection of billboards in the residence districts of Laredo. All up-to-date cities are waging war against the unsightly bill boards, as they not only mar the landscape, but are objectionable for many other reasons. As the club members are doing all possible to promote better civic ideals, they feel assured that the mayor and city council will eliminate the billboard from the Heights district. A man has been employed to clean all grass burrs from Loma Vista Park, and a fund was started for the playground in the rear of the park. The playground is a necessity, now that the vacation is almost here. Mrs. Chas. Deutz kindly donated an extra mar for one week. The story-telling hour of the Child Welfare Circle will be resumed when school is out. Mrs. G. C. Horner and Dr. Kelly were welcomed as new members.

Club Notes.

The members of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met at the church yesterday afternoon and then spent the remainder of the time in visiting the sick members of the congregation and the newcomers.

Entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Mims entertained with a beautifully appointed dinner Saturday evening, complimenting Col. J. T. Halsell and a number of his friends. The military note was featured in the decorations. The centerpiece was formed by a graceful basket of American Beauty roses and white sweet peas, resting on a reflector, crossed flags ornamenting the top of the basket. The place cards bore tiny silken American flags. A seven-course dinner was served and covers were laid for Col. Halsell and Messrs. J. S. Penn, Wilbur Allen, Sol Rubinstein, McKinney, Lafon, Theriot, C. C. Biggio and R. K. Mims. Mr. Penn and Mr. Allen gave toasts,

which were responded to by Col. Halsell.

### Bridge Party.

Mrs. H. W. Keller was hostess to an attractive bridge party on Monday afternoon, honoring Mrs. Seymour Denike. The living room was artistic in its arrangement rose-colored clove pinks, La France roses and ferns being used in the decoration, while tall spikes of rose-colored larkspur were used in the dining room. At the conclusion of the games the high score prize was awarded to Mrs. L. Joseph, who was presented with a lovely cut-glass perfume bottle. Mrs. J. A. Wilson won the second prize and was given a dainty cut-glass bud vase. The honoree was given a dainty piece of lingerie. A delicious two-course luncheon followed the games. Those present were Mrs. Seymour Denike, the honor guest, and Mesdames Wilson, Johnston, Col. Smith, Hamilton, Jones, Gilbreath, A. Wormser, Booth, Joseph, Cluck, Moser, Bobbitt, A. B. Muller, R. L. Muller, Fish and the hostess.

### Birthday Surprise Party.

One of the pretty and delightful events of yesterday was the surprise party given in honor of the second birthday of little Melissa Mary Hiatt. Games were enjoyed by the little folks, after which delicious ice cream and cakes were served. The table was prettily decorated and the birthday cake, iced in white, was ornamented with two red candles in rose holders. The little honoree was the recipient of a number of dainty gifts. Those present were: Mary Josephine Moore, Mary Ernestine and Dorothy Emilie Sielski Gladys Greenstreet, Mary Katherine Johnston, Ruth Phelps, Nellie Ward, Juan Lowry, Jack Nesbitt, George Cecil Horner, Rosabelle Bunn, Flora Bliss Bunn, Raymond Weber, Jack Guinn, Margaret Guinn, Mary Louise and Katherine DaCamara and the honor guest, Mr. and Mrs. Greenstreet, Mrs. G. C. Weber, Mrs. H. G. DaCamara, Horner, R. L. Miller and Mrs. A. Poggenpohl.

### Dance.

The regular weekly dance at the Public Library was very pleasant. Mrs. G. C. Woodman and Mrs. W. N. Young were the hostesses of the evening. There was a good attendance.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Delegates from many countries are expected at Berne today for the opening of a conference of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace.

The church in reconstruction work will be the general theme of a special meeting of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, to open today at Cleveland.

With all of the pomp and ceremony prescribed by the Roman Catholic ritual the sacred pallium today will be conferred upon Most Rev. Denis J. Dougherty, the new archbishop of Philadelphia.

Experiences from the war regarding minimum standards for the health, education and work of children will be considered at a conference of American and European authorities, beginning in Washington today, under the auspices of the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

### MAYO 6.

Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who enters upon his nineteenth year today, is known as America's "grand old man of medicine." A native of Germany, he was forced to flee from that country when charged with high treason for participation in the German revolutionary movement of 1848. Today he is believed to be the only surviving leader of that revolt. He arrived in America equipped with a medical education received at the best of the German universities. Settling in New York, he became in time one of the most distinguished of American physicians. In 1873 Dr. Jacobi married Dr. Mary Putnam, who was a famous pioneer among women physicians, being the first woman to become a member of the New York Academy of Medicine and the first to be admitted to the Ecole Medicine, the famous Paris medical college.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Canal Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

### MAYO 6.

1708—Laval, the first Roman Catholic bishop in Canada, died at Quebec. Born in France, April 30, 1623.

1844—Fearful riots in Philadelphia between the Native American party and the Irish residents of the city.

1856—Forty-three persons killed in a wreck on the Panama railroad.

1882—Epping Forest was declared open to the people forever by Queen Victoria.

1894—Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, delivered the commencement address at the University of North Carolina.

1902—Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, whose name was linked with the great American naval victory at Santiago, died in Washington, D. C. Born at Palmyra, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1840.

1915—Paris declared heavy German offensive of past fortnight had been checked.

1916—German bid for peace in note to America brought out refusal from England.

1917—Allies urged United States to send troops to France without delay.

Thousands of women's clubs throughout the United States are preparing programs for an appropriate observance at the end of May of the centennial anniversary of the birth of Julia Ward Howe.

## CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before."

I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

NC-134

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 2:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 1 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

A provision extending the full right of suffrage to women is expected to be included in the new constitution of Nebraska, which is to be drafted at a convention to be held in Lincoln in December and submitted to the voters next year for ratification or rejection.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YOUR THRIFT STAMP TODAY? SAVE AND SUCCEED!

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

MAYO 6.

Roumania signed peace treaty with the four Central Powers.

British airmen made successful night raid in neighborhood of Bapaume.

Balfour in British Parliament denied new peace offer had been made by Berlin.

# ITALY PROPOSES TO MAKE FIUME NEUTRAL PORT FOR TWO YEARS AND THEN TAKE IT OVER

Nothing Known as to Agreement Under Which Italy Consented to Resume Her Interrupted Participation in the Peace Conference, But Their Return to Paris is Considered Encouraging.

## TWO BILLION MARK PASSED BY TONIGHT

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON

REGARDING LOAN ARE

NOT OPTIMISTIC IN

THEIR TONE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—New subscriptions reported to the treasury department today raised the Victory Liberty Loan total above \$1,900,000,000. It is believed the two-billion mark will be passed before night.

Proclamation by Gov. Hobby.

Wednesday, May 7, is hereby designated as the day upon which every citizen of Texas is drafted into the service of his government for the purpose of inaugurating and completing the Victory Liberty Loan drive to procure a subscription from every person in Texas. All business will be suspended until your quota is reached. Business houses will be closed from 9 a. m. Wednesday, the 7th, through the day until this work has been accomplished. Mayors of the cities in Texas are invited to issue proclamations in accordance with this suggestion.

(Signed) W. P. HOBBS.

The above was received at Liberty Loan headquarters late on Monday. Every right-minded, patriotic citizen will feel morally bound to fall in line and to suspend all other business until the all-important business of subscribing the Loan has been accomplished.

FRANK M. SMITH.

## GREAT CHURCH COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Cleveland, O., May 6.—Seldom if ever before in its history has the city of Cleveland been called upon to entertain such a large and distinguished body of churchmen as that which assembled here today for a special meeting of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. In addition to accredited representatives from thirty denominations of American Protestants the attendance includes fraternal delegates from the prominent Protestant organizations of Europe.

Ordinary meetings of the council are held once in four years, but on account of the emergency of the present reconstruction period the members of the council have been brought together more than a year before the regular time.

The addresses and discussions of the three-day session will center about the after-war responsibilities and opportunities of the churches. The keynote of the gathering is summarized in the phrase, "From World War to World Brotherhood."

The sessions of this, the opening day of the gathering, were chiefly devoted to a consideration of reports of work accomplished and of international relationship. Tonight the program provides for the first of a series of great community mass meetings, to be featured with addresses by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London and Dr. Robert E. Speer of New York.

The sessions of tomorrow and Thursday will be occupied largely with reports and addresses on what are believed to be "The Four Prime Demands of the Hour upon the Church of Christ." These demands are stated to be: "A More Effective Proclamation of Fundamental Verities," "A New Sense of World Responsibility Animating All the Departments of Church Life," "A Resolute Effort to Understand What a Christian Social Order in America Would Be, and to Secure It," and "A Swiftly Increasing Co-operation Among the Churches."

The general war-time commission of the churches, for two years the largest of the fourteen organizations

subsidary to the federal council will make a final report to the meeting of its varied war and demobilization activities and ask for an honorable discharge from the post war body.

Among the prominent speakers on the three-day program are Rev. Nehemiah Boyton of Brooklyn, Rev. James I. Vance of Nashville, Rev. Charles Judson Smith of New York, Rev. Hubert C. Herring of Boston, Rev. Charles W. Gilkey of Chicago, Hon. Wayne B. Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon League of America, Dr. Earl Dean Howard of Northwestern University, and the various officers of the federal council, several of whom have recently returned from a visit to the European war zone.

The presence of officially accredited representatives from the churches of France, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland, will lend a truly international aspect to the deliberations of the council meeting. The delegations from England is headed by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London. The representatives of the French Federation of Protestant Churches are Chaplains Daniel Couve and Albert Leo. Belgian Protestantism is represented by the Rev. Henri Anet of the Belgian Christian Missionary Church. Rev. Ernesto Giampiccoli of the Italian Waldensians, represents the Protestantism of Italy, while Rev. Adolf Keller, pastor of St. Peter's Church in Zurich, is here as the spokesman of the Federation of Swiss Protestant Churches.

All of these representatives of foreign Protestant churches will be formally presented to the federal council meeting tomorrow evening in connection with the consideration of the topic, "The Protestantism of Europe and Our Relation to It."

Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

By Associated Press.

Nothing official has been made public regarding the agreement under which Italy consented to resume the interrupted participation in the peace conference. A report reaching London, however, declares that it is proposed to make Fiume a neutral port for two years, after which time it is to be turned over to Italy. German newspapers are printing reports from Versailles to the effect that the German representatives have served notice on the allies that further delay in the presentation of the peace terms will result in the Germans leaving for Berlin. There has been no intimation in Paris that the Germans are demanding immediate action or that the delegates would leave.

No Compromise Arranged.

Paris, May 6.—No actual compromise of the Adriatic problems has been arranged with the Italian delegates to the peace conference now on their way back to Paris, so far as known here today. The fact that they are returning, however, is regarded as encouraging.

Chinese Dissatisfied.

Paris, May 6.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference is displaying great dissatisfaction with the announced settlement of the Shanghai problem. While the Chinese probably will not refuse to sign the peace treaty, it appears likely that they will sign it with reservations.

Ordered to Rush Reports.

Paris, May 6.—Specialists in Austro-Hungarian subjects have been ordered to rush their reports in order that the treaty with Austria can be considered while the Germans are discussing the terms of peace which will be delivered to them Wednesday.

Be Delivered Today.

Paris, May 6.—It was officially announced last night that the preliminary

## WOUNDED NINE AND THEN WAS KILLED

NEGRO SHOT CITY MARSHAL

AND THEN BARRICADED HIMSELF BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

By Associated Press.

Plano, Texas, May 6.—Tom Embrey, a negro, after standing off officers and citizens four hours from the barricade of his home, was shot and killed here today after he had wounded nine persons, one probably fatally. The negro opened the door of his house and his body was riddled with bullets. James Vance, the city marshal, was shot in the stomach and Eugene Baldwin, county commissioner, was shot in the face.

ORDER FOR RECRUITING.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—Orders were issued by the war department today for recruiting 8,000 men to serve as a replacement detachment to be organized in San Francisco and sent forward in units of 500 as rapidly as available.

SUFFERED HEAVY LOSS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the



# THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Publishers and Proprietors.

Daily — Published every evening except Sunday daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month..... 50 cts.  
One copy, one year..... \$5.00

Weekly: — Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada:—  
One copy, one year..... \$2.00  
One copy, six months..... 1.00  
One copy, three months..... 50  
Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance

Address communications to  
PENN PUBLISHING CO.  
Telephone 43, Laredo, Texas.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

TO AVERT FAILURE.

A distressing feature of the present Victory Loan campaign is that most of the people except the active participants in the campaign are apathetic. They do not seem enthused as they were over the other loans. Some of the campaigners are using arguments that it is hard to get away from, and this one from the navy boys at Great Lakes should be read by everyone:

"The gunnery efficiency and marksmanship of the United States Navy is the best in the world. The gunners of the U. S. Navy have the best eyes. If you are a member of the Navy you should have good eyesight. If you cannot see the necessity of buying Victory Bonds you must be blind."

But there are arguments for others which are just as forcible, if they could only be brought to the attention of all. One of the arguments that must not be forgotten is that the government must have this money. It is imperative. And if the money cannot be gotten by any other means, then the administration will resort to taxation to get it.

We have never repudiated a debt. We have never asked to have the debts against our government scaled down, and we have always paid 100 cents on the dollar.

The people of the United States are paying less in taxation than the residents of any other part of the world. Despite our enormous war cost, our taxes are still reasonable, and if the government secures the amount necessary by the sale of bonds, they will not have to be raised.

Did it ever occur to you that when you lend the money to the government you get it back, with interest? You are not giving a single cent to the government. But if you have to pay increased taxes you will get nothing for the money but a scrap of paper. And there will be no rebate and no feeling that you have done your share; only a feeling of resentment that you have had to pay more than you used to.

Of course, you may feel that the president's pledge of all the resources of the country did not affect you. You may even dream of going to some other country when the taxes get higher. But you will never be able to get away from that guilty conscience of yours. You will always feel that you failed when the test came, and that you were disloyal—to a lesser extent than some, perhaps—but still disloyal in not doing all you could to pay your share of the great war.

And if you should go somewhere else, where would you go and have any security of paying less? Is there a country in the world that is not paying for the cost of the war? Switzerland and Spain and the Netherlands, although neutral, have been paying for the past three years their share of the cost, and in some respects it is a greater share than ours, who gain all the glory and much of the advantage of the result of the struggle.

age of the result of the struggle.

Don't you feel that you are more than you have? You are much bound to pay a part of the cost of the war as if you had signed a bond to do so. Your American citizenship entails duties as well as privileges. It means sacrifices as well as benefit. It means that you are a part of the government and as such obligated to pay your share of carrying on that government.

You now have an opportunity of paying a part of the cost by lending a part of your money, instead of having to pay it in taxes. And the government that protected you and yours; that took the sons and the brothers and the husbands of your neighbors to fight your battles; that brought back your own relatives safe and is now getting ready to bring back those of the others—that government needs your help.

It is not enough to say that you have made sacrifices. On Flanders field there were sacrifices made that touch more closely those who remain than those who died. And some of those men would go gladly again, if need were.

## WOMEN AND BOLSHEVIKI.

The New York Evening Post calls attention to the fact that the women opponents of suffrage are not unique in their opposition; that they are following along the same lines as the I. W. W. in opposing the vote, not only of women, but of men as well.

The argument of the I. W. W. is: "Laws are no good and cannot improve anything. The ballot is controlled in the interests of the existing order. Therefore let us do away with the ballot and the laws."

The woman anti-suffragist says: Things are satisfactory as they are. The men have always done the voting, and have saved us the worry and the labor of campaigning. If women vote there will be a great change, so let us prevent the women from voting.

Both parties—the I. W. W. and the anti-suffragists—are working along the same lines. The radicals by violence and the women by inertia. And both are as mischievous as any party could well be.

So far as the anti-suffragists are concerned, no one cares whether they vote or not. If they did vote they would be apt to support something that was obsolete and retrogressive. Their tendencies are vicious, because they do not believe in progress.

But when they attempt to force others to give up their fight for the ballot they are doing something which is anti-American and opposed to right and justice.

It is true that some men do not exercise the privilege of voting. But who ever heard of a man who went about trying to keep other people from voting? Who ever saw a man who just did not vote because he did not care to go along to his neighbors and trying to induce them not to vote because he didn't?

The answer is, the I. W. W. and the American Bolsheviki. They are the only residents of this country—one does not call them citizens, no matter what their birth or antecedents, for it would be an insult to the rest of us—they are the only residents, we repeat, who attempt to keep others from voting. That is, the only ones who wear male attire.

Do the women anti-suffragists wish to be classed with the great unwashed and unrefined Bolsheviki? Are they willing to go on record as being the only Americans who support this anti-American doctrine of class rule? For that is what it amounts to in the final analysis.

It is urged by the women anti-suffragists that the influence of woman in the home is sufficient activity on her part as regards politics. But it must also be remembered that some of the most vicious of the political moves in the world have been inspired by women who had no voice in the government, and who deliberately used their charms and their allurements to procure votes and support for evil measures.

The woman who intelligently marks her ballot and hands it in to the clerk of election is taking a far cleaner share in the government than the woman lobbyist who toadies to the men by declaring that "Women should not be permitted to degrade themselves by entering politics," and then does all sorts of unspeakable things for the money she is paid.

It is interesting to note the names of some of the women who are listed on the anti-suffrage rolls. One meets them in Washington or in the various state capitals during the session of the legislature, and it is noted that most of them always have "an axe to grind." They either have bills of their own or of someone else who has paid for their services, and the way they entertain and dine and—frequently—wine the members who have votes is an indication of what share they want to take in the government. But they would not vote—oh, no! Such a horrid, unsexing act! It brings one in contact with the rudest sort of men, you know, and one must live up to the traditions of the past. And all that sort of rot.

And they are aiding, whether consciously or not, in the success of the Bolsheviki movement. For they are bringing about—or trying to—the very things for which Bolshevism stands.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

# WRIGLEY'S

You will find all three flavors in the sealed packages—but look for the name

**WRIGLEY'S**

because it is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts!

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 5.

Elizabeth Marbury, who is to share with William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and other notables the honor of addressing the League of Nations banquet in New York tonight, is probably the most famous of American business women. Miss Marbury is the "play broker" for the most famous dramatists of Europe and as such she has disposed of more plays for dramatic authors

than any other person in America. She has a famous intuition in judging a manuscript drama and likewise is eminently shrewd and successful in negotiating with theatrical managers. Aside from her business she has found time to write for the press about affairs of the stage, and also on woman's claims to recognition as a factor in contemporary life, political and economic. For her service to French authors, especially playwrights, Miss Marbury has been decorated by the French Government.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

## ANNOUNCEMENT TO PROSPECTIVE CAR BUYERS

We have secured the contract for the distribution of the famous Oakland Sensible Six Car for this section of the country, and we cordially invite your inspection of this wonderful car which embodies more real automobile value for the money than any other car on the market. Here are some of the reasons why we selected the Oakland in preference to several other makes of standard cars:

## THE OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX

is a six cylinder car of medium price. It has a small bore high-speed overhead valve engine which insures marked economy.

It is a light-weight high powered car with 44 horse power for only 2,130 pounds weight in the touring model.

It has greater proportionate power for weight in all models than any other car built, with one exception—a car that sells for approximately \$4,000.00.

The touring car is unusually roomy and comfortable, having a full 106 inches or body room upon its sturdy and serviceable chassis, 112-inch wheel base. Extra long 51-inch rear springs insures easy riding qualities.

Oakland owners regularly report 18 to 25 miles per gallon on gasoline, 8,000 to 12,000 on original set of casings, 1,500 miles and better on one gallon of lubricating oil.

When you are in San Antonio, notice the large number of Oaklands on the streets and ask the people who own them. Let us demonstrate this car to you and be convinced.

### CARLOADEN ROUTE FROM FACTORY

Pre-War Prices: F. O. B. Factory Touring or Roadster \$1075  
F. O. B. Factory: Sedan or Coupe.....\$1650

MODEL 34-B

## TEXAS AUTO SALES

L. V. PENDER, Prop.

1307 Farragut St.

Phone 874

## NEED ANSWER TO CALL NOW AS IN THE DAYS OF ISAIAH

MEN ARE NEEDED NOW MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE.

Pastor Barr Says the Supreme Need of the World is Men, and Never More So Than at Present.

Rev. W. L. Barr spoke on giving one's life as the only act of real service possible, at First Methodist Church yesterday morning. His text was from the eighth verse of the sixth chapter of Isaiah: "Also I heard the voice of the Lord saying, whom shall I send, and who will go for us? Then said I, Here am I; send me."

The supreme need of the world is for men. It has always been so, but how much more is it true in this hour of world need! Money is valueless without a consecrated personality to expend it. Equipment is but dross without PEOPLE to use it. We spent fabulous sums of money in the recent war, every dollar of which was necessary; war equipment beyond anything ever heard of before was manufactured and shipped to military centers; but after all the war was won by MEN.

History moves around men. God could not use the magnificent temple, with all its perfect equipment, nor yet the fishes on the altar until He had the help and co-operation of a man. He needed Isaiah to volunteer his service. When He would reveal His innermost heart to the world He did it in the personality of His Son.

Every man has a call. I dare to believe that He has a perfect plan for every life; and that He tries to build each life after its architectural plan. All work of earth is sacred if thus locked at. Each is filling his own place in God's great Kingdom. One is the hand, another is the foot, another the eye, and another the ear.

The tragedy of the world is the life that has missed its goal. The little human will that thought it knew more about living than its Creator, and shot off from the Architects plan, striving to make a plan of its own, out of harmony with everything else in the world. What might that poor restless unhappy life have been if it had put itself in the Designer's hand!

The Church of this new day is not the Church of the past, with its indifference and little time given to the things for which it stood. God calls for heroes, self-sacrificing and earnest. This calls for men who give every spare moment to God's work. Business men, and men who work long hours will find their recreation in hunting out people who need the Church, and its influence. The poor family will be found which has been neglected, and brought out to God's House and introduced as the friends of those who found them. And happiness, great, and unbounded, will fill the heart of these workers!

The man whose income will admit it will retire from business, and give all of his time. I know one man who is now doing this. He lives in one of our Texas cities, a retired business man, and a man of great influence. His task day after day is looking for neglected people, rich and poor, and bringing them in touch with God and the Church. Our lay leaders, many of them, are now paying a man to run their business, while they are giving their time to the Church.

Thank God for living in this wonderful new day! Multiplied hundreds will be sent out from our shores during the next few years to complete the civilization of the world. They must be our brainiest and best young men and women. They will not go at the starvation wage of the past. A titling Church will care for them, as they give their life.

Every department of life will need their leading workers at this, the greatest of all tasks. Preachers, doctors, teachers, printers, industrial workers will be sent to their special lines in the farthest corners of the earth. Many a returned soldier will enlist in this greater warfare. Nurses from "over there" will go back again under new and broader orders. Welfare workers of all lines will take up the duties of the new day.

And a revitalized Church, new and awake to the light of the new day, will make the world safe for democracy! The one who claims membership in Christ's Church and can't hear the call, and see the tasks, and feel the thrill is indeed dead, dead, dead. Such ones will drop out, and the Church unencumbered, will go to her God-given task. And to victory!

There are a thousand millions crying for help today, a thousand millions without Christ! The door of every nation of the world is wide open for the Master's representatives to enter. Each open door is a cry of need! Such unprecedented opportunity is a challenge to the Church. She must DO, or DIE!

"Where cross the crowded ways of life,

Where sound the cries of race and clan,

Above the noise of selfish strife,  
We hear Thy voice, O Son of Man!"

And from the outward call, alone, in the closet of prayer, we hear the still small voice within, saying: "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" And with united chorus the Church will answer "Here am I; send me!"

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## HEAVY LIGHTNING STORM ACCOMPANIED RAINSTORM

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE LAREDO VARIATION LAST NIGHT.

Shortly After Midnight Laredo Was Visited By a Heavy Electrical Display, Followed by Rain and Wind.

Accompanied by a heavy electrical display that illumined the heavens in the southward for some time, and then the rumbling of thunder, and later crashing that awoke all from their slumbers, a strong wind and rainstorm struck Laredo at about 12:15 last night, in fact the storm was close upon the city at midnight, as the distant flashing of the heavy lightning was plainly visible here.

At about 12:30 the rain began to come down in veritable torrents for a few minutes, thunder rolled and crashed and the electrical display was one of the most intense witnessed here in some time past. The rain was steady and hard, driven by a strong wind from the southward for a time, but this finally veered to the westward, and as the storm passed over the city and the heavy clouds moved on to the northward Laredo was in the throes of a genuine thunder, lightning and rain storm for about thirty minutes. The total precipitation of the rain in this city aggregated 1.07 inches.

Reports from the offices of the Texas-Mexican, Rio Grande & Eagle Pass and the I. & G. N. railways indicate that the rain was general along their lines last night in all directions from Laredo, and in some places the precipitation was heavier than was recorded in this city. Hail is believed to have fallen in the country not far to the northeastward of here, as the constant rumbling of thunder following the passage of the storm over this city indicated this.

Coming as it does at this time, close upon the heels of the heavy rain of last week, the moisture will be of invaluable benefit to growing cotton, corn and other crops in this section, which are now in a most excellent condition, and the rain will tend to cause onion shipments to slack up for a day or two, but otherwise will not damage the maturing onions.

### GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

1st, One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd, One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd, Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,

U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.

By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.

5-5-3t.

### LAREDO IS RECOGNIZED AS COMING CONVENTION CENTER

Diocesan Council of the West Texas Diocese, Episcopal Church, to Be Held Here Next Spring.

The fifteenth annual council of the Diocese of West Texas of the Episcopal Church, just closed in San Antonio, was a very remarkable one for several reasons. It was of interest to all on the border because more attention is to be paid in the future to problems and opportunities peculiar to us. The council decided to come to Laredo for the sixteenth annual council next spring and is to be a big affair.

Rev. C. W. Cook was in attendance, and Miss Martha Anderson represented the Junior Auxiliary and read the Woman's Auxiliary report before that session. She proved a worthy representative and her church and school may well be proud of her.

She and her Rector were eye witnesses of the presentation of the Distinguished Service Cross to Rev. Mercer Johnston by the Adjutant General, U. S. Army, through Col. Johnson. This was so much of a surprise that the San Antonio papers had no immediate knowledge of it. The affair was dramatic at times and tears flowed down the faces of those in the large banquet room of the St. Anthony.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

# LOCAL NEWS

—The Dominguez Institute will render a patriotic program this evening at their institution of learning on Houston street, the program consisting of vocal and instrumental selections, recitations, readings, etc. The program consists of twenty-eight numbers and is under the direction of Prof. Simon G. Dominguez, superintendent of the institute.

—Dr. John T. Halsell wishes to announce his return from service and his resumption of practice on Monday, May 12, in his former office in the Richter building. Office phone 104; residence phone 190.

—Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

—Nuevo Laredo is celebrating the "Cinco de Mayo" today, but not on the elaborate scale that characterized the observances of the day in years gone by, when thousands of Laredo people crossed the boundary line to participate in the festivities, and even big celebrations were held on the American side.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—In the ball game at Caliche Park yesterday afternoon, which was witnessed by a good-sized crowd, the Thirty-seventh Infantry team defeated the "Laredo" team by a score of 6 to 2. Some good playing was done by both sides, but the soldier boys had an "edge" on the game throughout.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—The "kermess" or "jamaica" given on Martin Plaza last evening attracted a large crowd and the festivities of the evening were much enjoyed by all. The affair was in charge of the Mexican-American young ladies and everybody appeared to enter into the spirit of the event in a joyous spirit.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

5-1-1m.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

—This is "El Cinco de Mayo," which in Mexico is similar to our Fourth of July, for it commemorates the battle of Puebla, when the forces under Zaragoza, and in which Porfirio Diaz distinguished himself, defeated the French forces and overthrew the yoke of French rule, later terminating with the execution of Maximilian, the self-proclaimed emperor of Mexico.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave Phone 576 or 1017.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Unless rain again interferes, the "Peace Pageant," which will take the place of the usual May-day Fete, will take place on School Plaza next Thursday afternoon, May 8, beginning at 5:45 o'clock with the baby buggy parade. All of the children who are to participate in the event are anxious for the day to come, as they have been in readiness for it for several days past.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

6-15-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-27-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-tf.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-tf.

### ONION SHIPMENTS HEAVY; PRODUCE STILL IN DEMAND

Good Prices Continue to Hold Good on the Markets of the Country and Good Prices Also Prevail.

Forty-one carloads of Bermuda onions rolled out of Laredo on Saturday night and ten on Sunday night, making the total shipments of onions since our last report aggregate fifty-one carloads. This brings the grand total of shipments of onions by freight out of Laredo to date to 623 carloads.

Onion farmers are much encouraged at the manner in which the demand for the Texas onion crop holds good on the markets, and the prices being paid are also far better than prevailed last year.



## VICTORY BOND CAMPAIGN ENDS ON NEXT SATURDAY

WILL WEBB COUNTY ATTAIN THE  
QUOTA ASSIGNED TO HER?

Various Committees Are Working in  
Untiring Manner to Put the County  
"Over the Top" by End of Week.

Next Saturday night marks the termination of the Victory Bond Campaign throughout the country, unless the time is later extended. Will Webb county be able to attain her quota in the five remaining days? Some take an optimistic view, while others are in doubt as to whether or not the remaining amount of the quota of \$479,990, which is a little less than half, will be subscribed in this city and county within the specified time.

The various committees here have worked in a most indefatigable manner to secure the quota assigned Webb county in the Victory Bond campaign, and if their efforts fail they will not be blamed, for the workers under August C. Richter, as county chairman of the men's committees, and Mrs. Robert Lee Bobbitt as chairman of the women's committees, have worked untiringly to attain the quota. If those who can afford to take a large amount in bonds would do so (and there are a number of big ones here) the county's quota will be over-subscribed by Saturday night.

## MEXICO IS CELEBRATING GREAT NATIONAL HOLIDAY

"El Cinco de Mayo" is Being Observed  
Throughout Southern Republic To-  
day With Great Festivities.

This is Mexico's national holiday, "El Cinco de Mayo," and throughout the republic today the anniversary of the battle of Puebla is being celebrated with programs of festivities and the names of Juarez, Zaragoza and Porfirio Diaz are on the lips of many orators who are addressing the people and telling how the forces of Mexican soldiers led by Zaragoza and Diaz defeated the French at Puebla in the year 1862-67 years ago.

In Nuevo Laredo a grand parade is planned for this afternoon, to be followed by orations, band concerts, "jamaica" and other festivities, concluding with grand bailes and band concerts this evening.

## ACQUIRES MORE HOLDINGS IN OKLAHOMA OIL FIELDS

Two Republics Oil Co. File Papers  
With County Clerk Showing Valuable  
Property Acquired in Oklahoma.

According to a deed filed for record with the county clerk today, the Two Republics Oil Co., who are at this time operating in the Reiser oil and gas field east of Laredo, have taken over the holdings of the Gregory Branden Oil & Gas Co. consisting of 70 acres in Comanche county, Oklahoma, also equipment and five producing oil wells.

By the deal the Two Republics Oil Co. also take over twenty-four acres of land located near Walters, Okla., in the Walters oil field, with wells surrounding it which are producing from 500 to 800 barrels daily, and on which the company proposes to start drilling shortly.

## GRAND JURY WAS CONVENED IN DISTRICT COURT TODAY

Second Term of Eight Weeks of Dis-  
trict Court in Webb County Convened  
This Morning by Judge Thomas.

The second consecutive term of district court for the Forty-ninth Judicial District in Webb county, to continue for eight weeks, was convened in Laredo this morning by Judge C. C. Thomas, who exchanged places with Judge J. F. Mullally, who convened court for Judge Thomas in Floresville, Wilson county, this morning.

The following is a list of the members of the grand jury which was empaneled this morning by Judge Thomas, and who immediately set to work investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Valls: Dario Sanchez, foreman; Leonard Nelson, John O. Buenz, Henry Borchers, J. Alex Macdonald, Joe Henry, John V. Somerville, S. V. Edwards, B. J. Leyendecker, L. M. Morrow, Walter Stein and August Salinas.

### Waging Big Campaign.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left this morning on a ten days' trip on the big campaign the Presbyterian Church is carrying on in Texas for the financing of the Presbyterian colleges. The objective in the campaign is \$1,300,000. The quota set for the Laredo church was \$4,000 over and above the \$3,500 they had already pledged for local expenses and causes this year. Yesterday the church met their quota and pledged it in full. On next Sunday Dr. Brooks I. Dickey of San Antonio, a very prominent Presbyterian minister, will fill Mr. Wharton's pulpit at both services.

### For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

## GENERAL FORWARDING AND CUSTOMS AGENTS ON BORDER

COMPANIA MINERALES Y METALES WELL ORGANIZED FORCE.

Company is Well Equipped for the  
Handling of Goods Entrusted to  
Them Between the Two Countries.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in this issue of The Times of the Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A., general forwarding and customs agents, whose offices in Laredo are located in the Laredo National Bank building. This concern is one of the largest mining and smelting concerns in Mexico and its general offices are located at Monterey, Nuevo Leon.

Being a large concern of this character, it naturally has an efficient organization to handle its own business. It has just installed a new department with a view of furnishing the Mexican trade with anything required that is produced in the United States or Mexico. Their warehouses are well stocked for wholesale purposes with mining and smelting supplies, sheet steel, bar iron, explosives, chemicals, assay supplies, firebrick and clay, foodstuffs, etc. Their forge department is well fitted with labor-saving machinery which includes the latest improved electric welding apparatus, steam hammers, cranes, power punches and shears, etc.

Their forwarding departments were organized at Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, two years ago with the idea of handling shipments across the border promptly and efficiently. The charges for handling these shipments will be consistent with those charged by other brokers on the border. Their traffic department gives first-class service and they own a sufficient number of locomotives and cars to handle shipments promptly, regardless of their nature and destination.

The Compania Minerales y Metales are agents for all leading lines of goods manufactured in the United States and have a well-organized force to take care of any special orders entrusted to them. Their banking department does a general banking business and they are in a position to issue drafts on Europe or South America through New York connections.

## FARMERS HAVE ORGANIZED GIN COMPANY AT SAN IGNACIO

Zapata County Farmers Preparing for  
the Handling of Cotton Crop of  
Three Thousand Acres.

An enthusiastic meeting of the farmers of Zapata county was held Sunday evening in San Ignacio, when the matter of forming a company for the installation of a cotton gin to cost about \$10,000 was taken up and favorably acted upon and a company formed with the necessary capital. Arrangements are now being perfected to install the gin plant as soon as possible.

There are about three thousand acres of cotton planted in Zapata county this year and the indications are most favorable for a heavy yield of the fleecy staple—probably a bale to the acre. Besides cotton, the heaviest crops of corn, beans, sorghum cane and forage crops in the history of Zapata county are in prospect.

### Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has  
moved from Iturbide street to No. 614  
San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.

## BODY OF EDWARD DUFOURCEQ BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY

American Mining Operator Killed By  
Bandits at Tuxtlan, Mexico, Will  
Be Buried in New York.

The body of Edward L. Dufourceq, a prominent American mining operator of Tuxtlan, state of Puebla, Mexico, who was killed by Mexican bandits near Tuxtlan about three weeks ago, arrived in Nuevo Laredo Saturday morning, was transferred to this side on Saturday afternoon and left here on Saturday night for New York accompanied by R. G. Dufourceq, a brother of deceased.

At the time of the killing of Edward L. Dufourceq the reports were denied by the Mexican government after investigation was demanded by the Washington authorities, but later the report was confirmed, the body of Dufourceq was prepared for shipment to his old home in New York City and arrangements made for the bringing of the body to this country, which was done and the remains are now en route to New York City for interment.

### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42,  
W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or  
110 feet front west on Market Plaza,  
by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo  
street. For further particulars apply  
to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B.  
de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant  
street. 5-3-1m.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for  
opportunities. 50c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Monday.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. There will be a dance at the Woman's Club in the evening. The Heights Civic Club will hold an important meeting at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Mrs. H. W. Keller will entertain a number of young matrons at bridge Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock in honor of Mrs. Seymour Denike. There will be an important meeting of the Hebrew Ladies Aid Society at the residence of Mrs. F. Wormser Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

### Tuesday.

Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Community singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening. Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S. will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

### General Mention.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at four o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell, instead of on Thursday, the regular meeting day.

The many friends of Lieut. Albert Martin will be glad to learn that he landed at Newport News, Va., on Saturday evening.

Edward Brewster writes from France that he is having an enjoyable time sight-seeing and has visited in Paris and also in many other interesting points in France.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Mrs. A. S. Williams and little son left Saturday evening for San Antonio and Austin to visit relatives, and will then meet Col. Williams in Mobile, where they will visit relatives before returning to their home in Boston.

Lieut. Bagley left Saturday evening for his home in New Haven, Mo., having received his discharge from the army.

Mrs. E. J. Foster left a Saturday night for Austin to be the guest of friends for the week.

Mr. Sam Mackin has returned from a two weeks' business trip in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and children of Bruni are visiting in the city.

### Announcement.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, with auction bridge, honoring her sister, Mrs. James H. Allen of Memphis, Tennessee.

### Baptisms.

Henrietta Satterfield Spindler, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spindler, was baptized by Rev. C. W. Cook Sunday morning at Christ Church after the Sunday School service. The sponsors were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Alberthal and Miss Pearl Wright stood proxy for Mrs. W. Warfield.

Afa Dean, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Moore, was christened at San Agustin cathedral yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The sponsors were Mr. Ricardo Reyna and Miss Maria T. Juarez.

### B. R. D. A.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock the members of the B. R. D. A. Club were entertained by Misses Cuca Zuñiga and Tomasas Guerra at the home of the latter. Games were played, the first prize being won by Mrs. E. Fernandez and the second by Mrs. E. F. Peña. An ice course was served. Club members present were: Mrs. E. F. Peña, E. C. Benavides, Misses Cuca Zuñiga, Tomasas Guerra, Amalia Garcia, Maria T. Juarez; guests: Mrs. J. Fernandez, Misses Lucia Zuñiga, Genoveva Garza and Aurora Avila.

### Club Notes.

The Woman's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Heights Civic Club will meet at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### Tuesday.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at Masonic Hall in the evening. All members are requested to be present and all visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

### Wednesday.

There will be a business meeting of the Parish Guild at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### Friday.

Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will hold their weekly meeting at the Methodist church in the evening.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 in the evening.

### Saturday.

Junior Scouts of Troop 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting in the afternoon.

### Bridge Luncheon.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer gave a charming luncheon Friday morning, honoring Mrs. D. M. Turner. The rooms were decorated with roses and oleanders, and bridge was the amusement provided. Mrs. L. J. Christen received the prize, a linen towel embroidered in butterflies, and Mrs. Frederick Gilbreath cut the consolation, an embroidered center piece, while the honor guest was presented with a lovely hand-made yoke. After the games luncheon was served from daintily appointed table trays, each carrying a crystal basket filled with pastries. The guests were: Mrs. Turner, the honor guest, and Mesdames L. J. Christen, Frederick Gilbreath, Walker, Black, Buck, Shelby, Morton, Hamilton, and Mrs. James H. Allen, the sister of the hostess.

### Entertainment.

One of the pretty affairs of last week was the bridge party given by Mrs. H. W. Johnston on Saturday afternoon, complimenting the Married Ladies Social Club and additional guests. The rooms were attractive in their floral decoration of sweet peas, roses, gladioli and ferns. A series of games of bridge were played, with Mrs. Huberich holding the club high score. She was given a dresser scarf. The guest prize, a piece of hand-embroidered lingerie, was won by Mrs. J. B. DaCamara. The consolation prize, a set of dainty tea napkins, fell to Mrs. M. T. Cogley. The hostess served a two-course luncheon at the conclusion of the games. Club members present were: Mesdames Austin, Biggio, Brewster, Cogley, Christen, Davis, Deutz, Fish, Huberich, MacGregor, Young, Woodman, Younk and Weber. The guests included Mesdames A. S. Williams, J. B. DaCamara, Geo. Hatley, Mally, Walker, DeWolf, McKinney, Moore, Hall, Shelby, Morton, Lusk, Greer and Yesner.

### Jewish Welfare Board.

The Jewish Welfare Board hall was the scene last night of a merry and happy crowd. The girls in their cool dancing costumes and the soldiers in their khaki suits all lent the spirit of enjoyment and joy. The music was just right, the surroundings were hospitable as they always are in Laredo, and everyone there just pitched in and had a delightful evening. The folks enjoyed the dancing very much, those looking on as well as those that danced. During the intermission refreshments were served by the Misses Alexander, the hostesses of the evening, aided by Mrs. L. Daiches and Mrs. M. Ryan.

### TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

### MAY 5.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, widow of Napoleon III, born in Granada, Spain, 93 years ago today.

General Sir Henry Wilson, chief of the Imperial General Staff of the British army, born 55 years ago today.

Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal secretary of state, born in central Italy, 67 years ago today.

William P. G. Harding, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, born in Greene County, Ala., 55 years ago today.

Darwin P. Kingsley, philanthropist, president of the world's largest life insurance company, born at Alburey, Vt., 62 years ago today.

Joseph P. Tumulty, private secretary to President Wilson, born at Jersey City, N. J., 40 years ago today.

### About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

# BELGIUM WILL SIGN TREATY ALTHOUGH GOVERNMENT AT BRUSSELS NOT SATISFIED

## Hungary has Not been Asked to Send Peace Delegation to Versailles, as Conference Holding Action in Abeyance Pending Outcome of the Disorders in That Country and Return to Order.

## FIRE DAMAGED THE NAVAL SEAPLANES

READY FOR TRANSATLANTIC  
FLIGHT BUT LOST THE  
DATE BECAUSE OF  
FIRE TODAY.

By Associated Press.

New York, May 5.—Fire today at the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Beach damaged naval seaplanes No. 1 and No. 4 which were to start tomorrow on the first leg of their transatlantic flight. The right wing of No. 1 is completely destroyed and the other machine is slightly damaged. The fire started from an electric spark which ignited gasoline on No. 1.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Rt. Rev. Maurice F. Burke, Catholic bishop of St. Joseph, Mo., today enters his seventy-fifth year.

A city election will be held at Raleigh, N. C., today for the choice of mayor and other municipal officials.

The annual Southern Textile Exposition will be opened at Greenville, S. C., today and continued through the week.

The Yukon territorial legislative council will assemble at Dawson today to begin its annual session.

The Red Triangle Fund campaign will be launched in Canada today to raise \$1,100,000 for the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A.

The future of the National Guard will be considered at the 20th annual convention of the National Guard Association of the United States, which is to open today at Chicago.

William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and other noted speakers are to be heard at a dinner to be given in New York City tonight under the auspices of the New York Committee for the League of Nations.

The trial is set to begin in Seattle today of 20-year-old Ruth Garrison, who confessed, according to the police, that she poisoned Mrs. Grace Storrs, her rival for the love of Mrs. Storrs' husband.

A call has been issued for a National Conference on Lynching to assemble in New York City today to take "concerted action against lynching and lawlessness wherever found."

### EXPLAINED.

Mrs. Peace—My husband and I never dispute before the children. We always send them out when a quarrel seems imminent.

Miss Sharp—Ah, I've often wondered why they're so much in the street.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday cloudy. Probably local showers.

### Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today.

Max. temp. 92 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: South.

Fair.  
Rainfall, half-inch.

### Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

### AMBIGUOUS.

The Right School—Advertisement: Wanted, position in cabaret; no bad habits; willing to learn.—Boston Transcript.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$ \$ \$ \$ Money Makers \$ \$ \$ \$

By Associated Press.

Belgium will sign the treaty of peace in spite of the feeling at Brussels that the financial, economical and territorial aspects of the pact are not satisfactory. So far as known Hungary has not been asked to send her peace delegation to Versailles, the council holding its action in abeyance pending the outcome of the disorders in that country. The organization of the league of nations will be perfected today. Standing committees were appointed and arrangements for holding the first meeting in Washington next October were made.

### Be Delivered Thursday.

Paris, May 5.—It is now certain, according to the French press, that the treaty of peace will be solemnly handed to Count von Brockendorff-Rantzau, the German foreign minister, by Premier Clemenceau at Versailles on Thursday afternoon.

### Italy's Status Questioned.

Paris, May 5.—The status of Italy as one of the five great powers has been brought into question by her withdrawal from the peace conference and it is this status which is proving a powerful lever in inducing Italy to accept the invitation of the council of three to resume her place at the peace table. The treaty of peace makes repeated reference to the five great powers and this will have to be changed to "the four great powers" should Italy remain out.

### Will Return to Paris.

Paris, May 5.—Vittorio Orlando, the Italian premier, and Baron Sonnino, Italian foreign minister, will return to Paris, it was officially announced. They will take the train from Rome tonight.

### Secret Plenary Session.

Paris, May 5.—A secret plenary session of the peace conference has been called to meet tomorrow at the French foreign office for the purpose of the presentation of the peace treaty to the smaller powers.

### Hungary Protests.

London, May 5.—The Hungarian government has sent an indignant remonstrance to the Austrian government protesting against the latter permitting the seizure of the Hungarian legation in Vienna, according to a wireless message from Budapest. It demanded that proceedings be commenced against those involved and threatened that Hungary would act in a similar manner against the German Austrian legation in Budapest if satisfaction were not given.

### Szolnok Recaptured.

London, May 5.—Szolnok has been recaptured by Hungarian soviet forces from the Rumanians, according to a Hungarian wireless dated Budapest Sunday. The town is now completely in the hands of the Hungarians.

### Repulsed Bolshevik Gunboats.

Archangel, May 5.—Allied forces yesterday succeeded in repulsing the first attack by Bolshevik gunboats on the Dvina river.

### Finns Masters at Petrograd.

London, May 5.—The Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Mail. They have arrested members of the Danish Red Cross in that city and it is reported that they intend to march against the Finnish White Guards. Paris reports Saturday stated that

British losses in German drive estimated at 250,000.

British repulsed German attack near Hinges, on western front, and improved line east of Hebuterne.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. See for testimonials, free.

J. C. CHERRY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, Etc.

## ONLY BARE QUORUM IN SPECIAL SESSION

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE SUBMITTED ONLY QUESTION OF  
ALLOWING SOLDIERS  
TO VOTE.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, May 5.—The Texas legislature convened in special session today, with a bare quorum in each house. All indications are that the session will be a short one. The governor's first message submitted only the subject of allowing discharged soldiers and sailors to vote without the payment of poll tax.

### CORN DROPPED.

Chicago, May 5.—Following the statement of Julius H. Barnes, president of the grain corporation, that the corporation had arranged for moderate importation of wheat from Canada, corn dropped like a bushel on the board of trade today.

### OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mirrors were used by the early Anglo-Saxon women slung to their sides.

The South Carolina Equal Suffrage League has established permanent headquarters in Columbia.

The minimum wage for women is established by law now in twelve States and in the District of Columbia.

The Chamber of Commerce of the United States has admitted the Chicago Woman's Association to membership.

Miss Daisy York of Knoxville, has the distinction of being the first woman deputy criminal court clerk in Tennessee.

Miss Florence E. Allen, who has been appointed assistant county prosecutor, is the first woman officeholder in Cleveland.

Nearly 15,000,000 women twenty-one years of age or over reside in those States where women are now eligible to vote for presidential electors.

Mrs. Maggie Hathaway, at present a member of the Montana legislature, is mentioned as a prospective candidate for Congress next year.

Miss Margaret Winfield Stewart is believed to be the first Illinois-born woman to be admitted to practice law before the Supreme Court of the United States.

Finland troops occupied Petrograd, but their identity was not established.

### To Relieve Soldiers.



From Tuesday's Daily.

PLANT FRUIT TREES.

Many people who are wasting valuable ground space by planting mere ornamental shrubs or trees would do well to study what fruits do well here. This is brought strongly to our attention by the receipt of a small box of apricots grown by Mr. John D. Davies in his orchard at Joyce, where he has nearly twenty trees producing this delicious fruit. Mr. Joyce says that five of the trees seem to fruit early, ripening about May 1st, while the others will have ripe fruit a month later, and that all the trees are loaded down with the fruit, which is an inch or more in diameter, juicy and sweet.

An apricot tree takes no more space than a mere ornamental tree and is just as pretty a sight when in blossom, while the fruit is valuable. And it takes no more care than some of the trees that practically do no more than cumber the ground for a great part of the year, except for the small amount of shade which they give.

There are many of the fruits which less favored climes produce in abundance that might be planted with profit in Laredo. There is no part of the city which is not supplied with water that can easily be used for irrigation of a small orchard and garden.

Many of the trees thrive better when a vegetable crop is grown between the rows, and thus the ground serves a double purpose, as the vegetable crop is off the ground when the trees need the most nourishment.

Peaches and plums, both sisters to the apricot, will do well here, and if one can only be patient for a few years, the trees will reward the efforts of the grower. And there is a certain satisfaction that comes from nothing else that rewards the grower of fruit trees.

Those who have planted fruit trees and have given them the same care that they would to any other tree or shrub are well repaid for the small amount of labor involved. And if the Laredo people will not leave everything to Dame Nature, but care for their fruit trees in time of heavy frost, they will be surprised at the small percentage of frost-killed trees.

In some sections where the frosts are more frequent and more severe than here the people have successfully grown fruit which is popularly supposed to be peculiarly fitted to sub-tropical climes. And the success of oranges and lemons and grape fruit here should encourage others to take a little pains for the sake of the fruit which they are certain to obtain.

Mr. J. R. Moore a few years ago grew some of the finest grape fruit ever seen and proved that the Laredo soil, water and climate are all suited to citrus culture. And if one man can raise them successfully, surely others can.

There is no need of planting for commercial growing of fruit. Perhaps the expense of raising a large number of trees would hardly pay in the returns. But at least there could be a quantity of fruit raised by each family that has its own place, and thus reduce the cost of living.

We do not know how old Mr. Davies' trees are, but they cannot be more than a few years old, and already they are completely covered with the delicious fruit.

The grocers of Laredo sell each year an enormous quantity of canned fruit, for we are a fruit-eating people. Elsewhere in Texas the activities of the canning clubs have shown the people that it is possible to make a profit out of home-grown fruit, by canning what cannot be eaten while fresh.

If others can do this, there is no reason why Laredo people should not have gardens and orchards which will save them many dollars a year, and the markets and green grocers will be glad to take care of the surplus.

Plant fruit and other things to eat and do away with the merely showy.

OUR PECULIAR WAY.

We are fond of boasting that we do not talk about what we are going to do, but go ahead and do it. At least, that used to be our boast before we entered the world war.

But in the matter of loans some of the other nations could teach us a thing or two. The French, for instance, on their seventh loan, which was as proportionately great to those people as our Victory loan is to us, subscribed the entire loan in one day. Americans who were present when that loan was subscribed said there was no fuss about it. The only posters used were the official placards of the government informing the people as to the terms of the loan and the amount needed. There was no "quota" for each district or city. It was all left to the French people, and before night the entire amount was subscribed, without any brass bands, parades, speeches or other incentives to patriotism.

Perhaps the difference is that the French patriotism is of the sort that says little and does much. There was a time when the French were accused of being an emotional people. But they have gone about their business during the war without any of the expected hysterics; they accepted their losses calmly, almost apathetically, and they received the news of victory with little of the frantic expressions of joy that had been anticipated.

We have done little compared with the French, the British and the Italians. They have all sacrificed many times what we have, they have suffer-

ed a shortage of food and clothing, they have been on the verge of defeat and still have carried on. And when it comes to subscribing to their own government loans they have shown a spirit that we might well emulate.

Occasionally we find an example of sacrifice that is worthy of comment. One Laredo man has contributed to the Red Cross, has subscribed 15 per cent of his earnings to every war loan, and is now doing without ice and milk in order that he may buy a War Savings stamp each month. Are you doing anything like this? Of course, he is doing much more for himself, for it is an investment, and a good one. But it is also helping his government, and there are many here who could do more than he is doing without any personal sacrifice, but who are holding back because the difference between 4 1/2 per cent and 10 per cent is too much for them—they cannot resist the lure of the dollar. And others are taking the money that should go to help the best government they ever knew and investing it in all sorts of catch-penny schemes which will benefit no one but the promoters and the stockholders—if the thing turns out just right.

Tomorrow a determined effort is to be made to close up our work by subscribing—if not indeed over-subscribing our quota. We have been given a large quota, much larger in proportion to our real means than almost any other city in the country. But we are going to meet it, and if it is not subscribed tomorrow, it will be before the week closes.

There is more incentive to subscribe now than there ever has been. It is for the purpose of cleaning up and starting business again that the money is now asked for. It will be the last great loan asked from the American people, in all human probability. And it is already pledged, if not really spent.

You are not asked to give a single cent to your government. Some governments would not ask for the money; they would proceed to take it. But our government is always considerate of its citizens. It pleads where others would command; it begs where others would snatch; it offers the best security in the world—the credit of a government which has never repudiated an obligation.

The Victory bonds are the best collateral one could have. They are as good as the gold in the vaults of your bank, and they will be repaid with good interest at the proper time, or refunded with other bonds equally as good.

HAD TO BE LIFTED OUT OF HER CHAIR TROUBLES DISAPPEAR AFTER TAKING TANLAC AND SHE FEELS BETTER THAN IN TWENTY YEARS.

"Tanlac has done me so much good that I have adopted it as the family medicine and besides myself, I have a son and daughter, two son-in-laws and a daughter-in-law, all taking it and being benefited," said Mrs. Mary Haddox, whose home is in Caldwell, Texas, where she is known and respected by everybody. She was on a visit to her daughter and son-in-law, 507 Carroll avenue, Dallas, when she told the story of her wonderful recovery.

"For about twenty years," Mrs. Haddox continued, "I suffered from stomach trouble and nervous indigestion, and tried all kinds of treatment and medicines but steadily grew worse. I was also afflicted with rheumatism and just suffered torture. I had very little appetite and what I did eat wouldn't digest, and there was a dull hurting and heavy feeling in the pit of my stomach all the time. I would often wake up at night with a hurting in my stomach that I could hardly bear. My liver was all out of order and I felt tired and sluggish and my nerves were so shattered the least excitement would completely upset me. Every bone in my body seemed to ache just like neuralgia, my joints were swollen and my muscles and flesh hurt so I could hardly bear for anything to touch me."

"I finally got so bad off, I had to be lifted up out of my chair and helped about like a baby. I had been in that fix for four months with hardly a ray of hope of getting well until I began taking Tanlac. If it had failed me I don't know what I would have done. But Tanlac didn't fail me, I'm glad to say. After using it a few days I began to improve and my rheumatism and stomach trouble has gradually disappeared until now I feel better than I have in twenty years. My nerves haven't bothered me at all, and I have had only one slight attack of rheumatism since I began taking Tanlac, and this is certainly remarkable for one my age who has suffered so long. My appetite is now as good as it ever was and I can eat vegetables and other things that used to nearly kill me, without them hurting me one bit. I have gained several pounds, sleep and rest well every night and really feel like a new person. My whole family thinks there's no medicine in the world like Tanlac and I am so rejoiced over what it has done for me that I want to tell everybody about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

TIMES WANT ADS. \$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$

MOVIES FROM SAN ANTONIO MADE A GOOD IMPRESSION

First of "Sunset" Pictures, Starring House Peters and Jane Miller, Shown at the Royal Las. Night.

The first of the pictures made by the Sunset Pictures, Inc., of San Antonio, starring House Peters and Jane Miller in "The Forfeit," a Texas ranch story, was the feature play at the Royal Theater last night and the picture took well with the audience and many complimentary remarks were heard anent it.

As the ranchman House Peters was in a strong role, while Jane Miller, in the role of the widow of the cattle thief who married his brother, was also a very strong characterization. The scenes of action were supposed to be in Castrovilla and Uvalde, and no fictitious names for places were used—it was a Texas ranch story and those familiar with the geography of the Lone Star State knew that all the scene of action was in Southwest Texas. The pictures are released by the Hodgkinson Corporation through the Pathe Exchange. The pictures are directed and presented by Frank Powell, one of the best directors in the picture game.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING, U. S. Marshal, S. D. T. By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy. 5-5-19.

"BOB" ESSING HAS DESIGNS ON BALL FANS OF THIS CITY

After Reading the Sporting Papers and Awakening From His Dreams He Sees Great Possibilities Here.

"Bobbie" Essing, that tireless worker who invariably has some kind of a new idea buzzing in his bonnet, and who after a careful visualization of his contemplations, and scenes of action make realties of possibilities, has another conception that Laredo is just hankering for what he is thinking about, so he has summarized his plans a la movie style as follows:

Main title, "The Rio Grande League of Base Ball Teams." Cast of Characters: The Thirty-seventh Infantry, Knights of Columbus, Laredo and Nuevo Laredo. Scene of action: Laredo, Fort McIntosh and Nuevo Laredo. Time: P. D. Q. Story by: Some sporty guy many years ago. Director: "Bobbie" Essing.

At present this is only a rough draft of the plans of Bob Essing, but in a few days more definite announcement will be made of the formation of a baseball league here that will draw the fans to the game as quickly as a hunk of Limburger cheese would draw a Hun from a table where only frijoles are being served.

To Royal Arch Masons.

You are earnestly requested to attend called Convocation of Laredo Chapter 185, R. A. M., Wednesday evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. E. and R. degrees. All visiting Companions cordially invited.

JOHN COLMAN, Secretary.

TURN IN FOUR INDICTMENTS AND RESUME THEIR LABORS

Grand Jury Turn in First Batch of Bills This Morning; Civil Docket in Court Being Called and Set.

The grand jury in the district court are hard at work ferreting out crime committed in this county since the last grand jury sat eight weeks ago, and the jurors are busily engaged investigating matters directed to their attention by the district attorney. The grand jury, which was empaneled yesterday morning, this morning returned the following four indictments:

Roberto Cuevas, burglary. Gregorio Esparza, theft over \$50. Maria Gonzales, theft under \$50. Pomposa Cuellar, violation of the ten mile zone law. After turning in the above indictments this morning the grand jury resumed their investigations. District court is engaged today in the calling and setting of the civil docket for the term.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight cloudy; local showers. Wednesday cloudy; cooler.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today: Max. temp. 92 degs. Min. temp. 58 degs. General direction of wind: Northwest. Fair.

DAY IS QUIETLY OBSERVED AND WITHOUT DISTURBANCE

REVOLUTIONISTS DID NOT GET CHANCE TO BEGIN TROUBLE.

Arrest of Certain Conspirators Recently Perhaps Nipped in the Bud a Little Revolutionary Plot.

The observance of "El Cinco de Mayo" passed off without a disturbance of any kind in any of the Mexican cities so far as heard of, despite the fact that American authorities had a remote idea that something might break loose in Nuevo Laredo and Monterey as the result of recent work of conspirators, but even this failed to materialize. The arrest of certain parties here, in San Antonio and in New York a few days ago is believed to have nipped in the bud a conspiracy that was to have been given full development on May 5.

In the incriminating evidence captured from some of those arrested were intimations of "something doing" about May 5, and the conspirators were working in cohorts with Almazan and Caraveo, the revolutionary leaders of Mexico, but their plans were laid bare when the documents were captured and the men arrested and the result was the little "outbreak" was called off. The big things in the way of a new revolutionary disturbance, etc., generally manifests itself strongest on a national holiday like May 5 or September 16 in Mexico, and on one occasion at least they took one of the big days in this country, St. Patrick's Day (and in the morning, too) to pull off one of the stunts in 1913, when the Carrancistas attacked the Huertistas in Nuevo Laredo and were badly defeated. Then later the little fiasco at Vera Cruz took place on San Jacinto Day, a national holiday in all Texas.

However, reports received from various portions of Mexico denote a very quiet and peaceful "Cinco de Mayo" throughout Mexico yesterday. In Nuevo Laredo there was a big parade, band concert, orations, Jamaica and other celebrations of the day and everything passed off in a most peaceful manner.

The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

JOHN D. DAVIES IS GROWING APRICOTS IN HOME GARDEN

Samples of Fruit from Joyce Show That It Can be Successfully Grown in Webb County with Proper Care.

An attractive gift came to The Times yesterday in the form of a box of apricots from Mr. John D. Davies of Joyce, who said he sent them to show that apricots will do well in Webb county.

The fruit is of moderate size, sweet and juicy, and will compare favorably with apricots from any part of the country, being sweeter than the California apricots usually sold here.

Mr. Davies has seventeen trees, all loaded down with fruit, and he says that five of these trees bear ripe fruit about May 1st, while the rest do not mature their fruit until June 1st.

From this sample of fruit it is apparent that there is no reason why apricots should not be grown all around Laredo, if not in commercial quantities, at least enough to furnish the family with an abundance of this delicious fruit, which can be preserved in so many ways.

ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY AGENTS FOR

T. M. REID. TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

The Piggly Wiggly Store

Opens every day at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Except Saturday when the store is open until 10 p. m.

SUGGEST DIFFERENT PLAN FROM THAT OF CLOSING UP

Representatives of Laredo Business Houses Will Be Given Assignments to Help in the Bond Campaign.

Instead of observing the proclamation issued by Governor Hobby yesterday calling on all merchants and business men generally to close their places of business tomorrow and participate in the Victory Bond issue to put this state "over the top" before Saturday night, the Victory Loan Committee of Laredo have suggested a better plan to the business men that will not necessitate closing.

The committee has requested each business establishment in the city of Laredo to select a representative of their firm or place of business to attend a meeting to be held at the Laredo Chamber of Commerce quarters tomorrow morning at nine o'clock when these representatives, together with others, will be given a list of persons to call upon and solicit subscriptions to the Victory Bonds. In this way it is expected to do some very effective work and the bond subscriptions should be largely increased as a result of the campaign planned.

Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Kuribide street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15t.

Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Freshly-Made, Clean Printing

Typewriter Ribbons

For All Makes of Typewriters Best and Cheapest Line

HIGH-GRADE CARBON PAPERS

in Southwest Texas

J. W. FALVELLA

Laredo Times Office

GAGE HATS WEEKLY

Try our new Bucilla Packages, stamped lingerie, table linens, etc.

New lot of glove silk brasieres, \$2.50 values at \$1.98. Let us plait your ruffles for you.

MISS M. SALLEE. 1209 LINCOLN ST.

How often have you listened to a Spanish conversation and wished you could understand it? How many times have you needed it in your business? The Laredo Business Colleges teaches a good course.

They also, teach Stenography, Book-keeping, Letter Writing filing. Phone 1014.

Laredo Business College

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes acid dyspepsias etc. Ask for booklet.

VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS LAREDO, TEXAS

ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY AGENTS FOR

T. M. REID. TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

The Piggly Wiggly Store

Opens every day at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Except Saturday when the store is open until 10 p. m.

CANE-SEED

We have a limited quantity of re-cleaned Red Top and Black Amber Cane Seed for immediate delivery.

Walker-Morrow Company

PHONE 1009.



UNIVERSAL HOME NEEDS

VACUUM BOTTLES, WATER SETS, LUNCH KITS

CARAFES-MOTOR SETS

ELECTRIC IRONS, CURLING IRONS

TOASTERS, OVENS

PERCOLATORS, GRILLS

THERMAX STOVES

HEAVY NICKLE PLATED TRAYS

Sonora News Company

METROPOLITAN CAFE

RICHTER BUILDING—OPPOSITE CITY HALL

PHONE 1018

The new and most up-to-date cafe in Laredo. Excellent service and popular prices.

We serve only "K. C." No. 1 meat. Fish and oysters received daily from the gulf direct to us.

Table reservations given special attention.

AT LAST!

A tailor shop that builds your suits to your own ideas

PARAMOUNT TAILORING CO.

LOUIS DRACOUIS, Manager.

We are showing the latest ideas in Spring and Summer clothing.

All our garments are hand tailored in our own shop and all suits are guaranteed to give a perfect fit.

Our customers do our advertising through the medium of "satisfaction."

Quick service cleaning and pressing a specialty.

715 Salinas avenue. East side of Jarvis Plaza.

PHONE 1148.

Moline Universal Tractors

THE ONE MAN TRACTOR.

DOES ALL THE WORK ON A FARM AT LEAST EXPENSE.

We are now ready for demonstrations and will gladly demonstrate same to you for the asking anywhere---anytime.

WORMSER BROS.

Watch for demonstration announcement

TRAFFIC OFFICER ON JOB AND OBSERVING VIOLATORS.

Charles H. Bell Wants to Make Couplings Between the Law and the Offender of All Who Violate.

Charles H. Bell, a well known former railroad man of this city, and who over a year ago sustained the loss of one arm as the result of an accident in the I. & G. N. railroad yards here, was recently appointed traffic officer of the city of Laredo and is now "on the job."

It is the duty of Mr. Bell to keep his weather eye on the violators of the speed regulations, ignoring laws in connection with traffic, etc., and those who observe such violations or know them to exist should make it their duty to help Mr. Bell enforce the ordinances in that respect and make Laredo streets safer for those humble pedestrians who cannot afford a flivver or a more luxurious honk-honk.

\*\*\*\*\*

TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

\*\*\*\*\*

MAYO 6. Frederick William, the former Prussian Crown Prince, born at Potsdam, 37 years ago today.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., retired, famous as the discoverer of the North Pole, born at Cresson, Pa., 63 years ago today.

Oscar W. Underwood, senior United States senator from Alabama, born at Louisville, Ky., 57 years ago today.

Philander C. Knox, United States senator from Pennsylvania, born at Brownsville, Pa., 66 years ago today.

John T. McCutcheon, celebrated cartoonist and war correspondent, born in Tippecanoe County, Ind., 49 years ago today.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

FOR ANYTHING

IN

GROCERIES

AT BEST CASH PRICES AND PROMPT SERVICE

Phone

637

Economy Grocery Store



## LAREDO BASE BALL LEAGUE ELICITING MUCH INTEREST

### PROPOSITION TO ORGANIZE A LEAGUE MEETS WITH FAVOR.

Meeting Will Be Held at Firemen's Hall on Friday Night at Which an All-American Club Be Formed.

The item published in The Times yesterday to the effect that Robert E. Essing of Fort McIntosh was planning the organization of a baseball league in Laredo to be composed of four teams, representing the Thirty-seventh Infantry, the Knights of Columbus, Nuevo Laredo and Laredo, has elicited much interest from all concerned and the proposed league is an assured success.

The Thirty-seventh Infantry has a crackball team, as have also the Knights of Columbus and Nuevo Laredo, and the Laredo team will be selected in due course of time. Robert H. Kilsby and Carlos Richter, two well known local ball players, have called a meeting to be held in Firemen's Hall on Friday night at which time an American baseball team will be organized and will represent the city of Laredo in the proposed league which Mr. Essing, has in prospect. There is plenty of good material here from which to select a strong Laredo team, and already Messrs. Kilsby and Richter have a "ball tosser" aligned with them who has a reputation in state baseball circles and who has joined their team.

## BAD BREATH

### Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil, you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

### TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

#### MAYO 7.

Earl of Rosebery, former prime minister of Great Britain, born in London, 72 years ago today.

Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the National War Garden Commission of the United States, born at Lexington, Mich., 62 years ago today.

Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois congressman and former Speaker of the House, born at Guilford, N. C., 83 years ago today.

Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, former president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, born at Petersburg, Va., 58 years ago today.

William A. MacCorkle, former governor of West Virginia, born at Lexington, Va., 62 years ago today.

#### Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

#### To Organize Baseball Team.

A meeting to organize an all-American baseball team will be held at Firemen's Hall on Friday night at 8 o'clock. For further information see Robert H. Kilsby or Carlos Richter.

#### About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

#### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

#### Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-16t.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 ..... Phone 43

### SOCIAL CALENDAR.

#### Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

#### Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

#### Grandmothers' Smiles.

Of all the most beautiful things in the world,

To which would you give the first prize?

Would it be to the Star-Spangled Banner unfurled.

Or the light that's in Anabel's eyes?

Perhaps you would favor some flower's varied hues,

Or a bit of superb Brussels lace—

There's not the least doubt in my mind that I'd choose

The smile that's on Grandmother's face.

Let others suggest a magnificent yacht,

Or the eagle's most marvelous flight;

Let them point to some wooded and picturesque spot,

To the sunset that ushers the night.

The oriole's color, the hand of a maid,

The deer's agile fleetness and grace;

In Beauty's fair scales each of these is outweighed

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

This smile is the tracing of full four-score years

Of sorrow and trouble and joy,

Of hopes intermingled with trials and tears—

Life's gold mixed, alas, with alloy!

But bravely through all to her faith she has clung—

Avoiding the worthless and base;

So, 'tis easy to tell that she's eighty years young

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

—Addison Fletcher Andrews in the Christian Register.

#### General Mention.

Judge N. A. Rector left yesterday for his home in Austin.

Dr. Frank Jones of Fort Worth is in the city for a few days.

Mrs. Sidney Katz and baby of San Antonio will arrive in the city shortly to visit Mrs. Chas. Moser.

Little Miss Carlotta Floyd is at home again after a two weeks' stay at Mercy Hospital.

The many friends of Chester Burbank will be glad to learn that he is convalescent after a recent illness of several weeks.

Mrs. Peyton Kerr has returned from a short visit to relatives in Pearsall.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left Monday for Brownsville. He will be absent for several weeks on a speaking tour in the interest of the Presbyterian colleges in Texas.

#### Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held its regular meeting at the Rectory Tuesday afternoon. After the service at the church, the children went over to the Rectory. Miss Martha Anderson read an interesting report of the Junior work at the Diocesan Council in San Antonio, whereas went as a delegate. Rector Cook told the little ones a story about "Bees," which they enjoyed immensely. The boys had a lesson in manual training and the girls enjoyed a delightful play hour on the lawn. Among those present were Miss Martha Anderson and Mary Cook, Marjorie Fish, Anita and Ethel Laue, Helen MacGregor, Mary Ernestine Sielski, Edna Tarver, Elinor Kehl, Mary Anderson, Elizabeth and Christine Nye, Anne McKinney, Horace, George, Bobby and Jack Kehl, Ralph Cook, John Robert Pasnacht and Randolph Hunter.

#### Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church held a business and social meeting Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell. It was decided to hold another cake sale

on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the C. O. D. Grocery. At the conclusion of the business meeting the hostess served an ice course and cake. Those present were: Mesdames Sweetman, Sutton, Lattig, Von Allman, Shoemaker, Wharton, H. M. Austin, Pratt and the hostess.

### RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen. Can be easily investigated.

What better proof can be had?

R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER

Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

### GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.

5-5-3t.

### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Thursday cloudy; probably local showers.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 92 degs.

Min. temp. 59 degs.

General direction of wind: East.

Clear.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT  
YOUR  
THRIFT STAMP TODAY?  
SAVE AND SUCCEED!

### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 2:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 3 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

### PROGRAMS BAND CONCERTS MARTIN PLAZA AND AT POST

Thirty-seventh Infantry Band Plays Tomorrow Night on Martin Plaza and Friday Night at Ft. McIntosh.

The following musical program will be given by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band under direction of Lieut. Everlof on Martin Plaza tomorrow night from 8:30 to 9:30 o'clock:

1. March, "The Matador," ..... Curti

2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ..... Schlegel

3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ..... Rosas

4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ..... Bucalossi

5. Suite, "La Perla," ..... Lacome

6. One Step, "Madelon," ..... Roberts

#### Concert at Post Friday.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening:

1. March, "A Frangosa," ..... Costa

2. Overture, "French Comedy," ..... Keler-Bela

3. Waltz, "Blue," ..... Margis

4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ..... Luders

5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ..... Luighi

6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ..... Berlin

EARL OF ROSEBERY IS 72.



### WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the  
St. Louis Union Bank,  
St. Louis, Mo.

Value of farm lands in the United States is increasing steadily. Average grade plow lands had a value of 74.31 per acre on March 1, as compared with \$68.38 a year ago, \$62.17 two years ago and \$58.39 three years ago.

Greatest percentage of increase in values during the past year occurred in the South Atlantic States, in the Carolinas and Georgia, and extended to Alabama, Kentucky and Arkansas.

Small or no increases in values were made in the New England States, Pacific Coast States, Louisiana, Texas, Kansas and Montana. Material increases were reported in Nebraska and South Dakota. Iowa stands first in value of plowing lands, with an average of \$169 per acre. Illinois ranks second, with an average value of \$144 per acre; California third, with \$121, and Indiana fourth, with \$100. Alabama reports the lowest average value of plow lands, \$94 per acre.

To Royal Arch Masons.

You are earnestly requested to attend called Convocation of Laredo Chapter 185, R. A. M., Wednesday evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. E. and R. A. degrees. All visiting Companions cordially invited.

JOHN COLMAN,  
Secretary.

5-6-2t.

### Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Eckman's Alternative, the tonic and unbuilder of 29 years' successful use, 50c and \$1.50 bottles from druggists, or from  
ECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia

To Royal Arch Masons.

You are earnestly requested to attend called Convocation of Laredo Chapter 185, R. A. M., Wednesday evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. E. and R. A. degrees. All visiting Companions cordially invited.

JOHN COLMAN,  
Secretary.

5-6-2t.



BELLANS  
FOR INDIGESTION

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

# PEACE TERMS PRESENTED ON THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF SINKING OF LUSITANIA

Terms Also Included Arraignment of Former Emperor William for Supreme Offense Against International Morality and Sanctity of a Treaty and Provided for His Trial by Allied Tribunal.

### OBSERVE LUSITANIA ANNIVERSARY.

London, May 7.—Four years ago today the Cunard Line steamship Lusitania was torpedoed and sunk off the south coast of Ireland by a German submarine. More than 1100 persons perished in the disaster, 114 of the victims being American. Today the anniversary was observed by special services in many English churches and by a special memorial in the Lusitania cemetery at Queenstown, Ireland.

### EARL OF ROSEBERY IS 72.

London, May 7.—The Earl of Rosebery, former leader of the Liberal party and prime minister in 1894-5, was remembered by many friends today on the occasion of his seventy-second birthday anniversary. Soon after his retirement from the premiership the celebrated statesman was obliged by ill health to withdraw from the political arena and of late years he has taken little or no part in public affairs.

### WAR VETERANS TO ORGANIZE.

St. Louis, Mo., May 7.—Today's arrivals indicate a large and representative attendance when the meeting is called to order here tomorrow to perfect an organization of the American veterans of the world war. The gathering is regarded as one of much importance, since the organization to be given birth is expected to equal in influence and exceed in scope the famous organization of the Grand Army of the Republic when that body was at its maximum membership. The membership of the new organization will be open to all officers and enlisted men in the United States military or naval service between the date of America's declaration of war and the final cessation of hostilities. At the St. Louis meeting only the preliminary plans are to be adopted, the final details of organization to be left to a convention to be held later in the year.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

The fourth anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania will be observed today with memorial services on both sides of the Atlantic.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, former Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, will celebrate his eighty-third birthday today.

Today has been designated as Navy Day in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign by Carter Glass, United States Secretary of the Treasury.

William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, and Mrs. McAdoo, who is a daughter of President Wilson, celebrate their fifth wedding anniversary today.

Leading Ohio churchmen of thirty denominations are to confer in Cleveland today on plans for the formation of a State federation of Protestant churches.

Leaders of the opposition party in New Brunswick are to meet in conference at St. John today to consider the present political situation and outline a program for the future.

The premiers and ministers of foreign affairs of the Scandinavian countries are to meet at Stockholm today for an important conference on international problems and policies.

Many eminent prelates of the Roman Catholic church will take part in ceremonies to be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral today, when the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, the new archbishop of New York, will receive the pallium.

Minnesota suffragists are to celebrate their winning of the ballot with an all-day State conference and jubilee program in Minneapolis today.

Important problems confronting the grocery trade are to be discussed at the annual convention of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association, which is to meet in New Orleans today for a three-day session.

### Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserably a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

### By Associated Press.

Germany received the terms of peace on the fourth anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania and 177 days after the last shot was fired on Nov. 11, 1918. At the plenary session yesterday it was decided that 22 nations, instead of 13, should be represented when the peace terms were presented. An interesting feature of the convention was added yesterday when the clause arraignment of former Emperor William for a supreme offense against international morality and the sanctity of a treaty was attached to the treaty, with a provision for trial by a tribunal of the five great nations.

### What the Terms Are.

Paris, May 7.—The peace treaty between twenty-seven allied powers on the one hand and Germany on the other was handed the Germans today. It is the longest treaty ever drawn, totalling 80,000 words, divided into 15 main sections, and represents the combined product of over a thousand experts. It is printed in parallel pages of English and French, recognized as having equal validity. It does not deal with questions affecting Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, except as binding Germany to accept any agreement reached with these former allies. Germany by treaty restores Alsace-Lorraine to France; accepts the internationalization of the Saar basin temporarily and of Danzig permanently; agrees to territorial changes toward Denmark and Belgium and in East Prussia cedes most of Upper Silesia to Poland; renounces all political and territorial rights outside Europe, as to her own or her allies' territory; she also recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland; her army is reduced to 100,000 men, including officers and conscription within her territories is abolished; all forts 40 kilometers east of the Rhine are to be razed, and all importations, exportations and nearly all production of war materials stopped; the German navy is reduced to six battleships, six light cruisers and twelve torpedo boats, no submarines, and a personnel of not over 15,000.

To the Aid of France.

New York, May 7.—The summary of the peace treaty says: "In addition to the securities afforded in the treaty of peace, the president of the United States has pledged himself to propose to the senate of the United States and the prime minister of Great Britain an agreement subject to the approval of the council of the league of nations to come immediately to the assistance of France in case of unprovoked attack by Germany."

Received the Treaty.

Versailles, May 7.—Germany today was told the terms upon which the al-

l-

l-

l-

l-



## MORE ARROGANCE.

The German delegates in Versailles are reported to have said that they would sign the peace treaty, but that the German people will not pay an indemnity. So far as we can see, there is but one alternative to paying an indemnity, and that is, having it taken away from them.

But of course this is but a last attempt to be arrogant and haughty, while at the same declining any responsibility for the arrogance. In other words, it is an attempt of the delegates to "pass the buck" to the German people, whose representatives they claim to be.

The terms are not in any sense harsh. Compared with what the Germans would have inflicted upon the allies had they won the war, the terms are so mild and inoffensive that the Germans themselves will be surprised at the leniency of the victors.

Germany cedes Alsace-Lorraine to France and relinquishes all claims to territory outside of Europe. Besides she restores the stolen province of Schleswig-Holstein, the greater part of upper Silesia to Poland, and recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland.

She renounces for herself and her allies all territorial and political rights outside of Europe and especially Morocco, Egypt, Liberia and Shantung, and this means the renunciation of the African colonies which have been captured by her enemies.

The Saar basin is to be internationalized temporarily, which will give Belgium, France and Holland access to the coal and iron in that territory, and she also consents to the permanent internationalization of Danzig, which gives Poland access to the Baltic.

And one thing which will assure peace and quiet in Europe for some time to come is the provision to reduce the German army to 100,000 men, including officers, raise all forts within forty kilometers of the Rhine, abolish conscription and reduce her navy to a few fighting units and a personnel of not to exceed 15,000 men. For the German people are sick and tired of conscription, and they will not willingly enter the military or naval service except in case of foreign aggression.

As to the indemnities, they have already been stated sufficiently. And this is the part which will be of the greatest moment to the German people, for above all the German hates to part with what he has grasped. The fact that they have ruined a part of France and nearly all of Belgium as well as destroying parts of the entire civilized world was matter for self-gratulation up to the moment when the Germans discovered that they would be obliged to pay for the damage. They objected loudly—too loudly for anyone to believe that they are in earnest.

They knew the defeated nation or nations would have to pay for the war. But they had figured that Germany would be the gainer by the peace treaty, and when they found out that they were the victims of their own greed, they immediately began to find fault with their leaders.

There is no prospect that Germany will refuse to accept the terms of the treaty. And the allied nations will see that they live up to their agreement. There is no longer a disciplined German army, even though there is something of an armament left and a few million men capable of bearing arms.

But the entering wedge of suspicion and distrust has split Germany into parties, and each party into factions. There is no solidarity between the socialists, for instance, and the people have come to the point of distrusting all political organizations.

There is poetic justice in delivering the peace terms on the anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania. It is right that this act, so loudly applauded in Germany, and which was the real cause of our entering the war, no matter what the immediate cause, should be celebrated by the delivery of the peace terms to the German delegates.

## ROUNDING THEM UP.

The "national convention" of the I. W. W. in Chicago is proving a harvest, not only for the Chicago police, but for the authorities of many other cities, as a number of long-wanted crooks have been rounded up by the simple expedient of investigating the delegates.

It has been shown that practically all of the Bolsheviks in the country are connected by fraternal ties with the I. W. W., and that aside from the purely political connections, the "wobblies" also have widespread ramifications in underground criminal circles.

One thing has rather surprised the public, and that is the small number of the members. It had been claimed that the organization numbered at least half a million, and there were many who claimed at least a million. The report of the membership committee, however, establishes the fact that there are but 35,000 names on the roster and that of these only 25,000 are in "good standing."

A surprising feature of the convention was the introduction of a resolution limiting the service of paid of-

ficers to two years. The adoption of this resolution would cut off William D. Haywood, the official secretary-treasurer now in jail serving a long term for conspiracy. In fact, Haywood for some time past has been the real organization, and with his incarceration it began to disintegrate.

While the organization is not as strong or as widespread as had been feared, it must not be ignored as a menace. There are many desperate individuals scattered throughout the country, and many criminal gangs as well, who would be glad to identify themselves with such an organization were it to be relieved from police surveillance, and for this reason the authorities must keep up the good work.

The raid on the organization's books in Chicago and the arrest of the prominent leaders there and elsewhere was all that was needed to put it on the downward slide, and if it can be kept moving the members will not have time for anything else than their own safety.

The people all over the country are becoming aroused to the menace of such organizations. It is not enough to have an occasional anarchist spouting his evil doctrine on a street corner, and for an occasional farm hand with a more or less imaginary grievance to inveigh against the abuses of the capitalists, but when a body of these men gets together and scapes a campaign which includes the burning of barns and farm implements, the killing of work animals and the terrorizing of a whole section without adequate police protection, it is easily seen that should the movement become nationwide it would menace the very foundations of our government.

So it is incumbent upon the authorities of every section of the country to put a stop to this evil propaganda. Every one preaching the doctrine of sedition, of anarchy, of class hatred and of resistance to the legal authority, should be arrested and punished upon conviction.

The majority of the people of this country are sane and sound in their political beliefs. They are as a whole better educated than the people of any other country. They are more intelligent and, while being more progressive than other nations, they are at the same time more conservative when it comes to political methods.

It takes a long time to bring about a political change in this country, and seldom if ever are violent methods used or approved. And for this reason the country is safe against the Bolsheviks, the I. W. W., or the anarchists of any other label.

At the same time, it will not do to relax our vigilance. Every man should constitute himself a committee of one to report any improper propaganda to the legal authorities. Where they will not take any action, it will be easy to arouse public action to put an end to the abuses, and that too without any mob rule.

The day of the I. W. W. is coming, and it will close with its ruin.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

- MAY 8.
- 1841—John Norquay, Manitoba statesman and premier, born near Fort Garry, Man. Died in Winnipeg, July 5, 1889.
- 1865—John Reynolds, governor of Illinois and representative in Congress, died at Belleville, Ill. Born in Montgomery County, Pa., Feb. 26, 1788.
- 1873—John Stuart Mill, famous philosopher and political economist, died at Avignon, France. Born in London, May 29, 1806.
- 1894—South Carolina supreme court decided that the State was practically under prohibition.
- 1902—Eruption of Mont Pelee, Martinique, destroyed St. Pierre and 30,000 inhabitants.
- 1903—The Russians reoccupied the Province of New Chang, Manchuria, with a large force of troops.
- 1915—Germany announced the capture of Libau, the Russian port on the Baltic.
- 1916—Australians and New Zealanders took over part of the British front.
- 1917—U. S. House of representatives voted to increase the strength of the Navy.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

- MAY 8.
- Edward William Nelson, chief of the United States Biological Survey, born at Manchester, N. H., 64 years ago today.
- Prof. James R. Angell, who has been offered the presidency of the University of Michigan, born at Burlington, Vt., 50 years ago today.
- Clarence W. Watson, former United States senator from West Virginia, born at Fairmont, W. Va., 55 years ago today.
- Frank G. Carpenter, celebrated traveler and newspaper correspondent, born at Mansfield, O., 64 years ago today.
- Marie Walnwright, long a prominent actress of the American stage, born in Philadelphia, 66 years ago today.
- Francis Ouimet, former American amateur golf champion, born at Brookline, Mass., 26 years ago today.

## GREAT RESULTS ATTAINED DURING WORK WEDNESDAY

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO BOND ISSUE NOW AGGREGATE \$335,000.

Within \$145,000 of the Goal, and Most of This Sum Will Be Forthcoming at the Meeting Tomorrow.

As a result of the whirlwind campaign conducted yesterday by the Victory Bond committees, augmented by the work of a number of volunteer solicitors, who conducted a thorough canvass of the city, the subscription list to the Victory Loan campaign in Webb county was increased approximately \$30,000, making the grand total of all subscriptions up to this morning about \$335,000, or within \$145,000 of the quota of \$479,900 assigned to this county.

A meeting of the soliciting and voluntary committees was held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning at 9 o'clock, at which the work of all the committees who were busily engaged in canvassing yesterday, was tabulated and the above result was announced. The report proves most encouraging to those concerned and County Chairman August C. Richter and Mrs. R. L. Bobbit and their committees take a very optimistic view of the situation and declare that Webb county will go "over the top" by Saturday evening at the latest with a half million-dollar subscription to the Victory Liberty Bond issue.

A call has been issued for a mass meeting of the citizens of Laredo and residents of Webb county at Market Hall tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and every red-blooded American in this community is urged to attend this meeting and show to the world that Webb county is thoroughly American in spirit and one of the most patriotic in the country and that her people stand by Uncle Sam and will go down in their purses and help him pay every honest obligation he contracted while waging a war in behalf of justice, democracy and humanity. The soldier boys who made the grand sacrifice that justice and democracy might survive have finished their job, and many a home has been deprived of a brave son, brother or husband, while those who stayed at home have their work to do and must help finish the job.

## Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

Due to the K. of C.'s opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 18th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening.

## EXPRESS EMPLOYEES GET 8-HOUR DAY AND RAISE

Hereafter City Express Office Will Open at 8:30 and Close at 5:30 Each Day.

Mr. C. J. Gorman, local agent of the American Railways Express, has returned from San Antonio, where he was called by the district superintendent, the occasion being a meeting of the principal agents of this division to consider the eight-hour day for the men.

Beginning tomorrow the Laredo office will open at 8:30 in the morning and close at 5:30 in the afternoon. A special increase of salary for all employees here was granted, and the reduction in working hours with the increase in pay makes a decided improvement in the lot of the really hard-worked employees.

Shoe Shop Moved. The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Turbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue.

## RAIN AGAIN RETARDS WORK OF HARVESTING OF ONIONS.

Rains of Past Week Have Caused Onion Shipments to Be Light; Total Shipments Aggregate 679 Cars.

Onion shipments were getting back to normal yesterday and the shipments would have been resumed on a heavy scale today, but the heavy rain and hailstorm came along last evening and the indications are that shipments for the next day or two will continue light, as there will be considerable mud in the fields again and it will take a day or two for them to dry out to permit of harvesting and cleaning work being continued.

The shipments out of here last night aggregated twenty-six carloads by freight, bringing the grand total of shipments for the season so far up to 679 carloads, which is less than half of the estimated shipments for the season.

About Rheumatism. Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## PEACE PAGEANT WILL BE HELD ON TOMORROW

Announcement to That Effect Made This Afternoon Following Postponement.

The Peace Pageant by the school children of the Laredo schools, which was to have taken place this afternoon on School Plaza was postponed indefinitely last night following the rain, but announcement made this afternoon is to the effect that THE PEACE PAGEANT WILL TAKE PLACE TOMORROW AFTERNOON ON SCHOOL PLAZA BEGINNING WITH THE BABY SUGGY PARADE AT 5:45 O'CLOCK.

## ODD FELLOWS ATTENTION.

Rio Grande Lodge No. 372 meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Fred. L. Mackay, Noble Grand; J. H. Barlow, Secretary.

Laredo Encampment No. 29 meets every second and fourth Friday at 8 p. m. Jos. Netzer, Chief Patriarch; G. W. Pew, Scribe.

G. W. Glascock-Rebekah Lodge No. 438 meets every first and third Friday at 8 p. m. Miss Hortense Tannenbaum, Noble Grand; Jos. Netzer, Secretary.

All visiting Brothers and Sisters are cordially invited to attend. Lodge room at the corner of Farragut street and Convent avenue.

## DON EMILIO REYES HERE ENROUTE TO NEW POST DUTY

Former "Administrador del Timbre" in Nuevo Laredo Returns From Mexico City En route Del Rio.

Don Emilio Reyes, a former well known resident and official of Nuevo Laredo, where he held a position as Administrador del Timbre up to about a year ago, when he was appointed to a government position with headquarters in Mexico City, arrived in Laredo today accompanied by his family and in a day or two will leave for Del Rio, Texas, having been appointed as Mexican consul with headquarters at that place.

During his residence in Nuevo Laredo of a number of years Don Emilio made many friends on both sides of the Rio Grande, as he is one of those affable, accommodating gentlemen who makes friends of all he meets, and these wish him every success in his new duties as Mexican consul at Del Rio.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexicon.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

## "See 'Gets-It' Peel Off This Corn."

Leaves The Toe as Smooth as the Palm of Your Hand.

The corn never grew that "Gets-It" will not get. It never irritates the flesh, never makes your toe sore. Just two drops of "Gets-It" and presto! the corn-pain vanishes. Shortly you can peel the corn right off with your finger and there you are—pain-free and happy, with the toe as smooth and corn-free as your palm. "Gets-It" is the only safe way in the world to treat a corn or callus. It's the sure way—the way that never fails. It is tried and true—used by millions every year. It always works. "Gets-It" makes cutting and digging at a corn and fussing with bandages, salves or anything else entirely unnecessary. "Gets-It" is the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Mfg. by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.



Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Horner's Pharmacy. City Drug Co.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

Times Want Ads. Money Makers

## RAIN, THUNDER, HAILSTORM VISITED LAREDO SECTION

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE A VARIATION OF WEATHER.

Hailstones Fell for About Ten Minutes, While Rain Lasted for Several Hours During Early Evening.

Preceded by one of those windstorms that sends "real estate" on the rise and fills the air with the fine particles, Laredo was visited by a heavy hail-thunder and rainstorm yesterday evening, beginning at about 6:30 o'clock, and the rain continuing for some time after the other disturbed elements had disappeared, for the hail, wind and thunder was of short duration.

The storm broke in all its fury about 7 o'clock, at which time the wind was blowing hard, there was crashing of thunder and vivid flashing of lightning, hailstones as large as marbles fell and then a good steady rain set in and fell for about thirty minutes after which it slackened up for a time and came down slowly for an hour or so longer. The total precipitation of rain last evening aggregated 1.17, or nearly an inch and a quarter.

Reports received here from the country in all directions from this city indicate that the rain was general, and in some places heavier than elsewhere. The hail accompanied the storm in many parts of the country around Laredo and is believed to have done some damage to fruit trees and tender vegetation, but is not believed to have hurt the onion crop in any manner.

This is the third heavy rain, thunder and windstorm to strike Laredo within the past eight days, and at this time the ground is thoroughly soaked and corn, cotton and other growing crops are in fine condition, while grass is in a most thriving condition on the ranges of the big ranches as a result of the copious supply of moisture that has fallen.

## A BAND CONCERT TONIGHT; ANOTHER TOMORROW NIGHT

This Evening the Thirty-seventh Band Plays on Martin Plaza; Tomorrow Night at Fort McIntosh.

As announced in yesterday's issue of The Times, there will be a band concert on Martin Plaza this evening from 8:30 to 9:30 by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band, when the following program will be rendered:

1. March, "The Matador," ..... Curti
2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ..... Schlegel
3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ..... Rosas
4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ..... Bucalossi
5. Suite, "La Feria," ..... Lacombe
6. One Step, "Madelon," ..... Roberts

Tomorrow evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band will render the following program at Fort McIntosh:

1. March, "A Frangosa," ..... Costa
2. Overture, "French Comedy," ..... Keler-Bela
3. Waltz, "Blue," ..... Margis
4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ..... Luders
5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ..... Luigni
6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ..... Berlin

## VETERAN NEWSPAPER MAN IS VISITING IN THIS CITY

E. T. Merriman of the Corpus Christi Caller is Here to Write a Boosting Article for Laredo Section.

Eli Todd Merriman, one of the veteran newspapermen of Texas, and for more than twenty-five years manager of the Corpus Christi Caller, is among the visitors in Laredo on a short business trip and is a guest of his brother, Jeff D. Merriman, and family on the Heights.

Mr. Merriman resigned from the management of the Daily Caller about nine years ago and engaged in other business, and recently served as a city commissioner of Corpus Christi, but the smell of printer's ink has so strongly imbedded itself in his nostrils that he had to return to the fourth estate, and he is now a staff writer of the Caller and comes to Laredo at this time to "write up" the onion industry and other matters pertaining to Laredo, which will be carried in an illustrated and descriptive article in the Caller shortly.

## OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, which celebrates its silver jubilee this year, comprises some 650 clubs, with an aggregate membership of nearly 70,000.

A new law in Utah establishes the eight-hour work day for women and further provides that it must be continuous labor with the exception of one hour for lunch.

A little village exists on the Cape of Shima, in Japan, the name of which in Japanese means "the Settlement of Nymphs." Woman in this village is the predominant partner. The chief industry is pearl-fishing, and it is the women who are the fishers. The men stay at home and do the housework.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The grand jury in district court, which was in recess yesterday on account of some of the members helping in the canvassing for Victory Bond subscriptions, resumed their labors this morning and are investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Valls.

—Miss Bessie McCo.e has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

—The Victory Bond workers feel much encouraged over the results of the whirlwind campaign conducted here yesterday and are now confident that Webb county will "go over the top" by Saturday night. Those who have not yet subscribed for their full limit of bonds should do so at once.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Eight carloads of zinc ore, one carload of guano, two carloads of ixtle and one carload of arsenic.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-1f.

—JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-1f.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-1m.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose P. Barrera and Miss Maria del Pilar Martinez.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-1f.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-1f.

—The following oil lease prospect has been filed for record with the county clerk: W. N. McElroy to R. B. Humphrey, Sec. No. 278, Cert. 3701, and Sec. 1694, Cert. 5447, containing a total of 1,280 acres of land. Consideration, \$192.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 476 or 1017. 6-20-1f.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-1f.

—A report reached here this morning to the effect that one of the county bridges on the Minera road was washed out and badly damaged by the rain last night, but up to the noon hour County Judge Page had received no confirmation of this report.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

## NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice.

The State of Texas, To all persons interested in the Estate of Thomas Hickey, and Olive Mary Hickey, minors: Maria Villarreal de Hickey, has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for letters of guardianship on the persons and Estate of said minors which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919, said day being the 19th of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper.

Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1919.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ, Clerk County Court, Webb County.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 9.

Sir James M. Barrie, famous Scottish novelist and playwright, born at Kirriemuir, N. B., 59 years ago today.

John L. McLaurin, former United States senator from South Carolina, born in Marlboro County, S. C., 59 years ago today.

Edward Weston of New York, celebrated electrical engineer and inventor, born in England, 69 years ago today.

John R. Mohler, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, born in Philadelphia, 44 years ago today.

Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.

LAREDO'S WAR SACRIFICES.

(Peace to Their Ashes)  
Lieut. E. J. Cousineau,  
Lieut. Luke W. Loftus,  
Lieut. Percy R. Winch,  
Sergt. George Bigden,  
Sergt. Charles Woodul,  
Sergeant Gustin K. Smith,  
Sergeant Adam Bold,  
Sig. Elec. P. A. Diaz,  
Corporal Jack Correu,  
Corporal Milus Little,  
Corporal Leonardo Diaz,  
Private Edmundo Lopez,  
Private Benjamin Hastings,  
Private Moises Carrejo,  
Private Francisco Garcia,  
Private Lorenzo Rendon,  
Private Jose Ybarra,  
Private Maurice Akabass,  
Private Jose Zamora,  
Private Louis F. Folsom,  
Private Harold Smith,  
Private William Lake, U. S. M.,  
Private Wm. L. Ford, U. S. M.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 9.

Twenty-seven years ago today, in the Italian province of Lucca, was born a little princess who was destined to play in later years a unique role in the great European war drama. The little princess was Zita of Parma, who later was to become the Empress Zita of Austria. What a strange fate has been hers! From the quiet of a convent school at Zangher to the brilliant salons of Vienna, to the imperial throne and to the retreat in Switzerland, spans the career of this young woman of twenty-seven who began life as a member of a family long deprived of all semblance of royalty except the name, attained one of the most exalted positions in Europe, and who is likely to spend the remainder of her life in exile. Those who are inclined toward superstition may see some connection between the ill fate that has overtaken the beautiful young Empress and the fact that she is the 13th child of the late Duke of Parma.

RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen. Can be easily investigated. What better proof can be had?

R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 . . . . . Phone 43  
SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.  
Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

Mrs. A. E. Younkin will entertain the members of the Married Ladies Social Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, with Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago as honor guest.

Saturday.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Rose Beyond the Wall. Near a shady wall a rose once grew. Budded and blossomed in God's free light. Watered and fed by morning dew. Shedding its sweetness day and night.

As it grew and blossomed fair and tall. Slowly rising to loftier height. It came to a crevice in the wall. Through which there shone a beam of light.

Onward it crept with added strength. With never a thought of fear or pride. And it followed the light through the crevice's length. And unfolded itself on the other side.

The light, the dew, the broadening view. Were found the same as they were before. And it lost itself in beauties now. Breathing its fragrance more and more.

Shall claim of death cause us to grieve. And make our courage faint or fall? Nay, let us faith and hope receive—The rose still grows beyond the wall.

Scattering fragrance far and wide. Just as it did in days of yore; Just as it did on the other side. Just as it will for evermore.

General Mention.

Mrs. A. Notzon of San Antonio is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Notzon.

The many friends of Mrs. J. M. Slaughter will be glad to learn that she is now convalescing after a recent severe illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago will arrive in the city today for a short stay.

Mr. W. D. Butler left Wednesday night for Groesbeck, Texas, in response to the news of the illness of his father.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts of Albuquerque, New Mexico, is expected in the city on Saturday, to be the new pastor of the Christian Church.

The many friends of Guy Trout will be interested in knowing that the engineering department of the University of Texas have nominated him for president of the students' council.

Lieut. Leo Eistetter, who has been with the A. E. F. for some time, has sailed from France and is expected home shortly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson expect to leave on Sunday night for Dallas to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge. Mrs. Thompson will stop in San Antonio to visit friends on the return trip.

Mrs. C. M. Henry has returned from a short business trip to Houston.

Mr. George Teunison expects to go to Dallas the latter part of the week to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge.

Miss Inez Hill returned home on Saturday after a trip to Uvalde and Hondo with Mr. and Mrs. George Moyer. She spent a week in San Antonio with Mrs. Moyer before returning home.

Mrs. C. H. Bell has returned from

a pleasant three weeks' visit to relatives in Palestine.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reeves have moved to Robstown where they will make their home.

Splash Party.

A number of the Seventh grade girls enjoyed a delightful splash party Thursday afternoon at Villegas' pool. They were chaperoned by Mrs. G. W. Derby and Mrs. M. S. Ryan. After their swim the party motored to the Ryan home on the Heights, where delicious basket lunches were enjoyed. Those present were: Dorothy Derby, Josephine Brewster, Kathleen Heaner, Dora Becker, Helen Lindsay, Gene Morgan, Lois Derby, Evelyn Ryan and Dorothy Wiggins.

Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church held an interesting and pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. The Bible study was conducted by Mrs. Phelps and the lesson covered the 12th chapter of Luke. A short business session followed the devotional service after which a delightful social time was enjoyed and the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Little, Hodges, Phelps, Smith, Hamilton, Joe Netzer Jr., Ward, A. O. Dannelly, Millar, Hiatt and Poggenpohl.

The W. M. U. Meets.

Circle A of the W. M. U. held its weekly meeting on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Trout. The time was devoted to sewing. Those present were Mrs. C. H. Bell, Mrs. Jennings and Mrs. Trout.

Circle B of the W. M. U. held a pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Coffee. Mrs. Henry was the leader in the devotional services, after which a short business session was held and plans were discussed for work during the summer months. A delightful social hour was enjoyed, during which the hostess served a refreshment course. Those present were Miss Annie Pace, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Windrow, Mrs. Reynolds and Mrs. Coffee.

PERSONALS

United States Consul Randolph Robertson left last night for Washington on official business. During his absence the consular office in Nuevo Laredo will be in charge of Vice Consul E. W. Eaton.

Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.



VICTORY has come to American arms in the fight for Democracy. Now we must take care of the boys and the Government that is responsible for it by investing liberally.



1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 576 4-4-1f

For Sale or Trade:—Jack, without superior in State of Texas, registered, black color with white tips; height 15 hands standard measurement. Price \$850.00 cash, or will exchange for young mules. Also black jack 5 years old, 14 hands jack measurement; price \$300 cash or trade for young mules. Address H. C. Lane, Millett, Texas 12-18-1f

For Sale:—Maxwell five passenger automobile 1917 model, self starter, in good condition. \$200 cash. Apply 615 Zaragoza street. 4-22-1f.

Wanted to Rent:—Residence close in by May 1. Phone 962. 4-28-1f.

For Rent:—Seven room brick house with all modern conveniences; also garage. Apply Nieves Ortiz, 2020 Calahan street. 5-1-15t.

For Sale:—Dodge touring car in fine condition. Price reasonable. Phone 239 if interested. 5-1-8t.

For Sale:—Property producing \$180.00 per month rent. Very good location. If interested call at 1216 Lincoln St. 5-1-9t.

For Sale:—Small farm of 30 acres with implements. Located South Laredo. Also one Bessemer engine 55-H. P. and pump. Price right, easy terms if desired. Address, L. R. Ortiz, Laredo. 5-2-15t.

For Sale:—Bargains. Two second-hand Ford touring cars. Texas Auto Sales Co. Phone 874. 5-2-10t.

Wanted:—Farm to plant onions or other crops by irrigation. Share or salary. Good references in my profession. J. O. Salinas, 1207 Santa Ursula avenue. 5-5-6t.

Wanted:—Girl cigar makers. Answer by letter to "F" care Times office. 5-6-15t.

Agents Wanted:—Come to see me at Room 8, 1313 Lincoln street. 5-6-6t.

For Sale:—Oakland chassis, cheap; first-class condition. Apply Scotch Woolen Mills. 5-7-4t.

Wanted at Once:—Six or seven-room house; close in. Apply "F" this office. 5-6-4t.

For Sale:—Remington Typewriter No. 19 in good condition for \$50. Call 1911 Matamoros; phone 1180. 5-7-6t.

For Rent:—Light house-keeping rooms, 1320 Juarez avenue. Phone 618. 5-8-1f.

For Rent:—Furnished room with southeast exposure and in good location. Phone 587. 5-8-1f.

For Rent:—Light housekeeping or cool bedroom, 1512 Victoria street, phone 1413. 5-9-2t.

Found:—In Sanitary Grocery, pocketbook with small amount in bills. Owner can recover by identifying same and paying for this advertisement. 5-9-3t.

# BERLIN OFFICIAL CIRCLES BELIEVE THAT GERMANY IS HELPLESS AND MUST ACCEPT

## After Lengthy Session of German Cabinet to Discuss Terms of Peace, It Was Believed that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would Refuse to Sign Terms and Would Resign His Post First.

### FEELING IS STRONG BETWEEN SOLDIERS

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS CLAIM DISCRIMINATION MADE AGAINST THEM.

By Associated Press.  
St. Louis, Mo., May 9.—The feeling between the National Guard and the regular army was brought to the front at the second day's session of the national caucus of the American Legion, composed of men and women who were in the military or naval service during the war. Major Hamilton Fish of New York presented a resolution urging congress to place the National Guard and the regular army on an equal footing, and charges were freely made that National Guard officers in France were discriminated against in favor of the regulars.

### "GOLDEN SPIKE" CELEBRATION.

Ogden, Utah, May 9.—Ogden is filling with visitors for the "Golden Spike" celebration to be held tomorrow in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the joining and completion of the Union Pacific and Pacific railroad, forming the first transcontinental line connecting the east and west. The final arrangements for the celebration were completed today. The program will be featured by a parade and pageant depicting the early and modern methods of transportation. Historical exercises will be held, with addresses by Governor Bamberger of Utah and official representatives of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads. In attendance as special guests of the occasion will be a number of pioneers who took part in the building of the two railroads.

The completion of the transcontinental line by the junction of the Union and Central Pacific roads was an event of far-reaching industrial and financial importance. The desirability of such a line was first realized during the rush of gold-seekers to California in 1848. In that year a committee of the United States senate reported favorably a bill for the construction of a railroad to the Pacific. The chief promoter of the project at that time was Asa Whitney, a New York merchant, who devoted many years to an earnest endeavor to have the United States Government take up the project.

The first official step was taken in 1849, when Senator Benton introduced his Pacific railroad bill into Congress. Nothing further was done until 1853, in which year Congress passed an act providing that surveys be made for the proposed road.

During the early years of the civil war Congress attempted, by offering land grants and other inducements, to persuade men of enterprise to undertake the building of the railroad through the great central plains. Government interests at the time imperatively needed such a road.

Urged by President Lincoln and others, Oakes Ames, a wealthy Massachusetts manufacturer and a representative in Congress, undertook this immense and hazardous work, risking his entire fortune in the enterprise.

The plans called for the construction of a road running in a general direction almost east and west on the 40th degree of latitude. One thousand and thirty-four miles of road were to be built by the Union Pacific and 883 by the Central Pacific, giving a grand total of 1917 miles.

The work of construction was commenced in 1865 and it was believed at the time that ten years or more would be necessary to complete the work. Though the difficulties to be overcome were very great, they were

conquered, and in 1869 the rails of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined, and the east and west united. This was seven years earlier than the terms of the contract required, and in the carriage of mails and the transportation of troops and supplies was of vast service to the government.

It is planned to hold the semi-centennial exercises tomorrow at Promontory Point, a few miles from Ogden, where on May 10, 1869, Dr. Thomas Durant and Governor Leland Stanford of California drove the last spikes connecting the Union and Central Pacific roads. More than a score of Utah and California pioneers who witnessed the event of fifty years ago will be present at the exercises.

Do You Enjoy Life?  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons.  
Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force.  
Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

By Associated Press.  
Berlin, May 9.—Official circles learned the probable terms of peace today and a lengthy session of the cabinet followed, at which the action Germany is to take was discussed. It was considered in some quarters that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would refuse to sign the treaty and would resign, but the opinion is general that Germany must accept as she is helpless.

One Immediate Solution.  
Berlin, May 9.—There is only one immediate solution, peace with Russia and the use of Bolshevik troops for Germany, Herr Golsberg, one of the German delegates to Versailles, is quoted by the Neue Zeitung as declaring in reference to the peace terms submitted.

Conspiracy Discovered.  
London, May 9.—A conspiracy to induce British sailors to mutiny and soldiers to demobilize themselves by marching out of their barracks has

### "NO ONE CALLED ON ME."

Some are saying this. Perhaps no one has ever asked you face to face to buy notes of the Victory Liberty Loan; for some reason you were missed. Consider yourself called on now. Meet the committee, the man who has given up two years of income and gone out to risk his life for you, this woman who has given up something dearer than life—her boy—for your protection, and then that other figure there looking strangely familiar; this last is your own conscience. The committee is looking you right in the face, waiting in silence to know how much you are going to buy. Consider yourself called upon. Get an application form, sign and hand it in to your local committee. You cannot say: "No one called on me."

### TWENTY PERSONS KILLED BY STORM

HEAVY WIND STORM SWEEP LOWER VALLEY AND DEMOLISHED MANY BUILDINGS.

By Associated Press.  
Brownsville, Texas, May 9.—Twenty persons, including J. L. Vick and his two sons, are reported killed in a storm which swept the lower Rio Grande valley Wednesday night. Hundreds of small buildings were demolished and much damage done army camps throughout that country.

conquered, and in 1869 the rails of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined, and the east and west united. This was seven years earlier than the terms of the contract required, and in the carriage of mails and the transportation of troops and supplies was of vast service to the government.

It is planned to hold the semi-centennial exercises tomorrow at Promontory Point, a few miles from Ogden, where on May 10, 1869, Dr. Thomas Durant and Governor Leland Stanford of California drove the last spikes connecting the Union and Central Pacific roads. More than a score of Utah and California pioneers who witnessed the event of fifty years ago will be present at the exercises.

Do You Enjoy Life?  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons.  
Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force.  
Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

Do You Enjoy Life?  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons.  
Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force.  
Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

Do You Enjoy Life?  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

### DISCHARGED MEN ARE PERMITTED TO VOTE

LEGISLATURE PASSED THE BILL AND ADJOURNED AND GOVERNOR SIGNED BILL TODAY.

By Associated Press.  
Austin, Texas, May 9.—Governor Hobby today signed the bill giving discharged soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll tax.

Shortest Session on Record.  
Austin, Texas, May 9.—After four and a half days, the shortest session on record, the Texas legislature, called in special session to consider measures permitting soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll taxes, adjourned at noon today. Two bills were passed and two general resolutions were adopted. The first bill exempts discharged soldiers and sailors from the payment of poll taxes and permitting their voting. The second bill extends the date upon which the board of control act because effective from June, 1919, to Jan. 1, 1920.

been discovered, according to the Daily Mail. The premises of various persons have been searched and documents seized.

Wipe Out Austrian Navy.  
Paris, May 9.—The naval terms of the treaty to be presented Austria as they have been completed entirely wipe out the Austrian navy. All ships, large and small, are to be surrendered. Their disposition among the allies will be adjusted later.

China Won't Sign.  
Paris, May 9.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference has received telegraphic instructions not to sign the peace treaty because of the Kiaochow-Shantung settlement.

EXPECTED TO RESIGN.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, May 9.—The resignation of the department of commerce's industrial board is expected in official circles today as the result of the railroad administration's refusal to accept the board's schedule of steel prices.

ST. LOUIS WENT OVER.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, May 9.—The treasury department today officially recognized the claim of the St. Louis district having exceeded its Victory Loan quota with subscriptions of \$195,104,000. St. Louis was the first district to go over.

FLIGHT DELAYED.

By Associated Press.  
Washington, May 9.—The departure of naval seaplanes Nos. 1 and 2 from Halifax for Trepassay Bay on the second leg of their transatlantic flight has been postponed until tomorrow, the navy department was advised at noon today. The planes did not start because of the renewal of four propellers.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Arbor Day in Rhode Island.  
Final drive in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign.

Post-war industrial problems will be considered by the New Jersey Manufacturers' Association, meeting in annual session today at Atlantic City.

Several matters of importance to the future work of the Southern Methodist Church are to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the College of Bishops, which is to begin its session today in St. Louis.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.

Local Weather Report.  
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Clear.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.

Local Weather Report.  
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Clear.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.

Local Weather Report.  
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Clear.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.

Local Weather Report.  
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Clear.

WEATHER FORECAST.  
The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.



## A DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

The killing of a United States officer and three Mexican smugglers during an attempt to smuggle liquor into Texas is an indication of what a serious problem the prohibition of importation of liquors into the United States has given rise to.

It is difficult because no one suggests a way by which it can be solved. Even the enactment of prohibition laws in Mexico would have little effect, for the manufacture of mescal and other Mexican alcoholic liquors could be carried on illicitly with little trouble, and the condition of economic and political affairs in that country precludes any idea of enforcing such a law were it to be enacted.

It is evident that the problem is going to cost our nation and our state much money, as well as some lives, to solve. The guarding of the border under ordinary circumstances is sufficiently difficult, but when the incentive of big money is added to the natural tendency to smuggle on the part of the ignorant and the lawless, it is evident that all precautions will be unable to put a complete stop to the business of contraband.

The liquor costs little in Mexico. It is easily obtainable, and the apparatus for making it is simple and the process easily learned. Then the price obtainable on this side of the river, despite the best efforts of our officers of the law, is sufficient to make a few smuggling trips pay enough to warrant the careless, lawless element entering into the traffic on a sufficiently large scale.

It is a question whether the killing of a few smugglers will deter the others from carrying on the illicit trade. It will serve to stimulate the American officers to greater efforts to know that the smugglers are prepared to give battle and to fight their way through, if possible, for no danger was ever enough to prevent an American customs or river guard from doing his whole duty.

Clashes between our officers and lawless Mexicans have not been frequent, and they have heretofore been mostly confined to cattle thieves. But now a new stimulation has been given to the game of resistance to the American guards and the elusion of the officers' vigilance.

This is one of the penalties the border people must pay for the maintenance of law and order. It is many years since the lawless Mexicans were so bold, and it may be that they will soon see the futility of their efforts to evade arrest and still make a success of smuggling.

But while the outlaws are learning the lesson, the American officer carries his life in his hands, for the other night's happenings show that the contrabandists are prepared to resist arrest even to the taking of life. And the unfortunate part of the affair is that all the efforts of our guards to prevent the smuggling without using arms are useless, and therefore the ignorant outlaws must be killed or incapacitated before they will surrender.

It is a queer commentary upon human weakness when one considers that for the sake of a dollar or two the ignorant peon risks his life, and that the man who wants a prohibited drink is willing to pay enough to make it worth the while of the smuggler to take that risk.

Probably at no time in Laredo's history has there been so little smuggling as at present, for the vigilance of the customs and immigration guards and the activities of the rangers have convinced the ordinary smuggler that there is nothing in the game.

But the enormous percentage of profit in a few gallons of mescal induces men who would not dream of facing the rifles of the guards for ordinary gain to take risks that nothing can justify and makes them so desperate that they fire upon armed guards in the lawful pursuit of their duty, knowing that the chances are mostly against their success.

It is a worrisome problem, and would seem to present difficulties which no other on the border has ever offered.

## MOTHER.

There never was a year in which the memory of mother appealed so to the men of America as this year. Some of the men are far away and have little hope of seeing the dear old face and hearing the sweet old voice for some time to come. Others have just returned from the thundering hell of the war front and the first face they wanted to see was that of mother. And the mothers of many will not see their sons until they cross the river, now shining not far away in the setting sun.

Through all the tiresome days of training; through the weary nights of guard duty and the fierce combats with a treacherous foe, one face was always before the absent son—mother.

It was the thought of home and mother that made the American soldiers so tender and kindly toward the women and children of France and Belgium, and even those of Germany. The children found them delightful playmates, and the women found them gentle and considerate, all because each soldier thought of the days when he played around the house and went to mother with all his childish woes or eagerly besought her

to share in his boyish delights and pleasures.

It was the thought of mother that kept the American soldiers clean in the midst of many temptations, and one who wrote to his mother: "I am keeping clean and trusting in God," expressed the thought of many who would not have written or said it.

Few of those who went overseas will understand—at least, not for years to come—the agony of the mother at home, waiting for news of the absent one, dreading lest his name appear in the fatal lists which brought sorrow to so many, rejoicing in each honor that came to her boy and hoping that the returning troops would include the one person for whom she prayed each night.

The ones who stayed at home—even though far from the place where mother lives—did not cost her a tithe of the sorrow and the anxiety that came to her because of her boy in France. For they seemed comparatively close and safe when she thought of the boy in the trenches.

Only a mother can understand the agony of knowing that the son she brought into the world has left, never to return. He did not even have the consolation of mother's presence in his last moments, and no other ministrations, no matter how tender, could be the same to him.

So those of us who are left must be very tender and considerate of mother, this year above all others. She appreciates our love and she will cling to us when all others have left us. But her heart is with a green mound in France, where lie the mangled remains of one who died nobly for his country, and who in dying pierced the heart of his mother with an anguish that is beyond all healing.

Those who have come back to mother, those who are still hale and hearty and expect to be home soon, and those who have never been away must do all they can this year to show that the mother love is appreciated beyond all others, just as it is the greatest love in the world.

One said: "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend." But he did not say that of mothers, for he knew the greatness, the exceeding tenderness, the all-embracing sublimity of mother love could never be approached by anything in this world of ours.

The mother goes down into the Valley of the Shadow of Death to bring a new life into the world. She gives of her very being to nourish and foster that little life, and with infinite patience and love she labors through all her days to bring that child up "in the fear and favor of the Lord."

Nothing we can do is enough to prove our love for mother. Some of us have lost our mothers for a while, but we know that they are straining their eyes over the battlements of heaven to discern from afar our approach. And it seems, knowing our mothers as we do, that it will not be heaven for them until we arrive.

## CONTRACT HAS BEEN SIGNED.

Contract for well number one on Inter-Ocean Oil Company's holdings in Burkburnett has been signed and we will be able to announce in a very short time that actual drilling has commenced.

We hope to announce in the next few days that enough capital has been interested so that we may withdraw the further sale of our property. If you have already bought, but have not taken the limit we sincerely advise you to get busy and take all you can afford. If you have not already bought but are interested in our proposition—then get busy quickly and get in.

We shall be glad to give you any information you may desire or if you will look for the oil news in the daily papers you may find just the information you desire.

Get busy—Do it now.

## TO MY MOTHER.

Mother, you are growing old and gray,  
Your step is tired and slow.  
But your heart is just the same, dear mother,

As it was long, long ago.  
I fancy I can hear you  
When I used to run away,  
With your shaded eyes you called to  
The truant Laura May.

I would crawl beneath the window,  
Then I'd sneak outside the gate;  
Be gone before you missed me,  
Next door with my playmate.

Those were happy days, dear mother,  
And I remember well  
I'd run in all excited,  
Some miraculous tale to tell.

That was years ago, dear mother,  
Since we played around your knee;  
Then your eyes were bright as diamonds,  
Your hair black as could be.

But you're just as dear to me, sweet mother,  
As in days long, long ago;  
And I miss you, miss you, mother,  
As I, too, older grow.

—By Mrs. L. V. Jambers.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PEACE PAGEANT ON FRIDAY  
PROVED CROWNING EVENT

MANY WITNESSED BEAUTIFUL  
FETE BY SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Visitors From the East Praised Laredo's Peace Pageant as One of Grandest They Had Witnessed.

"Laredo's school children certainly cover themselves with glory when it came to holding a peace pageant, and during my many years residence in the Eastern portion of the United States I never witnessed so elaborate and gorgeous an event as this one," said a gentleman from New York who yesterday looked with keen interest on the Peace Pageant on School Plaza. Laredo hardly realize how much the children impressed themselves on those who might act in a critical manner and analyze every feature of the grand pageant held yesterday evening on Jarvis Plaza, but critical visitors were quick to give words of praise at what they saw. But, summoned up in a few words, several thousand people gathered on and about School Plaza yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock to witness the program, which began at about 6 o'clock with the baby buggy parade.

The baby buggy parade was the first feature on the program, and headed by an escort of the Boy Scouts, the parade passed in review of the vast crowd, while music was rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band. The notable participants in the baby buggy parade were the following little ones and their impersonations:

Uncle Sam—Robert Tonkin; Columbia, Gladys Greenstreet; General Pershing, George W. Derby, Jr.; General Foch, Samuel Cuellar; Columbia, Leonor Judkins; France, Lilly Withoff; Belgium, Rebecca Garcia, Estelle Gonzales, Jesusa Gonzales, Carmen Cazen, Emilia Garcia; Italy, Quintin Diaz and Beatrice Baker; Portugal, Josephine Armengol, Maria Leyendecker, Antonia Vizcaya; Cuba, Berta Cantu; Cleotilde Withoff; Serbia, Antonia Muñoz; Josephine Martinez; Roumania, Virginia Alvarado, Andrea Muñoz; Liberia, Josefa Leos and Vera Muñoz; Ireland, Baby Bryant; Greece, Fay Kerr; Brazil, Foster and Goodwin twins; Frazz Arbuckle, Bud G'Sell; Charley Chaplin and a Red Cross Chapter in miniature, a number of decorated baby buggies, Richter and Deutz miniature trade displays.

Following the baby buggy parade came the "crowning" event of the evening, the entrance of the various courts. The High School Cadets, as a guard of honor, with their standard, entered the plaza from the northwest corner and marched to a position near the throne, standing at attention on both sides of it. The group dancers then arranged themselves near the throne. As the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band struck up the national air of Great Britain a number of white costumed Indian club swingers, (athletes of the High School) marched into the plaza and toward their position near the throne.

Then came the Belgian court, the French court (Joan of Arc); the Italian court and last, "Liberty" and her attendants, the band playing the national air of each nation as their representatives entered. As the queen ascended the throne the band played "Hail, Hail, Queen of the May," and the children joined in the singing. Master Jack Halsell, as a soldier of the United States army, crowned Liberty, while Master Beverly Hall, representing a sailor of the United States Navy, presented Liberty with her torch. Then followed the Maypole dancing, group dancing, Indian Club drill by High School boys, another group dance, singing of "America," lowering of the flag and grand finale, "The Star Spangled Banner."

The following is a list of the names of the various participants in the peace pageant and their costuming:

The High School boys in white sailor costumes representing Great Britain and her naval power, composed of: Elmer Rogers, standard bearer; Granden Rogers, Horace Greenstreet, Jack Bunn, Norman Sorrell, John Graham, Edward Leyendecker, Otis Walker, Leo Netzer, Felix Garza, Joe Puig, John Chamberlain, Harry Bradley and Frank Dickey. They wore white sailor costumes with Union Jack arm bands.

Mildred Leyendecker, Liberty; Rosalie Wormser, Independence; Willis Leyendecker, crown bearer; Yohnnie Leyendecker, torch bearer; Jack Halsell in soldier's uniform, U. S. Army; Beverly Hall, in sailor's uniform, U. S. Navy; Fred Rogers, standard bearer; Liberty's court representing the United States of America, composed of the following girls: Rosalie Biggio, Evelyn Ryan, Emilie Halsell, Minerva G'Sell, Caroline Brennan, Corinne Hamilton, Margaret Copeland, Marjorie Fish, Dorothy Morton, Lois Derby, Dorothy Derby. Liberty's costume was in the tri-color and trimmed in gold bands with gold slippers; the goddess wore a crown of five points and her huge bouquet of lilies was tied with maline in the national colors, as was her torch of gold. Liberty's court was costumed as follows: Dresses of white organdie, with red satin bands and girdles, yokes and head bands of blue set with white satin stars.

Alice Penn and her court, representing France, contained the following: Justo Penn Jr., standard bearer; Amelia Gonzalez, Luz Gonzalez, Amelia Ramon, Aurora Perez, Odette Bunn,

WEBB COUNTY OVER THE TOP  
IS SLOGAN OF COMMITTEES

ONLY \$75,000 WAS LACKING AT  
LAST TABULATION TODAY.

Committees Set to Work in a Most Determined Manner to Put County "Over the Top" by Tonight.

"Laredo must go over the top this evening—I must be prepared by tonight to wire headquarters that Webb county has oversubscribed her quota." This is the way August C. Richter, Chairman of the men's committee in charge of the Victory Loan campaign "sized up" the situation this morning.

"We are \$75,000 short this morning." With this optimistic view of matters, the committees set to work today to raise the \$75,000 of the quota lacking to put this county over the top, and some hard work has been in progress throughout the day on the part of both men and women canvassers.

The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser .....\$ 500  
Miss Helen Richter ..... 500  
Mrs. George W. Derby ..... 500  
Mrs. M. T. Cogley ..... 500  
Mrs. A. E. Younkin ..... 500  
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig ..... 500  
Mrs. Charles E. Richter ..... 600  
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr. .... 600  
Mrs. D. N. Valdez ..... 500  
Mrs. Annie Richter ..... 500  
Mrs. Dorothy Borchers ..... 500  
Mrs. H. D. Shelby ..... 500  
Mrs. L. O. Ortiz ..... 1,000  
Mrs. S. N. Johnson ..... 1,000  
Mrs. B. G. Salinas ..... 1,000  
Mrs. J. R. Moore ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Alfred Matthews ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Arthur Derby ..... 1,000  
Mrs. W. J. James ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Charles Deutz ..... 1,000  
Mrs. H. C. Hall ..... 1,800  
Mrs. August C. Richter ..... 2,600  
Miss Katherine Tarver ..... 3,000

And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

Ada Johnson, Kathleen Heaner, Mabel Barr, Ernestina Vela, Lamar Benavides, Adelina Lecea, Helen Lindsay, Lilia Martinez. They wore white dresses scalloped with red and dotted with blue fleur de lis, and carried large banners of white with fleur de lis.

Esther Penn and her court, representing Italy, was composed of the following: Ralph Matthes, standard bearer; Irene Leyendecker, Lila Sanchez, Willie Belle Brennan, Lamar Leyendecker, Carrie Henry, Celina Ferrara, Catherine Crutchfield, Laura Taylor, Julia McVicar, Merciel Lake and Virginia Penn. They wore green skirts and bodices over white blouses, long completed by a touch of red.

Elena Garcia's court, representing Belgium, was composed of the following: Royle K. Mims, Jr., standard bearer; Sara Leal, Margarita Leyendecker, Velia Leal, Estella Garza, Elvira Garza, Inez Diaz, Elodia Vega, Adele Strain, Adela Guerra, Esmeralda Martinez, Annie Clafin and Teresa Nieto. Costumes were typical Belgian, peg-shaped bodices, with bonnets to match dresses.

Miss Zara Mowry had trained for the occasion two groups of ballet dancers whose airy dancing elicited much applause, since it was the perfection of daintiness. Many and varied were the costumes in the whole pageant and in the baby buggy parade, but none excelled in beauty the dresses of gauze in all the tints of the rainbow of the dainty little fairies in the group dances. The "Dance of the Garlands" was participated in by the following little girls: Alice Barlow, Ruth Barlow, Evelyn Randolph, Josephine Daiches, Genevieve Wilcox, Helen Dixon, Ainetette Bunn, Caroline Joseph, Nellie Ward, Anita Gates, Kathleen Aldridge, Teresa Pasmacht, Claire Derby and Reba Mims.

Little Misses Josephine Daiches and Rosita Barlow together danced "The Chase of the Butterfly."

Among others who deserve credit for the grand success of the peace pageant and who gave their untiring efforts and co-operation in the work, are Mrs. Maria J. Diaz, Mrs. J. B. Morton and Miss Maude McKnight, the committee in charge of the plaza and throne arrangements; Miss Siros, Miss Myrtle Polkinhorn and Miss Margaret Jarvis, who were in charge of the baby buggy parade, and Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill and Miss Katherine Tarver, who were in charge of the pageant as a whole.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/4 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-31m.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

FOURTH SMUGGLER IS DEAD  
HAVING DIED YESTERDAY

DEATH TOLL OF FIGHT BELOW  
LAREDO THURSDAY NOW FIVE.

Four Mexicans Killed Were Members of Gang Engaged in Violation of Immigration Laws Regarding Entry

The fourth of the Mexican smugglers, Jose Valdez, who was seriously wounded in the battle with American customs, immigration and health inspectors at a point seven miles below Laredo on Thursday night, succumbed to his wounds at Mercy Hospital yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock following an operation in an effort to save his life, but he never regained consciousness from the time he was shot through the chest by Robert Rumsey until the time of his death.

The death list as a result of the fight now stands at five men—Charles Hopkins, of the United States Immigration Service; Doroteo Brondo, Pedro Vargas, Jose Valdez and an unknown Mexican smuggler whose body fell into the Rio Grande during the fight and disappeared after being shot through the body several times. Reports from the bedside of Ira Hill, of the state health department, who was seriously wounded during the fight and is now at Mercy Hospital, state that his chances of recovery are now more favorable than they were yesterday morning, which is very gratifying news to the many friends of the intrepid young officer.

In referring to the men as smugglers it was not intended to convey the impression that they were smugglers of mescal, but violators of the immigration laws, as it is said they were members of a gang who were crossing large bodies of Mexicans illegally into this country under cover of darkness every few nights. When they were detected in the act of crossing to the American side on Thursday night all the Mexicans were heavily armed, each having a rifle and a revolver, and from one of the dead men, Doroteo Prado, who died with a weapon in his hand, was taken a United States army automatic pistol. The Mexicans showed their intention of putting up a fight from the very moment that they discovered they had been detected in the act of illegally entering the country, and in the consequent battle every one of them were killed or lost their life as the result of wounds inflicted during the fight. Hopkins' body is being held pending the arrival of his wife, who is expected to return to her home in Laredo this evening, being absent on a visit to relatives in North Texas when her husband was killed.

701 CARLOADS OF ONIONS  
BEEN SHIPPED OUT IN LAREDO

With Favorable Weather for Few Days Now Shipments Will Be Larger Than Previously During Season.

The shipments for one month and one day of onions out of Laredo aggregate a total of 701 carloads, and this in view of the fact that during the past week the shipments have been exceedingly light each night on account of the heavy rains having interfered with the shipments.

Last night a total of twenty carloads of onions moved out of here, bringing the grand total of all shipments for the season up to 701 carloads. Next week, with favorable weather conditions prevailing, the shipments should average from forty to fifty carloads daily, as the demand for Texas onions continues good and the prices are also most encouraging.

SAN ANTONIO TEAM IS HERE  
FOR 3 GAMES WITH LAREDO

Fast I. & G. N. Shops Team Arrived This Morning to Play a Series With Laredo Team; Game Today.

The International & Great Northern Shops team, one of the strongest amateur baseball teams in San Antonio, arrived here this morning for a series of three games with the Laredo team, the first game taking place at Caliche Park this evening beginning at 6:30 o'clock.

There will be two games between the I. & G. N. and Laredo teams tomorrow, one beginning at 10:15 tomorrow forenoon and the other starting at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Laredo fans should turn out in force to witness these games, as they are promised contests worth while witnessing.

## Mexico City Team Here.

The celebrated Mexico City baseball team, on which there are five or six noted Cuban ball players, arrived in Nuevo Laredo this morning and Manager Pierce of the Laredo team immediately began negotiations and completed arrangements whereby the team crossed to Laredo today and on tomorrow morning will cross bats with the I. & G. N. Shops team at 10:30 and in the afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock will play a double-header—with Laredo and the I. & G. N. teams. Here is an opportunity to see a real series of real baseball games.

## Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

A. M. MANSUR.

Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919. 5-9-30t.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

**Saturday.**  
Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn.  
The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
There will be a dance at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

**Sunday.**  
The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.  
The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet in the Church at 6:45 p. m.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will hold its regular meeting in the League room of the Methodist Church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.  
**Monday.**  
The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church in the afternoon at 4 o'clock.

There will be a dance at the Womens' Club in the evening.  
There will be a meeting of the mothers and wives of the returned soldiers from "over there and here" at the Woman's Club room at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to arrange for an entertainment for them.

**General Mention.**  
Mr. M. S. Ryan is in Austin for a two weeks' business trip.  
Mrs. Geoffrey James Giles writes that her school will close on June 24th and she will then come south by water from New York to Galveston, stopping en route home in San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mr. Adolph Kahn is spending a few days in San Antonio visiting his children, who are attending school there.

Miss Doris Bigden, who has been the house guest of Miss Hazel Irwin for the past week, returned home on Thursday morning.

Mr. Con Mims returned home yesterday morning from a short stay in Birmingham, Alabama.

Mrs. Raymond V. Martin, who several days ago suffered a stroke of paralysis and was taken to the Mercy Hospital, has so far recovered as to be able to be taken home today.

Mr. Benito Treviño arrived in the city yesterday from France after a year's service with the A. E. F. He is wearing the gold service stripes which show a year "over there." He is very glad to be at home again.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter P. Leyendecker returned yesterday from Fort Sam Houston where they spent a week visiting Captain and Mrs. E. F. Shafer. Mrs. Shafer was formerly Miss Julia Leyendecker of this city.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts, the new pastor of the Christian church, and wife have secured rooms at the residence of E. F. Hamilton, 1813 Farrago street, where they will make their home for the present.

**Announcements.**  
The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will have a special Mothers Day Program at the church Sunday evening at 7:15 o'clock. The young people are especially invited to be present.

The mothers and wives of the returned soldiers who have seen service "over there and here" will meet at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock to arrange an entertainment for them to be given in the near future. A full attendance is urged.

There will be an important meeting of the Tuesday Music and Literary Club at the home of Mrs. A. P. Nye on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting was not held yesterday on account of the May Day Fete.

**Club Notes.**  
Circle C of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church held a pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fletcher Smith. An interesting Bible lesson with Mrs. Wilkes as leader was studied. A social hour was also enjoyed in which the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Wil-

kes, Walker, Yearly, Beaman and Smith.

## May Day Fete.

The Public Schools of the city held their Annual May Day Fete at the School Plaza Friday afternoon at 5:45 o'clock, which proved a decided success. The Pageant was depicted in a beautiful manner, the Goddess of Liberty (Miss Mildred Leyendecker) was attended by her maid of honor (Miss Rosalie Wormser), her court, America, and the courts of Italy (Miss Esther Penn), France (Miss Alice Penn) and Belgium (Miss Elena Garcia). An attractive setting was made by the gay colored streamers of the May poles and the graceful dancers, and in the fairy dancers and other attendants. The baby buggy parade was especially attractive. The dance executed by Rosita Barlow and Josephine Daiches was very prettily executed and deserves mention.

The addition of the band from Fort McIntosh assisted most materially in making the affair such a decided success. Too much praise cannot be accorded those who planned and presented this lovely spectacle.

## Bridge Party.

Mrs. A. E. Younkin entertained the members of the Married Ladies Social Club, with Mrs. Walter Guhl as honor guest, and a number of other guests in her home in Matamoros Street yesterday afternoon, with a bridge party which proved to be one of the delightful affairs of the week. The rooms were filled with exquisite shasta daisies and ferns resting in graceful baskets ornamented with bows of golden-hued tulle. Dainty hand-tinted tally cards marked the scores for an interesting series of games of bridge. The club prize was won by Mrs. W. N. Young, who was given a pair of pillow cases. The guest prize fell to Mrs. J. B. DaCamara, who received a dresser scarf. The honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago, was given a lovely set of drawwork table doilies. At the conclusion of the games a two-course luncheon was served. The following enjoyed the delightful hospitality of the afternoon: Club members—Mesdames Austin, Biggio, Christen, Cogley, Brewster, Davis, Fish, Huberich, Johnston, MacGregor, Vidales, Weber, Woodman and Young. The guests included the honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl, and Mesdames Bobbitt, Hall, Wilson, J. E. Jones, Moore, Mally, J. B. DaCamara, A. C. Hamilton, Greer, Tutwiler, and Greenstreet.

**Commencement at Holding Institute.**  
Sunday, May 11—Annual sermon at 11 o'clock. Dr. David W. Carter, Georgetown, Texas.

Monday, the 12th, 8:00 p. m. Class Day Exercises.

Tuesday, the 13th, 8:00 p. m. Joint Meeting Literary Societies.

Wednesday, the 14th, 8:00 p. m. Recital Music Departments.

Thursday, the 15th, 8:00 p. m. Graduation Exercises.

A cordial invitation to the interested public, and especially the friends of the institution.

The Institute is closing a good year, and a class of thirteen will graduate.



—The commissioners' court will meet in regular quarterly session next Monday morning and it is probable that one of the first matters to come before the court will be that of a special election to vote \$300,000 bonds for good roads work in this county.

—The importations through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon from Mexico consisted of 2 carloads of calamine, one carload of hides and two carloads of beer in bond to Juarez.

—The grand jury in district court yesterday afternoon took a recess until Monday morning, at which time they will convene again and take up matters demanding their attention.

—The peace pageant on School Plaza yesterday afternoon was pronounced by all who saw it as one of the most beautiful of the kind that could have been staged. And the little ones were as happy as could be on this day when they were to participate in the grand event.

—The Mexico City baseball team is here for two games tomorrow. Among the members of this team are several Cuban players who are of the big league variety and have reputations as players that are hard to beat.

—At the morning services at Christ Church tomorrow Mother's Day will be fittingly observed with an address and music. In the evening Mr. Taylor of the 37th Infantry Band will render as a trombone solo, Ch. Gounod's "Nazareth."

**ONE YEAR AGO TODAY  
IN THE WAR.**

**MAY 10.**  
Italians captured Monte Corno, with many prisoners.  
Allies recaptured trenches northwest of Albert.

More than 600 lives lost in the sinking of the Italian transport Santa Anna.

**Shoe Shop Moved.**  
The Vox de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.



# Supplement to Laredo Times

SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1919.

## America's Greatest Contribution to the World-Wide War

### AMERICA'S GREAT

Much has been said about the marvelous contributions of men and materials made by America to the winning of the war, but her greatest contribution has rarely been discussed. It is true that we raised a vast army of four million men, that we put two million of them across in little over a year and would have had the rest across in a few more months. It is true that we not only fed and clothed our own nation but supplied millions of tons of food and clothing and munitions to our allies. We sent hundreds of warships and thousands of floating mines that helped to put the enemy submarine out of business. We finally developed the best motor for certain flying service and started such a stream of aeroplanes across the ocean that Germany lost hope and quit. We had just made ready poison gas in such quantities that a whole city or an entire line of defense could be drowned from aeroplanes, and planes had been prepared that could sail over the enemy's line, drop their tanks and bombs and return, driven by gasoline and guided by electricity with no living pilot! Great cannon rockets that had a range of 250 miles were already planned, and American genius was showing that the nation that invented the ironclad ship, the submarine, the machine gun, the flying machine and the tank tractor had really "just begun to fight."

But, after all, America's greatest contribution to the war and to the world was her ideals. For four years the bulk of the civilized nations of the world had been struggling in an uncoordinated way against Germany. They could get no unity of action or command, because there was no unity of ideal. The leader of each nation had each his own purpose and program, and none was able to find a common purpose around which all could rally. The populations of these countries had no clear conceptions of the meaning of the war and were weary of the

meaningless sacrifices.

It remained for America, speaking through her masterful leader, President Wilson, to find the spiritual meaning of the war and to furnish an ideal, at once so simple that all could understand, and so noble that all could cheerfully sacrifice in its behalf. This, said President Wilson, is not a war of vengeance, not a war for Alsace-Lorraine nor, Italia-Irredenta, nor for any dynasty or nation, but a war for the principle of democracy against the principle of autocracy.

Around this common ideal, all liberty-loving nations rallied, and, with unity of ideal, unity of leadership under General Foch at once took the place of the babel of contending private purposes and jealousies. Unity of command, and enthusiastic sacrifice by heroic men and women for a great world ideal brought the immediate doom of the Kaiser's dream of empire.

And, when the war was over, and the wily diplomats of the ancient world met, each with his pet plan of national aggrandizement, our same great leader set up for the peace conference the ideal of perpetual peace, through a treaty of justice to great and small, to enemy and friend, and a league of free nations to guard this just peace of the world. While some of the diplomats did not relish this ideal, the sound common sense and the sense of justice of their peoples have forced the unwilling leaders to accept this great American peace ideal, and a lasting peace of justice and a league of free nations will come into being.

To have been privileged in one generation to set the ideals both of peace and war for the civilized world, is an honor never before granted to a nation of earth. This position of world leadership for righteousness, brings with it not only the highest honor, but the most sacred obligation that we should ourselves scrupulously observe those principles of justice and democracy which we have set as world ideals.

## WHY WOMEN SHOULD NOT VOTE

(By An Anti-Suffragist.)

1st. Because, they never have voted and, therefore, never should.  
2nd. Because it isn't just. They pay no taxes, obey no laws, have no rights of their own. Furthermore, they have no children, and, therefore, have no right to be concerned in the provisions made for children in our laws.

3rd. Because women are not at all concerned about women, or children, or personal welfare or sanitation or hygiene or pure food, and have no interests at all different from those of most men, so that she would add no new point-of-view, nor new idea to our political life. Furthermore, we men have already covered all possible political ideas and produced a code of laws and system of government that leave no room for improvement.

4th. Because our Texas women are mentally and morally inferior to those of England, Canada, Australia, the dozen nations in Europe and the twenty-six states in America in which women vote successfully. Our women are more like the women of Turkey, Bulgaria, and Mexico, which are the three principal nations left now in our class in the matter of woman suffrage.

5th. Because it will ruin them just like teaching them to read has done. We said it would from the very first.

6th. Because it is so much more lady-like and takes so much less time from the home for her to use her "influence" on her negro yard man, German baker and Mexican butcher than to go to the polls, and vote for herself.

7th. Because she can't take part in war. To be sure she did bear and rear all the men who fought in this last war, and she did inspire them to fight, made a few uniforms and some ammunition, saved a bit of food, wrote some cheering letters, bound up some wounds, nursed some sick, sold Liberty Bonds, did a few other things and "carried on" one or two home responsibilities, but aside from these fragments she did nothing—absolutely nothing.

8th. Because, we were only joking when we said we believed that all governments derived their just powers from the consent of the governed, and were bluffing when we claimed to be fighting this war for democracy.

9th. Because, she was such a slacker in this war and our un-naturalized aliens helped us so much that she ought to continue to be without the vote and we ought to continue to let our aliens, who were so loyal to their old countries, continue to honor us with their ballots. It makes the other nations have so much higher regard for us and makes us feel so proud of ourselves when we stop to think about it.

10th. There are a hundred more reasons, all exactly as good as these, but these are enough.

## Woman Teaches in Harvard Medical College

Harvard University has at last broken away from the old New England prejudice and appointed a woman upon its faculty to teach the men medical students the important subject of industrial diseases. For years women have taken a keener interest in the problems concerning the health of working people, with the result that when one of our greatest American Universities wanted the best expert on this subject that the world could furnish it called Dr. Alice Hamilton of Hull House, Chicago. It is funny, isn't it, that the greatest American University selects a woman to teach industrial diseases to men and yet Texas would not allow that woman to vote on any law regulating the health conditions of workers! On May 24th we are going to put an end to that absurdity and let our State have the benefit of the intelligence of both men and women in making its laws and selecting its officers.

Vote for the suffrage Amendment.

## EMBARRASSING A DEMOCRAT



WHY KEEP ME WITH MEXICO,  
BULGARIA AND TURKEY?

## Democratic Platform Demands Woman Suffrage and Full Citizenship for Voters

ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY AT WACO 1918

"We recommend that the legislature submit an amendment to the state constitution giving women the right of suffrage on the same terms as men."

"We believe that America should be for Americans, and therefore recommend the submission to the people of an amendment to the constitution granting the right of suffrage to persons of foreign birth only when they shall have acquired full citizenship in this country."

THE FIRST STEP IN REDEEMING THIS DEMOCRATIC PARTY PLATFORM PLEDGE WAS TAKEN BY THE LEGISLATURE UNANIMOUSLY AT THE JANUARY SESSION BY PASSING THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION TO BE VOTED ON BY THE DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS:

Be it resolved by the Legislature of Texas that section 2 of article 6, of the constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that hereafter said section shall read as follows:

"Every person, male or female, subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in this state one year next preceeding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be declared a qualified elector."

THE FINAL STEP WILL BE TAKEN BY THE LOYAL DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS IN REDEEMING THEIR PLATFORM PLEDGE BY VOTING FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH THUS MAKING OUR TEXAS BALLOT

100 PERCENT DEMOCRATIC  
and  
100 PERCENT AMERICAN

## Misguided Legislators Determine to Wreck the Pure Lives of Our Youths

"Did you ever hear of anything so outrageous?" said Judge Ant Equal Suff, looking up from his morning paper.

"What is that," replied his wife.

"Why it is actually proposed that all the young men who have reached twenty-one since last year should be allowed to vote!"

"Well, why not?"

"Oh woman! Where is your mind! What can you be thinking about! Why these dear boys never have voted!"

"Yes?"

"And if they should be taken from the pure surroundings of their homes and schools and farms and stores and immersed into the vile atmosphere of an American voting booth or a party convention, then we might as well say good-bye home-life, good-bye schools and farms and factories and stores. There would be no time left for home, no desire for work, no ambition to succeed, no—"

"But, why will voting do all this?"

"That is too plain to discuss! Then, it is all so entirely unnecessary. Arn't they already represented? Don't their fathers vote for them? There must be some sort of division of labor in a civilized society. Arn't the schools and the farms and factories and stores enough to load on their fair young shoulders? If they would attend to these thoroughly, wouldn't that be enough for any reasonable set of humans? Do they want the earth?"

"Perhaps they might have some ideas of their own about the government, or perhaps some of their fathers are dead, or possibly the father has only one vote and that is for himself, or maybe the father doesn't try to represent the son's view at all—"

"Ah, there is one of the main points against it. They might not agree! Then this vote would bring discord into the family! Woman, would you disrupt all our homes? You certainly can not realize what you are saying!"

"But, perhaps the point of view of the fresh, well-trained, youthful minds, with their peculiar experience, might bring some valuable new thought into our politics?"

"Ah, there is the trouble again! New thought is just what we don't want in our politics. Would you make us all Bolsheviks? Heaven protect us!"

"But, maybe the young men would like to have some voice in making the laws they have to obey and declaring the wars they have to fight? You see, many of them have just been fighting this war for democracy and have heard us declare that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

"But, what has that got to do with boys just coming twenty-one? Thomas Jefferson never specified boys that are just twenty-one at all."

"But isn't a democracy a government by the people, and arn't these young men people?"

"Of course, in a vague sort of general way they are people, and yet they are not people. They are above people! They are on a pedestal, too gentle, too pure, too high-minded to mingle with rough men at the ballot box. If they have any ideas, they can get them made into laws without wrecking our homes, spoiling their modest charm and rubbing the delicate bloom off their cheeks against the ballot box. They can use their influence. Influence is the word. Influence is more powerful than votes! If they voted, they would lose their influence. It would be so much less degrading to them to use their influence upon the yard boy, the bar keeper, the ward heeler and—"

"Hold on! Wake up, dear, you are fast asleep and dreaming that you are making one of those masterful speeches you heard last night against woman suffrage!"

### THE NEW TEXAS FOOD PRODUCT

Do you find meat and eggs expensive?

Do you like to try new foods?

Do you want to boost Texas?

If you are a doer, try cottonseed flour. A fine flavored cottonseed flour is now manufactured in Texas. The rich nutty flavor is developed by roasting and most of the fiber and resin has been removed by a special process of bolting.

Meat and eggs are desirable foods because they furnish protein, the food principle necessary for the growth and repair of the body. Meat averages about 20 per cent protein and eggs about 13 per cent, and this is more than is found in most foods, but cotton seed flour contains 51 per cent protein. Cottonseed flour also contains some fat and no starch. (The carbohydrates in cottonseed flour are sugar and resins.) People who are not allowed to eat starch can use cotton seed flour instead of gluten or almond meal for making breadstuffs. It makes especially delicious Boston Brown Bread, gingerbreads and luncheon dishes to take the place of meat. The highly milled cottonseed flour has been used by a number of people for several years. In using this flour it is well to remember that you are using a high protein food or meat substitute, so you must cut down the amount of meat used. In order to further balance your foods, continue using large quantities of fruits and vegetables.

Besides adding a delicious new food to your diet you will be saving money by using cottonseed flour. It costs less than one-fifth as much as meat and you get twelve times as much protein for the same money.

Few people realize what a tremendous supply of human food has been opened up to man by the experiments of the University of Texas and other laboratories on the food properties and the proper use of cotton seed flour in the human diet. A four million bale Texas cotton crop will produce about two billion pounds of cotton seed flour, which has a food value equal to that of eight million baby beaves weighing 800 pounds each. When the true value of cotton seed flour becomes known it will sell for several times its present price. If it sold for the same price per pound actual nutriment as meat does, it would be worth forty or fifty cents a pound.

### HEALTHY BABIES MAKE A HEALTHY STATE.

The greatness of the state depends upon the health and strength of its babies. Will we give these babies an opportunity to develop into strong, healthy individuals, or will they be allowed to become narrow-chested, weak, and independable? Will they become leaders among men, wise and healthy mothers, or the reverse?

The answer to this is found in the manner in which a community cares for its children. Hot weather, the most trying time for young children, is almost here, and we should be planning to prevent all sickness. The summer care of the babies means more to the child's future condition, especially the bottle fed baby, than anything else. It is easier, better, and cheaper to prevent than to cure.

Food and fresh air play the most important part in a baby's life. However, it must be pure milk, water, and air to prevent summer sickness. These may not only be produced in the home, but the community should supervise the milk and water supply, also the housing conditions and general sanitation of the community. Not until the community feels as responsible for the welfare of the babies as the mother does, will we have healthy children. Let the State do its share in saving the Hundred Thousand Babies for Uncle Sam."

### WHAT MADE UNCLE NED LAUGH!

Why, Uncle Ned what are you laughing to yourself so about?

Wuz I laffin, Mars Bob?

Yes Ned, you were just chuckling.

Well, tell you de truf, Mars Bob, I went to hear one dem Anti-Suffidge speakins last night and I was jes er riclectin how dat speaker akted. He put me in mind of what Sally tole me 'bout dat dar Kermellion of you maw's.

How did the anti-suffrage speaker remind you about what Aunt Sally said about the Cameleon, Uncle Ned?

Well sir, Sally, she said dat dar Kermellion come a runnin in de kitchen on de floo and he was floo cullud. Den he run up on de green wall and turned plum green, and Sally, she got after him and he jumped off on her red skirt and turned plum red, and den run up over her yaller sash and turned plum yaller, and den he run up on her plad wase—and he bust hisself trying to make good.



# LEADING MEN OF STATE AND NATION ENDORSE WOMAN SUFFRAGE

## Recognized Thinkers From Every Walk of Life Give Reasons for Their Faith

### PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON:

"I intend to vote for Woman Suffrage in New Jersey, because I believe that the time has come to extend that privilege and responsibility to the women of the nation."

### HON. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN:

"When the cause is known there will be wholesale abandonment of the opposition, for the most active opponents cannot give their real reason for opposing it without driving all the virtuous elements in society to the support of woman suffrage."

### HON. ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State:

"I may say that I am supporting the President in all his policies, and he is well known to be working for the suffrage amendment and desires its passage."

### HON. WILLIAM G. McADOO, Secretary of the Treasury:

"The American women have made a game fight and a fair fight for suffrage, and are entitled to win. The right to vote may, and I hope will, strengthen the power of women to assist in bringing about many social and moral reforms."

### HON. W. B. WILSON, Secretary of Labor:

"I am for woman suffrage because I believe that every mature person of sound mind should have a voice in determining the law."

### HON. NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War:

"I had no opinion on the subject, one way or the other, until it became a question within the range of my own opportunity for political action. There seemed to be no greater reasons against extending suffrage to women than there had been against earlier extensions among men which eliminated property and educational tests. I had long believed that 'the cure for the ills of democracy is more democracy' and because woman suffrage was fundamental in its justice I became not only an adherent but an advocate of the cause."

### HON. JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy:

"I have been for many years in favor of giving the franchise to the women of our country and believe that it will eventually be universal."

### HON. D. F. HOUSTON, Secretary of Agriculture:

"The women of the United States are quite as much interested in their country as the men and have as much at stake in the successful operation of its governmental machinery. On every occasion they have evinced a patriotic willingness to make any sacrifice and to endure any hardships for the promotion of its highest interests. The patriotism, self-control, and intelligent action of women in the present emergency lend additional support to the argument and should dispel any doubts fair-minded men may have entertained as to the wisdom of enfranchising them."

### HON. FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary of the Interior:

"Because of the great numbers of women in industry and other need for their protection, I feel that the suffrage amendment should be passed now. Its passage is inevitable. It should not be delayed."

### HON. CHAMP CLARK, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"Woman suffrage is as inevitable as the rising of tomorrow's sun." "I have been for it ever since I got the hang of the Declaration of Independence."

### HON. THOS. WATT GREGORY, Attorney General:

"I have heard no argument against the right of women to vote which seems to me to be entitled to respect."

### HON. C. A. CULBERSON, United States Senator for Texas:

"I favor the adoption of the amendment to our State Constitution giving women the full right to vote upon the broad ground that as a part of the general citizenship of the State they are so affected by taxation and good government generally as to be entitled to this right."

### HON. MORRIS SHEPPARD, U. S. Senator for Texas:

"Texas will have an opportunity on May 24 to give the women of Texas a voice in the government of Texas. Without the sacrifices and services of women the great war for world democracy could not have been won. Shall we prove false to the principle of democracy in this hour of triumph? Shall we deny its application to those who helped to save it? Shall we deny to half our own people of voting age the priceless privilege of self-government? Let our answer on May 24 be the enfranchisement of Texas women and the establishment of real democracy in Texas."

### GOVERNOR W. P. HOBBY:

"Suffrage should be given the women of Texas because it is democratic and means our State Government will more truly rest upon the consent of the governed. Partial suffrage already prevails and full suffrage, therefore, will be but a more complete expression of the will of the Democratic party."

"There could be no more fitting time to take women into full partnership at the ballot box than in the period of reconstruction following the world war which women so substantially helped to win."

"I prefer to have the right of suffrage conferred upon the women by the male voters of Texas rather than by the Federal amendment which will be adopted by the present Congress."

"I hope the vote in favor of the equal suffrage amendment will be overwhelming on May 24."

### LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR W. A. JOHNSON:

"I feel that the great war has emphasized more than any other one thing the necessity and justice in extending to the good women of the state on a parity with men the right to a say in the management of the affairs of the state. The women proved to be our very best soldiers, both at home and on the battlefield. Not only this but they gave us their lifeblood in the persons of their sons to die on the fields of France and Flanders. Surely the noble men of Texas will not fail to place in them this one little confidence. There never was a more opportune time to reward faithfulness. The equal suffrage amendment must pass."

### HON. ROBERT EWING THOMASON, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"I am for woman suffrage because it is founded on right and justice. It has long been said that taxation without representation is unjust, and yet woman's property has been taxed to help finance the government; woman's energy has been taxed to run the homes, schools and churches; and woman's patriotism has been voluntarily taxed to fight and win the battles of our country."

"If woman is good enough to knit the socks, cook without sugar, sell Liberty Bonds and War Stamps, work on the farms and in the munition factories, minister to the sick and dying on the battlefields, and give birth to and rear the knightliest sons that every fought for freedom, then she is good enough to vote."

"The least the men can do is to give women only their rights."

### HON. W. M. KEY, Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals:

"Equal suffrage is right and just. Woman has as much interest as man in the laws by which the lives and property of herself and her children are regulated; and, therefore, justice demands that she be permitted to participate in the selection of those who make and administer the laws. In a democracy the government derives its just powers from the consent of the people; and the ballot is the method by which such consent is expressed. Women are people; and, therefore they should have the same means as men have for expressing their will."

### HON. T. C. JENNINGS, Commissioner of Labor:

"Women should be given the vote because it is essentially democratic, and no government can become a real democracy which denies to half of its citizenship the right of suffrage."

"She has assumed a new status in our industrial life, and is sharing the burdens of government with her brother man. She has demonstrated her patriotic and intellectual equality with the male half of our citizenship. Her participation in politics and the affairs of government will have a purifying effect, and tend toward higher ideals; suffrage is, therefore her right, and should not be doled out as a privilege."

### FRED W. DAVIS, Commissioner of Agriculture:

"Every sane person subject to the laws of a commonwealth should have a voice in making the laws governing such commonwealth and in selecting those who are to administer same."

"Man's work and woman's work are fundamentally classified by nature and long usage. Our laws are designed, however, to cover the duties and responsibilities of both spheres, and the respective public interest of both sexes will follow their inclinations and responsibilities. The public thought of men is differentiated. Some men are primarily interested in legislation covering finance, some jurisprudence, some agriculture, etc. Women will naturally take public interest in laws regulating the conditions of the home, the school, the work shop, etc., such interest not only being proper, but in many cases, badly needed."

"I would deprecate any material change in the relation of the sexes, but would, through her vote, have women's thought and influence more fully reflected in the rules of action by which we are governed, politically and socially."

### PRESIDENT S. P. BROOKS, of Baylor University:

"It would be a shame for foreigners who are aliens in thought and sympathy to continue to have privileges that our Texas women are not allowed to have. For my part I am unwilling to strike back at our women who have done so much to win the war. I vote for equal suffrage."

### BISHOP EDWIN D. MOUZON:

"I shall vote for the amendment. I believe that the vote cast by the women of Texas in the primaries last year was the cleanest, the most intelligent, and the most independent vote ever cast in Texas."

"The women of the state by the public service they have rendered have clearly won the right to what they ask. The argument has been made; the people have made up their minds; we only await the opportunity of casting the vote which shall settle this question in Texas."

### PRESIDENT ROBT. E. VINSON, of the University of Texas:

"Women, in my judgment, are as fully qualified, both by nature and by training, as men to exercise the right of suffrage, and there is no argument, apart from the purely sentimental one against their having this privilege."

"For many years the states of the American union have been training women on an equal footing with men, spending great amounts of money on their education and fitting them for the duties of active citizenship. Why the state should not now avail itself of the results of its own policy of education and thus secure additional advantages from the expenditures which it has made, is beyond my comprehension. I sincerely trust that the constitutional amendment will carry by overwhelming vote on May 24."

### HON. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, President of the Texas State Federation of Labor:

"I am in favor of universal suffrage, and that the law should be so changed that all citizens would be given the right to vote without any financial requirements."

"This is my definition of real democracy. What a blot on our patriotism that the boys who fought the battles for freedom and democracy are denied the franchise, because they had not paid the tax of one dollar and seventy-five cents."

### HON. W. A. FRASER, Sovereign Commander, Woodmen of the World:

"Don't let your prejudices govern your vote. Face the question squarely."

"Surely no higher type of intelligence, of loyalty and of devotion to our national ideals is to be found anywhere than in the South. So in the spirit of fair play and of justice and democracy let the manhood of Texas and of the South welcome the fair women of the South as equal partners in shaping the future policies of State and Nation."

"My work is for the protection of the home, and the State and Nation need fear no danger when the queen of the home is on guard at the ballot box."

### HON. SAM P. COCHRAN:

"I am heartily in favor of equal suffrage for the women of our state; believing that the intelligent woman is just as well qualified to participate in the government of matters political, social and economic as the average man, and even better qualified than many men, who have not had equal educational advantages. The influence of the educated women of our state will be a potent factor in the purification of politics in the State of Texas, as well as in the Nation."

### Francis E. Clark, President of the United Society of Christian Endeavor:

"I have seen the operation of woman suffrage in New Zealand and other parts of the world, and my belief in it has been strengthened."

### William Jennings Bryan:

"I ask no political rights myself that I am not willing to grant my wife."

## YOUR PLATFORM—STAND BY IT MAY 24th

### If You Are a Democrat.

"We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men."—Adopted at the National Democratic Convention, St. Louis, July, 1916.

### If You Are a Republican.

"The Republican Party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, favors the extension of the suffrage to women as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of this country, but recognizes the right of each State to settle the question for itself."—Adopted at the National Republican Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Progressive.

"We believe the women of the country, who share with men the burdens of government in time of peace and make equal sacrifice in time of war, should be given the full political right of suffrage, both by Federal and State action."—Adopted at the National Progressive Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Prohibitionist.

"The right of citizens of the United States to vote should not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex. We declare in favor of the enfranchisement of women by amendment to State and Federal constitutions."

### If You Are a Socialist.

"Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women."—Adopted at the Socialist Convention, Indianapolis, May, 1912.

### THE MAGIC MILK PITCHER.

Suppose some good fairy should come to you and promise an abundance of any food you should choose, —or an evil fairy should come and threaten to allow you just one food. Wise you will be, in either case, if you select—a never-empty milk pitcher.

For there's magic in milk; magic for the building of strong, healthy bodies; magic that will correct many mistakes in the choice and combination of food materials; mysterious substances that promote growth, and mystery in the simplicity the feeding problem assumes when plenty of milk is available.

Milk will take the place of meat. We eat meat chiefly for its protein, or body-building substance. A quart of milk furnishes as much protein as a third of a pound of lean meat, and its proteins are of better quality and more readily used by the body than those of meat. Don't forget that skim milk and buttermilk are just as good substitutes for meat, as whole milk.

Milk will replace bread, butter, sugar, or any of the foods that we use to furnish our energy. It is from the oxidizing, or burning, of foods in the body that we get our muscular energy. A quart of milk will give as much energy as half a pound of bread, one-fourth pound of butter, or twelve tablespoons of sugar. And this is in addition to the body-building material mentioned above.

Milk is our greatest source of calcium (lime.) It is particularly important that growing children have plenty of lime for the making of bones and teeth. Rickets (soft bones) result from an insufficient supply of lime. Lime is also essential for grown-ups. Most of our every-day foods contain only very small amounts of lime, but a pint of milk a day will guarantee a sufficient supply to adults, and a quart of milk a day will meet the greater needs of children. Besides calcium, milk contains many other minerals that the body needs.

Milk contains special growth-promoting substances. We have found, by feeding experiments with animals, that there are two particular substances that must be present in any diet that will produce normal growth. In plants one of the substances is apt to be found in abundance in the seed, and the other in the stems and leaves. But both are found in great abundance in milk. Growing children should always have a sufficient supply of these growth-promoting substances.

There is just one element of a complete diet lacking in milk. It does not contain sufficient iron, and so it must be supplemented by iron-containing foods. Fresh fruits and vegetables, especially the green vegetables, supply large amounts of iron, and, since they contain also vegetable fiber, which guards against constipation, they form an ideal supplement for milk. With a cow and a vegetable garden the family should "live happily ever after," as far as the food problem is concerned.

So great is the value of milk and vegetables in the diet that it is almost impossible to have a wrong diet when plenty of milk and vegetables are furnished. No less an authority than Doctor McCollum, probably the greatest expert on diet in America, states that we are not justified in spending a cent of money for meat until every adult has a pint and every child under sixteen has a quart of milk a day, and that the amount of money spent for fresh fruits and vegetables should at least equal that spent for meat.

"There can be little doubt that the suffrage question.....did contribute very materially to build up the confidence, the willingness to undertake responsibility and face hardship that has been so abundantly displayed by every class of woman.... At every sort of occupation they have been found efficient beyond precedent and intelligent beyond precedent.....These women have won the vote."

H. G. WELLS.

## A Few of the Many Indorsements

### PRESBYTERIANS WANT WOMEN'S VOTES IN NATIONAL CRISIS.

On May 25th, the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, meeting in Dallas, Texas, for its Annual General Assembly, passed with a large favoring majority the following woman suffrage resolution:

"Whereas in our history, the influence of women has been invaluable in all such moral reforms as temperance and honest government; and, Whereas, the Presbyterian Church believes in utilizing every possible force in the new and larger work lying before this country; and,

Whereas, we recognize that Christian wives and mothers should be given an opportunity to assist in the great work of introducing into civic life more of the true spirit of practical Christianity; therefore,

Be it resolved that we, the Commissioners to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, assert our belief in the justice, wisdom and righteousness of the enfranchisement of the women of our country."

### EQUAL SUFFRAGE IS INDORSED BY TEXAS BAPTISTS

By almost unanimous vote, and without a dissenting voice, woman suffrage was indorsed today by 5,000 Texas and Southern Baptists at the morning session (November 24, 1917) of the Baptist General Convention of Texas at the First Baptist Church.

The resolution was presented by Dr. George W. Truett of Dallas, and included a pledge of the members for a loyal stand behind the President and the Government in the prosecution of the war "against autocracy, as expressed in all ecclesiastical and political systems."

"And we look with grateful favor upon the rapid conversion of the American people to the principle of the indefeasible right of women to express their convictions at the ballot box along with their brothers."

### HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL GIBBONS:

"The Church has taken no official attitude on the subject, but leaves the matter to the good judgment of her children as to what they think best. The statement that the Church is opposed to the enfranchisement of women is incorrect."

### REV. J. ELLIOT ROSS, Ph.D., C.S.P., Austin, Texas:

"There is no argument against equal suffrage. When you carry the war into the enemy's country and demand an argument against votes for women that does not equally apply to votes for men, you get only inconclusive vaporings."

### TEXAS FARMERS' CONGRESS INDORSES WOMAN SUFFRAGE

"RESOLVED, That the Texas Farmers' Congress expresses itself as favoring equal suffrage for all citizens of Texas."

Adopted unanimously by the 16th Farmers' Congress of Texas, at College Station, July, 1913.

### THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

"Resolved, that the American Federation of Labor, in convention assembled, considers this injustice no longer tolerable, and demands on behalf of the working people of the United States that the United States Senate take immediate action to enfranchise the women of the Nation by passing the Federal Suffrage Amendment now pending in that body."

### THE MACCABEES INDORSE EQUAL SUFFRAGE. RESOLUTION

Ladies of the Modern Maccabees, which represents over 50,000 women, has re-affirmed its allegiance to the cause of woman suffrage, in the following resolution passed at its recent biennial review in Grand Rapids, Mich., in July, 1916.

Resolved, That the convention officially endorses national woman suffrage and will stand at all times ready to aid fulfillment of its purpose.

### Abraham Lincoln:

"I go for all sharing the privileges of the government who assist in bearing its burdens, by no means excluding women."

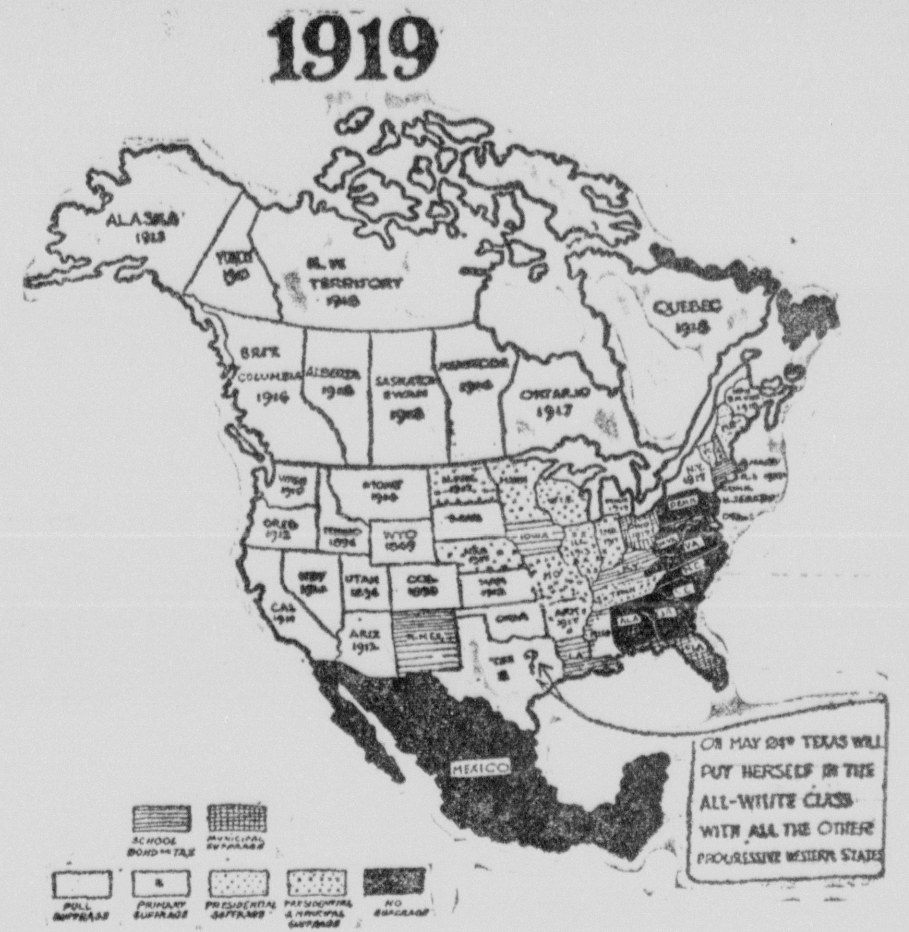
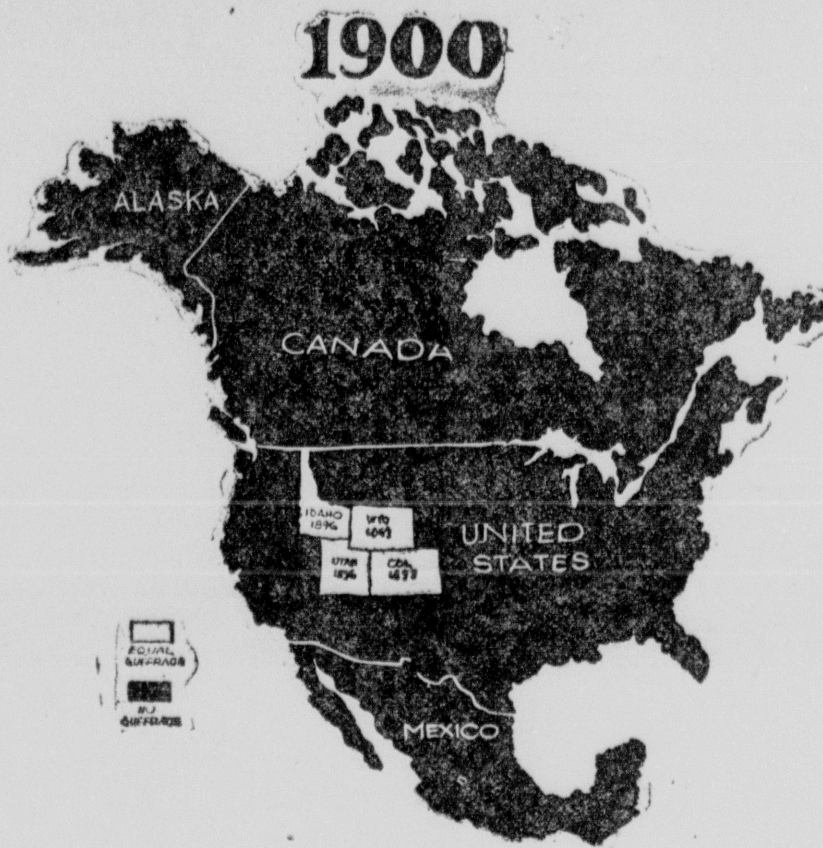
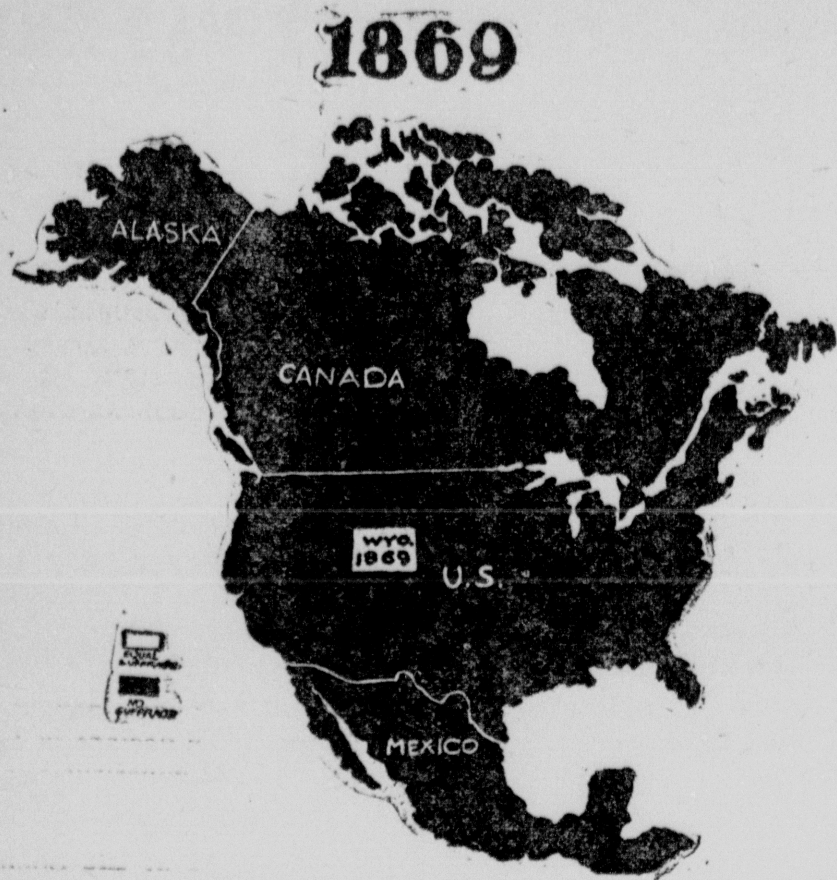
### WOODROW WILSON:

"The services of women during this supreme crisis of the world's history have been of the most signal usefulness and distinction. The war could not have been fought without them, or its sacrifices endured. It is high time that some part of our debt of gratitude to them should be acknowledged and paid, and the only acknowledgement they ask is their admission to the suffrage. Can we justly refuse it?"

VOTE FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH



# Sweep of Suffrage Victories



## A Brief History of Woman Suffrage

Wyoming first granted equal suffrage to women in 1869. The movement progressed so slowly in America that by 1900 only three new states had followed Wyoming's example. For the next ten years progress halted entirely, but no state then or since ever turned back. Furthermore, the idea was always taken up by the states that were adjoining a suffrage state and were, therefore, in the best position to know whether suffrage was a blessing or a curse. After 1910, equal suffrage gained rapidly, adding seven states in five years. The effect of the world war has been to further hasten the progress of the movement. The heightened sense of justice and the clearer conception of the meaning of democracy have caused a landslide that has swept all Canada, New York and so many other states that today twenty-six states of our Union, England and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and nearly every civilized state in Europe have either adopted complete equal suffrage or have granted women a considerable voice in the government.

Look at the maps and see how the white wave of democracy and justice has rolled over our Nation with ever-increasing tide during the last eight years. Complete equal suffrage for the whole United States passed the Lower House of the last Congress 274 to 136 votes, and passed the Senate 64 to 33, failing by only one vote to have the two-thirds required for constitutional amendments. Had not two Senators violated the instructions of their legislatures, the Federal Equal Suffrage Amendment would now be passed.

The prudent politician foreseeth a storm and listeneth to the voice of his people, but the foolish man defies the lightning and perisheth!

The fair-minded men of Texas want to give equal rights to their sisters and mothers, and they are going to do it on May 24th, regardless of the misrepresentations of the brewers and their hired journalists and spell-binders.

## WHAT DOES WOMAN SUFFRAGE DO FOR PROHIBITION.

The Year-Book of the Anti-Saloon League for 1915 says of Illinois: "The woman suffrage bill has proved to be the most valuable piece of temperance legislation the state has enacted. In one election 1,150 saloons were closed; 900 of these closed on account of majorities found in women's ballot boxes. The woman suffrage law has been of more value inasmuch as it aided materially in enforcing the law."

If you really believe in permanent prohibition and in having it enforced, then the surest plan you can follow is to vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th. Be not deceived, the brewers and booze ring are not dead—not even sleeping. They know what they are doing when they support the sending out of tons of false statements about suffrage and brutal slanders of the devoted patriotic

## WHO SAYS THE IRISH LOVE A FIGHT?

A general inspecting some front-line trenches one morning after a terrific bombardment found an Irishman standing guard at a trench observation post, knee-deep in chilly mud and water with his own head bandaged and the wounded lying about in various degrees of manglement and everyone tired, hungry, sleepy and half frozen in the midst of desolation left by the artillery fire. In a burst of sympathy he remarked, "Pat, this a h-ll of a war isn't it?" "Yes, General, but you'll admit it is better than no war at all, won't you?"

women leading the suffrage movement!

Mr. Prohibitionist if the old brewery and booze gang is fighting woman suffrage tooth and nail, what's your play?

Don't forget to answer on May 24th.

## What Women Have Said They Want to Vote?

2,000,000 WOMEN OF THE NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION  
2,500,000 WOMEN OF THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMAN'S CLUBS  
THE NATIONAL WOMAN'S TRADES UNION LEAGUE  
THE AMERICAN COLLEGIATE ALUMNAE  
THE AMERICAN NURSES ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF BUSINESS WOMEN  
THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION  
THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR  
AND NUMBERLESS CHURCHES, GRANGES, AND SMALLER GROUPS  
AND 385,000 TEXAS WOMEN REGISTERED TO VOTE LAST SUMMER BY A VERY INCONVENIENT PLAN IN 16 DAYS!

The anti make a great fuss over the fact that not many women paid their poll tax to vote this year. But they fail to mention that there is no primary this year and therefore the women have nothing to vote for and no reason to qualify to vote.

But the anti don't mention that last year 385,000 women registered for voting in 16 days when they had a vote in the primary and had a chance to help the good men purge the state of political corruption!

## What Laws Have Women Helped to Put on the Statute Books?

COMMISSION TO REGULATE HOURS, WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS	CHILD LABOR LAW—14 YEAR LIMIT	COMPULSORY EDUCATION	8 HOUR DAY FOR WOMEN	MINIMUM WAGE	MOTHERS' PENSIONS	EQUAL GUARDIANSHIP LAW	AGE OF CONSENT 16 YEARS	RED LIGHT ABATEMENT	PROHIBITION
STATES HAVING EQUAL SUFFRAGE—TOTAL SCORE 79									
COLORADO									
CALIFORNIA									
WASHINGTON									
UTAH									
NEVADA									
WYOMING									
MONTANA									
IDAHO									
ARIZONA									
OREGON									
KANSAS									
STATES WITHOUT EQUAL SUFFRAGE—TOTAL SCORE 29									
FLORIDA									
GEORGIA									
ALABAMA									
LOUISIANA									
DELAWARE									
MISSISSIPPI									
N. CAROLINA									
S. CAROLINA									
VIRGINIA									
VERMONT									

The black squares indicate that the State does not have the law indicated at the top of the corresponding column. Florida, for example, has none of the ten laws except the child labor law, while Colorado and Kansas have all, and California all except prohibition.

There is no need to guess and theorize about what woman would do if she had the ballot, for woman has had the ballot for more than a generation in one State and for nearly a generation in several others. She has not corrected in one generation all the evils that man struggled with without success for a thousand years, but she has had already a pronounced effect on legislation relating to education, to the protection of children, of women, of labor, of morals and of the home. The above chart shows that the ten old suffrage States—some of these having had suffrage only a few years—score 79 points out of a possible hundred in the matter of having enacted the ten laws relating to education, women, children, morals and home, while the ten old States without equal suffrage and most hostile to it score only 29 points.

Colorado, which has had equal suffrage for 25 years has been the leader of the nation in legislation protecting the child. The Interparliamentary Union, composed of leading public men and women of many nations who travelled the world over studying the laws and public life of the different nations and states, makes the statement that: "Colorado has the sanest, the most humane, the most progressive, most scientific laws relating to the child to be found in any statute books in the world."

Every one of these laws has been enacted since the women were given the ballot and enacted by the support of the women.

Furthermore, suffrage in these States has not "broken up the home" nor "made woman mannish" nor brought any of the awful evils the anti predict. There is not a single case on record in fifty years of equal suffrage of the vote causing a divorce, while there are records of thousands of divorces caused by low wages, drinking, red light districts and other such evils which woman's vote helps always to put an end to.

The unanswerable fact is that after the men of Idaho, Utah and Colorado had seen the working of suffrage for 26 years in the adjoining State of Wyoming they gave the ballot to their own women. Then, after seeing the results of suffrage in these four neighboring States for about twenty years, practically all the States around these four gave their women the ballot.

Doesn't anybody know that the millions of men in these States would never have given their wives and daughters the ballot if they had not seen that it did good and not harm in the adjoining States? No State has ever yet tried equal suffrage and then given it up. It is the adjoining States, the ones in the best position to see its effects, that have voted woman suffrage upon themselves. This mighty wave has swept practically everything from the Pacific to the Mississippi River and is now flowing rapidly over the Eastern States.

Texas will give her women the full suffrage on May 24th and give the force of her mighty power and influence to this great wave of liberty and justice.

## VALUE OF AN EDUCATION

### Every Day Spent in School Pays the Child Nine Dollars

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

#### HERE IS THE PROOF:

Uneducated Laborers Earn on the Average \$500 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$20,000. High School Graduates Earn on the Average \$1000 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$40,000. This Education Required 12 Years of School of 180 Days Each, a Total of 2160 days in School.

If 2160 Days at School Add \$20,000 to the Income for Life, Then Each Day at School Adds \$9.02.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

The Child That Stays Out of School to Earn Less Than 9.00 a Day Is Losing Money, Not Making Money.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

### WHAT FOUR YEARS IN SCHOOL PAID

Wages of Two Groups of Brooklyn Citizens

When—	Those Who Left School at 14 (Yearly Salary)	Those Who Left School at 18 (Yearly Salary)
14 Years of Age \$200	\$0	\$0
16 " " " \$250	\$0	\$0
18 " " " \$350	\$500	\$500
20 " " " \$475	\$750	\$750
22 " " " \$575	\$1000	\$1000
24 " " " \$600	\$1150	\$1150
26 " " " \$688	\$1550	\$1550

Total Salary 11 Years ..... \$5112.50  
Total Salary 7 years ..... \$7337.50

Notice that at 25 years of age the better educated boys are receiving \$900 per year more salary, and have already, in 7 years, received \$2250 more than the boys who left school at 14 years have received for eleven years' work.

IT PAYS TO CONTINUE YOUR STUDIES

### Education Increases Productive Power

Massachusetts Gave Her Citizens 7 Years' Schooling

The United States Gave Her Citizens 4.4 Years' Schooling

Tennessee Gave Her Citizens 3 Years' Schooling

Massachusetts Citizens Produced Per Capita \$260 Per Year

Citizens of the United States Produced Per Capita \$170 Per Year

Tennessee Citizens Produced Per Capita \$116 Per Year

It Pays the State to Educate

### SCHOOLS A PAYING INVESTMENT FOR THE STATE

Massachusetts Spent \$13,889,838.00 or \$33.55 Per Pupil on Education.

Tennessee Spent \$1,628,313.00, or \$4.68 Per Pupil, On Education During the Same Year.

That Year Massachusetts Citizens Produced on the Average \$144 Each More Than Did Tennessee Citizens, or a Total of \$403,969,824.00 More Than Tennessee.

If Massachusetts Gives 12 Million Dollars More to Schools and Her Better Educated Citizens Produce 403 Million Dollars More Per Year, How Much Profit Does That State Make On Her Investment in Education?

EDUCATION IS NOT A CHARITY BUT THE BEST PAYING INVESTMENT

### DISTINGUISHED MEN OF AMERICA and their EDUCATION

With No Schooling Of 5 Million, Only 31 Attained Distinction

With Elementary Schooling Of 33 Million, 808 Attained Distinction

With High-School Education Of 2 Million, 1245 Attained Distinction

With College Education Of 1 Million, 5763 Attained Distinction

The child with no schooling has one chance in 150,000 of performing distinguished service; with elementary education he has four times the chance, with High-school education, 87 times the chance; with College education, 800 times the chance.

WHAT IS YOUR CHILD'S CHANCE?

### What Education Paid University of Texas Graduates

Salaries earned by the class of 1903:

ACADEMIC (Men)  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$636 \$2111 \$2522

ACADEMIC (Women)  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$559 \$843 \$1015

LAW  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$663 \$1915 \$3813

ENGINEERS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$857 \$1430 \$2003

PHARMACISTS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$636 \$1250 \$1950

DOCTORS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$1092 \$2750 \$4467

One-third of the Students of the University of Texas Work their Way Through



**"We have made partners of women in this war. Shall we admit them to a partnership of suffering and sacrifice and toil and not to a partnership of privilege and right?--- Woodrow Wilson.**



**DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW HONORARY PRESIDENT NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION AND CHAIRMAN OF THE WOMAN'S COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE**

The ability, training and public spirit of the leaders of the woman suffrage movement in America have been signally proven during the trials of war. When President Wilson looked for the ablest and most patriotic woman executive in America to head the work of the Woman's Committee of the National Council of Defense he chose Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who has for a generation been before the public of America and Europe as the leader of the suffragists. It is equally remarkable that of the eleven leading women chosen out of the nation for service on the National Council's Woman's Committee, eight were either state or national officers in the National Woman Suffrage Association.

The work of this committee in directing the conservation, publicity and morale work among the women is one of the few things that not even the chronic critics have been able to attack. What these women, and the thousands of their co-workers in the states did, stands as a monument to the patriotism, loyalty and intelligence of the womanhood of America.

**GALVESTON WOMAN SERVING MID ROARING CANNON AND BURSTING BOMBS.**

Dr. Ethel Lyon Heard, wife of Dr. Allen G. Heard of the University of Texas Medical College, who has been given the War Cross for distinguished services, followed her husband from Galveston and enlisted in the Red Cross soon after he entered the army. She was sent to Chalons, about fifteen miles behind the line of battle, near Reims, to take charge of a maternity hospital. Here for more than a year she has been working under periodic raids and bombardments, caring for the helpless mothers and new-born babes driven out of their homes by the approach of the German army. Moonlight air raids and bombings got so common that Dr. Heard ceased to mention them in her letters home, but when the Germans crushed the line and drove the Allies thirty miles back to Chateau Thierry she had an experience that she did mention. She wrote:



**DR. ETHEL LYON HEARD**  
Formerly President of the Galveston Equal Suffrage Association, the Heroic Head of the Maternity Hospital at Chalons Sur Marne.

woman giving birth to twins. Sunday at 7 a. m. we got the beds and most necessary articles off on the military camions and loaded the patients into the ambulances, and by some of the cars making the long trip twice we sent all the patients that day, Miss Pye going with the last load, which included the woman with the new-born twins.

"The children with their staff and stuff were to go in the morning, so I thought I would have a good night's sleep, but at 9:30 a woman in labor was brought in and about time the labor ward was made ready for her I heard a bang! At first I thought it the first note of an air raid, but when it recurred regularly we soon perceived that it was a long range gun dropping shells into the town. So I wandered around seeing to things and keeping the woman cheered up. About 11:30 the cars began to get back from Mery. The men had been driving all day, but when I told them I thought we ought to get the children out at once, they pitched in, changing tires and filling up with gas and oil at once, like bricks. I gave directions to the head nurse of the children and was obliged to go then to the labor ward where I presently delivered the lady of a fine boy, while the shells dropped regularly every five minutes. When I got through with her I went down stairs and found the cars all loaded, twenty children in three cars, and a nurse and driver with each car. They left at 3 a. m. I gave them my blessing, told them to dodge the shells, going through town, and went to bed. I was up all Saturday night with a

A little later the kaiser started the second push that was to go from Chateau Thierry to Paris, but which found our Marines across the path. The French had no idea that this push would be stopped so short and turned back so quickly and completely, so they ordered Doctor Heard to evacuate her hospital, sending the children and patients over to Mery-sur-Seine. Writing of the evacuation Dr. Heard says "The word came to go on Friday. We started the furniture and supplies on Saturday. I was up all Saturday night with a

**THE BRAVEST BATTLE.**

The bravest battle that ever was fought;  
Shall I tell you where and when?  
On the maps of the world you will find it not;  
It was fought by the mothers of men.

Nay, not with cannon or battle shot,  
With sword or nobler pen;  
Nay, not with eloquent word or thought,  
From mouths of wonderful men.

But deep in a walled-up woman's heart—  
Of woman that would not yield,  
But patiently, silently bore her part—  
Lo! there is that battlefield.

No marshaling troop, no bivouac song;  
No banner to gleam and wave;  
And Oh! these battles they last so long—  
From babyhood to the grave!

Yet, faithful still as a bridge of stars,  
She fights in her walled-up town—  
Fights on and on in the endless wars,  
Then silent, unseen—goes down.  
—Joaquin Miller.



**BRAVE RED CROSS NURSES.**

The antis used to say that women ought not to vote because they can't fight in time of war!

But, now—  
Who are the Red Cross nurses?  
Who run the canteens and served coffee and food to the tired boys behind the trenches?

Who helped run the hospitals and hotels and rest homes for soldiers?

Who helped keep the books and write the orders?  
Who did dangerous secret service work?  
Who helped run the telephones and telegraphs?  
Who worked in the railroad offices and helped to keep the troop and supply trains going?

Who helped sell the Liberty Bonds?  
Who helped to make the munitions?  
Who made the soldier's clothing?  
Who wound the bandages?  
Who knit the socks?

Who bore the babies, educated the boys and inspired and cheered the men that crushed the St. Mihiel salient and swept the Argonne Forest?

It takes a whole nation now to win a war. The women had a big part to do, and they did it grandly.

It also takes all the intelligence and character of the nation to win the victory in time of peace over disease, ignorance and corruption; and the women have a big share to perform in that fight. Give them the vote and let them do their share.

babe were comfortable and she was courageous. I got a good nap till 5:30 when the shells began dropping right in the back yard and I felt I ought to be around to see about things.

"The next day we continued sending furniture and sent the mother and new babe. During the day another woman in labor was brought in in a military ambulance. The shells continued falling all day and night. At twelve o'clock that night I delivered this mother and then got nearly five hours of sleep. The next day I went to Mery. Meantime the shelling ceased, but that night we had a hum-dinger of an air raid—six big bombs fell about a block away. Wednesday I returned to the hospital. That night there was a terrific thunder storm, so there was no raid and no excitement except taking eight old people and two nuns across town in a truck in the inky blackness and pouring rain, feeling our way inch by inch through the crooked, narrow streets, where we could not see where houses ended and sky started, much less which was street and which was sidewalk. We left them at the seminary, where there was a safe cellar and got back wet, muddy and sleepy at 12:30. The next night was clear, and, of course, we had raids, this time with incendiary bombs for change! Miss Pye had established an emergency station in one of the big wine caves in the mountains, where everyone goes on clear nights, so I was left alone at the hospital with two of the drivers. The next night I was there entirely alone, the two cars having gone back. One mean aviator dropped a bomb right back of my little barrack where I sleep and as a result there is not a pane of glass left in the place, nor hardly a tile on the roof."

Dr. Heard was president of the Equal Suffrage Association of Galveston, and leader in the Red Cross work there before she left Texas. She is hoping to get back home before the election. Now haven't she, and

the millions of other noble women like her who have helped to win this war for Democracy, earned the right to Democracy at home? If you think so, then vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th and let our patriotic women vote and exclude the disloyal alien vote.

**A MOTHER'S VIEW**

Here is what Mrs. E. A. Watters, President of the Texas Congress of Mothers, thinks about the suffrage amendment: "I believe in woman suffrage as the best means to protect the child in the home, school, church, and state. When women are given the vote they will be relieved of the arduous task of getting up petitions and educating the men to give them better laws to protect women and children. They will no longer waste efforts by begging others to do for them what they can do for themselves.

"Conservation of time, money, and energy will be the result, thus giving the woman more time in the home with their children, and more time for the study of child nurture. Most women of our state are home makers. They should be given the vote to protect their homes."

**WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND THE INFANT DEATH RATE.**

The lowest infant death rate in the world is in New Zealand where women have voted for over 20 years. Of the cities in the United States having the lowest infant death rate, those in equal suffrage cities have an average death rate of 66 while the male suffrage cities average 100.7. Kansas has reduced its infant death rate from 120 to 70 since it established the first Child Hygiene Bureau in the United States in 1913, the year after women were given the vote.

Let us give our Texas women the vote on May 24th and let them help us to save 50 out of each hundred and twenty babies that now die in Texas!



**DR. CAROLINE FINLEY**  
Director of First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit; Decorated by the French Government.

**WORK OF WOMEN'S OVERSEAS HOSPITAL UNITS.**

Mrs. Raymond Brown, reporting to the National Suffrage Association in St. Louis, said:

"When the Women's Overseas Hospitals sent its first unit to France, it was with the idea of giving help to the women and children of France. The keynote of our purpose was struck by M. Allemand, of the cabinet of the minister of war, who said, 'We are not only grateful but I understand why you have come to our aid. The suffragists of America are doing this because of their deep interest in public welfare. That is the real reason they are suffragists, isn't it?'"

"The first unit sent over was to establish a hospital for women and children in the devastated region. They had been assigned several villages from which the boches had been driven back, but before they could take possession there came another German drive, and they were called on by the French War Department for instant military service. Five of our surgeons and a number of nurses and aides left Paris in a truck destined for a hospital which was abandoned before they reached it. They were then sent to Chateau Ognon where they received a tide of wounded direct from the battlefield. The hospital was short-handed, not organized. These finely trained American women surgeons waived all prerogatives and prestige. They washed feet, cut blood-stiffened bandages from mangled bodies, gave injections when they could get them and did everything that trained minds and skillful hands could do to lighten the agony. After this first drive our women surgeons found their proper places and the next



**DR. ALICE GREGORY**  
Decorated by the French Government.

drive found them operating on an equality with the French men surgeons.

"The Croix de Guerre was given to four of our women for bravery in working under fire. It did not take as much courage, however, to work under fire as it did to stay quietly in bed night after night during the aeroplane raids. Three times they dropped them in the grounds of the chateau and one terrible night in July one fell in the midst of one of the hospital wards and wiped it out of existence, with eighteen killed and twelve wounded.

"In the July drive this hospital had the record for France for the number of operations performed, 1,500 in 19 days. More than half this number went through the hands of our group of nurses who had complete charge of the preparation ward."

The second unit established a hospital for refugees, planning, purchasing and equipping all the material, even the plumbing. The next unit was organized at the request of the French Government to conduct a special hospital for gassed soldiers, one of the most difficult types of work developed during the war.

Since the armistice the first unit has given its time to running a hospital for prisoners returning from Germany and to relief work in Belgium.

**GENERAL PERSHING**

General Pershing wrote back to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense:

"The patriotism of our incomparable women, than whom there are none other more noble, shall be our constant inspiration until the great task which is entrusted to us is accomplished."

**PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE**

Lloyd George, the brainy English prime minister, who did more than any other Englishman to win the war, says:

"If it had not been for the splendid manner in which the women came forward to work in the hospitals and munition factories, in administrative offices of all kinds and in war work behind the lines, often in daily danger of their lives, Great Britain, and I believe, all the Allies would have been unable to withstand the enemy attacks of the last few months."

England has kept her pledge to Democracy and given her women citizens complete suffrage. Can Texas do less?



**MISS ROBERT LEE CROMWELL**  
Of Texas; Decorated by the Kings of Two Nations for Conspicuous Red Cross Service.

**A BRAVE TEXAS WOMAN DECORATED BY TWO EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS**

Texas has again been placed on the world map of honor by one of her heroic daughters. Miss Robert Lee Cromwell, who for many years was the quiet but forceful and efficient principal of the Corpus Christi High School, and the earnest summer school student in the University of Texas Summer School for teachers, prepared herself as a trained nurse and at the outbreak of the war en-

tered the service of the Red Cross and volunteered for foreign service. Recognizing her fine training, her executive ability and commanding personality, the Red Cross put her in charge of some of the most difficult posts in Russia amid the carnage of the eastern and Caucasian fronts. Miss Cromwell acquitted herself so splendidly that she was decorated for distinguished services by the late Czar of Russia, who was then fighting with the Allies.

On our entrance into the war, Miss Cromwell was sent to the western front and in following the sweeping crash of our victorious allied armies and in the heart-rending work of caring for the restored and ravished Belgian provinces her work was so notable that recently she has been decorated with the Queen's Medal by Queen Elizabeth and King Albert of Belgium.

This splendid, educated Texas woman, whom the rulers of two nations have decorated for heroism, public spirit, and intelligent work in reconstructing their civilization, will, when she returns to her native land, be allowed to vote on the important problems of reconstruction and social betterment if she lives in New York, but if she comes home to Texas she will be classed politically with children, idiots, insane and criminals, and denied the right to have any voice in making the laws or electing the officers under whom she must live—unless the fair-minded, just men of Texas vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24. Miss Cromwell wants her just democratic rights. She and millions of other heroic women at home and abroad have won them; and the chivalric men of Texas will give them to them on May 24.



**MISS CAROLYN MOUNTAIN**  
Chauffeur; First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit.



**THE SOLDIER VOTES:**

For the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

Because He Wants:  
1st., To stop the voting of those aliens who are too disloyal to become citizens.  
2nd., To put his mother and sister who loyally supported him in this war in position to support him by their ballot in peace as well as war.

**HOW TO MARK YOUR BALLOT**

Below is a copy of the official ballot that will be used on May 24th, marked as it should be marked to vote for the Suffrage Amendment. Whatever else you may vote for or against, be sure to Vote for the Suffrage Amendment.

**OFFICIAL BALLOT**

FOR Prohibition.

AGAINST Prohibition.

FOR the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

FOR the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

FOR the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

**"We shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts---for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments."--- Woodrow Wilson.**



Established  
June 14, 1881.

# Laredo Weekly Times

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO TEXAS, SUNDAY, MAY 11, 1919—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 67

## RICHTER'S LAREDO'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

**HAND TAILORED**  
Genuine Palm Beach Suits  
For Summer Wear at  
**\$16.50**  
ALL SIZES AND SHADES.

**STRAW HATS OF ALL KINDS**  
Sennets, Madagascars, Bangkoks, Panamas,  
Leghorns and Baliluk \$1.50 up to \$8.50

**SILK SHIRTS**  
Complete Line of Beautiful Shirts in  
all sizes and colors \$4.00 up to \$10.00

### MEN'S JUST WRIGHT OXFORDS.

Cherry Red Calf, English Last - - \$8.50  
Brown Kid, Medium Last - - - \$9.00  
Black Kid in all Lasts - - - \$7.50  
White Cloth and Palm Beach Oxfords \$4.00

**AUG. C. RICHTER**

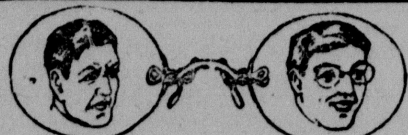
## ANNOUNCING

Some very attractive Price Concessions on  
Fine Suits and Overcoats

Allow us to suggest another  
Suit or Overcoat at such at-  
tractive prices for Stein-  
Bloch and Kuppenheimer  
clothes; and especially when  
prices promise higher next  
season.

New { HATS  
Spring { SHIRTS  
1919 { SHOES

**I. Alexander**  
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



**KRYPTOK**

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece  
glasses you can see far and near.

Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and  
guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.

Our prices are the most reasonable.

**LAREDO OPTICAL Co.**  
516 Flores Ave. (Opposite City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

## WILSON DECLARES HE HAS NOT DEVIATED FROM ATTITUDE ON THE FIUME QUESTION

Despatches from Paris Say that He will Address Congress and  
Discuss the Whole Subject Matter of the Paris Negotia-  
tions Immediately After His Return to  
the United States.

### NAVAL RESERVE WAS CALLED TO COLORS

FORMING NEW ADDITION TO  
THE TRANSPORT SERVICE  
CALLS FOR MORE EN-  
LISTED MEN

By Associated Press.  
Boston, May 10.—Thirty-two per cent of the enlisted men of the naval reserve and the entire enlisted personnel of the regular navy are to be assigned to sea duty immediately, according to orders received at the navy yard from Washington today. It is understood that the purpose is to obtain men for addition to the transport service.

### ASTOR PLACE RIOTS RECALLED.

New York, May 10.—Students of local history, especially those interested in the annals of the New York stage, recalled today as the seventieth anniversary of the so-called Astor Place riots, which formed the most thrilling chapter in the early history of the drama in America.

The riots were the outgrowth of a personal feud existing between Edwin Forrest and William C. Macready, the one the foremost among American tragedians of that time and the other occupying a similar standing with reference to the English stage. The two famous actors had formerly been friends. When Forrest played a professional engagement in London he was personally entertained by Macready. Later, however, professional jealousy led to an estrangement which in time developed into bitter personal animosity. It is said that Forrest vowed to drive Macready from the American stage, but that he personally instigated the riots in this city, as was charged by friends of Macready, has been denied by the biographers of the American tragedian.

It is certain, however, that the friends of Forrest threatened to prevent the appearance of Macready in New York. The latter nevertheless played for a number of nights at the Astor Place Opera House in the autumn of 1848, but upon commencing a farewell engagement there in the following spring he was menaced by serious opposition.

The engagement opened on May 7, with the famous English tragedian appearing as "Macbeth." Such was the confusion in the audience that the manager of the house was compelled to order the curtain dropped before the performance was concluded. Macready thereupon determined to end the engagement, but upon the publication in the newspapers of a letter signed by many leading citizens of New York, requesting him to remain, and promising to protect him against any hostile demonstration, he consented to reappear on the following Thursday.

On that evening, owing to elaborate precautions taken by the theater management and the police, order was preserved in the house during the performance. Trouble was started, however, immediately the play was ended and the audience was departing. Friends of Forrest had gathered in force outside the opera house and after vainly endeavoring to effect an entrance commenced an attack on the building.

Soon the mob grew to immense proportions. Stones and other missiles were hurled about, innocent bystanders were clubbed, and many shots were fired. The police being unable to restrain the infuriated mob, the military were called out. Orders to disperse were ignored by the crowd. Several volleys were thereupon fired by the soldiers. Not until thirty-two persons lay dead in the streets and many others had been removed seriously wounded was the riot finally quelled.

Though assured of ample protec-

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Reports from Paris that President Wilson had committed himself to the proposal to settle the Fiume dispute by giving the port to Italy after 1923 were said, in despatches to the White House today, to be absolute fiction. It appeared from today's advices that the president has not deviated in the slightest from his original stand in opposition to Italy's claim to this Adriatic port.

Other despatches from Paris said President Wilson would personally address congress and discuss the whole subject matter of the Paris negotiations immediately after his return to the United States.

### What They Will Do.

Paris, May 10.—It is understood that the council of four at its meeting today discussed among other subjects the eventuality of Germany refusing to sign the peace treaty and the steps to be taken in that event. It is said no intimation that Germany intended to take such a course had reached the allies, but that they are taking nothing for granted.

### Be Silent for a Week.

Paris, May 10.—President Wilson expressed the belief today that nothing would be heard from the German plenipotentiaries for about a week. Neither he nor other members of the American delegation had heard anything regarding the published report that the German delegates were preparing to depart from Versailles.

### Ebert Makes Proclamation.

Berlin, May 10.—Germany's reply

## VICTORY LOAN HAS GONE OVER THE TOP

WORD FROM WASHINGTON IN-  
DICATES THAT THERE  
IS EVEN AN OVER-  
SUBSCRIPTION.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Although there are no official predictions or estimates there are many indications that the Victory Liberty Loan has successfully passed over the top, if not been oversubscribed.

### Nearly Subscribed.

Washington, May 10.—Official subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan shortly before noon today were approximately \$2,500,000,000, according to the treasury statement. Reports of unreported subscriptions indicate that the total is greatly above the official showing.

tion, Macready made no further attempt to act in New York. According to those in attendance the famous actor narrowly escaped with his life on the night of the riot. He had just time enough to divest himself of his theatrical costume and put on his street clothes when the mob succeeded in getting into the opera house. According to several friends, Macready made his way undetected to a house in Union Square, where he remained until daylight the following morning. He was then driven out to New Rochelle in a wagon and there boarded a train for Boston.

It has been said that the quarrel between Forrest and Macready had its origin in Edinburgh, where Macready attended a performance given by Forrest and is said to have hissed him. However the fact was, the American actor believed that Macready had hissed him, and he thereupon determined to crush the English tragedian at the first opportunity. In a certain speech in Philadelphia Macready imputed the opposition he was encountering to Forrest. This increased the zeal of Forrest's friends in the espousal of his cause, and the culmination came in the memorable riot of May 10, 1849.

### NAVAL AIRPLANES LEFT THIS MORNING

ONE PLANE TURNED BACK TO  
HALIFAX FOR THE RE-  
PLACEMENT OF A  
PROPELLER.

By Associated Press.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval hydroairplanes Nos. 1 and 3 started on their way to Trepassey at 9 o'clock this morning, from whence they will attempt the transatlantic flight.

### Returned to Halifax.

Washington, May 10.—Naval sea-plane No. 3 returned to Halifax an hour after it started for Trepassey Bay, according to a report to the navy department from the tender Baltimore this morning. The despatch said the plane would replace a propeller and start again at noon.

### Cruised Fifty Miles.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval airplane No. 3, forced by propeller trouble to return here after cruising 50 miles on its flight to Trepassey, Newfoundland, made a fresh start at 12:35.

to the terms of peace presented at Versailles will be a proposal for a peace of right on the basis of the last peace of nations, according to a proclamation to the German people issued here today by President Ebert.

### Fixed Boundaries.

Paris, May 10.—The council of foreign ministers have fixed the boundaries between Czechoslovakia and Jugoslavia and have made progress toward the adjustment of the new Rumanian boundaries. The question of lifting the blockade against Hungary was referred to the supreme economic council for action.

### Wants Written Assurance.

Paris, May 10.—It seems unlikely that China will sign the peace treaty unless she is given written assurance by the council of three that Japan will return Kiao-Chau to China. The Chinese delegates say no such provision was made in the peace treaty and their only basis for believing such restoration would be made was in a verbal agreement.

### Death Knell of Austria.

Vienna, May 10.—The death knell of old Austria was sounded in parliament today when Chancellor Benner in accepting the nomination as peace delegate to St. Germain said he relinquished all hopes for fusion with Germany.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Close of the United States Victory Liberty Loan campaign.

Observance of Confederate Memorial Day in North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee.

Today is the seventieth anniversary of the historic Astor Place Opera House riots in New York City.

The name "Abraham Lincoln" will be bestowed upon a 12,500-ton cargo steamer to be launched today at Gloucester, N. J.

Flyers from ten American universities and colleges are to take part in a balloon contest scheduled to start today from Akron, O.

Seven thousand members of the uniformed force and about 5,000 reserves are expected to march today in the annual police parade in New York City.

As a preliminary to the world's cotton conference, to be held in New Orleans next October, a commission composed of Northern and Southern cotton-mill owners, experts and financiers will sail from New York today for Europe to make an investigation of textile conditions abroad.

### DO IT.

**DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.**  
YOU KNOW YOU OUGHT TO SUPPORT THE VICTORY LOAN.

You know that you ought to do your share towards finishing the job.

You know that this loan is the real test of patriotism.

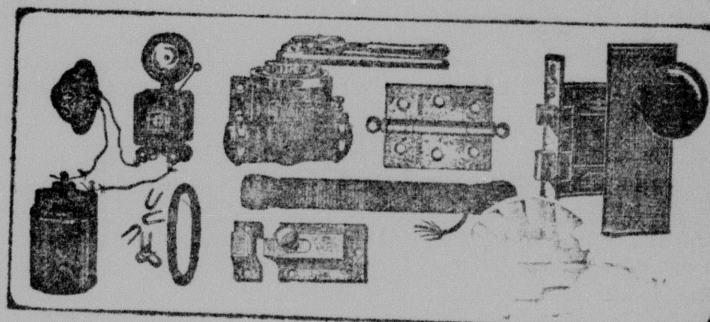
You know that your love of country, your self respect, call upon you to buy Victory Bonds.

**DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.**

**DO IT.**

**LAREDO NATIONAL BANK**  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

### BUILDERS' HARDWARE



Do the odd jobs around the house. We have a complete line of Builders' Hardware that will save you money on your repair bills.

LENGTHEN the LIFE and INCREASE the VALUE of your property by keeping it well PAINTED and REPAIRED.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**  
DISTRIBUTORS OF FINE HARDWARE

### DIAMONDS.

What a satisfaction there is in ownership of perfect Diamonds, in the pleasure and pride their possession brings and in the assurance that they will enhance in value as the years roll by. Twenty-one years reputation for the constant maintenance of highest quality gives you the feeling of fullest confidence in Daiches, one low unvarying price to all.

One of the largest stocks in Southwest Texas to select from.

**L. DAICHES, The Jeweler**

### LET THE WIZARD DO YOUR WORK.

WIZARD Triangle Mops absorb dirt and clean and polish all kinds of floors.

WIZARD Furniture Polish cleans, polishes and renews furniture, pianos, woodwork, automobiles, etc.

"Its more than a furniture polish."

Phone Us.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE COMPANY**

**ROYAL OPERA HOUSE**

WHERE EVERY BODY GOES

Today—Carlyle Blackwell and Evelyn Greely in "HIT OR MISS." A real knockout. Just one laugh after another.

"A RAGTIME ROMANCE," L-Ko feature, with the famous L-Ko beauties.

Royal Concert Orchestra.

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: Albert Ray and Elinor Fair in "MARRIED IN HASTE."



Established  
June 14, 1881.

# Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future  
Great Railroad Centre and Grand  
Gateway of International Com-  
merce.

VOL. XXXVIII.

LAREDO TEXAS, SUNDAY, MAY 11, 1919—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 67

## RICHTER'S LAREDO'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

HAND TAILORED  
Genuine Palm Beach Suits  
For Summer Wear at  
**\$16.50**  
ALL SIZES AND SHADES.

STRAW HATS OF ALL KINDS  
Sennets, Madagascars, Bangkoks, Panamas,  
Leghorns and Baliluk \$1.50 up to \$8.50

SILK SHIRTS  
Complete Line of Beautiful Shirts in  
all sizes and colors \$4.00 up to \$10.00

### MEN'S JUST WRIGHT OXFORDS.

Cherry Red Calf, English Last - - \$8.50  
Brown Kid, Medium Last - - - \$9.00  
Black Kid in all Lasts - - - \$7.50  
White Cloth and Palm Beach Oxfords \$4.00

**AUG. C. RICHTER**

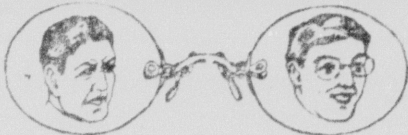
## ANNOUNCING

Some very attractive Price Concessions on  
Fine Suits and Overcoats

Allow us to suggest another  
Suit or Overcoat at such at-  
tractive prices for Stein-  
Bloch and Kuppenheimer  
clothes; and especially when  
prices promise higher next  
season.

New { HATS  
Spring { SHIRTS  
1919 { SHOES

**I. Alexander**  
CLOTHIER & FURNISHER



**KRYPTOK**

They are double vision lenses with one solid piece  
glasses you can see far and near.  
Let us examine your eyes, we grind the glasses and  
guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.  
Our prices are the most reasonable.

**LAREDO OPTICAL CO.**  
516 Flores Ave. (Opposite City Hall.)

A. B. Galo, optician and optometrist. Graduated in Italy and the U. S.

## WILSON DECLARES HE HAS NOT DEVIATED FROM ATTITUDE ON THE FIUME QUESTION

Despatches from Paris Say that He will Address Congress and  
Discuss the Whole Subject Matter of the Paris Negotia-  
tions Immediately After His Return to  
the United States.

### NAVAL RESERVE WAS CALLED TO COLORS

FORMING NEW ADDITION TO  
THE TRANSPORT SERVICE  
CALLS FOR MORE EN-  
LISTED MEN

By Associated Press.  
Boston, May 10.—Thirty-two per cent of the enlisted men of the naval reserve and the entire enlisted personnel of the regular navy are to be assigned to sea duty immediately, according to orders received at the navy yard from Washington today. It is understood that the purpose is to obtain men for addition to the transport service.

### ASTOR PLACE RIOTS RECALLED.

New York, May 10.—Students of local history, especially those interested in the annals of the New York stage, recalled today as the seventieth anniversary of the so-called Astor Palace riots, which formed the most thrilling chapter in the early history of the drama in America.

The riots were the outgrowth of a personal feud existing between Edwin Forrest and William C. Macready, the one the foremost among American tragedians of that time and the other occupying a similar standing with reference to the English stage. The two famous actors had formerly been friends. When Forrest played a professional engagement in London he was personally entertained by Macready. Later, however, professional jealousy led to an estrangement which in time developed into bitter personal animosity. It is said that Forrest vowed to drive Macready from the American stage, but that he personally instigated the riots in this city, as was charged by friends of Macready, has been denied by the biographers of the American tragedian.

It is certain, however, that the friends of Forrest threatened to prevent the appearance of Macready in New York. The latter nevertheless played for a number of nights at the Astor Place Opera House in the autumn of 1848, but upon commencing a farewell engagement there in the following spring he was menaced by serious opposition.

The engagement opened on May 7, with the famous English tragedian appearing as "Macbeth." Such was the confusion in the audience that the manager of the house was compelled to order the curtain dropped before the performance was concluded. Macready thereupon determined to end the engagement, but upon the publication in the newspapers of a letter signed by many leading citizens of New York, requesting him to remain, and promising to protect him against any hostile demonstration, he consented to reappear on the following Thursday.

On that evening, owing to elaborate precautions taken by the theater management and the police, order was preserved in the house during the performance. Trouble was started, however, immediately the play was ended and the audience was departing. Friends of Forrest had gathered in force outside the opera house and after vainly endeavoring to effect an entrance commenced an attack on the building.

Soon the mob grew to immense proportions. Stones and other missiles were hurled about, innocent bystanders were clubbed, and many shots were fired. The police being unable to restrain the infuriated mob, the military were called out. Orders to disperse were ignored by the crowd. Several volleys were thereupon fired by the soldiers. Not until thirty-two persons lay dead in the streets and many others had been removed seriously wounded was the riot finally quelled.

Though assured of ample protec-

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Reports from Paris that President Wilson had committed himself to the proposal to settle the Fiume dispute by giving the port to Italy after 1923 were said, in despatches to the White House today, to be absolute fiction. It appeared from today's advices that the president has not deviated in the slightest from his original stand in opposition to Italy's claim to this Adriatic port.

Other despatches from Paris said President Wilson would personally address congress and discuss the whole subject matter of the Paris negotiations immediately after his return to the United States.

### What They Will Do.

Paris, May 10.—It is understood that the council of four at its meeting today discussed among other subjects the eventuality of Germany refusing to sign the peace treaty and the steps to be taken in that event. It is said no intimation that Germany intended to take such a course had reached the allies, but that they are taking nothing for granted.

### Be Silent for a Week.

Paris, May 10.—President Wilson expressed the belief today that nothing would be heard from the German plenipotentiaries for about a week. Neither he nor other members of the American delegation had heard anything regarding the published report that the German delegates were preparing to depart from Versailles.

Ebert Makes Proclamation.  
Berlin, May 10.—Germany's reply

## VICTORY LOAN HAS GONE OVER THE TOP

WORD FROM WASHINGTON IN-  
DICATES THAT THERE  
IS EVEN AN OVER-  
SUBSCRIPTION.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 10.—Although there are no official predictions or estimates there are many indications that the Victory Liberty Loan has successfully passed over the top, if not been oversubscribed.

### Nearly Subscribed.

Washington, May 10.—Official subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan shortly before noon today were approximately \$3,500,000,000, according to the treasury statement. Reports of unreported subscriptions indicate that the total is greatly above the official showing.

tion, Macready made no further attempt to act in New York. According to those in attendance the famous actor narrowly escaped with his life on the night of the riot. He had just time enough to divest himself of his theatrical costume and put on his street clothes when the mob succeeded in getting into the opera house. According to several friends, Macready made his way undetected to a house in Union Square, where he remained until daylight the following morning. He was then driven out to New Rochelle in a wagon and there boarded a train for Boston.

It has been said that the quarrel between Forrest and Macready had its origin in Edinburgh, where Macready attended a performance given by Forrest and is said to have hissed him. However the fact was, the American actor believed that Macready had hissed him, and he thereupon determined to crush the English tragedian at the first opportunity. In a certain speech in Philadelphia Macready imputed the opposition he was encountering to Forrest. This increased the zeal of Forrest's friends in the espousal of his cause, and the culmination came in the memorable riot of May 10, 1849.

### NAVAL AIRPLANES LEFT THIS MORNING

ONE PLANE TURNED BACK TO  
HALIFAX FOR THE RE-  
PLACEMENT OF A  
PROPELLER.

By Associated Press.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval hydroairplanes Nos. 1 and 3 started on their way to Trepassey at 9 o'clock this morning, from whence they will attempt the transatlantic flight.

### Returned to Halifax.

Washington, May 10.—Naval sea-plane No. 3 returned to Halifax an hour after it started for Trepassey Bay, according to a report to the navy department this morning. The despatch said the plane would replace a propeller and start again at noon.

### Cruised Fifty Miles.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—American naval airplane No. 3, forced by propeller trouble to return here after cruising 50 miles on its flight to Trepassey, Newfoundland, made a fresh start at 12:35.

to the terms of peace presented at Versailles will be a proposal for a peace of right on the basis of the last peace of nations, according to a proclamation to the German people issued here today by President Ebert.

### Fixed Boundaries.

Paris, May 10.—The council of foreign ministers have fixed the boundaries between Czechoslovakia and Yugoslavia and have made progress toward the adjustment of the new Rumanian boundaries. The question of lifting the blockade against Hungary was referred to the supreme economic council for action.

### Wants Written Assurance.

Paris, May 10.—It seems unlikely that China will sign the peace treaty unless she is given written assurance by the council of three that Japan will return Kiaochow to China. The Chinese delegates say no such provision was made in the peace treaty and their only basis for believing such restoration would be made was in a verbal agreement.

### Death Knell of Austria.

Vienna, May 10.—The death knell of old Austria was sounded in parliament today when Chancellor Benner in accepting the nomination as peace delegate to St. Germain said he relinquished all hopes for fusion with Germany.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Close of the United States Victory Liberty Loan campaign.

Observance of Confederate Memorial Day in North Carolina, South Carolina and Tennessee.

Today is the seventieth anniversary of the historic Astor Place Opera House riots in New York City.

The name "Abraham Lincoln" will be bestowed upon a 12,500-ton cargo steamer to be launched today at Gloucester, N. J.

Fliers from ten American universities and colleges are to take part in a balloon contest scheduled to start today from Akron, O.

Seven thousand members of the uniformed force and about 5,000 reserves are expected to march today in the annual police parade in New York City.

As a preliminary to the world's cotton conference, to be held in New Orleans next October, a commission composed of Northern and Southern cotton-mill owners, experts and financiers will sail from New York today for Europe to make an investigation of textile conditions abroad.

### DO IT.

DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.  
YOU KNOW YOU OUGHT TO SUPPORT THE VICTORY LOAN.

You know that you ought to do your share towards finishing the job.  
You know that this loan is the real test of patriotism.

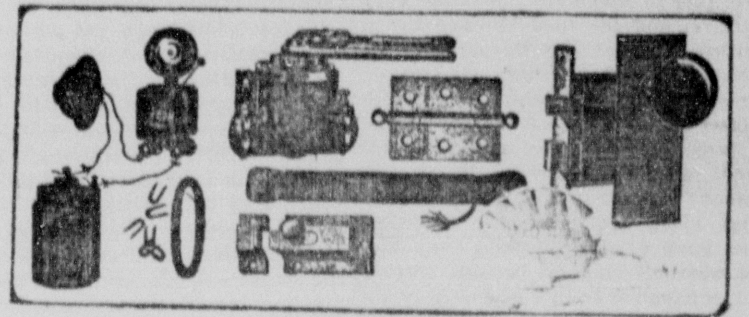
You know that your love of country, your self respect, call upon you to buy Victory Bonds.

DON'T JUST THINK ABOUT IT.

### DO IT.

**LAREDO NATIONAL BANK**  
LAREDO, TEXAS.

### BUILDERS' HARDWARE



Do the odd jobs around the house. We have a complete line of Builders' Hardware that will save you money on your repair bills.

LENGTHEN the LIFE and INCREASE the VALUE of your property by keeping well PAINTED and REPAIRED.

**A. DEUTZ & BROTHER**  
DISTRIBUTORS OF FINE HARDWARE

### DIAMONDS.

What a satisfaction there is in ownership of perfect Diamonds, in the pleasure and pride their possession brings and in the assurance that they will enhance in value as the years roll by. Twenty-one years reputation for the constant maintenance of highest quality gives you the feeling of fullest confidence in Daiches, one low unvarying price to all.

One of the largest stocks in Southwest Texas to select from.

**L. DAICHES, The Jeweler**

### LET THE WIZARD DO YOUR WORK.

WIZARD Triangle Mops absorb dirt and clean and polish all kinds of floors.

WIZARD Furniture Polish cleans, polishes and renews furniture, pianos, woodwork, automobiles, etc.

"Its more than a furniture polish."

Phone Us.

**JOSEPH NETZER HARDWARE COMPANY**

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

WHERE EVERY BODY GOES

Today—Carlyle Blackwell and Evelyn Greely in "HIT OR MISS." A real knockout. Just one laugh after another.

"A RAGTIME ROMANCE." L-Ko feature, with the famous L-Ko beauties.

Royal Concert Orchestra.

Admission 10c and 20c.

Tomorrow: Albert Ray and Ellnor Fair in "MARRIED IN HASTE."



From Friday's Daily.

#### THE GERMAN VIEW.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German spokesman at the peace conference, is nothing if not insolent, and he demonstrated his Prussian boorishness by remaining seated while he talked, although Premier Clemenceau, the aged chairman of the conference, stood up to speak.

But the real insolence of the German representative was shown in his declaration that "The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 because of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation." This is not only a deliberate falsehood, but the honorable (!) gentleman was aware when he said it that everyone within hearing of his voice knew that it was a deliberate falsehood.

There is room for much doubt as to "hundreds of thousands" of Germans having perished because of the blockade, either before or after the signing of the armistice. And those who did die were as much the victims of the German authors of the war as were the French or Belgians.

During the war and since November 11 quite appreciable quantities of foodstuffs were shipped into Germany from Holland and other neutral countries. Previous to 1918 large quantities reached the Germans through Denmark, and both Sweden and Norway continued the trade in contraband for a long time after the blockade was begun.

It was not until the battle off Jutland that the British and allied fleets were able to make the blockade very effective, and the food shipped in, in addition to what the Germans claim to have planted and harvested themselves and the vast supplies of foodstuffs taken when Rumania and Russia were tricked into a disgraceful peace, were sufficient to keep the Germans from starving to death.

But since the armistice the Germans have used what food they had in a wasteful manner, besides cutting off the supplies from those who could not engage in the street fighting and other amusements which have occupied the German attention to the exclusion of all consideration of what they should do toward a settlement of their difficulties with the allied nations.

There has been no attempt on the part of any of the allies to bring hardship upon the German people, and on the contrary there has been a great deal of food shipped in by permission of the allied officers and governments.

To attempt to offset what the Germans have done by the death of the non-combatants in Germany because of anything the allies have done is futile. The world knows what Germany did with the food of Belgium, of France, of Poland, of Russia and of Rumania. And the world also knows that vast quantities of foodstuffs have gone into that country since the signing of the armistice, as well as the fact that the German prisoners of war in the hands of the allies were well fed and those who did work for civilians were well paid in addition.

The German spokesman says "We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged the war," but it is evident that he is attempting by recrimination to belittle the enormity of what those men did. For if he can show that the allies were guilty of causing the death of hundreds of thousands of German non-combatants "by cold deliberation," then the allies would forfeit, in the estimation of the neutral nations, much of their right to accuse Germany of enormities.

But the conduct of the allied soldiers in the occupied zone of Germany just now is giving the lie to this German noble's statements, and when the spokesmen of the allies get through with him he will have little left to say.

Germany is not showing up any better in defeat than she did in temporary victory. The world despises a person or a nation with a yellow streak, and the Germans are demonstrating an entire lack of the sporting spirit.

#### COXEY'S NEW ARMY.

Jacob Coxe, who led his "army" to Washington to demand new legislation many years ago, is again in the limelight with a proposition to head a new "army" which he suggests should be composed of ten per cent of every labor organization in its United States, and which shall march to the national capital in case congress, within two weeks time after it convenes in special session does not act on the measures which "General" Coxe proposes.

Here is some more of the pernicious class legislation suggested, for Coxe does not propose that anyone save the labor organizations take part in either the march or the demand for the passage of the legislation.

But it must be remembered that all legislation to be acceptable must be for the good of all the country, not merely a percentage of the population.

It is estimated that the labor organizations, most of which are included in the American Federation of Labor, represent about one-tenth of the laboring element of the country. The rest of the workers, the professional and commercial men, the financiers, the people who have no trade

or occupation—all these are to be dominated by one-tenth of the labor element, which in turn is not to exceed sixty per cent of the entire population, so that the demand for this special legislation would come from about six per cent of the population, leaving the other ninety-four per cent without either voice or representation.

Coxey's legislation includes the old idea of the initiative and referendum, which is to amend the constitution of the United States that when a petition from 500,000 bona fide voters is received by the secretary of state at Washington, he shall submit the legislation they propose at the next general election, and when a petition from a million voters is received, he shall call a special election for that express purpose within sixty days after presentation of the petition.

There is no doubt that the people are dissatisfied with the present mode of amending our constitution. The plan was adopted at a time when the few scattered colonies and the lack of communications made it well-nigh impossible for the people to become informed as to the merits of a proposed measure, and as ours is a representative government, the amending or altering of our constitution was left to the representatives.

But of late years there has been an ever-growing suspicion that we are not really represented, either in the various state legislatures or in the national congress; that other interests besides those of the people receive more attention at the hands of our representatives, and that it is time a change were made.

A few years ago we adopted an amendment to the constitution calling for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, instead of by the legislators of a state, as formerly. And the election of a senator does not so closely affect the people as the adoption of a constitutional amendment, especially as the states with but a few hundreds of thousands of inhabitants have as much voice in approving a proposed amendment as those with millions of inhabitants.

But the matter of permitting a comparatively small number of voters to demand the submission to the people of any measure which might appeal to them, and thus disturb existing conditions without warrant, does not seem to be the best way of improving our affairs.

Still, any one who wants to join Coxey's new army can secure enrollment by writing to him at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, which seems to be a queer place for the headquarters of a plain citizen representing the labor element of the country.

It would be a novel sight, that of some 100,000 men camped about the national capital, awaiting the action of congress on the measures which Coxey says will bring about the millennium. And just who is to feed them during their siege is not disclosed in the call to action.

#### HAD TO QUIT WORK ON FATHER'S FARM

KEPT GOING DOWN HILL—TAKES TANLAC AND BEGINS TO PICK RIGHT UP.

"I never saw anyone pick up so fast as my son John has since he started taking Tanlac," said A. McGrew, a prominent and successful farmer of Dawson, Okla., recently.

"He suffered awfully from indigestion and a general rundown condition of his system for the past six months," continued Mr. McGrew, "and his kidneys seemed to give him a good deal of trouble and he was going down hill all the time. He had a healthy appetite but right after eating his food would feel like a lump of lead in his stomach and it gave him so much trouble that he got so he would hardly taste a thing on the table. He looked pale and sickly all the time and got thin as a rail and was so weak he just had to quit working on the farm. He just moped around all the time and couldn't get up energy to do a thing. He worried a lot about his kidneys and complained of having severe pains in his side and back and sometimes his back would hurt so bad he could hardly get up out of a chair.

"I read so much in the papers about the good Tanlac was doing so many people that I got some for him and started him on it. He is still on his second bottle, but it has done him a world of good and he is looking much better than he has for a long time. His kidneys don't trouble him anymore and he hasn't had a pain in his side or back in some time. He has gained in weight and is stronger too, and is able to get around and do anything he wants. The indigestion don't trouble him any more and he can eat a good square meal without any pain afterward. Tanlac is the only medicine I have bought that has been of any benefit to my son and he is so pleased with what it has done for him that he is telling all his friends about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

A. M. MANSUR.  
Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919.

#### IN BATTLE WITH SMUGGLERS CHARLES HOPKINS KILLED

THREE SMUGGLERS KILLED AND FOURTH SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Ira Hill of State Health Service in Critical Condition as Result of Wound; J. Dunnaway Injured.

Four men dead, Immigration Inspector Charles Hopkins and three Mexican smugglers, names unknown, but one said to be named Pedro Vargas; two others seriously wounded and may die, Ira Hill of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, a Mexican smuggler, both now in Mercy Hospital; and one slightly wounded, James Dunnaway of the immigration service, is the toll of a semi-moonlight battle on the banks of the Rio Grande between the farms of Warwick and Charles E. Richter southeast of Laredo at about 10:30 o'clock last night.

Last night about 10:20 o'clock a party of mounted immigration, customs and public health officers, consisting of Mounted Customs Inspectors Robert Rumsey and John Chamberlain, Immigration Inspectors Charles Hopkins, James Dunnaway and Mal Petty, and Ira Hill of the state health service, who were on patrol duty along the Rio Grande in the country near Laredo, ran upon four Mexicans who had just reached the American side of the river. The boat landed within a few feet of where Rumsey and Hopkins were standing hiding in the chaparral, while the other members of the American party were about fifteen feet distant from Rumsey and Hopkins. When the boat halted Rumsey addressed the men in the skiff, and they immediately opened fire, Hopkins being hit by a bullet striking him in the right side and coming out of the left side of the back, Hopkins dying an hour later.

The battle opened up all around instantly after the firing of the first shot. The man who killed Hopkins was shot through the chest by Rumsey, but ran quite a distance before he fell seriously wounded. Two of the Mexicans in the boat had a battle royal with Dunnaway, Chamberlain and Hill, who succeeded in killing both of the Mexicans. The fourth Mexican, who was in the water at this time, was killed in the river by Rumsey, this man's body disappearing.

During the battle Ira Hill was shot and seriously wounded and is now in Mercy Hospital in a critical condition, as is also the Mexican smuggler, Jose Valdez, who killed Hopkins and who was shot down by Bob Rumsey. James Dunnaway had one of his thumbs shot away during the fight, but Rumsey, Chamberlain and Petty escaped without injury.

The body of Hopkins, who leaves a wife to survive him, was brought here and prepared for burial, while the bodies of two of the dead smugglers were viewed this morning by a large crowd on the second floor of the Convery undertaking establishment. The body of the third dead smuggler had not been recovered up to this morning.

All the fighting was done at close range, the smugglers using both rifles and revolvers, and when Hopkins was shot down his assailant was less than twenty feet away. A cloudy sky beneath the moon caused a semi-moonlight night and the battle raged fiercely for some minutes.

Charles Hopkins has been in the immigration service for several years and made a good, fearless officer and the news of his death came as a shock to his many friends. Ira Hill, who was seriously wounded, is well known here and has been in the service of the state health department as an inspector for some time past.

Hill and Valdez Still Alive. A telephone message to Mercy Hospital this afternoon brought the information that both Ira Hill, of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, the smuggler, who were shot during the fight last night, were still alive, but the conditions of both men were very critical.

Jewish Welfare Board Activities. Due to the K. of C.'s opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 18th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening.

5-8-3t.

#### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

5-9-30t.

#### QUARTER-MILLION DOLLAR OIL REFINERY FOR LAREDO

GULF REFINING & PIPE LINE CO. WILL BUILD PLANT HERE.

Plant Similar to That at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport to Be Built Here Immediately.

The first big oil refinery plant to be installed along the Texas-Mexican border will be constructed at Laredo by the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co., and the work of construction on the plant and its equipment, to cost approximately \$250,000, will begin within the next two weeks, according to a statement given out by Charles A. Lindsey, one of the representatives of the company who has been in Laredo for some days past in connection with the securing of a site for the plant, etc. The company has several sites within the city limits offered them, but the selection will not be made of the site until after the arrival of the company's engineer here within the next day or two. After the site is selected work of construction on the refinery buildings, etc., will begin within ten days afterwards, as the brick will be purchased from one of the local plants and the steel and other material will be shipped to Laredo soon thereafter.

Regarding the matter of where the company was to secure petroleum for refining purposes, Mr. Lindsey said: "Our company realizes that Laredo has very good promise of becoming the center of a very important oil field, with oil development work soon to be in progress in Zapata, Webb, Jim Hogg and other counties, and for that reason we are getting in on the ground floor to be ahead of the rush. There is going to be great development work in the oil line hereabouts soon, and we believe oil will be produced in paying quantities. Until that development takes place, however, we will have plenty of raw material to work on, as crude oil will be brought here in tank cars from the North Texas oil fields and refined at our plant. And then, too, when the Mexican situation clarifies and Mexico again assumes normal conditions our company, located here at the logical gateway to Mexico, will be in a position to sell Mexico refined oil. We came here to build a first-class refinery, asked for no bonus, are buying our own site and we are going to give Laredo an oil refinery that will do great good for Laredo."

Joseph H. Parker, who will direct the erection of the refinery plant in Laredo and the installation of the machinery and other material, is the inventor of the high and low pressure system of refining employed by practically every oil refinery in the world. Mr. Parker has installed refineries in India, Sumatra, South America, and in this country and is looked upon as the most authoritative man in oil refinery matters in the world today.

Included in the stockholders of the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co. are a number of the most prominent men of the country, while a number of Laredo capitalists are also stockholders. The building of the refinery here will give employment to a large number of people and Mr. Lindsey stated that eventually the payroll of employees of the refinery in Laredo would total anywhere from 200 to 400 persons. The plant will probably be completed and ready for August.

The refinery at Laredo will be similar to those constructed and operated by the company at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport, La.

#### TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

MAY 9.  
1775—Jacob Brown, a Quaker farmer who became commander of the United States Army, born in Bucks County, Pa. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 24, 1828.

1810—John Brougham, celebrated actor, manager and author, born in Dublin. Died in New York City, Jan. 7, 1880.

1853—The first ocean steamer arrived at Quec.

1865—Edwin J. DeHaven, who commanded the first expedition sent in search of Sir John Franklin, died in Philadelphia. Born there in 1819.

1878—Serious disturbances in Lancashire in connection with the cotton-mill strike.

1894—Earthquake in Venezuela destroyed several towns and killed about 11,000 persons.

1915—Italians assembled army of 600,000 on the Austrian frontier.

1916—French repelled heavy German assaults and made gain at Verdun.

1917—Brig. Gen. John J. Pershing summoned to Washington to be given command of the American expeditionary force to France.



**BELL'S**  
FOR INDIGESTION  
6 BELL'S  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

#### LOCAL NEWS

—The importations from Mexico through the port of Laredo yesterday consisted of two carloads of manganese, three carloads of calamine, one carload of Chile pequin and one carload of hides.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

5-6-1m.  
—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

4-23-1m.  
—Remember, tomorrow is the last day of the Victory Bond drive. Have you done your part in this campaign? If not, telephone to some member of the soliciting committee to call around and get your subscription at once.

—Belch's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The grand jury in district court this morning returned nine bills of indictment charging theft under \$50, swindling, violation of the ten-mile zone law, theft over \$50, etc. Included in these bills of indictment was one against Pablo Montez, charged with the murder of W. C. Giddens.

3-14-1f.  
—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—JITNEY SERVICE—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

2-20-1f.  
—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

5-1-1m.  
—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Lopez and Miss Virginia Luna.

2-17-1f.  
—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

4-22-1f.  
—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

2-3-1f.  
—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

4-22-1f.  
—A report was brought to Laredo this morning to the effect that the county bridge near the Farias Spur, about seven miles north of Laredo on the road toward San Antonio, had been badly damaged by washouts as a result of the heavy rain which fell on Wednesday night.

6-20-1f.  
—The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

4-22-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

6-15-1f.  
—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

4-27-1f.  
—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

4-24-1f.  
—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

4-22-1f.  
—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

4-27-1f.  
—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

#### "DANGEROUSLY" NEAR GOAL IN THE VICTORY BOND DRIVE

ONLY \$112,000 NEEDED TO HAVE WEBB COUNTY'S QUOTA.

Sum of \$30,000 Raised at Meeting This Morning; Remaining \$112,000 Will Be Secured by Saturday.

Webb County must go "over the top!" Only \$112,000 remains to be raised to do that.

The sum of \$367,000 of the quota of \$479,900 is subscribed. At the mass meeting this morning the sum of \$30,000 was subscribed. ONLY ONE DAY REMAINS IN WHICH TO RAISE THE REMAINING SUM OF \$112,000.

Tomorrow night August C. Richter and Mrs. Robert L. Bobbitt are anticipating sending a telegram to Dallas advising the federal reserve head of the Victory Bond campaign in Texas that Webb county has gone "over the top" and that the quota of \$479,900 assigned this county has been subscribed. It is up to every red-blooded American in Webb county to do his part that these hard workers for the success of the Victory Bond campaign here be not disappointed.

There was a little apathy shown by the slim attendance at the mass meeting held at Market Hall this morning, but that "little crowd" was thoroughly "big-hearted" in its subscriptions and subscribed \$30,000 to the bond issue. Now only \$112,000 remains to be raised—AND IT WILL BE RAISED!

List of Laredo's Patriotic Women. The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser	500
Miss Helen Richter	500
Mrs. H. C. Hall	500
Mrs. George W. Derby	500
Mrs. S. N. Johnson	500
Mrs. M. T. Cogley	500
Mrs. A. E. Younkin	500
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig	500
Mrs. Charles E. Richter	600
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr.	600
Mrs. B. G. Salinas	1,000
Mrs. J. R. Moore	1,000
Mrs. Alfred Matthews	1,000
Mrs. Arthur Derby	1,000
Mrs. W. J. Sames	1,000
Mrs. Charles Deutz	1,000
Mrs. August C. Richter	2,600
Miss Katherine Tarver	3,000

And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

#### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 2 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

#### QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

##### Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets, while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night just to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

#### TWELVE CARLOADS ONIONS SHIPPED OUT FROM LAREDO

On Account of the Effects of the Rain, the Shipments Out of Here Still Remain at a Low Figure.

As a result of the rain of Wednesday evening the shipments of onions out of Laredo last night by freight were again very light, only twelve cars being sent out, but with a day or two of clear weather and the drying up of the fields so as to permit of harvesting, cleaning and packing, shipments will again become heavy and will be very much increased.

With the shipments made last night the total number of cars of onions shipped out of Laredo to-date aggregates 691 carloads.

Correction: In the report published in Monday's Times regarding onion shipments it was stated that forty-one carloads were shipped out on Saturday night, when it should have been fifty-one carloads. This makes the grand total of shipments to date 701 carloads.

#### PROSPECT LEASES FILED; LARGE TRACTS INVOLVED

Mrs. Lamar Benavides of This City and Fred. Boltz and Wife of Massachusetts Have Leased Tracts.

The following prospect oil and gas leases have been filed for record with the county clerk here since last report:

Mrs. Lamar B. Benavides to Morris Sass of Ardmore, Okla., surveys of land in Webb county containing 4,309.87 acres. Consideration, \$1,350.  
Fred. S. Boltz and wife of Mansfield, Mass., to A. M. Bruni, fourteen sections of land in Webb county containing a total of 9,074 acres. Consideration, \$2,268.50.

#### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/4 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

#### Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of the Rio Grande Auto Machine Co., composed of Andrew Ritter and M. M. Holland, has been dissolved by mutual consent. A. Ritter will continue the business, assume all debts and collect all debts



From Friday's Daily.

#### THE GERMAN VIEW.

Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, the German spokesman at the peace conference, is nothing if not insolent, and he demonstrated his Prussian boorishness by remaining seated while he talked, although Premier Clemenceau, the aged chairman of the conference, stood up to speak.

But the real insolence of the German representative was shown in his declaration that "The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 because of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation." This is not only a deliberate falsehood, but the honorable (1) gentleman was aware when he said it that everyone within hearing of his voice knew that it was a deliberate falsehood.

There is room for much doubt as to "hundreds of thousands" of Germans having perished because of the blockade, either before or after the signing of the armistice. And those who did die were as much the victims of the German authors of the war as were the French or Belgians.

During the war and since November 11 quite appreciable quantities of foodstuffs were shipped into Germany from Holland and other neutral countries. Previous to 1918 large quantities reached the Germans through Denmark, and both Sweden and Norway continued the trade in contraband for a long time after the blockade was begun.

It was not until the battle off Jutland that the British and allied fleets were able to make the blockade very effective, and the food shipped in, in addition to what the Germans claim to have planted and harvested themselves and the vast supplies of foodstuffs taken when Rumania and Russia were tricked into a disgraceful peace, were sufficient to keep the Germans from starving to death.

But since the armistice the Germans have used what food they had in a wasteful manner, besides cutting off the supplies from those who could not engage in the street fighting and other amusements which have occupied the German attention to the exclusion of all consideration of what they should do toward a settlement of their difficulties with the allies.

There has been no attempt on the part of any of the allies to bring upon the German people, as contrary there has been a riot of food shipped in by per of the allied officers and privates.

It is to be noted that the German people in Germany because of the world knows what Germany has done with the food of Belgium, France, of Poland, of Russia and of Rumania. And the world also knows that vast quantities of foodstuffs have gone into that country since the signing of the armistice, as well as the fact that the German prisoners of war in the hands of the allies were well fed and those who did work for civilians were well paid in addition.

The German spokesman says "We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged the war," but it is evident that he is attempting by recrimination to belittle the enormity of what those men did. For if he can show that the allies were guilty of causing the death of hundreds of thousands of German non-combatants "by cold deliberation," then the allies would forfeit, in the estimation of the neutral nations, much of their right to accuse Germany of enormities.

But the conduct of the allied soldiers in the occupied zone of Germany just now is giving the lie to this German noble's statements, and when the spokesmen of the allies get through with him he will have little left to say.

Germany is not showing up any better in defeat than she did in temporary victory. The world despises a person or a nation with a yellow streak, and the Germans are demonstrating an entire lack of the sporting spirit.

#### COXEY'S NEW ARMY.

Jacob Coxe, who led his "army" to Washington to demand new legislation many years ago, is again in the limelight with a proposition to head a new "army" which he suggests should be composed of ten per cent of every labor organization in its United States, and which shall march to the national capital in case congress within two weeks time after it convenes in special session does not act on the measures which "General" Coxe proposes.

Here is some more of the pernicious class legislation suggested, for Coxe does not propose that anyone save the labor organizations take part in either the march or the demand for the passage of the legislation.

But it must be remembered that all legislation to be acceptable must be for the good of all the country, not merely a percentage of the population.

It is estimated that the labor organizations, most of which are included in the American Federation of Labor, represent about one-tenth of the laboring element of the country. The rest of the workers, the professional and commercial men, the financiers, the people who have no trade

or occupation—all these are to be dominated by one-tenth of the labor element, which in turn is not to exceed sixty per cent of the entire population, so that the demand for this special legislation would come from about six per cent of the population, leaving the other ninety-four per cent without either voice or representation.

Coxey's legislation includes the old idea of the initiative and referendum, which is to amend the constitution of the United States that when a petition from 500,000 bona fide voters is received by the secretary of state at Washington, he shall submit the legislation they propose at the next general election, and when a petition from a million voters is received, he shall call a special election for that express purpose within sixty days after presentation of the petition.

There is no doubt that the people are dissatisfied with the present mode of amending our constitution. The plan was adopted at a time when the few scattered colonies and the lack of communications made it well-nigh impossible for the people to become informed as to the merits of a proposed measure and as ours is a representative government, the amending or altering of our constitution was left to the representatives.

But of late years there has been an ever-growing suspicion that we are not really represented, either in the various state legislatures or in the national congress, that other interests besides those of the people receive more attention at the hands of our representatives, and that it is time a change were made.

A few years ago we adopted an amendment to the constitution calling for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people, instead of by the legislators of a state, as formerly. And the election of a senator does not so closely affect the people as the adoption of a constitutional amendment, especially as the states with but a few hundreds of thousands of inhabitants have as much voice in approving a proposed amendment as those with millions of inhabitants.

But the matter of permitting a comparatively small number of voters to demand the submission to the people of any measure which might appeal to them, and thus disturb existing conditions without warrant, does not seem to be the best way of improving our affairs.

Still, any one who wants to join Coxe's new army can secure enrollment by writing to him at the Waldorf-Astoria, New York, which seems to be a queer place for the headquarters of a plain citizen representing the labor element of the country.

It would be a novel sight, that of some 100,000 men camped about the national capital, awaiting the action of congress on the measures which Coxe says will bring about the millennium. And just who is to feed them during their siege is not disclosed in the call to action.

#### HAD TO QUIT WORK

#### ON FATHER'S FARM

KEPT GOING DOWN HILL—TAKES TANLAC AND BEGINS TO PICK RIGHT UP.

"I never saw anyone pick up so fast as my son John has since he started taking Tanlac," said A. McGrew, a prominent and successful farmer of Dawson, Okla., recently.

"He suffered awfully from indigestion and a general rundown condition of his system for the past six months," continued Mr. McGrew, "and his kidneys seemed to give him a good deal of trouble and he was going down hill all the time. He had a healthy appetite but right after eating his food would feel like a lump of lead in his stomach and it gave him so much trouble that he got so he would hardly taste a thing on the table. He looked pale and sickly all the time and got thin as a rail and was so weak he just had to quit working on the farm. He just moped around all the time and couldn't get up energy to do a thing. He worried a lot about his kidneys and complained of having severe pains in his side and back and sometimes his back would hurt so bad he could hardly get up out of a chair."

"I read so much in the papers about the good Tanlac was doing so many people that I got some for him and started him on it. He is still on his second bottle, but it has done him a world of good and he is looking much better than he has for a long time. His kidneys don't trouble him anymore and he hasn't had a pain in his side or back in some time. He has gained in weight and is stronger too, and is able to get around and do anything he wants. The indigestion don't trouble him any more and he can eat a good square meal without any pain afterward. Tanlac is the only medicine I have bought that has been of any benefit to my son and he is so pleased with what it has done for him that he is telling all his friends about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

#### A. M. MANSUR.

Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919.

It is estimated that the labor organizations, most of which are included in the American Federation of Labor, represent about one-tenth of the laboring element of the country. The rest of the workers, the professional and commercial men, the financiers, the people who have no trade

#### IN BATTLE WITH SMUGGLERS

#### CHARLES HOPKINS KILLED

THREE SMUGGLERS KILLED AND FOUR SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Ira Hill of State Health Service in Critical Condition as Result of Wound; J. Dunnaway Injured.

Four men dead, Immigration Inspector Charles Hopkins and three Mexican smugglers, names unknown, but one said to be named Pedro Vargas; two others seriously wounded, and may die, Ira Hill of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, a Mexican smuggler, both now in Mercy Hospital; and one slightly wounded, James Dunnaway of the immigration service, is the toll of a semi-moonlight battle on the banks of the Rio Grande between the farms of Warwick and Charles E. Richter southeast of Laredo at about 10:30 o'clock last night.

Last night about 10:20 o'clock a party of mounted immigration, customs and public health officers, consisting of Mounted Customs Inspectors Robert Rumsey and John Chamberlain, Immigration Inspectors Charles Hopkins, James Dunnaway and Mal Petty, and Ira Hill of the state health service, who were on patrol duty along the Rio Grande in the country near Laredo, ran upon four Mexicans who had just reached the American side of the river. The boat landed within a few feet of where Rumsey and Hopkins were standing hiding in the chaparral, while the other members of the American party were about fifteen feet distant from Rumsey and Hopkins. When the boat halted Rumsey addressed the men in the skiff, and they immediately opened fire, Hopkins being hit by a bullet striking him in the right side and coming out of the left side of the back, Hopkins dying an hour later.

The battle opened up all around instantly after the firing of the first shot. The man who killed Hopkins was shot through the chest by Rumsey, but ran quite a distance before he fell seriously wounded. Two of the Mexicans in the boat had a battle royal with Dunnaway, Chamberlain and Hill, who succeeded in killing both of the Mexicans. The fourth Mexican, who was in the water at this time, was killed in the river by Rumsey, this man's body disappearing.

During the battle Ira Hill was shot and seriously wounded and is now in Mercy Hospital in a critical condition, as is also the Mexican smuggler, Jose Valdez, who killed Hopkins and who was shot down by Bob Rumsey. James Dunnaway had one of his thumbs shot away during the fight, but Rumsey, Chamberlain and Petty escaped without injury.

The body of Hopkins, who leaves a wife to survive him, was brought here and prepared for burial, while the bodies of two of the dead smugglers were viewed this morning by a large crowd on the second floor of the Convery undertaking establishment. The body of the third dead smuggler had not been recovered up to this morning.

All the fighting was done at close range, the smugglers using both rifles and revolvers, and when Hopkins was shot down his assailant was less than twenty feet away. A cloudy sky beneath the moon caused a semi-moonlight night and the battle ended fiercely for some minutes.

Charles Hopkins has been in the immigration service for several years and made a good, fearless officer and the news of his death came as a shock to his many friends. Ira Hill, who was seriously wounded, is well known here and has been in the service of the state health department as an inspector for some time past.

Hill and Valdez Still Alive. A telephone message to Mercy Hospital this afternoon brought the information that both Ira Hill, of the state health service, and Jose Valdez, the smuggler, who were shot during the fight last night, were still alive, but the conditions of both men were very critical.

#### Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

Due to the K. of C.'s opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 18th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening.

#### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 4 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 2 35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10 45 a. m. and arrives at 7 15 p. m.

Night Train.  
Leaves at 8 p. m. and arrives at 5 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10 20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2 15 p. m.

5-9-30t. Laredo at 2 15 p. m.

#### QUARTER-MILLION DOLLAR

#### OIL REFINERY FOR LAREDO

GULF REFINING & PIPE LINE CO. WILL BUILD PLANT HERE.

Plant Similar to That at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport to Be Built Here Immediately.

The first big oil refinery plant to be installed along the Texas-Mexican border will be constructed at Laredo by the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co., and the work of construction on the plant and its equipment, to cost approximately \$250,000, will begin within the next two weeks, according to a statement given out by Charles A. Lindsey, one of the representatives of the company who has been in Laredo for some days past in connection with the securing of a site for the plant, etc. The company has several sites within the city limits offered them, but the selection will not be made of the site until after the arrival of the company's engineer here within the next day or two. After the site is selected work of construction on the refinery buildings, etc., will begin within ten days afterwards, as the brick will be purchased from one of the local plants and the steel and other material will be shipped to Laredo soon thereafter.

Regarding the matter of where the company was to secure petroleum for refining purposes, Mr. Lindsey said: "Our company realizes that Laredo has very good promise of becoming the center of a very important oil field, with oil development work soon to be in progress in Zapata, Webb, Jim Hogg and other counties, and for that reason we are getting in on the ground floor to be ahead of the rush. There is going to be great development work in the oil line hereabouts soon, and we believe oil will be produced in paying quantities. Until that development takes place, however, we will have plenty of raw material to work on as crude oil will be brought here in tank cars from the North Texas oil fields and refined at our plant. And then, too, when the Mexican situation clarifies and Mexico again assumes normal conditions our company, located here at the logical gateway to Mexico, will be in a position to sell Mexico refined oil. We came here to build a first-class refinery, asked for no bonus, are buying our own site and we are going to give Laredo a refinery that will do great good for Laredo."

Joseph H. Parker, who will direct the erection of the refinery plant in Laredo and the installation of the machinery and other material, is the inventor of the high and low pressure system of refining employed by practically every oil refinery in the world. Mr. Parker has installed refineries in India, Sumatra, South America, and in this country and is looked upon as the most authoritative man in oil refinery matters in the world today.

Included in the stockholders of the Texas Gulf Refining and Pipe Line Co. are a number of the most prominent men of the country, while a number of Laredo capitalists are also stockholders. The building of the refinery here will give employment to a large number of people and Mr. Lindsey stated that eventually the payroll of employees of the refinery in Laredo would total anywhere from 300 to 400 persons. The plant will probably be completed and ready for August.

The refinery at Laredo will be similar to those constructed and operated by the company at Abilene, Wichita Falls and Shreveport, La.

\*\*\*\*\*  
+ TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES +  
\*\*\*\*\*

MAY 9.  
1775—Jacob Brown, a Quaker farmer who became commander of the United States Army, born in Bucks County, Pa. Died in Washington, D. C., Feb. 24, 1828.

1810—John Brougham, celebrated actor, manager and author, born in Dublin. Died in New York City, Jan. 7, 1880.

1852—The first ocean steamer arrived at Quez.

1865—Edwin J. Belhaven, who commanded the first expedition sent in search of Sir John Franklin, died in Philadelphia. Born there in 1819.

1878—Serious disturbances in Lancashire in connection with the cotton-mill strike.

1894—Earthquake in Venezuela destroyed several towns and killed about 11,000 persons.

1915—Italians assembled army of 60,000 on the Austrian frontier.

1916—French repelled heavy German assaults and made gain at Verdun.

1917—Gen. John J. Pershing summoned to Washington to be given command of the American expeditionary force to France.

**BELLANS**  
INDIGESTION  
6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief.  
**BELLANS**  
FOR INDIGESTION

#### LOCAL NEWS

—The importations from Mexico through the port of Laredo yesterday consisted of two carloads of manganese, three carloads of calamine, one carload of chile pequin and one carload of hides.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

—Remember, tomorrow is the last day of the Victory Bond drive. Have you done your part in this campaign? If not, telephone to some member of the soliciting committee to call around and get your subscription at once.

—Belch's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—The grand jury in district court this morning returned nine bills of indictment charging theft under \$50, swindling, violation of the ten-mile zone law, theft over \$50, etc. Included in these bills of indictment was one against Pablo Montez, charged with the murder of W. C. Giddens.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose Lopez and Miss Virginia Luna.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive, this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—Pianos and combino player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

—A report was brought to Laredo this morning to the effect that the county bridge near the Farias Spur, about seven miles north of Laredo on the road toward San Antonio, had been badly damaged by washouts as a result of the heavy rain which fell on Wednesday night.

—The Bellmont rooms and apartments, 602 Main Ave. Phone 676 or 1017.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—The fight between United States immigration, customs and health inspectors at a point down the river from Laredo with Mexican smugglers caused much interest this morning when the news became known. In the olden days such news was of frequent occurrence here and people were used to hearing it, but now things have changed and it is not often that a fight with smugglers takes place.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

#### WILL HOLD PEACE PAGEANT

#### ON THE SCHOOL PLAZA TODAY

School Fete Will Begin With the Baby Buggy Parade Which Starts at 5:45 O'clock This Afternoon.

The Peace Pageant which takes the place of the annual May Day Fete this year, and which has been twice postponed on account of weather conditions making School Plaza undesirable for the purpose, will be held this evening, the first feature of the program, the baby buggy parade, under the direction of Miss Siro, taking place at 5:45 o'clock this afternoon.

The crowning of the Goddess of Liberty (Miss Mildred Leyendecker) will take place at 6:15 this evening on the plaza immediately following the doll buggy parade, Liberty being attended by her maid and the courts of Italy (Miss Esther Penn), France (Miss Alice Penn) and Belgium (Miss Elona Garcia), together with various attendants. The program as outlined in The Times a few days ago, including vocal and instrumental singing, group dancing, Maypole dances, etc., being carried out this evening. It is expected that several thousand adults and children will be on hand to witness the grand festival.

#### Notice to Teachers.

By direction of the State Superintendent all teachers are requested to obtain registration cards at the office of County Superintendent of Public Instruction. These cards are to be filled out and mailed to the Department of Education at Austin.

#### "DANGEROUSLY" NEAR GOAL

#### IN THE VICTORY BOND DRIVE

ONLY \$112,000 NEEDED TO HAVE WEBB COUNTY'S QUOTA.

Sum of \$30,000 Raised at Meeting This Morning; Remaining \$112,000 Will Be Secured by Saturday.

Webb County must go "over the top!" Only \$112,000 remains to be raised to do that.

The sum of \$367,000 of the quota of \$479,900 is subscribed.

At the mass meeting this morning the sum of \$30,000 was subscribed.

ONLY ONE DAY REMAINS IN WHICH TO RAISE THE REMAINING SUM OF \$112,000.

Tomorrow night August C. Richter and Mrs. Robert L. Bobbitt are anticipating sending a telegram to Dallas advising the federal reserve head of the Victory Bond campaign in Texas that Webb county has gone "over the top" and that the quota of \$479,900 assigned this county has been subscribed. It is up to every red-blooded American in Webb county to do his part that these hard workers for the success of the Victory Bond campaign here be not disappointed.

There was a little apathy shown by the slim attendance at the mass meeting held at Market Hall this morning, but that "little crowd" was thoroughly "bighearted" in its subscriptions and subscribed \$30,000 to the bond issue. Now only \$112,000 remains to be raised—AND IT WILL BE RAISED!

List of Laredo's Patriotic Women.

The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser \$ 500  
Miss Helen Richter \$ 500  
Mrs. H. C. Hall \$ 500  
Mrs. George W. Derby \$ 500  
Mrs. S. N. Johnson \$ 500  
Mrs. M. T. Cogley \$ 500  
Mrs. A. E. Younklin \$ 500  
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig \$ 500  
Mrs. Charles E. Richter \$ 600  
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr. \$ 600  
Mrs. B. G. Salinas \$ 1,000  
Mrs. J. R. Moore \$ 1,000  
Mrs. Alfred Matthews \$ 1,000  
Mrs. Arthur Derby \$ 1,000  
Mrs. W. J. James \$ 1,000  
Mrs. Charles Deutz \$ 1,000  
Mrs. August C. Richter \$ 2,000  
Miss Katherine Tarver \$ 3,000  
And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

ANDREW RITTER,  
M. M. HOLLAND,  
Laredo, Texas, May 7, 1919.

5-7-3t.

#### NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF

#### THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE

#### RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE

#### PASS RAILWAY

#### COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

#### QUICK RELIEF

#### FROM CONSTIPATION

#### Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards, a practicing physician for 17 years and calomel's old-time enemy, discovered the formula for Olive Tablets while treating patients for chronic constipation and torpid livers.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do not contain calomel, but a healing, soothing vegetable laxative.

No griping is the "keynote" of these little sugar-coated, olive-colored tablets. They cause the bowels and liver to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action.

If you have a "dark brown mouth" now and then—a bad breath—a dull, tired feeling—sick headache—torpid liver and are constipated, you'll find quick, sure and only pleasant results from one or two little Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets at bedtime.

Thousands take one or two every night to keep right. Try them. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

#### TWELVE CARLOADS ONIONS

#### SHIPPED OUT FROM LAREDO

On Account of the Effects of the Rain, the Shipments Out of Here Still Remain at a Low Figure.

As a result of the rain of Wednesday evening the shipments of onions out of Laredo last night by freight were again very light, only twelve cars being sent out, but with a day or two of clear weather and the drying up of the fields so as to permit of harvesting, cleaning and packing, shipments will again become heavy and will be very much increased.

With the shipments made last night the total number of cars of onions shipped out of Laredo to-date aggregates 691 carloads.

Correction: In the report published in Monday's Times regarding onion shipments it was stated that forty-one carloads were shipped out on Saturday night, when it should have been fifty-one carloads. This makes the grand total of shipments to date 701 carloads.

#### PROSPECT LEASES FILED:

#### LARGE TRACTS INVOLVED

Mrs. Lamar Benavides of This City and Fred. Boltz and Wife of Massachusetts Have Leased Tracts.

The following prospect oil and gas leases have been filed for record with the county clerk here since last report:

Mrs. Lamar B. Benavides to Morris Sass of Ardmore, Okla., surveys of land in Webb county containing 4,369.87 acres. Consideration, \$1,350.

Fred. S. Boltz and wife of Mansfield, Mass., to A. M. Bruni, fourteen sections of land in Webb county containing a total of 9,974 acres. Consideration, \$2,268.50.

#### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

#### Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of the Rio Grande Auto Machine Co., composed of Andrew Ritter and M. M. Holland, has been dissolved by mutual consent. A. Ritter will continue the business, assume all debts and collect all debts due said firm.

ANDREW RITTER,  
M. M. HOLLAND,  
Laredo, Texas, May 7, 1919.

5-7-3t.

#### Your Troubles May be a

#### Warning of a Nervous Breakdown

Nine failures out of ten are due to personal physical conditions.

The causes are usually not far to seek—at first a little brain fog, weakened memory, insomnia, nervous indigestion and increased irritability, nerves become unstrung—finally there is a complete breakdown of the nervous system.

#### SENSAPERSA

helps rebuild the nerve system and makes rich blood. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should



IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 8.

Lord Morris, former premier and for many years the most conspicuous figure in public affairs in Newfoundland, celebrates his sixtieth birthday today. A Newfoundland by birth and education, he has spent the greater part of his life in public service, and his career as a statesman has been a distinguished one. In 1885 he was called to the bar, and the same year was elected to the legislature. Four years later he entered the cabinet. While Attorney-General he went to London to arrange the settlement of the French shore question, and for his services on that occasion he received his knighthood. In 1909 he became premier and remained in power until the beginning of the world war, when he resigned to avoid all danger of old party controversies being raised during the war. Later he represented Newfoundland at the Imperial War Conference in London.

NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice.

The State of Texas.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor: Manuel Davila has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application that letters of temporary guardianship on the Estate of said Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor, which were granted on May 7th, 1919, be made permanent which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919; said day being the 19th day of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper. Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ,

Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas.

FOR ITCHING TORTURE

Use Antiseptic Liquid Zemo

There is one remedy that seldom fails to stop itching torture and relieve skin irritation and that makes the skin soft, clear and healthy.

Any druggist can supply you with Zemo, which generally overcomes skin diseases. Eczema, itch, pimples, rashes, blackheads, in most cases give way to Zemo. Frequently, minor blemishes disappear overnight. Itching usually stops instantly. Zemo is a safe, antiseptic liquid, clean, easy to use and dependable. It costs only 35c; an extra large bottle, \$1.00. It will not stain, is not greasy or sticky and is positively safe for tender, sensitive skins.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

ODD AND INTERESTING.

Two British officials who have no need to worry over the high price of clothing are the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General. From time immemorial it has been the custom for the Clothworkers' Company to make each of these officials an annual present of a number of yards of the best broadcloth.

A unique suggestion has been offered that some of the great guns employed in the war might now be used for firing hollow shells filled with letters and parcels. A gun such as the Germans used in their long-range bombardment of Paris would carry a shell full of letters from New York to Philadelphia in less than five minutes.

Many ancient families in England have stored away life-sized figures in wax of their ancestors, made at the time of the original's death. For example, the Duke of Norfolk has the figures of three wives of one of his ancestors, which are kept in a glass case at one of his country seats. Most of these effigies were made by Italians, and it was from Italy that the idea came.

GOOD FOR HIM.

"I punished you merely to show my love for you," said the fond father after the chastisement.

"That's all right," sobbed the small boy. "But it's a g-g-good thing for you I ain't b-b-big enough to return your l-love, that's all."

For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

WHO KNOWS THIS YOUTH?



Officials of the American Naval hospital in London are trying to identify this young American sailor who was found dazed outside the Curzon hotel in London at two o'clock in the morning, clad only in his underclothing. His memory is a blank and he does not even recall his own name. Officers of the American air station at Eastleigh, England, have identified him as I. F. Seeley, an aviation mechanic stationed there. The young sailor, however, says the name does not sound familiar to him and efforts are being made to have him positively identified.

Profiteering.

Senator Vardaman made a gesture of disgust. "War profiteers!" he said. "With their absurd excuses they revolt me. Listen to this: 'Two profiteering partners in the clothing trade were going over their stock. The less rapacious partner said: 'Why don't we reduce the price of these \$95 all-wool overcoats? The other partner nearly fainted. 'What?' he roared. 'With cotton as high as it is? Say, man, you must be crazy.'"

ODD AND INTERESTING.

Beards in olden time were accounted sacred. Only one celebrated poet had red hair—Swinburne.

Java has more thunderstorms than any other country.

Italy, in her new budget, is proposing to tax bachelors.

The black apes of Guinea have long silky hair, and their fur is used for muffs and capes.

The French Legion of Honor has a much larger membership than has any other prominent order.

Whales have been known to dive at the rate of 300 yards a minute when struck by the harpoon.

Of all animals the tiger is the worst sea-traveller and the most susceptible to sea-sickness.

The fastest trip around the world was made by John Henry Mears in 1913—35 days, 21 hours and 36 minutes.

Some of the caterpillars found in the region of the Darling River in Australia are over six inches in length.

In the normal year of 365 days the months of February, March and November always begin on the same day of the week.

The famous collection of butterflies belonging to Lord Rothschild is estimated to have cost not less than \$500,000.

It is possible to go into air of a temperature of 300 degrees without the body's temperature being raised more than 20 degrees.

An apron is the Persian royal standard. A Persian who was a blacksmith by trade raised a successful revolt, and his leather apron, covered with jewels, is still borne in the van of Persian armies.

The most curious bed ever seen was probably that made for Che-mah the famous Chinese dwarf. His bed was two feet six inches in length, and although he measured scarcely fourteen inches around the chest, he insisted that it be made four feet wide.

There are poisons which are rapidly fatal to man, yet which have comparatively little effect upon animals. Dogs and horses can take ten times as much morphine in comparison to their body weight as man can. The pigeon can take five hundred times as much, while a frog is unhurt by a dose a thousand times greater, weight for weight, than one which will kill a human being.

For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

A movement has been started to erect in Washington a monument to American womanhood, in commemoration of the loyalty, sacrifices and services of American women in the war.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 . . . . . Phone 43

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Friday.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church. Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening. Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

Resurrection.

Today I walked about, And all the little crocuses were out.

The white, the lavender, the gold, Blooming in sizes manifold.

Though pale their leaves, and few, Perfect their blossoms lifted to the blue.

Last year I walked this way And saw a garden just like this today.

And yet the garden of that other day, With blossoms, leaves, is gone away.

Away? Oh, not away. 'Tis here anew In this gay bed of white and gold and blue.

Why wonder where and how went they? Do I not see these living flowers today?

—Florence I. Wait.

General Mention.

Mr. Edwin Atlee is in Austin attending the legislature.

Mr. Ned Woodul of El Paso spent yesterday in the city en route to Mexico.

Mrs. Steiber returned to San Antonio yesterday, after a short visit to relatives.

Mr. A. W. Lang is expected home today from San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and little daughter Lamar have returned to their home in Bruni, after a short stay in the city.

Mr. E. T. Merriman of Corpus Christi arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of his brother, Mr. J. D. Merriman.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Burbank expect to leave the early part of next week for Glenelder, Kansas, which is Burbank's old home.

Announcements. Mrs. Fred W. Mally will entertain at bridge Friday, May 16, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. K. Mims.

There will be a meeting at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of arranging an entertainment for the returned soldier boys who have been in the service "over there and here," to be given in the near future. The mothers and wives of our soldiers are requested to be present. A large attendance is urged.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN,

Chairman.

The Peace Pageant which was to

For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women. There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

TAKE

CARDUI

'The Woman's Tonic'

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help. "I was taken sick, seemed to be . . .," writes Mrs. Mary E. Veste, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

1.70

be given this afternoon will take place tomorrow afternoon at 5:45 o'clock.

B. R. D. A. Elect Officers.

At a business meeting held yesterday by the B. R. D. A. Club the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Miss Maria T. Juarez, president; Mrs. E. C. Benavides, secretary; Mrs. E. F. Peña, treasurer.

Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church held an interesting business meeting at the Rectory yesterday afternoon. During the business session the secretary read a report of the last meeting. Mrs. W. W. MacGregor reported that the amounts received from the Episcopal Market during Lent and from the White Sale after Easter amounted to something over \$100. The members decided to meet each week during May and they will decide later in regard to summer meetings. The president nominated a committee of four ladies to serve for a year to place prices on articles to be sold during the year, viz: Mesdames Woodman, MacGregor, Lines and Arthur. Those present yesterday were: Mesdames Arthur, Anderson, Kehl, Lusk, Lang, MacGregor, Woodman, Vidales and Cook.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

INSPECTING MISSOURI SIGNAL CORPS



Major General Menoher and all the commanding officers of the field inspecting a signal battalion of the Rainbow division that formerly was the First battalion, Missouri National Guard, at Lannes, France, before the division started on its homeward way.

GERMAN SPOKESMAN SAID DEATH OF PEOPLE WAS DUE TO COLD DELIBERATION OF ALLIES

Allied Chiefs were Angered at His Cutting Remarks and Situation at Peace Conference was Tense During Brockdorff-Rantzau's Speech in Answer to the Delivery of the Peace Terms.

MEXICO MADE FLAT DENIAL OF REPORT

NO FOUNDATION FOR STATEMENT THAT MEXICO TRIED TO FORM LATIN-AMERICAN LEAGUE.

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, May 8.—Replying today regarding a report that the Mexican government has instructed its minister at Buenos Aires to propose to Argentina and other South American countries a plan for the formation of a Latin-American league of nations which would be independent of the new league of nations created by the peace conference in Paris, the department of foreign relations issued a statement which it communicated to the press and other sources of the report that there was no foundation for the report.

BRINGING DEAD HEROES HOME.

London, May 8.—The body of Edith Cavell, the heroic English nurse who was executed by the Germans in 1913 at Brussels, is to be brought to England from Belgium next week, and after ceremonies at Westminster Abbey will be taken to Norwich for final internment.

It is expected that in the course of time a considerable number of those who fell in service in France, in Flanders and in other of the theatres of war will be returned to the British Isles to sleep their last sleep in their home land. A similar course has been adopted in the case of many of Britain's fallen heroes in the past.

It is recalled that as far back as 1821, through the courtesy of the United States Government, the body of Major Andre, an officer of high rank in the British army, who was hanged near New York as a spy during the American Revolution, was brought home. Andre's remains were conveyed to England in a magnificent sarcophagus, and interred in Westminster Abbey, and few Americans ever come to London without paying a visit to his tomb.

In the crypt of St. Paul's there rest side by side the bodies of Professor Palmer, Captain Gill, and Lieutenant Charrington. These three brave Englishmen penetrated in disguise into the desert hinterland during the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and were murdered by the tribesmen. For long their fate remained in doubt, but eventually their bodies were recovered, conveyed reverently to England, and laid in one grave within the walls of the famous cathedral.

One of the saddest incidents of the Zulu War of 1879 was the death of the youthful Prince Imperial of France, who was ambushed and speared by the enemy while engaged in fighting with the British troops. His body, too, was brought to England and laid to rest beside that of his father, Napoleon III, at Chislehurst, both being afterwards removed to the magnificent mausoleum erected at Farnborough by the Empress Eugenie.

HOPED THAT WAS.

"Charlie dear, what is a monopoly?" she asked, as she rested submissively in his arms, with head nestled against his coat collar.

"Well," replied Charlie, manfully struggling to bring his mind to cope with abstruse subjects and falling altogether to get beyond concrete facts, "I sincerely hope that this is."

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day: Tonight and Friday partly cloudy. Warmer Friday.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 1 a. m. today: Max. temp. 80 degs. Min. temp. 59 degs. General direction of wind: East. Cloudy. Precipitation, 1 inch.

By Associated Press.

Versailles, May 8.—In his speech before the peace conference yesterday Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau said, in part: "Public opinion in all the countries of our adversaries is resounding with the crimes Germany is said to have committed in the war. We are ready to confess the wrong that may have been done. We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged war politically and economically, or to deny the crimes which may have been committed against the rights of peoples. We repeat the declaration made in the Reichstag at the beginning of the war, that wrong had been done Belgium, and we are willing to repair it. The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 by reason of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation after our adversaries had concurred and victory had been assured them. Think of that when you speak of guilt and punishment."

Evidently Angered.

Versailles, May 8.—There were tense moments at the peace conference yesterday and during the translation of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau's speech. Premier Clemenceau and Lloyd George and President Wilson put their heads together in evident anger at more than one of the German spokesman's cutting remarks, as if deliberating the advisability of an immediate answer.

An Intolerable Insult.

London, May 8.—After the conference at Versailles, William E. Hughes, premier of Australia, said, according to a Reuters despatch: "The attitude of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau was an intolerable insult to the conference, for while Premier Clemenceau spoke standing, the German spokesman did not rise while making his address. In spite of their intolerance arrogance, this has been at time of humiliation for the Germans which we could see had entered into their souls."

Mandatory of Armenia.

Paris, May 8.—It is expected that the United States will be asked to become mandatory for Armenia, and the indications are that President Wilson will submit the matter to congress. The council of four with the president began today to arrange the program for the presentation of peace terms to the Austrian, Hungarian and Bulgarian delegates.

The Austrian treaty has begun to take form. Portions of it have already been drafted. It appears that instead of Germany being required to pay the entire indemnity demanded by the allies, a considerable sum will be demanded from Austria, the estimate of this sum at present being five billion crowns. The frontiers between German-Austria and Italy and probably the Adriatic settlement also will figure in the Austrian treaty.

WILL CABLE MESSAGE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 8.—President Wilson will cable his message to congress and it will be read immediately after congress convenes, it was announced at the White House today.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of John P. Squire, a noted pioneer in the meat packing industry in New England.

The annual convention of the Southern Textile Association will open at Greenville, S. C., today and continue over tomorrow.

The annual convention of the New Jersey Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained at Atlantic City during the three days beginning today.

A call has been issued for a meeting to open at St. Louis today to effect preliminary organization of the American Legion, to be composed of American Veterans of the world war.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

Anglo-Indian force reported eighty miles south of Mosul. Eight United States gunners killed and seven injured in explosion during firing practice at Fort Worth.

AMERICANS BEGAN AMBITIOUS FLIGHT

STARTED ON FIRST LEG OF TRANSATLANTIC VOYAGE IN THE NAVY PLANES.

By Associated Press.

New York, May 8.—The first transatlantic flight was begun when three navy Curtiss hydroairplanes left the government air station at Rockaway Beach at 10 o'clock this morning on the first leg of the journey, from Rockaway to Halifax, a distance of 540 miles. The NC-3, with Commander John H. Tower, chief of the expedition, was the first to take the air, followed by NC-1 with Lieut. Commander Bellinger and NC-4 with Lieut. Commander A. C. Read.

WINTER WHEAT FIGURES.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 8.—Winter wheat production this year will be 899,915,000 bushels, the department of agriculture announced today, basing the estimate on condition May 1.

HOUSE SHORTAGE IN LONDON.

London, May 8.—London can sympathize with New York and other American cities now suffering from a shortage of houses. In London the problem has reached a most serious stage. The scarcity of houses and apartments is driving a countless number of people into living in very queer domiciles. For example, a well-known society woman—a leader in women's movements—has had converted into house a tumbledown stable in one of the London suburbs.

Caravans of all sorts and descriptions are in use, and the demand exceeds the supply. But perhaps the queerest dwelling-places are those to be seen at the little resorts along the upper reaches of the Thames River, where even in the cold weather of the past winter, it was no uncommon thing to find people of means living in old motor buses. Sometimes these people own them, but many are paying rental at a rate of from \$20 to \$30 a month. Two of the old buses joined together—one for a living-room, the other for a sleeping apartment—have been found to make a very comfortable domicile, with no lack of ventilation.

It is estimated that huts, tents, caravans and house-boats will be almost unobtainable this summer if the weather is good. People who are now paying extravagant prices in hotels and furnished apartments owing to the house shortage, will try the simple life when the first hot day appears. In fact, the only people not likely to want to sleep in huts or under canvas are the discharged soldiers. After months and years spent in dugouts and tents the four walls of a very substantial house will be the height of Tommy Atkins' ambition.

SHE HAD, TOO.

"Get up, Maria," the poet said one night to his sleeping wife. "Get up and strike a light. I have just thought of a good word."

"Get up, yourself," replied the indignant Maria. "I have just thought of a bad one."—London Opinion.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Mr. Henpeck—"One big luxury is being overlooked by the taxpayers." Mrs. Henpeck—"Sunshine?" Mr. Henpeck (as he selects his exit—"Divorce."—Buffalo Express.

Sailors consider it very unlucky to point towards another ship. It is their custom to nod towards it, or to indicate its presence otherwise, but never to point.



From Thursday's Daily.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 8.

Lord Morris, former premier and for many years the most conspicuous figure in public affairs in Newfoundland, celebrates his sixtieth birthday today. A Newfoundlander by birth and education, he has spent the greater part of his life in public service, and his career as a statesman has been a distinguished one. In 1885 he was called to the bar, and the same year was elected to the legislature. Four years later he entered the cabinet. While Attorney-General he went to London to arrange the settlement of the French shore question, and for his services on that occasion he received his knighthood. In 1909 he became premier and remained in power until the beginning of the world war, when he resigned to avoid all danger of old party controversies being raised during the war. Later he represented Newfoundland at the Imperial War Conference in London.

## NOTICE IN PROBATE.

### THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

### Notice.

#### The State of Texas.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor: Manuel Davila has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application that letters of temporary guardianship on the Estate of said Cleotilde H. Zamora, a minor, which were granted on May 7th, 1919, be made permanent which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919; said day being the 19th day of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper.

Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1919.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ,  
Clerk Co. Court, Webb Co., Texas.

## FOR ITCHING TORTURE

### Use Antiseptic Liquid Zemo

There is one remedy that seldom fails to stop itching torture and relieve skin irritation and that makes the skin soft, clear and healthy.

Any drugist can supply you with Zemo, which generally overcomes skin diseases. Eczema, itch, pimples, rashes, blackheads, in most cases give way to Zemo. Frequently, minor blemishes disappear overnight. Itching usually stops instantly. Zemo is a safe, antiseptic liquid, clean, easy to use and dependable. It costs only 35c, an extra large bottle, \$1.00. It will not stain; is not greasy or sticky and is positively safe for tender, sensitive skins.

The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

## ODD AND INTERESTING.

Two British officials who have no need to worry over the high price of clothing are the Attorney-General and the Solicitor-General. From time immemorial it has been the custom for the Clothworkers' Company to make each of these officials an annual present of a number of yards of the best broadcloth.

A unique suggestion has been offered that some of the great guns employed in the war might now be used for firing hollow shells filled with letters and parcels. A gun such as the Germans used in their long-range bombardment of Paris would carry a shell full of letters from New York to Philadelphia in less than five minutes.

Many ancient families in England have stored away life-sized figures in wax of their ancestors, made at the time of the original's death. For example, the Duke of Norfolk has the figures of three wives of one of his ancestors, which are kept in a glass case at one of his country seats. Most of these effigies were made by Italians, and it was from Italy that the idea came.

## GOOD FOR HIM.

"I punished you merely to show my love for you," said the fond father after the chastisement.

"That's all right," sobbed the small boy. "But it's a g-g-good thing for you I ain't b-b-big enough to return your l-love, that's all."

## For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

## WHO KNOWS THIS YOUTH?



Officials of the American Naval hospital in London are trying to identify this young American sailor who was found dazed outside the Curzon hotel in London at two o'clock in the morning, clad only in his underclothing. His memory is a blank and he does not even recall his own name. Officers of the American air station at Eastleigh, England, have identified him as I. F. Seeley, an aviation mechanic stationed there. The young sailor, however, says the name does not sound familiar to him and efforts are being made to have him positively identified.

## Profiteering.

Senator Vardaman made a gesture of disgust.

"War profiteers!" he said. "With their absurd excuses they revolt me. Listen to this:

"Two profiteering partners in the clothing trade were going over their stock. The less rapacious partner said:

"Why don't we reduce the price of these \$95 all-wool overcoats?"

"The other partner nearly fainted.

"What!" he roared. "With cotton as high as it is? Say, man, you must be crazy!"

## ODD AND INTERESTING.

Beards in olden time were accounted sacred.

Only one celebrated poet had red hair—Swinburne.

Java has more thunderstorms than any other country.

Italy, in her new budget, is proposing to tax bachelors.

The black apes of Guinea have long silky hair, and their fur is used for hats and capes.

The French Legion of Honor has a much larger membership than has any other prominent order.

Whales have been known to dive at the rate of 300 yards a minute when struck by the harpoon.

Of all animals the tiger is the worst sea-traveller and the most susceptible to sea-sickness.

The fastest trip around the world was made by John Henry Mears in 1913—35 days, 21 hours and 36 minutes.

Some of the caterpillars found in the region of the Darling River in Australia are over six inches in length.

In the normal year of 365 days the months of February, March and November always begin on the same day of the week.

The famous collection of butterflies belonging to Lord Rothschild is estimated to have cost not less than \$500,000.

It is possible to go into air of a temperature of 300 degrees without the body's temperature being raised more than 20 degrees.

An apron is the Persian royal standard. A Persian who was a blacksmith by trade raised a successful revolt, and his leather apron, covered with jewels, is still borne in the van of Persian armies.

The most curious bed ever seen was probably that made for Che-mah the famous Chinese dwarf. His bed was two feet six inches in length, and although he measured scarcely fourteen inches around the chest, he insisted that it be made four feet wide.

There are poisons which are rapidly fatal to man, yet which have comparatively little effect upon animals. Dogs and horses can take ten times as much morphine in comparison to their body weight as man can. The pigeon can take five hundred times as much, while a frog is unhurt by a dose a thousand times greater, weight for weight, than one which will kill a human being.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

A movement has been started to erect in Washington a monument to American womanhood, in commemoration of the loyalty, sacrifices and services of American women in the war.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### Friday.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

### Resurrection.

Today I walked about,  
And all the little crocuses were out.

The white, the lavender, the gold,  
Blooming in sizes manifold.

Though pale their leaves, and few,  
Perfect their blossoms lifted to the blue.

Last year I walked this way  
And saw a garden just like this to-day.

And yet the garden of that other day,  
With blossoms, leaves, is gone away.

Away? Oh, not away! 'Tis here anew  
In this gay bed of white and gold and blue.

Why wonder where and how went they?  
Do I not see these living flowers today?

—Florence I. Watt.

### General Mention.

Mr. Edwin Altie is in Austin attending the legislature.

Mr. Ned Woodul of El Paso spent yesterday in the city en route to Mexico.

Mrs. Steiber returned to San Antonio yesterday, after a short visit to relatives.

Mr. A. W. Lang is expected home today from San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and little daughter Lamar have returned to their home in Bruni, after a short stay in the city.

Mr. E. T. Merriman of Corpus Christi arrived in the city yesterday and is the guest of his brother, Mr. J. D. Merriman.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Burbank expect to leave the early part of next week for Glenelder, Kansas, which is Burbank's old home.

### Announcements.

Mrs. Fred W. Mally will entertain at bridge Friday, May 16, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon at the home of Mrs. R. K. Mims.

There will be a meeting at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock for the purpose of arranging an entertainment for the returned soldier boys who have been in the service "over there and here," to be given in the near future. The mothers and wives of our soldiers are requested to be present. A large attendance is urged.

MRS. T. A. AUSTIN,  
Chairman.

The Peace Pageant which was to

## For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

## TAKE

# CARDUI

## The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help.

"I was taken sick, seemed to be . . ."

writes Mrs. Mary E. Vest, of Madison Heights, Va.

"I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . ."

just staggered around.

... I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

1.70

he given this afternoon will take place tomorrow afternoon at 5:45 o'clock.

### B. R. D. A. Elect Officers.

At a business meeting held yesterday by the B. R. D. A. Club the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Miss Maria T. Juarez, president; Mrs. E. C. Benavides, secretary; Mrs. E. F. Peña, treasurer.

### Parish Guild.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church held an interesting business meeting at the Rectory yesterday afternoon. During the business session the secretary read a report of the last meeting. Mrs. W. W. MacGregor reported that the amounts received from the Episcopal Market during Lent and from the White Sale after Easter amounted to something over \$100. The members decided to meet each week during May and they will decide later in regard to summer meetings, the president nominated a committee of four ladies to serve for a year to place prices on articles to be sold during the year, viz: Mesdames Woodman, MacGregor, Lines and Arthur. Those present yesterday were: Mesdames Arthur, Anderson, Kehl, Lusk, Lang, MacGregor, Woodman, Vidales and Cook.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 60c. per month.

## INSPECTING MISSOURI SIGNAL CORPS



Major General Menoher and all the commanding officers of the field inspecting a signal battalion of the Rainbow division that formerly was the First battalion, Missouri National Guard, at Lannes, France, before the division started on its homeward way.

# GERMAN SPOKESMAN SAID DEATH OF PEOPLE WAS DUE TO COLD DELIBERATION OF ALLIES

## Allied Chiefs were Angered at His Cutting Remarks and Situation at Peace Conference was Tense During Brockdorff-Rantzau's Speech in Answer to the Delivery of the Peace Terms.

## MEXICO MADE FLAT DENIAL OF REPORT

NO FOUNDATION FOR STATEMENT THAT MEXICO TRIED TO FORM LATIN-AMERICAN LEAGUE.

By Associated Press.

Mexico City, May 8.—Replying today regarding a report that the Mexican government has instructed its minister at Buenos Aires to propose to Argentina and other South American countries a plan for the formation of a Latin-American league of nations which would be independent of the new league of nations created by the peace conference in Paris, the department of foreign relations issued a statement which it communicated to the press and other sources of the report that there was no foundation for the report.

## BRINGING DEAD HEROES HOME.

London, May 8.—The body of Edith Cavell, the heroic English nurse who was executed by the Germans in 1915 at Brussels, is to be brought to England from Belgium next week, and after ceremonies at Westminster Abbey will be taken to Norwich for final interment.

It is expected that in the course of time a considerable number of those who fell in service in France, in Flanders and in other of the theatres of war will be returned to the British Isles to sleep their last sleep in their home land. A similar course has been adopted in the case of many of Britain's fallen heroes in the past.

It is recalled that as far back as 1821, through the courtesy of the United States Government, the body of Major Andre, an officer of high rank in the British army, who was hanged near New York as a spy during the American Revolution, was brought home. Andre's remains were conveyed to England in a magnificent sarcophagus, and interred in Westminster Abbey, and few Americans ever come to London without paying a visit to his tomb.

In the crypt of St. Paul's there rest side by side the bodies of Professor Palmer, Captain Gill, and Lieutenant Harrington. These three brave Englishmen penetrated in disguise into the desert hinterland during the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and were murdered by the tribesmen. For long their fate remained in doubt, but eventually their bodies were recovered, conveyed reverently to England, and laid in one grave within the walls of the famous cathedral.

One of the saddest incidents of the Zulu War of 1879 was the death of the youthful Prince Imperial of France, who was ambushed and speared by the enemy while engaged in fighting with the British troops. His body, too, was brought to England and laid to rest beside that of his father, Napoleon III, at Chislehurst, both being afterwards removed to the magnificent mausoleum erected at Farnborough by the Empress Eugenie.

## HOPED THAT WAS.

"Charlie dear, what is a monopoly?" she asked, as she rested peacefully in his arms, with head nestled against his coat collar.

"Well," replied Charlie, manfully struggling to bring his mind to cope with abstruse subjects and falling altogether to get beyond concrete facts, "I sincerely hope that this is."

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day: Tonight and Friday partly cloudy. Warmer Friday.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today: Max. temp. 80 degs. Min. temp. 59 degs. General direction of wind: East. Cloudy. Precipitation, 1 inch.

By Associated Press.

Versailles, May 8.—In his speech before the peace conference yesterday Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau said, in part: "Public opinion in all the countries of our adversaries is resounding with the crimes Germany is said to have committed in the war. We are ready to confess the wrong that may have been done. We do not come here to belittle the responsibility of the men who have waged war politically and economically, or to deny the crimes which may have been committed against the rights of peoples. We repeat the declaration made in the Reichstag at the beginning of the war, that wrong had been done Belgium, and we are willing to repair it. The hundreds of thousands of non-combatants who have perished since November 11 by reason of the blockade were killed with cold deliberation after our adversaries had concurred and victory had been assured them. Think of that when you speak of guilt and punishment."

## Evidently Angered.

Versailles, May 8.—There were tense moments at the peace conference yesterday and during the translation of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau's speech. Premier Clemenceau and Lloyd George and President Wilson put their heads together in evident anger at more than one of the German spokesman's cutting remarks, as if deliberating the advisability of an immediate answer.

## An Intolerable Insult.

London, May 8.—After the conference at Versailles, William E. Hughes, premier of Australia, said, according to a Reuters despatch: "The attitude of Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau was an intolerable insult to the conference, for while Premier Clemenceau spoke standing, the German spokesman did not rise while making his address. In spite of their intolerance arrogance, this has been at time of humiliation for the Germans which we could see had entered into their souls."

## Mandatory of Armenia.

Paris, May 8.—It is expected that the United States will be asked to become mandatory for Armenia, and the indications are that President Wilson will submit the matter to congress. The council of four with the president began today to arrange the program for the presentation of peace terms to the Austrian, Hungarian and Bulgarian delegates.

The Austrian treaty has begun to take form. Portions of it have already been drafted. It appears that instead of Germany being required to pay the entire indemnity demanded by the allies, a considerable sum will be demanded from Austria, the estimate of this sum at present being five billion crowns. The frontiers between German-Austria and Italy and probably the Adriatic settlement also will figure in the Austrian treaty.

## WILL CABLE MESSAGE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 8.—President Wilson will cable his message to congress and it will be read immediately after congress convenes, it was announced at the White House today.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Centennial anniversary of the birth of John P. Squire, a noted pioneer in the meat packing industry in New England. The annual convention of the Southern Textile Association will open at Greenville, S. C., today and continue over tomorrow.

The annual convention of the New Jersey Federation of Women's Clubs will be entertained at Atlantic City during the three days beginning today.

A call has been issued for a meeting to open at St. Louis today to effect preliminary organization of the American Legion, to be composed of American Veterans of the world war.

## ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

Anglo-Indian force reported eighty miles south of Mosul. Eight United States gunners killed and seven injured in explosion during firing practice at Fort Worth.

## AMERICANS BEGAN AMBITIOUS FLIGHT

STARTED ON FIRST LEG OF TRANSATLANTIC VOYAGE IN THE NAVY PLANES.

By Associated Press.

New York, May 8.—The first transatlantic flight was begun when three navy Curtiss hydroairplanes left the government air station at Rockaway beach at 10 o'clock this morning on the first leg of the journey, from Rockaway to Halifax, a distance of 340 miles. The NC-3, with Commander John H. Tower, chief of the expedition, was the first to take the air, followed by NC-1 with Lieut. Commander Bellinger and NC-4 with Lieut. Commander A. C. Read.

## WINTER WHEAT FIGURES.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 8.—Winter wheat production this year will be 899,915,000 bushels, the department of agriculture announced today, basing the estimate on condition May 1.

## HOUSE SHORTAGE IN LONDON.

London, May 8.—London can sympathize with New York and other American cities now suffering from a shortage of houses. In London the problem has reached a most serious stage. The scarcity of houses and apartments is driving a countless number of people into living in very queer domiciles. For example, a well-known society woman—a leader in women's movements—has had converted into house a tumbledown stable in one of the London suburbs.

Caravans of all sorts and descriptions are in use, and the demand exceeds the supply. But perhaps the queerest dwelling-places are those to be seen at the little resorts along the upper reaches of the Thames River, where even in the cold weather of the past winter, it was no uncommon thing to find people of means living in old motor buses. Sometimes these people own them, but many are paying rental at a rate of from \$20 to \$30 a month. Two of the old buses joined together—one for a living-room, the other for a sleeping apartment—have been found to make a very comfortable domicile, with no lack of ventilation.

It is estimated that huts, tents, caravans and house-boats will be almost unobtainable this summer if the weather is good. People who are now paying extravagant prices in hotels and furnished apartments owing to the house shortage, will try the simple life when the first hot day appears. In fact, the only people not likely to want to sleep in huts or under canvas are the discharged soldiers. After months and years spent in dugouts and tents the four walls of a very substantial house will be the height of Tommy Atkins' ambition.

## SHE HAD, TOO.

"Get up, Maria," the poet said one night to his sleeping wife. "Get up and strike a light. I have just thought of a good word."

"Get up, yourself," replied the indignant Maria. "I have just thought of a bad one."—London Opinion.

## THE POINT OF VIEW.

Mr. Henpeck—"One big luxury is being overlooked by the taxmakers." Mrs. Henpeck—"Sunshine!" Mr. Henpeck (as he selects his exit)—"Divorce."—Buffalo Express.

Sailors consider it very unlucky to point towards another ship. It is their custom to nod towards it, or to indicate its presence otherwise, but never to point.



# THE AWFUL CIGARETTE.

For some years past, when the cheerful reformer wanted to take a rap at the fads and follies of mankind, he picked out the cigarette as the one best bet. It was something that women did not use—as a rule—and therefore he could count upon the support of the weaker half in his battle against the little source of solace, while many of the men—even those who smoked—looked with horror on the cigarette.

As a result of this activity, many of the states passed laws—most of which were "more honored in the breach than in the observance"—making it almost a crime to have the makings on one's person. Indeed, they made it at least a misdemeanor to expose for sale the thin papers without which the average "home mader" could not be fabricated.

The laws at first aimed at preventing young boys from getting the cigarettes, and from that it was only a step to making the cigarette habit so disreputable that the older and more hardened offenders were almost ashamed to smoke cigarettes in public.

But the war has changed the opinion of those who were not absolutely fanatics on the cigarette question, and it came to be known that the army surgeons and nurses, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A. and a number of other welfare workers approved of the cigarette as the greatest solace to a weary, sick or wounded soldier that could be given him.

One of the results of this widespread knowledge is that Nebraska, one of the pioneer states in anti-cigarette legislation, has repealed its laws forbidding the sale of cigarettes or "the makings" thereof, and in future a man who smokes the little tubes will not have to feel like a criminal.

The Atlanta Constitution recently said that the continuance of such legislation would tend to cause a reaction on the part of the people and result in the wiping away of the statutes which have been passed against the traffic in drugs or alcoholic liquors.

Back from the trenches are coming the millions of young soldiers who have helped to make the world safe for democracy. There may be some among them who do not use cigarettes, and there may be few who have learned to use them while in the service. But the fact remains that no one is better qualified to speak concerning the solace of a short smoke when in pain, or weary or "in the dumps." They find that there is not the evil after effect from smoking a cigarette or two that the extremists have charged. And they are not willing to forego the enjoyment and the comfort which they derive from the cigarettes because a certain reform element which is now without an occupation because of the success of the prohibition movement wants to seek new worlds to conquer and picks out the cigarette as the next thing to tackle.

The world has been redeemed from much sin and suffering during the past few centuries. That this redemption is due to the reformers of the class which is now attacking the cigarette is doubtful. Many of our greatest reforms have come about through the education of the masses, and it is not always the man who preaches to others who is the most moral.

It is true that tobacco, like many other things which we use daily, can be abused. But as the Constitution's editorial says, the next thing will be the pipe and the cigar, after which we may expect an attack upon tea and coffee, and even dill pickles, because the latter disagree with some people.

There is nothing inherently wrong in smoking a cigarette. Nor does such a habit lead to other vices, such as are charged against intoxicating liquors. And when a thing is not inherently wrong and leads to no wrong, even though it may be a foolish and wasteful habit, which is all that can really be charged against the cigarette, it would seem that there is no crying need for such a drastic reform as the prohibition of cigarette smoking, or the sale of the little comforts.

## UNDER TWO FLAGS.

Just now this country is under two flags—Old Glory and the red flag of anarchy. And as "a nation divided against itself cannot stand," just so it is necessary for the red flag to be driven out, or the American flag is in danger.

Coming back from Europe are some of our soldiers who entered the service without the ideals which animated the majority. They are ignorant and uninformed. They take a pride in present in wearing the uniform and being a part of the great forces of victory. But soon they will return to their old habits and customs, their former acquaintances and their previous lack of employment that is useful.

These men have learned the lessons of discipline, and up to the present are amenable to law and order. Why not keep them so? Why let them drift back into their old sordid surroundings, where they touch surmountings, where they touch surmountings with anarchists, where they hear the doctrine of unrest preached by the frowny-headed, unwashed trash that Europe has rejected?

Why not get rid of the anarchists who are a potential source of danger to our institutions and who have already begun to threaten what they will do as soon as peace is declared.

No sooner is peace in prospect than our authorities go back to the old careless ways, apparently not understanding that this a critical moment, even more so than when we were at war and every man and woman was on the watch for possible treason.

A meeting is broken up because of its treasonable nature, and when the speakers and leaders at the meeting leave the house, the officers merely take off their red badges and permit them to depart.

These men, who are now working to overthrow the government under which we are living, should be arrested and confined, not turned loose. What is it to them that the police take off their flags? A bit of cloth is easy to get, and so long as the spirit of the anarchist survives he is as dangerous to the community as a mad dog.

If we are to protect our young men from evil associates, we must see to it that the anarchist leaders are rounded up and deported; if they have committed crimes which would warrant it, they should be given long terms of imprisonment.

We cannot dry nurse the soldiers for years to come. They have won the right to act and think for themselves, but many of them are at the impressionable age when a little impassioned talk and the waving of the flag which is declared to be the emblem of humanity may turn them into evil paths.

We have laws which forbid improper assemblages of those who advocate the overthrow of our government. It is not enough to prevent or break up the meetings. When a man preaches sedition against our government he has committed the overt act which is all that is necessary to convict him of a violation of our laws, and he should receive the penalty, not be turned loose with a warning from the police.

There is no room for another flag in this country. We are one people, no matter what our origin; we acknowledge one country and one flag, and those who are opposed to that doctrine have no place among us.

It is natural for a man to have a friendly feeling for the country that gave him birth, and to even respect and love the flag of that country. But the anarchist preaches that there is no country, no flag and no people worthy of respect; that all are brothers and that the same flag which is good enough for one people—meaning the anarchists—is good enough for all the rest.

Let us put a definite stop to this treason, and let every man who preaches treason and upholds the red flag be confined in prison or deported to the country from which he came. If he is a native American, so much the worse for him, for he has not even the excuse of knowing no better.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

### MAYO 7.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell, who has come to America to further a plan for solidifying the Boy Scout movement into an international organization, will always be identified with this movement, which he founded in England in 1908 and which has since spread practically all over the world. Sir Robert, who was knighted in 1909, is one of Great Britain's greatest military men. Joining the Hussars in 1876, he saw service in India, Afghanistan and South Africa, and in 1890 he became assistant military secretary at Malta. He was in command of the special native levies during the Ashanti campaign of 1895, and he held the position of chief staff officer in the Matabele campaign the next year. The most famous incident in his military career, however, was, of course, his heroic defense of Mafeking during the Boer war.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

### MAYO 7.

- 1796—George Upfold, first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Indiana, born in England. Died at Indianapolis, Aug. 26, 1872.
- 1848—Polish insurgents under Mierowlawski after severe defeats surrendered to Prussians.
- 1875—Three hundred lives lost in the wreck of the German mail steamer "Schiller" near the Scilly Isles.
- 1889—Theodore Roosevelt was appointed a member of the U. S. Civil Service Commission.
- 1892—The 100th anniversary of the discovery of Puget Sound was celebrated at Port Townsend, Wash.
- 1902—Eruption of Mont La Soufriere, St. Vincent's, destroying two thousand lives.
- 1915—Steamship Lusitania sunk off south coast of Ireland by German submarine with loss of nearly 1,200 lives, including more than 100 Americans.
- 1916—Germans launched new great offensive at Verdun.
- 1917—British repulsed an assault by the Germans southeast of Lens.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers



The City of  
**GOODRICH**  
Akron, Ohio

"Spoiling the ship for a penny's worth of Tar."

You know the old saying—Don't let this happen to our American Ship of State.

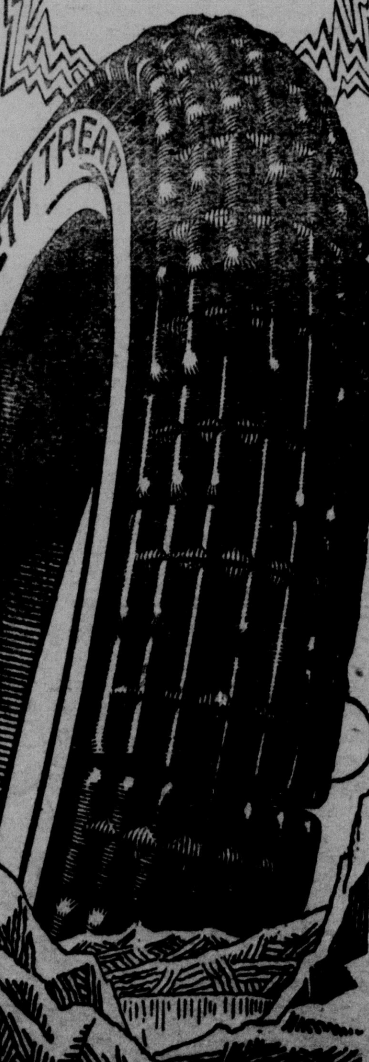
Our Country has never stood higher in the eyes of the world than it does today. A place second to none among the Nations has come to us—a place in the sun calling upon Americans to be teachers and exponents instead of followers.

We fought to make the World a decent place to live in, now we must pay to keep the World a decent place to live in—the eyes of all people are upon us, we must put this Victory Loan over in double quick time.

Remember, 4-3/4%—a quarter more this time, and with America's whole resources behind you. Do it now. Do you bit towards steering our American Ship of State towards the greatest smooth sailing prosperity the world has known—and finish this war in a businesslike way.

**GOODRICH**  
**TIRES**

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"



## WHIRLWIND CANVASS IS ON TO SECURE SUBSCRIPTIONS

VICTORY LOAN COMMITTEES SECURE VOLUNTEER HELPERS.

Workers Making an Effort to Put Webb County "Over the Top" Are Working Like Trojans Today.

The Victory Loan workers of Laredo and Webb county are "on the job" today with an earnest and determined effort that should avail much in greatly increasing the amount of the bond subscriptions here and far exceed the \$300,000 mark.

As a result of the meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning many volunteer workers were secured to assist in the campaign of soliciting subscriptions, and when the workers got out and began their work there were none to escape them, for they "nailed" everybody who was not wearing a "V" button denoting that he had done his part in buying bonds.

Up to the noon hour today many new subscriptions had been secured and the work will continue unabated throughout the day. Most of the business houses of Laredo sent representatives to the meeting held this morning and these representatives comprise the volunteer solicitors who are assisting the Victory Loan committees in the whirlwind canvass today.

## HISTORIC CANNON GIVEN TO ALAMO BY JUDGE SPOHN

Historic Relic of the Early Days of Texas Now Occupies a Place in Texas Cradle of Independence.

According to an item published in the San Antonio Evening News of yesterday, Judge A. P. Spohn of Zapata county has presented the Alamo with a valuable historic relic in the form of an old cannon that for more than forty years has been in the custody of Judge Spohn and has lain in the courtyard at Zapata since that county was organized. In part the item regarding the presentation of the dismantled cannon states:

Judge Spohn was induced by J. J. Lawrence of San Antonio to give him the cannon with the understanding that it be presented to some historical society. A few days ago the cannon was placed in the Alamo.

Mr. Lawrence is a grandson of Joseph Lawrence, a member of Gen. Sam Houston's command and a participant in the battle of San Jacinto and the capture of Santa Anna. "Being a native Texan and a grandson of one of the heroes of the battle of San Jacinto, I am naturally interested in anything connected with the history of this great State of Texas," Mr. Lawrence explained to the Daughters of the Texas Republic in making his gift to the Alamo. "A number of pioneer citizens of Laredo insisted that this piece of Texas history be given to the City of Laredo instead of the Daughters of the Republic. Since San Antonio is my home and the home of the Alamo, it is but natural that I give it to the Daughters of the Republic."

Though at first glance this relic of the struggles of the pioneer Texans is a cumbersome cannon barrel, so rusted from exposure that much of its identity is lost, around it clusters one of the greatest chronicles in the annals of Texas history—the story of the Mier expedition.

In the early fall of 1842, excited and angered by the continual raids and encroachments of the Mexicans, and particularly by the recent attack on San Antonio by the Mexicans, Gen. Woll determined to retaliate.

In pursuance of a call for volunteers issued by President Sam Houston more than a thousand gathered at San Antonio under the command of Gen. Somervell, who was placed at the head of the troops by President Houston. Later, after disbanding and reassembling in October, in November about 750 men, representing only a part of the first volunteers, crossed into Mexico at Guerrero, returned to Gonzales and disbanded.

Six captains and their companies, however, refused to demobilize and reorganized themselves under the command of Col. William S. Fisher. Approximately 300 men met more than 2,340 Mexicans at Mier, inflicted a loss of 700 or 800 men on the part of the Mexicans, and finally were forced to surrender. About 250 Texans were captured and marched to the City of Mexico by the way of Matamoros. After escaping and being recaptured at the Hacienda del Salado, one-tenth of the number was selected by lot for execution. The survivors were imprisoned in the Castle Perote. A few escaped and the others, 107 in number, were liberated by Santa Anna in 1844.

**BREEDEN'S**  
**RHEUMATIC**  
**COMPOUND**  
FOR RHEUMATISM  
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold By  
Reed's Drug Store, People's  
Pharmacy and J. M. Ramos.

## PEACE PAGEANT TOMORROW BY THE SCHOOL CHILDREN

FESTIVITIES APROPOS TO OCCASION ON THE PROGRAM.

Instead of May Queen Will Be Liberty, and the Allies Will Be Represented in the Courts.

The Peace Pageant given by the children of the Laredo public schools, which was to have taken place on May 1, but was necessarily postponed on account of the effects of the rain, will take place on School Plaza tomorrow afternoon beginning at 5:45 o'clock, when the first feature of the program, the baby buggy parade, will start the festival going.

The Peace Pageant takes the place of the May Queen Fete, and instead of a May Queen being crowned, little Miss Mildred Leyendecker will be crowned as the Goddess of Liberty, attended by her maid, "Independence," Miss Rosalie Wormser. A soldier of the United States army, represented by Jack Halsell, will crown Liberty, while a sailor of the United States Navy, represented by Beverly Hall, will present Liberty with the torch. Liberty and her attendants will be escorted by the High School Cadets as a guard of honor.

The courts this year, instead of representing those of princesses, will represent the allied nations, while Liberty's court will represent the United States of America. Miss Esther Penn's court will represent Italy; Miss Alice Penn's court will represent France, and Miss Elena Garcia's court will represent Belgium, while Indian club swingers in costume will represent Great Britain. As each of the courts enter the scene of the coronation the 37th Infantry Band will play the national air of that country. The musical program will be in charge of Mrs. Macdonald, while the vocal program will be in charge of Mrs. Sue Smith.

The following is the official program of the "Peace Pageant" as announced by Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill, who is in charge, the program starting promptly at 6:30 o'clock Thursday evening, May 1, on School Plaza:

1. Baby buggy parade in charge of Miss Siro, with the Boy Scouts attending at 5:45 o'clock.
2. Entrance of Liberty and her attendants, at 6:15 o'clock.
3. Song, "Hail, Queen of the May," by the children.
4. Crowning of Liberty.
5. May pole dances—Misses Mussett and Lang in charge of the Urbahn school pole; Miss Melitona Villareal in charge of the Heights school pole; Miss Vera Sharkey in charge of the Central school pole.
6. Group dance, "Garlands," under direction Miss Zara Mowry.
7. Victory song by attendants of Liberty.
8. Indian Club drill by High School boys.
9. Group dance, "Chase of the Butterfly," by children.
10. Song, "America," everybody requested to join in the singing.
11. Lowering of the flag.
12. The Star Spangled Banner—grand finale.

The following boys will act as flag-bearers in the Peace Pageant: Fred Rogers, for the United States (Liberty); Elmer Rogers, for Great Britain; Justo S. Penn, Jr., for France; Roy K. Mims, Jr., for Belgium; and Ralph Mathes for Italy.

## FIFTEEN CARLOADS AGAIN SHIPPED OUT LAST NIGHT

Recent Rains and "Cinco de Mayo" Caused Harvesting to Be Reduced to Minimum Past Three Days.

The effects of the rain making the fields muddy and the "Cinco de Mayo" causing many of the Mexican laborers to come to the city to help in the observance of Mexico's national holiday, has had a tendency to reduce the onion shipments out of Laredo to the minimum the past three days.

Last night's shipments out of here again aggregated only fifteen carloads, when under normal conditions it should have been about fifty carloads, but harvesting and packing on an extensive scale was resumed this morning and the shipments out of here tonight will be heavy. The total number of carloads of onions shipped out of Laredo up to this morning was 653 carloads.

## CIVIL CASES IN COURT DISPOSED OF YESTERDAY

Number of Cases Were Also Continued, Set for Trial at the Present Term of Court or Dismissed.

In the district court here yesterday, with Judge C. C. Thomas presiding, the case of the Union Bank & Trust Co. vs. Dominguez Brothers of this city, suit on note, was taken up and disposed of, resulting in a judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$1,090.98 and costs of court.

The case of J. P. Bass vs. C. Garcia Fuentes et al, suit on note, was disposed of yesterday in district court, with judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$992.75 and costs of court. A number of civil cases were continued, set for trial at this term of court, while several were finally dismissed.

## LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Seven carloads of calamine, one carload of rubber and two carloads of garlic.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—If the weather remains in its present favorable condition there will be several thousand people on and about School Plaza tomorrow evening to witness the Peace Pageant to be held by the school children of Laredo.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

—Parties arriving in Laredo from various portions of the country report good rains during the past few days. The rains at this time will prove of inestimable value to stockmen, as it will put the ranges in good condition and cattle will fare better the coming summer than in several years past.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Puerros, 302 Farragut street.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Medrano and Miss Maria Guevara, Cesario Salas and Miss Rebecca Garcia, Manuel Medina and Miss Eudelia Morales.

—Pianos and combiola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

—The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

—The grand jury in district court recessed yesterday afternoon until Thursday morning, several of the members desiring to help in the Victory Bond Drive today, which followed the meeting held in the Chamber of Commerce quarters at nine o'clock this morning.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

—For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

## SAVE MONEY TO BUY YOUR LIBERTY BONDS by trading with us.

The market is going up, but our prices remain the same.

Columbia Flour 24 lb. sack \$1.55

Country eggs per dozen .40 cts.

Gold Dust 6 for 25 cts.

Spuds 8 lbs. for 25 cts.

Rose Dale Peaches, can 25 cts.

Clipper tomatoes No. 1, dozen \$1.00

Clipper pulp No. 1, dozen 95 cts.

LET'S HAVE YOUR ORDER

S. Flores Cash Store

1319 Hidalgo St. Tel. 1417

## LAREDO ICE FACTORY

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

**FIRE INSURANCE**  
**F. M. RAMSAY**  
1301 Iturbide St.  
PHONE 82

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.  
After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free.  
J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## PIGGLY WIGGLY All Over the World

Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.

EVERY PATRON THAT TURNS THE TURNSTILE REGISTERS

10% TO 20% SAVING

TRY IT YOURSELF. SEE IF OUR WORDS ARE NOT INFINITELY TRUE.

You save on everything you buy, no catch penny Bargains, no leaders to draw you in but a steady-persistent SAVING ON EVERYTHING. you ask HOW CAN WE DO IT, well we don't do it YOU DO IT, you save yourself the cost of clerks waiting upon you, you save the cost of expensive order taking and delivery, AND YOU DON'T PAY THE OTHER FELLOW'S BILL, that is HOW it is done. Come in and see for yourself the same as thousands of other good people in Laredo are doing.

SOME OF PIGGLY-WIGGLY EVERY DAY-ALL THE TIME PRICES.

Serve Yourself--No Clerks--No Deliveries

Remember the Location  
Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.



From Wednesday's Daily.

#### THE AWFUL CIGARETTE.

For some years past, when the cheerful reformer wanted to take a rap at the fads and follies of mankind, he picked out the cigarette as the one best bet. It was something that women did not use—as a rule—and therefore he could count upon the support of the weaker half in his battle against the little source of solace, while many of the men—even those who smoked—looked with horror on the cigarette.

As a result of this activity, many of the states passed laws—most of which were "more honored in the breach than in the observance"—making it almost a crime to have the makings on one's person. Indeed, they made it at least a misdemeanor to expose for sale the thin papers without which the average "home maker" could not be fabricated.

The laws at first aimed at preventing young boys from getting the cigarettes, and from that it was only a step to making the cigarette habit so disreputable that the older and more hardened offenders were almost ashamed to smoke cigarettes in public.

But the war has changed the opinion of those who were not absolutely fanatics on the cigarette question, and it came to be known that the army surgeons and nurses, the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A. and a number of other welfare workers approved of the cigarette as the greatest solace to a weary, sick or wounded soldier that could be given him.

One of the results of this widespread knowledge is that Nebraska, one of the pioneer states in anti-cigarette legislation, has repealed its laws forbidding the sale of cigarettes or "the makings" thereof, and in future a man who smokes the little tubes will not have to feel like a criminal.

The Atlanta Constitution recently said that the continuance of such legislation would tend to cause a reaction on the part of the people and result in the wiping away of the statutes which have been passed against the traffic in drugs or alcoholic liquors.

Back from the trenches are coming the millions of young soldiers who have helped to make the world safe for democracy. There may be some among them who do not use cigarettes, and there may be few who have learned to use them while in the service. But the fact remains that no one is better qualified to speak concerning the solace of a short smoke when in pain, or weary or "in the dumps." They find that there is not the evil after effect from smoking a cigarette or two that the extremists have charged. And they are not willing to forego the enjoyment and the comfort which they derive from the cigarettes because a certain reform element which is now without an occupation because of the success of the prohibition movement wants to seek new worlds to conquer and picks out the cigarette as the next thing to tackle.

The world has been redeemed from much sin and suffering during the past few centuries. That this redemption is due to the reformers of the class which is now attacking the cigarette is doubtful. Many of our greatest reforms have come about through the education of the masses, and it is not always the man who preaches to others who is the most moral.

It is true that tobacco, like many other things which we use daily, can be abused. But as the Constitution's editorial says, the next thing will be the pipe and the cigar, after which we may expect an attack upon tea and coffee, and even dill pickles, because the latter disagree with some people.

There is nothing inherently wrong in smoking a cigarette. Nor does such a habit lead to other vices, such as are charged against intoxicating liquors. And when a thing is not inherently wrong and leads to no wrong, even though it may be a foolish and wasteful habit, which is all that can really be charged against the cigarette, it would seem that there is no crying need for such a drastic reform as the prohibition of cigarette smoking, or the sale of the little comforts.

#### UNDER TWO FLAGS.

Just now this country is under two flags—Old Glory and the red flag of anarchy. And as "a nation divided against itself cannot stand," just so it is necessary for the red flag to be driven out, or the American flag is in danger.

Coming back from Europe are some of our soldiers who entered the service without the ideals which animated the majority. They are ignorant and uninformed. They take a pride at present in wearing the uniform and being a part of the great forces of victory. But soon they will return to their old habits and customs, their former acquaintances and their previous lack of employment that is useful.

These men have learned the lessons of discipline, and up to the present are amenable to law and order. Why not keep them so? Why let them drift back into their old sordid surroundings, where they touch shoulders with anarchists, where they hear the doctrine of unrest preached by the frowsy-headed, unwashed trash that Europe has rejected?

Why not get rid of the anarchists who are a potential source of danger to our institutions and who have already begun to threaten what they will do as soon as peace is declared.

No sooner is peace in prospect than our authorities go back to the old careless ways, apparently not understanding that this is a critical moment, even more so than when we were at war and every man and woman was on the watch for possible treason.

A meeting is broken up because of its treasonable nature, and when the speakers and leaders at the meeting leave the house, the officers merely take off their red badges and permit them to depart.

These men, who are now working to overthrow the government under which we are living, should be arrested and confined, not turned loose. What is it to them that the police take off their flags? A bit of cloth is easy to get, and so long as the spirit of the anarchist survives he is as dangerous to the community as a mad dog.

If we are to protect our young men from evil associates, we must see to it that the anarchist leaders are rounded up and deported; if they have committed crimes which would warrant it, they should be given long terms of imprisonment.

We cannot dry nurse the soldiers for years to come. They have won the right to act and think for themselves, but many of them are at the impressionable age when a little impassioned talk and the waving of the flag which is declared to be the emblem of humanity may turn them into evil paths.

We have laws which forbid improper assemblages of those who advocate the overthrow of our government. It is not enough to prevent or break up the meetings. When a man preaches sedition against our government he has committed the overt act which is all that is necessary to convict him of a violation of our laws, and he should receive the penalty, not be turned loose with a warning from the police.

There is no room for another flag in this country. We are one people, no matter what our origin; we acknowledge one country and one flag, and those who are opposed to that doctrine have no place among us.

It is natural for a man to have a friendly feeling for the country that gave him birth, and to even respect and love the flag of that country. But the anarchist preaches that there is no country, no flag and no people worthy of respect; that all are brothers and that the same flag which is good enough for one people—meaning the anarchists—is good enough for all the rest.

Let us put a definite stop to this treason, and let every man who preaches treason and upholds the red flag be confined in prison or deported to the country from which he came. If he is a native American, so much the worse for him, for he has not even the excuse of knowing no better.

#### IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAYO 7.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Robert Baden-Powell, who has come to America to further a plan for solidifying the Boy Scout movement into an international organization, will always be identified with this movement, which he founded in England in 1908 and which has since spread practically all over the world. Sir Robert, who was knighted in 1909, is one of Great Britain's greatest military men. Joining the Hussars in 1876, he saw service in India, Afghanistan and South Africa, and in 1890 he became assistant military secretary at Malta. He was in command of the special native levies during the Ashanti campaign of 1895, and he held the position of chief staff officer in the Matabele campaign the next year. The most famous incident in his military career, however, was, of course, his heroic defense of Mafeking during the Boer war.

#### TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

MAYO 7.

- 1796—George Upfold, first Protestant Episcopal bishop of Indiana, born in England. Died at Indianapolis, Aug. 26, 1872.
- 1848—Polish insurgents under Mierowlawski after severe defeats surrendered to Prussians.
- 1875—Three hundred lives lost in the wreck of the German mail steamer "Schiller" near the Scilly Isles.
- 1889—Theodore Roosevelt was appointed a member of the U. S. Civil Service Commission.
- 1892—The 100th anniversary of the discovery of Puget Sound was celebrated at Port Townsend, Wash.
- 1902—Eruption of Mont La Soufriere, St. Vincent's, destroying two thousand lives.
- 1915—Steamship Lusitania sunk off south coast of Ireland by German submarine with loss of nearly 1,200 lives, including more than 100 Americans.
- 1916—Germans launched new great offensive at Verdun.
- 1917—British repulsed an assault by the Germans southeast of Lens.

—TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$\$



The City of  
**GOODRICH**  
Akron, Ohio

"Spoiling the ship for a penny's worth of Tar."

You know the old saying—Don't let this happen to our American Ship of State.

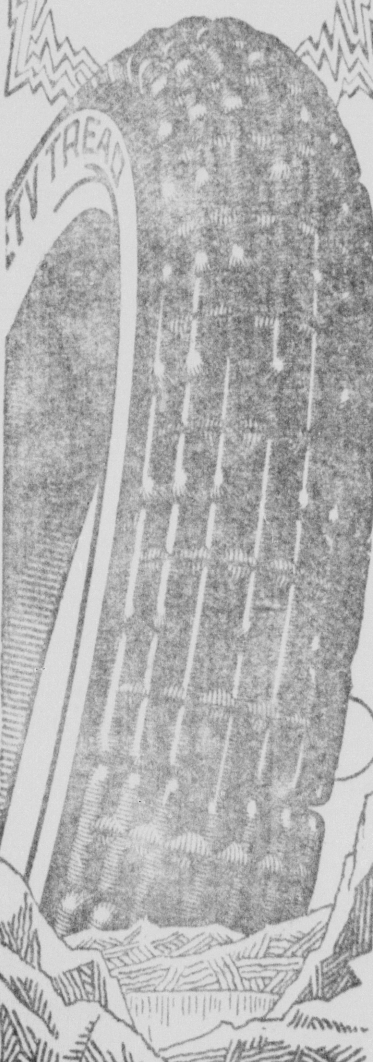
Our Country has never stood higher in the eyes of the world than it does today. A place second to none among the Nations has come to us—a place in the sun calling upon Americans to be teachers and exponents instead of followers.

We fought to make the World a decent place to live in, now we must pay to keep the World a decent place to live in—the eyes of all people are upon us, we must put this Victory Loan over in double quick time.

Remember, 4-4-4—a quarter more this time, and with America's whole resources behind you. Do it now. Do you bit towards steering our American Ship of State towards the greatest, smooth sailing prosperity the world has known—and finish this war in a businesslike way.

**GOODRICH**  
**TIRES**

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"



#### WHIRLWIND CANVASS IS ON TO SECURE SUBSCRIPTIONS

VICTORY LOAN COMMITTEES SECURE VOLUNTEER HELPERS.

Workers Making an Effort to Put Webb County "Over the Top" Are Working Like Trojans Today.

The Victory Loan workers of Laredo and Webb county are "on the job" today with an earnest and determined effort that should avail much in greatly increasing the amount of the bond subscriptions here and far exceed the \$300,000 mark.

As a result of the meeting held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning many volunteer workers were secured to assist in the campaign of soliciting subscriptions, and when the workers got out and began their work there were none to escape them, for they "nailed" everybody who was not wearing a "V" button denoting that he had done his part in buying bonds.

Up to the noon hour today many new subscriptions had been secured and the work will continue unabated throughout the day. Most of the business houses of Laredo sent representatives to the meeting held this morning and these representatives comprise the volunteer solicitors who are assisting the Victory Loan committees in the whirlwind canvass today.

#### HISTORIC CANNON GIVEN TO ALAMO BY JUDGE SPOHN

Historic Relic of the Early Days of Texas Now Occupies a Place in Texas Cradle of Independence.

According to an item published in the San Antonio Evening News of yesterday, Judge A. P. Spohn of Zapata county has presented the Alamo with a valuable historic relic in the form of an old cannon that for more than forty years has been in the custody of Judge Spohn and has lain in the courtyard at Zapata since that county was organized. In part the item regarding the presentation of the dismounted cannon states:

Judge Spohn was induced by J. J. Lawrence of San Antonio to give him the cannon with the understanding that it be presented to some historical society. A few days ago the cannon was placed in the Alamo.

Mr. Lawrence is a grandson of Joseph Lawrence, a member of Gen. Sam Houston's command and a participant in the battle of San Jacinto and the capture of Santa Anna.

"Being a native Texan and a grandson of one of the heroes of the battle of San Jacinto, I am naturally interested in anything connected with the history of this great State of Texas," Mr. Lawrence explained to the daughters of the Texas Republic in making his gift to the Alamo. "A number of pioneer citizens of Laredo insisted that this piece of Texas history be given to the City of Laredo instead of the Daughters of the Republic. Since San Antonio is my home and the home of the Alamo, it is but natural that I give it to the Daughters of the Republic."

Though at first glance this relic of the struggles of the pioneer Texans is a cumbersome cannon barrel, so rusted from exposure that much of its identity is lost, around it clusters one of the greatest chronicles in the annals of Texas history—the story of the Mier expedition.

In the early fall of 1842, excited and angered by the continual raids and encroachments of the Mexicans, and particularly by the recent attack on San Antonio by the Mexicans, Gen. Wolf determined to retaliate.

In pursuance of a call for volunteers issued by President Sam Houston more than a thousand gathered at San Antonio under the command of Gen. Somervell, who was placed at the head of the troops by President Houston. Later, after disbanding and reassembling in October, in November about 750 men, representing only a part of the first volunteers, crossed into Mexico at Guerrero, returned to Gonzales and disbanded.

Six captains and their companies, however, refused to demobilize and reorganized themselves under the command of Col. William S. Fisher. Approximately 300 men met more than 2,340 Mexicans at Mier, inflicted a loss of 700 or 800 men on the part of the Mexicans, and finally were forced to surrender. About 250 Texans were captured and marched to the City of Mexico by the way of Matamoros. After escaping and being recaptured at the Hacienda del Salado, one-tenth of the number was selected by lot for execution. The survivors were imprisoned in the Castle Perote. A few escaped and the others, 107 in number, were liberated by Santa Anna in 1844.

**BREEDEN'S**  
**RHEUMATIC**  
**COMPOUND**  
FOR RHEUMATISM  
SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold By  
Reed's Drug Store, People's  
Pharmacy and J. M. Ramos.

#### PEACE PAGEANT TOMORROW BY THE SCHOOL CHILDREN

FESTIVITIES APROPOS TO OCCASION ON THE PROGRAM.

Instead of May Queen Will Be Liberty, and the Allies Will Be Represented in the Courts.

The Peace Pageant given by the children of the Laredo public schools, which was to have taken place on May 1, but was necessarily postponed on account of the effects of the rain, will take place on School Plaza tomorrow afternoon beginning at 5:45 o'clock, when the first feature of the program, the baby buggy parade, will start the festival going.

The Peace Pageant takes the place of the May Queen Fete, and instead of a May Queen being crowned, Little Miss Mildred Leyendecker will be crowned as the Goddess of Liberty, attended by her maid, "Independence," Miss Rosalie Wormser. A soldier of the United States army, represented by Jack Halsey, will crown Liberty, while a sailor of the United States Navy, represented by Beverly Hall, will present Liberty with the torch. Liberty and her attendants will be escorted by the High School Cadets as a guard of honor.

The courts this year, instead of representing those of princesses, will represent the allied nations, while Liberty's court will represent the United States of America. Miss Esther Penn's court will represent Italy; Miss Alice Penn's court will represent France, and Miss Elena Garcia's court will represent Belgium, while Indian club swingers in costume will represent Great Britain. As each of the courts enter the scene of the coronation the 37th Infantry Band will play the national air of that country. The musical program will be in charge of Mrs. Macdonald, while the vocal program will be in charge of Mrs. Sue Smith.

The following is the official program of the "Peace Pageant" as announced by Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill, who is in charge, the program starting promptly at 6:30 o'clock Thursday evening, May 1, on School Plaza:

1. Baby buggy parade in charge of Miss Siros, with the Boy Scouts attending at 5:45 o'clock.
2. Entrance of Liberty and her attendants, at 6:15 o'clock.
3. Song, "Hail, Queen of the May," by the children.
4. Crowning of Liberty.
5. May pole dances—Misses Mussett and Lang in charge of the Urbahn school pole; Miss Melitona Villalobos in charge of the Heights school pole; Miss Vera Sharkey in charge of the Central school pole.
6. Group dance, "Garlands," under direction Miss Zara Mowry.
7. Victory song by attendants of Liberty.
8. Indian Club drill by High School boys.
9. Group dance, "Chase of the Butterflies," by children.
10. Song, "America," everybody requested to join in the singing.
11. Lowering of the flag.
12. The Star Spangled Banner—grand finale.

The following boys will act as flag-bearers in the Peace Pageant: Fred Rogers, for the United States (Liberty); Elmer Rogers, for Great Britain; Justo S. Penn, Jr., for France; Roy K. Mims, Jr., for Belgium, and Ralph Mathes for Italy.

#### FIFTEEN CARLOADS AGAIN SHIPPED OUT LAST NIGHT

Recent Rains and "Cinco de Mayo" Caused Harvesting to Be Reduced to Minimum Past Three Days.

The effects of the rain making the fields muddy and the "Cinco de Mayo" causing many of the Mexican laborers to come to the city to help in the observance of Mexico's national holiday, has had a tendency to reduce the onion shipments out of Laredo to the minimum the past three days.

Last night's shipments out of here again aggregated only fifteen carloads, when under normal conditions it should have been about fifty carloads, but harvesting and packing on an extensive scale was resumed this morning and the shipments out of here tonight will be heavy. The total number of carloads of onions shipped out of Laredo up to this morning was 653 carloads.

#### CIVIL CASES IN COURT DISPOSED OF YESTERDAY

Number of Cases Were Also Continued, Set for Trial at the Present Term of Court or Dismissed.

In the district court here yesterday, with Judge C. C. Thomas presiding, the case of the Union Bank & Trust Co. vs. Dominguez Brothers of this city, suit on note, was taken up and disposed of, resulting in a judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$1,090.88 and costs of court.

The case of J. P. Bass vs. C. Garcia Fuentes et al, suit on note, was disposed of yesterday in district court, with judgment for the plaintiff for the sum of \$992.75 and costs of court.

A number of civil cases were continued, set for trial at this term of court, while several were finally dismissed.

#### LOCAL NEWS

—The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Seven carloads of calamine, one carload of rubber and two carloads of garlic.

—Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—If the weather remains in its present favorable condition there will be several thousand people on and about School Plaza tomorrow evening to witness the Peace Pageant to be held by the school children of Laredo.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery. 4-10-tf.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-tf.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-tf.

—Parties arriving in Laredo from various portions of the country report good rains during the past few days. The rains at this time will prove of inestimable value to stockmen, as it will put the ranges in good condition and cattle will fare better the coming summer than in several years past.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-m.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-tf.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Medrano and Miss Maria Guevara, Cesario Salas and Miss Rebecca Garcia, Manuel Medina and Miss Eudelia Morales.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-tf.

—The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—The grand jury in district court recessed yesterday afternoon until Thursday morning, several of the members desiring to help in the Victory Bond Drive today, which followed the meeting held in the Chamber of Commerce quarters at nine o'clock this morning.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

#### For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

#### PIGGLY WIGGLY

All Over the World

Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.

EVERY PATRON THAT TURNS  
**THE TURNSTILE**  
REGISTERS

**10% TO 20% SAVING**

TRY IT YOURSELF. SEE IF OUR WORDS  
ARE NOT INFINITELY TRUE.

You save on everything you buy, no catch penny Bargains, no leaders to draw you in but a steady-persistent SAVING ON EVERYTHING, you ask HOW CAN WE DO IT, well we don't do it YOU DO IT, you save yourself the cost of clerks waiting upon you, you save the cost of expensive order taking and delivery, AND YOU DON'T PAY THE OTHER FELLOW'S BILL, that is HOW it is done. Come in and see for yourself the same as thousands of other good people in Laredo are doing.

SOME OF PIGGLY-WIGGLY EVERY DAY-ALL THE TIME PRICES.

Serve Yourself--No Clerks--No Deliveries

Remember the Location  
Cor. Convent Ave. & Farragut St.

#### SAVE MONEY TO BUY YOUR LIBERTY BONDS by trading with us.

The market is going up, but our prices remain the same.

Columbia Flour 24 lb. sack \$1.55

Country eggs per dozen .40 cts.

Gold Dust 6 for 25 cts.

Spuds 8 lbs. for 25 cts.

Rose Dale Peaches, can 25 cts.

Clipper tomatoes No. 1, dozen \$1.00

Clipper pulp No 1, dozen 95 cts.

LET'S HAVE YOUR ORDER

**S. Flores Cash Store**

1319 Hidalgo St. Tel. 1417

#### LAREDO ICE FACTORY

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing; also, Planing Mill in connection.

#### FIRE INSURANCE

**F. M. RAMSAY**

1301 Iturbide St.  
PHONE 82

#### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free. E. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.



# LOCAL NEWS

Laredo onions are still being rushed out at a good rate to the markets in all sections of the country, and so far the prices have remained at a good figure and the demand remains good, which means that Laredo onion growers will be in "clover" this season.

Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

The farmers of Zapata county, who have a good cotton crop planted this season, with prospects of a yield that will net two or three thousand bales, are preparing to be in readiness to have their cotton ginned on the spot and are already negotiating for the purchase of a gin plant that will cost about \$10,000.

Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery.

American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Three men charged with violation of the ten-mile zone law as a result of smuggling intoxicants from the Mexican side of the Rio Grande into Laredo, were given an examining hearing before Justice of the Peace Benavides this morning and bound over to the district court grand jury which is now in session.

If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto, Phone 515.

For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights.

The disturbed conditions which have been hovering about the Laredo section the past three days, with threatening clouds obscuring the firmament, has resulted in some very disagreeable weather and the general expression has been heard, "Great Scott; isn't it hot!"

I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

The subscriptions to the Victory Loan are not coming in as fast as they should, but the committees are going to make a canvass the remaining days of this week that will avail results. The \$300,000 mark has not yet been reached in the subscriptions, but that figure is expected to be passed today or tomorrow.

The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017.

Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

Quite a number of Laredo people crossed to the Mexican side of the Rio Grande yesterday to witness the celebration held there and enjoy the festivities in honor of the "Cinco de Mayo." On this side of the Rio a grand "Jamaica" was held on Martin Plaza and was largely attended.

Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

For Sale. The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet front depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

About Rheumatism. Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

TIMES WANT ADS. Money Makers

## SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Society Editor

Phone 78 Phone 43

### SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

General Mention.

Mrs. D. L. Edwards returned today to her home in San Marcos after a short visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. R. Echols.

Dr. Davis returned to Austin on Saturday after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. John Maltzberger and daughter, Miss Alice, and Miss Anna Knapp of Cotulla are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will May.

Dr. H. C. Hall returned to Austin Sunday night, after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. A. G. Macdonald and children, who have had apartments at the Belmont, have moved their residence to apartments on Washington street.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski received a telegram last night announcing the landing of her son, Lieut. G. E. Sielski, at Newport News, Va.

Miss Florence Deutz is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Deutz.

Mr. Henry Deutz and daughter, Miss Florence, who have been visiting relatives here for the past three months, expect to leave tomorrow for San Antonio, where they will spend a few days before departing for their home in Mooretown, N. J.

Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

The Jewish Welfare Board will have its dance at the J. W. B. hall Wednesday night. Dancing will begin at 8:30 o'clock.

Heights Civic Club.

A business meeting of the Heights Civic Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan Monday afternoon. A number of important matters were postponed because a full attendance is desired. There will be a called meeting for left over business.

The residents of the Heights deplore the fact that there is no law relative to the erection of billboards in the residence districts of Laredo. All up-to-date cities are waging war against the unsightly bill boards, as they not only mar the landscape, but are objectionable for many other reasons.

As the club members are doing all possible to promote better civic ideals, they feel assured that the mayor and city council will eliminate the billboard from the Heights district. A man has been employed to clean all grass burrs from Lema Vista Park, and a fund was started for the playground in the rear of the park. The playground is a necessity, now that the vacation is almost here. Mrs. Chas. Deutz kindly donated an extra man for one week. The story-telling hour of the Child Welfare Circle will be resumed when school is out. Mrs. G. C. Horner and Dr. Kelly were welcomed as new members.

Club Notes.

The members of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met at the church yesterday afternoon and then spent the remainder of the time in visiting the sick members of the congregation and the newcomers.

Entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Mims entertained with a beautifully appointed dinner Saturday evening, complimenting Col. J. T. Halsell and a number of his friends. The military note was featured in the decorations. The centerpiece was formed by a graceful basket of American Beauty roses and white sweet peas, resting on a reflector, crossed flags ornamenting the top of the basket. The place cards bore tiny silken American flags. A seven-course dinner was served and covers were laid for Col. Halsell and Messrs. J. S. Penn, Wilbur Allen, Sol Rubinstein, McKinney, Lafon, Theriot, C. C. Biggio and R. K. Mims. Mr. Penn and Mr. Allen gave toasts.

which were responded to by Col. Halsell.

Bridge Party.

Mrs. H. W. Keller was hostess to an attractive bridge party on Monday afternoon, honoring Mrs. Seymour Denike. The living room was artistic in its arrangement rose-colored clove pinks, La France roses and ferns being used in the decoration, while tall spikes of rose-colored larkspur were placed in the dining room. At the conclusion of the games the high score prize was awarded to Mrs. L. Joseph, who was presented with a lovely cut-glass perfume bottle. Mrs. J. A. Wilson won the second prize and was given a dainty cut-glass bud vase. The honoree was given a dainty piece of lingerie. A delicious two-course luncheon followed the games. Those present were Mrs. Seymour Denike, the honor guest, and Mesdames Wilson, Johnston, Col. Smith Hamilton, Jones, Gilbreath, A. Wormser, Booth, Joseph, Chuck, Moser, Bobbitt, A. B. Muller, R. L. Muller, Fish and the hostess.

Birthday Surprise Party.

One of the pretty and delightful events of yesterday was the surprise party given in honor of the second birthday of little Melissa Mary Hiatt. Games were enjoyed by the little folks, after which delicious ice cream and cakes were served. The table was prettily decorated and the birthday cake, iced in white, was ornamented with two red candles in rose holders. The little honoree was the recipient of a number of dainty gifts. Those present were: Mary Josephine Moore, Mary Ernestine and Dorothy Emilie Sielski Gladys Greenstreet, Mary Katherine Johnston, Ruth Phelps, Nellie Ward, Juan Lowry, Jack Nesbitt, George Cecil Horner, Rosabelle Bunn, Flora Bliss Bunn, Raymond Weber, Jack Guinn, Margaret Guinn, Mary Louise and Katherine DaCamara and the honor guest, Mr. and Mrs. Greenstreet, Mrs. G. C. Weber, Mrs. H. G. DaCamara, Horner, R. L. Miller and Mrs. A. Poggenpohl.

Dance.

The regular weekly dance at the Public Library was very pleasant. Mrs. G. C. Woodman and Mrs. W. N. Young were the hostesses of the evening. There was a good attendance.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

Delegates from many countries are expected at Berne today for the opening of a conference of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace.

The church in reconstruction work will be the general theme of a special meeting of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, to open today at Cleveland.

With all of the pomp and ceremony prescribed by the Roman Catholic ritual the sacred pallium today will be conferred upon Most Rev. Denis J. Dougherty, the new archbishop of Philadelphia.

Experiences from the war regarding minimum standards for the health, education and work of children will be considered at a conference of American and European authorities, beginning in Washington today, under the auspices of the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor.

IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAYO 6.

Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who enters upon his ninetieth year today, is known as America's "grand old man of medicine." A native of Germany, he was forced to flee from that country when charged with high treason for participation in the German revolutionary movement of 1848. Today he is believed to be the only surviving leader of that revolt. He arrived in America equipped with a medical education received at the best of the German universities. Settling in New York, he became in time one of the most distinguished of American physicians. In 1873 Dr. Jacobi married Dr. Mary Putnam, who was a famous pioneer among women physicians, being the first woman to become a member of the New York Academy of Medicine and the first to be admitted to the Ecole Medicale, the famous Paris medical college.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,

Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest: J. D. MERRIMAN,

Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

MAYO 6.

1708—Laval, the first Roman Catholic bishop in Canada, died at Quebec. Born in France, April 30, 1623.

1844—Fearful riots in Philadelphia between the Native American party and the Irish residents of the city.

1856—Forty-three persons killed in a wreck on the Panama railroad.

1882—Epping Forest was declared open to the people forever by Queen Victoria.

1894—Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, delivered the commencement address at the University of North Carolina.

1902—Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, whose name was linked with the great American naval victory at Santiago, died in Washington, D. C. Born at Palmyra, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1840.

1915—Paris declared heavy German offensive of past fortnight had been checked.

1916—German bid for peace in note to America brought out refusal from England.

1917—Allies urged United States to send troops to France without delay.

Thousands of women's clubs throughout the United States are preparing programs for an appropriate observance at the end of May of the centennial anniversary of the birth of Julia Ward Howe.

## CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use."

Thedford's Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

NC-135

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 2:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 1 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

A provision extending the full right of suffrage to women is expected to be included in the new constitution of Nebraska, which is to be drafted at a convention to be held in Lincoln in December and submitted to the voters next year for ratification or rejection.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YOUR THRIFT STAMP TODAY? SAVE AND SUCCEED!

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

MAYO 6.

Roumania signed peace treaty with the four Central Powers.

British airmen made successful night raid in neighborhood of Bapaume.

Balfour in British Parliament denied new peace offer had been made by Berlin.

# ITALY PROPOSES TO MAKE FIUME NEUTRAL PORT FOR TWO YEARS AND THEN TAKE IT OVER

Nothing Known as to Agreement Under Which Italy Consented to Resume Her Interrupted Participation in the Peace Conference, But Their Return to Paris is Considered Encouraging.

## TWO BILLION MARK PASSED BY TONIGHT

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON

REGARDING LOAN ARE NOT OPTIMISTIC IN THEIR TONE.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—New subscriptions reported to the treasury department today raised the Victory Liberty Loan total above \$1,900,000,000. It is believed the two-billion mark will be passed before night.

Proclamation by Gov. Hobby.

Wednesday, May 7, is hereby designated as the day upon which every citizen of Texas is drafted into the service of his government for the purpose of inaugurating and completing the Victory Liberty Loan drive to procure a subscription from every person in Texas. All business will be suspended until your quota is reached. Business houses will be closed from 9 a. m. Wednesday, the 7th, through the day until this work has been accomplished. Mayors of the cities in Texas are invited to issue proclamations in accordance with this suggestion.

(Signed) W. P. HOBBS.

The above was received at Liberty Loan headquarters late on Monday. Every right-minded, patriotic citizen will feel morally bound to fall in line and to suspend all other business until the all-important business of subscribing the Loan has been accomplished.

FRANK M. SMITH.

GREAT CHURCH COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Cleveland, O., May 6.—Seldom if ever before in its history has the city of Cleveland been called upon to entertain such a large and distinguished body of churchmen as that which assembled here today for a special meeting of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. In addition to accredited representatives from thirty denominations of American Protestants the attendance includes fraternal delegates from the prominent Protestant organizations of Europe.

Ordinary the meetings of the council are held once in four years, but on account of the emergency of the present reconstruction period the members of the council have been brought together more than a year before the regular time.

The addresses and discussions of the three-day session will center about the after-war responsibilities and opportunities of the churches. The keynote of the gathering is summarized in the phrase, "From World War to World Brotherhood."

The sessions of this, the opening day of the gathering, were chiefly devoted to a consideration of reports of work accomplished and of international relationship. Tonight the program provides for the first of a series of great community mass meetings, to be featured with addresses by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London and Dr. Robert E. Speer of New York.

The sessions of tomorrow and Thursday will be occupied largely with reports and addresses on what are believed to be "The Four Prime Demands of the Hour upon the Church of Christ." These demands are stated to be: "A More Effective Proclamation of Fundamental Verities," "A New Sense of World Responsibility Animating All the Departments of Church Life," "A Resolute Effort to Understand What a Christian Social Order in America Would Be, and to Secure It," and "A Swiftly Increasing Co-operation Among the Churches."

The general war-time commission of the churches, for two years the largest of the fourteen organizations

By Associated Press.

Nothing official has been made public regarding the agreement under which Italy consented to resume the interrupted participation in the peace conference. A report reaching London, however, declares that it is proposed to make Fiume a neutral port for two years, after which time it is to be turned over to Italy. German newspapers are printing reports from Versailles to the effect that the German representatives have served notice on the allies that further delay in the presentation of the peace terms will result in the Germans leaving for Berlin. There has been no intimation in Paris that the Germans are demanding immediate action or that the delegates would leave.

No Compromise Arranged.

Paris, May 6.—No actual compromise of the Adriatic problems has been arranged with the Italian delegates to the peace conference now on their way back to Paris, so far as known here today. The fact that they are returning, however, is regarded as encouraging.

Chinese Dissatisfied.

Paris, May 6.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference is displaying great dissatisfaction with the announced settlement of the Shantung problem. While the Chinese probably will not refuse to sign the peace treaty, it appears likely that they will sign it with reservations.

Ordered to Rush Reports.

Paris, May 6.—Specialists in Austro-Hungarian subjects have been ordered to rush their reports in order that the treaty with Austria can be considered while the Germans are discussing the terms of peace which will be delivered to them Wednesday.

Be Delivered Today.

Paris, May 6.—It was officially announced last night that the preliminary

By Associated Press.

Nothing official has been made public regarding the agreement under which Italy consented to resume the interrupted participation in the peace conference. A report reaching London, however, declares that it is proposed to make Fiume a neutral port for two years, after which time it is to be turned over to Italy. German newspapers are printing reports from Versailles to the effect that the German representatives have served notice on the allies that further delay in the presentation of the peace terms will result in the Germans leaving for Berlin. There has been no intimation in Paris that the Germans are demanding immediate action or that the delegates would leave.

No Compromise Arranged.

Paris, May 6.—No actual compromise of the Adriatic problems has been arranged with the Italian delegates to the peace conference now on their way back to Paris, so far as known here today. The fact that they are returning, however, is regarded as encouraging.

Chinese Dissatisfied.

Paris, May 6.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference is displaying great dissatisfaction with the announced settlement of the Shantung problem. While the Chinese probably will not refuse to sign the peace treaty, it appears likely that they will sign it with reservations.

Ordered to Rush Reports.

Paris, May 6.—Specialists in Austro-Hungarian subjects have been ordered to rush their reports in order that the treaty with Austria can be considered while the Germans are discussing the terms of peace which will be delivered to them Wednesday.

Pichon Elected Chairman.

Paris, May 6.—Stephen Pichon, minister of foreign affairs of France, was elected chairman of the provisional organization of the league of nations, according to the official statement. He was elected on the motion of Col. House.

Be Delivered Today.

Paris, May 6.—It was officially announced last night that the preliminary

subsidary to the federal council will make a final report to the meeting of its varied war and demobilization activities and ask for an honorable discharge from the present body.

Among the prominent speakers on the three day program are Rev. Nehemiah Boyton of Brooklyn, Rev. James I. Vance of Nashville, Rev. Charles Judson Smith of New York, Rev. Hubert C. Herring of Boston, Rev. Charles W. Gilkey of Chicago, Hon. Wayne B. Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon League of America, Dr. Earl Dean Howard of Northwestern University, and the various officers of the federal council, several of whom have recently returned from a visit to the European war zone.

The presence of officially accredited representatives from the churches of France, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland, will lend a truly international aspect to the deliberations of the council meeting. The delegations from England is headed by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London. The representatives of the French Federation of Protestant Churches are Chaplains Daniel Couve and Albert Leo. Belgian Protestantism is represented by the Rev. Henri Anet of the Belgian Christian Missionary Church. Rev. Ernesto Gianpoccoli of the Italian Waldensians, represents the Protestantism of Italy, while Rev. Adolf Keller, pastor of St. Peter's Church in Zurich, is here as the spokesman of the Federation of Swiss Protestant Churches.

All of these representatives of foreign Protestant churches will be formally presented to the federal council meeting tomorrow evening in connection with the consideration of the topic, "The Protestantism of Europe and Our Relation to It."

Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

WOUNDED NINE AND THEN WAS KILLED

NEGRO SHOT CITY MARSHAL AND THEN BARRICADED HIMSELF BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

By Associated Press.

Plano, Texas, May 6.—Tom Embrey, a negro, after standing off officers and citizens four hours from the barricade of his home, was shot and killed here today after he had wounded nine persons, one probably fatally. The negro opened the door of his house and his body was riddled with bullets. James Vance, the city marshal, was shot in the stomach and Eugene Baldwin, county commissioner, was shot in the face.

ORDER FOR RECRUITING.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—Orders were issued by the war department today for recruiting 8,000 men to serve as a replacement detachment to be organized in San Francisco and sent forward in units of 500 as rapidly as available.

SUFFERED HEAVY LOSS.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$130,000,000, according to the earning figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

minaries of the peace treaty will be communicated to the allied delegates today and to the German plenipotentiaries Wednesday afternoon.

Isolation of Germany.

Paris, May 6.—Complete economic isolation of Germany is being considered by the council of foreign ministers at the peace conference as a measure to be adopted in the event that Germany refuses



# LOCAL NEWS

Laredo onions are still being rushed out at a good rate to the markets in all sections of the country, and so far the prices have remained at a good figure and the demand remains good, which means that Laredo onion growers will be in "clover" this season.

Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas.

The farmers of Zapata county, who have a good cotton crop planted this season, with prospects of a yield that will net two or three thousand bales, are preparing to be in readiness to have their cotton ginned on the spot and are already negotiating for the purchase of a gin plant that will cost about \$10,000.

Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery.

American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Three men charged with violation of the ten-mile zone law as a result of smuggling intoxicants from the Mexican side of the Rio Grande into Laredo, were given an examining hearing before Justice of the Peace Benavides this morning and bound over to the district court grand jury which is now in session.

If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203.

JITNEY SERVICE—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515.

For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemalozin street, Heights.

The disturbed conditions which have been hovering about the Laredo section the past three days, with threatening clouds obscuring the firmament, has resulted in some very disagreeable weather and the general expression has been heard, "Great Scott; isn't it hot!"

I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street.

Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand.

Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street.

The subscriptions to the Victory Loan are not coming in as fast as they should, but the committees are going to make a canvass the remaining days of this week that will avail results. The \$300,000 mark has not yet been reached in the subscriptions, but that figure is expected to be passed today or tomorrow.

The Belmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 676 or 1017.

Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand.

We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202.

Quite a number of Laredo people crossed to the Mexican side of the Rio Grande yesterday to witness the celebration held there and enjoy the festivities in honor of the "Cinco de Mayo." On this side of the Rio a grand "Jamaica" was held on Martin Plaza and was largely attended.

Will W. Gregg, Notary Public at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348.

Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans.

Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet f-r depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street.

## About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

# SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 45

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Tuesday.

Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

### Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

### General Mention.

Mrs. D. L. Edwards returned today to her home in San Marcos after a short visit to her daughter, Mrs. R. R. Echols.

Dr. Davis returned to Austin on Saturday after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. John Maltzberger and daughter, Miss Alice, and Miss Anna Knaggs of Cotulla are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Will May.

Dr. H. C. Hall returned to Austin Sunday night, after a short stay in the city.

Mrs. A. G. Macdonald and children, who have had apartments at the Belmont, have moved their residence to apartments on Washington street.

Mrs. M. L. Sielski received a telegram last night announcing the landing of her son, Lieut. G. E. Sielski, at Newport News, Va.

Miss Florence Deutz is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Chas. Deutz.

Mr. Henry Deutz and daughter, Miss Florence, who have been visiting relatives here for the past three months, expect to leave tomorrow for San Antonio, where they will spend a few days before departing for their home in Mooretown, N. J.

Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

The Jewish Welfare Board will have its dance at the J. W. B. hall Wednesday night. Dancing will begin at 8:30 o'clock.

### Heights Civic Club.

A business meeting of the Heights Civic Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan Monday afternoon. A number of important matters were postponed because a full attendance is desired. There will be a called meeting for left over business. The residents of the Heights deplore the fact that there is no law relative to the erection of billboards in the residence districts of Laredo. All up-to-date cities are waging war against the unsightly bill boards, as they not only mar the landscape, but are objectionable for many other reasons. As the club members are doing all possible to promote better civic ideals, they feel assured that the mayor and city council will eliminate the billboard from the Heights district. A man has been employed to clean all grass burrs from Lema Vista Park, and a fund was started for the playground in the rear of the park. The playground is a necessity, now that the vacation is almost here. Mrs. Chas. Deutz kindly donated an extra man for one week. The story-telling hour of the Child Welfare Circle will be resumed when school is out. Mrs. G. C. Horner and Dr. Kelly were welcomed as new members.

### Club Notes.

The members of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met at the church yesterday afternoon and then spent the remainder of the time in visiting the sick members of the congregation and the newcomers.

### Entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Mims entertained with a beautifully appointed dinner Saturday evening, complimenting Col. J. T. Halsell and a number of his friends. The military note was featured in the decorations. The centerpiece was formed by a graceful basket of American Beauty roses and white sweet peas, resting on a reflector crossed flags ornamenting the top of the basket. The place cards bore tiny silken American flags. A seven-course dinner was served and covers were laid for Col. Halsell and Messrs. J. S. Penn, Wilbur Allen, Sol Rubinstein, McKinney, Lafon, Theriot, C. C. Biggio and R. K. Mims. Mr. Penn and Mr. Allen gave toasts,

which were responded to by Col. Halsell.

### Bridge Party.

Mrs. H. W. Keller was hostess to an attractive bridge party on Monday afternoon, honoring Mrs. Seymour Denike. The living room was artistic in its arrangement rose-colored clove pinks, La France roses and ferns being used in the decoration, while tall spikes of rose-colored larkspur were used in the dining room. At the conclusion of the games the high score prize was awarded to Mrs. L. Joseph, who was presented with a lovely cut-glass perfume bottle. Mrs. J. A. Wilson won the second prize and was given a dainty cut-glass bud vase. The honoree was given a dainty piece of lingerie. A delicious two-course luncheon followed the games. Those present were Mrs. Seymour Denike, the honor guest, and Mesdames Wilson, Johnston, Cole, Smith, Hamilton, Jones, Glibreath, A. Wormser, Booth, Joseph, Cluck, Moser, Bobbitt, A. B. Muller, R. L. Muller, Fish and the hostess.

### Birthday Surprise Party.

One of the pretty and delightful events of yesterday was the surprise party given in honor of the second birthday of little Melissa Mary Hiatt. Games were enjoyed by the little folks, after which delicious ice cream and cakes were served. The table was prettily decorated and the birthday cake, iced in white, was ornamented with two red candles in rose holders. The little honoree was the recipient of a number of dainty gifts. Those present were: Mary Josephine Moore, Mary Ernestine and Dorothy Emilie Sielski Gladys Greenstreet, Mary Katherine Johnston, Ruth Phelps, Nellie Ward, Juan Lowry, Jack Nesbitt, George Cecil Horner, Rosabelle Bunn, Flora Bliss Bunn, Raymond Weber, Jack Guinn, Margaret Guinn, Mary Louise and Katherine DaCamara and the honor guest, Mr. and Mrs. Greenstreet, Mrs. G. C. Weber, Mrs. H. G. DaCamara, Horner, R. L. Miller and Mrs. A. Poggenpohl.

### Dance.

The regular weekly dance at the Public Library was very pleasant. Mrs. G. C. Woodman and Mrs. W. N. Young were the hostesses of the evening. There was a good attendance.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Delegates from many countries are expected at Berne today for the opening of a conference of the International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace.

The church in reconstruction work will be the general theme of a special meeting of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, to open today at Cleveland.

With all of the pomp and ceremony prescribed by the Roman Catholic ritual the sacred pallium today will be conferred upon Most Rev. Denis J. Dougherty, the new archbishop of Philadelphia.

Experiences from the war regarding minimum standards for the health, education and work of children will be considered at a conference of American and European authorities, beginning in Washington today, under the auspices of the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

### MAYO 6.

Dr. Abraham Jacobi, who enters upon his nineteenth year today, is known as America's "grand old man of medicine." A native of Germany, he was forced to flee from that country when charged with high treason for participation in the German revolutionary movement of 1848. Today he is believed to be the only surviving leader of that revolt. He arrived in America equipped with a medical education received at the best of the German universities. Settling in New York, he became in time one of the most distinguished of American physicians. In 1872 Dr. Jacobi married Dr. Mary Putnam, who was a famous pioneer among women physicians, being the first woman to become a member of the New York Academy of Medicine and the first to be admitted to the Ecrole Medicine, the famous Paris Medical College.

## NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919, for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Canal Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

4-24-30t.

## TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

### MAYO 6.

1708—Laval, the first Roman Catholic bishop in Canada, died at Quebec. Born in France, April 30, 1623.

1844—Fearful riots in Philadelphia between the Native American party and the Irish residents of the city.

1856—Forty-three persons killed in a wreck on the Panama railroad.

1882—Epping Forest was declared open to the people forever by Queen Victoria.

1894—Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, delivered the commencement address at the University of North Carolina.

1902—Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, whose name was linked with the great American naval victory at Santiago, died in Washington, D. C. Born at Palmyra, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1840.

1915—Paris declared heavy German offensive of past fortnight had been checked.

1916—German bid for peace in note to America brought out refusal from England.

1917—Allies urged United States to send troops to France without delay.

Thousands of women's clubs throughout the United States are preparing programs for an appropriate observance at the end of May of the centennial anniversary of the birth of Julia Ward Howe.

# CONSTIPATION

And Sour Stomach Caused This Lady Much Suffering. Black-Draught Relieved.

Meadersville, Ky.—Mrs. Pearl Patrick, of this place, writes: "I was very constipated. I had sour stomach and was so uncomfortable. I went to the doctor. He gave me some pills. They weakened me and seemed to tear up my digestion. They would gripe me and afterwards it seemed I was more constipated than before. I heard of Black-Draught and decided to try it. I found it just what I needed. It was an easy laxative, and not bad to swallow. My digestion soon improved. I got well of the sour stomach, my bowels soon seemed normal, no more griping, and I would take a dose now and then, and was in good shape."

I cannot say too much for Black-Draught for it is the finest laxative one can use. The Black-Draught has for many years been found of great value in the treatment of stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy to take, gentle and reliable in its action, leaving no bad after-effects, it has won the praise of thousands of people who have used it.

NC-124

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

### Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 1 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Miners at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Miners daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

A provision extending the full right of suffrage to women is expected to be included in the new constitution of Nebraska, which is to be drafted at a convention to be held in Lincoln in December and submitted to the voters next year for ratification or rejection.

The sessions of tomorrow and Thursday will be occupied largely with reports and addresses on what are believed to be "The Four Prime Demands of the Hour upon the Church of Christ." These demands are stated to be: "A More Effective Proclamation of Fundamental Verities," "A New Sense of World Responsibility Animating All the Departments of Church Life," "A Resolute Effort to Understand What a Christian Social Order in America Would Be, and to Secure It," and "A Swiftly Increasing Co-operation Among the Churches."

The general war-time commission of the churches, for two years the largest of the fourteen organizations

subsidary to the federal council will make a final report to the meeting of its varied war and demobilization activities and ask for an honorable discharge from the parent body.

Among the prominent speakers on the three-day program are Rev. Nehemiah Boyton of Brooklyn, Rev. James I. Vance of Nashville, Rev. Charles Judson Smith of New York, Rev. Hubert C. Herring of Boston, Rev. Charles W. Gilkey of Chicago, Hon. Wayne B. Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon League of America, Dr. Earl Dean Howard of Northwestern University, and the various officers of the federal council, several of whom have recently returned from a visit to the European war zone.

The presence of officially accredited representatives from the churches of France, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland, will lend a truly international aspect to the deliberations of the council meeting. The delegations from England is headed by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London. The representatives of the French Federation of Protestant Churches are Chaplains Daniel Couve and Albert Leo. Belgium is represented by the Rev. Henri Anet of the Belgian Christian Missionary Church. Rev. Ernesto Gianpicoletti of the Italian Waldensians, represents the Protestantism of Italy, while Rev. Adolf Keller, pastor of St. Peter's Church in Zurich, is here as the spokesman of the Federation of Swiss Protestant Churches.

All of these representatives of foreign Protestant churches will be formally presented to the federal council meeting tomorrow evening in connection with the consideration of the topic, "The Protestantism of Europe and Our Relation to It."

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

MAYO 6.

Roumania signed peace treaty with the four Central Powers.

British airmen made successful night raid in neighborhood of Baupenne.

Balfour in British Parliament denied new peace offer had been made by Berlin.

# ITALY PROPOSES TO MAKE FUME NEUTRAL PORT FOR TWO YEARS AND THEN TAKE IT OVER

Nothing Known as to Agreement Under Which Italy Consented to Resume Her Interrupted Participation in the Peace Conference, But Their Return to Paris is Considered Encouraging.

## TWO BILLION MARK PASSED BY TONIGHT

REPORTS FROM WASHINGTON REGARDING LOAN ARE NOT OPTIMISTIC IN THEIR TONE.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 6.—New subscriptions reported to the treasury department today raised the Victory Liberty Loan total above \$1,900,000,000. It is believed the two-billion mark will be passed before night.

### Proclamation by Gov. Hobby.

Wednesday, May 7, is hereby designated as the day upon which every citizen of Texas is drafted into the service of his government for the purpose of inaugurating and completing the Victory Liberty Loan drive to procure a subscription from every person in Texas. All business will be suspended until your quota is reached. Business houses will be closed from 9 a. m. Wednesday, the 7th, through the day until this work has been accomplished. Mayors of the cities in Texas are invited to issue proclamations in accordance with this suggestion.

(Signed) W. P. HOBBY.

The above was received at Liberty Loan headquarters late on Monday. Every right-minded, patriotic citizen will feel morally bound to fall in line and to suspend all other business until the all-important business of subscribing the Loan has been accomplished.

FRANK M. SMITH.

## GREAT CHURCH COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Cleveland, O., May 6.—Seldom if ever before in its history has the city of Cleveland been called upon to entertain such a large and distinguished body of churchmen as that which assembled here today for a special meeting of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. In addition to accredited representatives from thirty denominations of American Protestants the attendance includes fraternal delegates from the prominent Protestant organizations of Europe.

Ordinary the meetings of the council are held once in four years, but on account of the emergency of the present reconstruction period the members of the council have been brought together more than a year before the regular time.

The addresses and discussions of the three-day session will center about the after-war responsibilities and opportunities of the churches. The keynote of the gathering is summarized in the phrase, "From World War to World Brotherhood."

The sessions of this, the opening day of the gathering, were chiefly devoted to a consideration of reports of work accomplished and of international relationship. Tonight the program provides for the first of a series of great community mass meetings, to be featured with addresses by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London and Dr. Robert E. Speer of New York.

The sessions of tomorrow and Thursday will be occupied largely with reports and addresses on what are believed to be "The Four Prime Demands of the Hour upon the Church of Christ." These demands are stated to be: "A More Effective Proclamation of Fundamental Verities," "A New Sense of World Responsibility Animating All the Departments of Church Life," "A Resolute Effort to Understand What a Christian Social Order in America Would Be, and to Secure It," and "A Swiftly Increasing Co-operation Among the Churches."

The general war-time commission of the churches, for two years the largest of the fourteen organizations

subsidary to the federal council will make a final report to the meeting of its varied war and demobilization activities and ask for an honorable discharge from the parent body.

Among the prominent speakers on the three-day program are Rev. Nehemiah Boyton of Brooklyn, Rev. James I. Vance of Nashville, Rev. Charles Judson Smith of New York, Rev. Hubert C. Herring of Boston, Rev. Charles W. Gilkey of Chicago, Hon. Wayne B. Wheeler of the Anti-Saloon League of America, Dr. Earl Dean Howard of Northwestern University, and the various officers of the federal council, several of whom have recently returned from a visit to the European war zone.

The presence of officially accredited representatives from the churches of France, Great Britain, Belgium, Italy and Switzerland, will lend a truly international aspect to the deliberations of the council meeting. The delegations from England is headed by Rev. F. B. Meyer of London. The representatives of the French Federation of Protestant Churches are Chaplains Daniel Couve and Albert Leo. Belgium is represented by the Rev. Henri Anet of the Belgian Christian Missionary Church. Rev. Ernesto Gianpicoletti of the Italian Waldensians, represents the Protestantism of Italy, while Rev. Adolf Keller, pastor of St. Peter's Church in Zurich, is here as the spokesman of the Federation of Swiss Protestant Churches.

All of these representatives of foreign Protestant churches will be formally presented to the federal council meeting tomorrow evening in connection with the consideration of the topic, "The Protestantism of Europe and Our Relation to It."

Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

## WOUNDED NINE AND THEN WAS KILLED

NEGRO SHOT CITY MARSHAL AND THEN BARRICADED HIMSELF BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

By Associated Press. Plano, Texas, May 6.—Tom Embrey, a negro, after standing off officers and citizens four hours from the barricade of his home, was shot and killed here today after he had wounded nine persons, one probably fatally. The negro opened the door of his house and his body was riddled with bullets. James Vance, the city marshal, was shot in the stomach and Eugene Baldwin, county commissioner, was shot in the face.

### ORDER FOR RECRUITING.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 6.—Orders were issued by the war department today for recruiting 8,000 men to serve as a replacement detachment to be organized in San Francisco and sent forward in units of 500 as rapidly as available.

### SUFFERED HEAVY LOSS.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 6.—The government loss in operating the railroads for the first three months of the year was \$139,000,000, according to the earnings figures of the so-called Class 1 or larger railroads reported to the interstate commerce commission.

minaries of the peace treaty will be communicated to the allied delegates today and to the German plenipotentiaries Wednesday afternoon.

Isolation of Germany.

Paris, May 6.—Complete economic isolation of Germany is being considered by the council of foreign ministers at the peace conference as a measure to be adopted in the event that Germany refuses to sign the peace treaty.

China Wants In.

Paris, May 6.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference appealed today to President Wilson to intercede with the conference officials to have China included among the powers permitted to attend the presentation of the peace treaty to the Germans. The name of China is not on the list of thirteen states so privileged.

Many Were Killed.

Berlin, May 6.—One hundred and fifty persons were killed or executed during the fight in Munich, according to the Lokal Anzeiger and 5,000 arrests were made.

Broke Up Irish Meeting.

London, May 6.—British troops broke up a forbidden meeting at Athlone, Ireland, last night. The troops charged the crowd with bayonets, a number of persons being injured.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Greetings to King George V, who today begins the tenth year of his reign.

The Rt. Rev. Nathaniel Seymour Thomas today celebrates the tenth anniversary of his consecration as Episcopal bishop of Wyoming.

Following the close of a spirited campaign, Baltimore today will hold an election for mayor and other municipal officials.

Ottawa is to be the meeting place today of the twenty-third annual convention of the National Fire Protection Association of the United States and Canada.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio, Sold by all Druggists, 75c.



# THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Publishers and Proprietors.

Daily — Published every evening except Sunday daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico.

One copy, one month..... 50 cts.  
One copy, one year..... \$5.00

Weekly: — Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada.

One copy, one year.....\$2.00  
One copy, six months..... 1.00  
One copy, three months..... .50

Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance.

Address communications to  
PENN PUBLISHING CO.  
Telephone 43, Laredo, Texas.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

TO AVERT FAILURE.

A distressing feature of the present Victory Loan campaign is that most of the people except the active participants in the campaign are apathetic. They do not seem enthused as they were over the other loans. Some of the campaigners are using arguments that it is hard to get away from, and this one from the navy boys at Great Lakes should be read by everyone:

"The gunnery efficiency and marksmanship of the United States Navy is the best in the world. The gunners of the U. S. Navy have the best eyes. If you are a member of the Navy you should have good eyesight. If you cannot see the necessity of buying Victory Bonds you must be blind."

But there are arguments for others which are just as forcible, if they could only be brought to the attention of all. One of the arguments that must not be forgotten is that the government must have this money. It is imperative. And if the money cannot be gotten by any other means, then the administration will resort to taxation to get it.

We have never repudiated a debt. We have never asked to have the debts against our government scaled down, and we have always paid 100 cents on the dollar.

The people of the United States are paying less in taxation than the residents of any other part of the world. Despite our enormous war cost, our taxes are still reasonable, and if the government secures the amount necessary by the sale of bonds, they will not have to be raised.

Did it ever occur to you that when you lend the money to the government you get it back, with interest? You are not giving a single cent to the government. But if you have to pay increased taxes you will get nothing for the money but a scrap of paper. And there will be no rebate and no feeling that you have done your share; only a feeling of resentment that you have had to pay more than you used to.

Of course, you may feel that the president's pledge of all the resources of the country did not affect you. You may even dream of going to some other country when the taxes get higher. But you will never be able to get away from that guilty conscience of yours. You will always feel that you failed when the test came, and that you were disloyal—to a lesser extent than some, perhaps—but still disloyal in not doing all you could to pay your share of the great war.

And if you should go somewhere else, where would you go and have any security of paying less? Is there a country in the world that is not paying for the cost of the war? Switzerland and Spain and the Netherlands, although neutral, have been paying for the past three years their share of the cost, and in some respects it is a greater share than ours, who gain all the glory and much of the advantage

age of the result of the economic struggle.

Don't you feel that you are more than you have? You are much bound to pay a part of the cost of the war as if you had signed a bond to do so. Your American citizenship entails duties as well as privileges. It means sacrifices as well as benefit. It means that you are a part of the government and as such obligated to pay your share of carrying out that government.

You now have an opportunity of paying a part of the cost by lending a part of your money, instead of having to pay it in taxes. And the government that protected you and yours; that took the sons and the brothers and the husbands of your neighbors to fight your battles; that brought back your own relatives safe and is now getting ready to bring back those of the others—that government needs your help.

It is not enough to say that you have made sacrifices. On Flanders field there were sacrifices made that touch more closely those who remain than those who died. And some of those men would go gladly again, if need were.

## WOMEN AND BOLSHIEVIKI.

The New York Evening Post calls attention to the fact that the women opponents of suffrage are not unique in their opposition; that they are following along the same lines as the I. W. W. in opposing the vote, not only of women, but of men as well.

The argument of the I. W. W. is: "Laws are no good and cannot improve anything. The ballot is controlled in the interests of the existing order. Therefore let us do away with the ballot and the laws."

The woman anti-suffragist says: Things are satisfactory as they are. The men have always done the voting, and have saved us the worry and the labor of campaigning. If women vote there will be a great change, so let us prevent the women from voting.

Both parties—the I. W. W. and the anti-suffragists—are working along the same lines. The radicals by violence and the women by inertia. And both are as mischievous as any party could well be.

So far as the anti-suffragists are concerned, no one cares whether they vote or not. If they did vote they would be apt to support something that was obsolete and retrogressive. Their tendencies are vicious, because they do not believe in progress.

But when they attempt to force others to give up their fight for the ballot they are doing something which is anti-American and opposed to right and justice.

It is true that some men do not exercise the privilege of voting. But who ever heard of a man who went about trying to keep other people from voting? Who ever saw a man who just did not vote because he did not care to go around to his neighbors and trying to induce them not to vote because he didn't?

The answer is, the I. W. W. W., the American Bolsheviki. They are the only residents of this country—one dare not call them citizens, no matter what their birth or antecedents, for it would be an insult to the rest of us—they are the only residents, we repeat, who attempt to keep others from voting. That is, the only ones who wear male attire.

Do the women anti-suffragists wish to be classed with the great unwashed and unfettered Bolsheviki? Are they willing to go on record as being the only Americans who support this anti-American doctrine of class rule? For that is what it amounts to in the final analysis.

It is urged by the women anti-suffragists that the influence of woman in the home is sufficient activity on her part as regards politics. But it must also be remembered that some of the most vicious of the political moves in the world have been inspired by women who had no voice in the government, and who deliberately used their charms and their allurements to procure votes and support for evil measures.

The woman who intelligently marks her ballot and hands it in to the clerk of election is taking a far cleaner share in the government than the woman lobbyist who toadies to the men by declaring that "Women should not be permitted to degrade themselves by entering politics," and then does all sorts of unspeakable things for the money she is paid.

It is interesting to note the names of some of the women who are listed on the anti-suffrage rolls. One meets them in Washington or in the various state capitals during the session of the legislature, and it is noted that most of them always have "an axe to grind." They either have bills of their own or of someone else who has paid for their services, and the way they entertain and dine and—frequently—wine the members who have votes is an indication of what share they want to take in the government. But they would not vote—oh, no! Such a horrid, unsexing act! It brings one in contact with the rudest sort of men, you know, and one must live up to the traditions of the past. And all that sort of rot.

And they are aiding, whether consciously or not, in the success of the Bolsheviki movement. For they are bringing about—or trying to—the very things for which Bolshevism stands.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

# WRIGLEY'S

You will find all three flavors in the sealed packages—but look for the name **WRIGLEY'S** because it is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts!

\*\*\*\*\*  
IN THE DAY'S NEWS.  
\*\*\*\*\*  
MAY 5.  
Elizabeth Marbury, who is to share with William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and other notables the honor of addressing the League of Nations banquet in New York tonight, is probably the most famous of American business women. Miss Marbury is the "play broker" for the most famous dramatists of Europe and as such she has disposed of more plays for dramatic authors than any other person in America. She has a famous intuition in judging a manuscript drama and likewise is eminently shrewd and successful in negotiating with theatrical managers. Aside from her business she has found time to write for the press about affairs of the stage, and also on woman's claims to recognition as a factor in contemporary life, political and economic. For her service to French authors, especially playwrights, Miss Marbury has been decorated by the French Government.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

## ANNOUNCEMENT TO PROSPECTIVE CAR BUYERS

We have secured the contract for the distribution of the famous Oakland Sensible Six Car for this section of the country, and we cordially invite your inspection of this wonderful car which embodies more real automobile value for the money than any other car on the market. Here are some of the reasons why we selected the Oakland in preference to several other makes of standard cars:

## THE OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX

is a six cylinder car of medium price. It has a small bore high-speed overhead valve engine which insures marked economy.

It is a light-weight high powered car with 44 horse power for only 2,130 pounds weight in the touring model.

It has greater proportionate power for weight in all models than any other car built, with one exception—a car that sells for approximately \$4,000.00.

The touring car is unusually roomy and comfortable, having a full 106 inches or body room upon its sturdy and serviceable chassis, 112-inch wheel base. Extra long 51-inch rear springs insures easy riding qualities.

Oakland owners regularly report 18 to 25 miles per gallon on gasoline, 8,000 to 12,000 on original set of castings, 1,500 miles and better on one gallon of lubricating oil.

When you are in San Antonio, notice the large number of Oaklands on the streets and ask the people who own them. Let us demonstrate this car to you and be convinced.

### CARLOAD EN ROUTE FROM FACTORY

Pre-War Prices: F. O. B. Factory Touring or Roadster \$1075  
F. O. B. Factory: Sedan or Coupe.....\$1650

MODEL 34-B

## TEXAS AUTO SALES

L. V. PENDER, Prop.

1307 Farragut St.

Phone 874

## NEED ANSWER TO CALL NOW AS IN THE DAYS OF ISAIAH

MEN ARE NEEDED NOW MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE.

Pastor Barr Says the Supreme Need of the World is Men, and Never More So Than at Present.

Rev. W. L. Barr spoke on giving one's life as the only act of real service possible, at First Methodist Church yesterday morning. His text was from the eighth verse of the sixth chapter of Isaiah: "Also I heard the voice of the Lord saying, whom shall I send, and who will go for us? Then said I, Here am I; send me."

The supreme need of the world is for men. It has always been so, but how much more is it true in this hour of world need! Money is valueless without a consecrated personality to expend it. Equipment is but dross without PEOPLE to use it. We spent fabulous sums of money in the recent war, every dollar of which was necessary; war equipment beyond anything ever heard of before was manufactured and shipped to military centers; but after all the war was won by MEN.

History moves around men. God could not use the magnificent temple, with all its perfect equipment, nor yet the tribes on the altar until He had the help and co-operation of a man. He needed Isaiah to volunteer his service. When He would reveal His innermost heart to the world He did it in the personality of His Son.

Every man has a call. I dare to believe that He has a perfect plan for every life; and that He tries to build each life after its architectural plan. All work of earth is sacred if this locked at. Each is filling his own place in God's great Kingdom. One is the hand, another is the foot, another the eye, and another the ear.

The tragedy of the world is the life that has missed its goal. The little human will that thought it knew more about living than its Creator, and shot off from the Architects plan, striving to make a plan of its own, out of harmony with everything else in the world. What might that poor restless unhappy life have been if it had put itself in the Designer's hand!

The Church of this new day is not the Church of the past, with its indifference and little time given to the things for which it stood. God calls for heroes, self-sacrificing and earnest. This calls for men who give every spare moment to God's work. Business men, and men who work long hours will find their recreation in hunting out people who need the Church, and its influence. The poor family will be found which has been neglected, and brought out to God's House and introduced as the friends of those who found them. And happiness, great, and unbounded, will fill the heart of these workers!

The man whose income will admit it will retire from business, and give all of his time. I know one man who is now doing this. He lives in one of our Texas cities, a retired business man, and a man of great influence. His task day after day is looking for neglected people, rich and poor, and bringing them in touch with God and the Church. Our lay leaders, many of them, are now paying a man to run their business, while they are giving their time to the Church.

Thank God for living in this wonderful new day! Multiplied hundreds will be sent out from our shores during the next few years to complete the civilization of the world. They must be our brainiest and best young men and women. They will not go at the starvation wage of the past. A titling Church will care for them, as they give their life.

Every department of life will need their leading workers at this, the greatest of all tasks. Preachers, doctors, teachers, printers, industrial workers will be sent to their special lines in the farthest corners of the earth. Many a returned soldier will enlist in this greater warfare. Nurses from "over there" will go back again under new and broader orders. Welfare workers of all lines will take up the duties of the new day.

And a revitalized Church, new and awake to the light of the new day, will make the world safe for democracy! The one who claims membership in Christ's Church and can't bear the call, and see the tasks, and feel the thrill is indeed dead, dead, dead. Such ones will drop out, and the Church unencumbered, will go to her God-given task. And to victory!

There are a thousand millions crying for help today, a thousand millions without Christ! The door of every nation of the world is wide open for the Master's representatives to enter. Each open door is a cry of need! Such unprecedented opportunity is a challenge to the Church. She must DO, or DIE!

"Where cross the crowded ways of life,  
Where sound the cries of race and clan,  
Above the noise of selfish strife,  
We hear Thy voice, O Son of Man!"

And from the outward call, alone, in the closet of prayer, we hear the still small voice within, saying: "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" And with united chorus the Church will answer "Here am I; send me!"

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## HEAVY LIGHTNING STORM ACCOMPANIED RAINSTORM

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE LAREDO VARIATION LAST NIGHT.

Shortly After Midnight Laredo Was Visited By a Heavy Electrical Display, Followed by Rain and Wind.

Accompanied by a heavy electrical display that illumined the heavens in the southward for some time, and then the rumbling of thunder, and later crashing that awoke all from their slumbers, a strong wind and rainstorm struck Laredo at about 12:15 last night, in fact the storm was close upon the city at midnight, as the distant flashing of the heavy lightning was plainly visible here.

At about 12:30 the rain began to come down in veritable torrents for a few minutes, thunder rolled and crashed and the electrical display was one of the most intense witnessed here in some time past. The rain was steady and hard, driven by a strong wind from the southward for a time, but this finally veered to the westward, and as the storm passed over the city and the heavy clouds moved on to the northward Laredo was in the throes of a genuine thunder, lightning and rain storm for about thirty minutes. The total precipitation of the rain in this city aggregated 1.07 inches.

Reports from the offices of the Texas-Mexican, Rio Grande & Eagle Pass and the I. & G. N. railways indicate that the rain was general along their lines last night in all directions from Laredo, and in some places the precipitation was heavier than was recorded in this city. Hail is believed to have fallen in the country not far to the northeastward of here, as the constant rumbling of thunder following the passage of the storm over this city indicated this.

Coming as it does at this time, close upon the heels of the heavy rain of last week, the moisture will be of invaluable benefit to growing cotton, corn and other crops in this section, which are now in a most excellent condition, and the rain assures heavy production. The rain will tend to cause onion shipments to slack up for a day or two, but otherwise will not damage the maturing onions.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

1st. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.

5-5-3t.

## LAREDO IS RECOGNIZED AS COMING CONVENTION CENTER

Diocese Council of the West Texas Diocese, Episcopal Church, to Be Held Here Next Spring.

The fifteenth annual council of the Diocese of West Texas of the Episcopal Church, just closed in San Antonio, was a very remarkable one for several reasons. It was of interest to all on the border because more attention is to be paid in the future to problems and opportunities peculiar to us. The council decided to come to Laredo for the sixteenth annual council next spring and is to be a big affair.

Rev. C. W. Cook was in attendance, and Miss Martha Anderson represented the Junior Auxiliary and read the Woman's Auxiliary report before that session. She proved a worthy representative and her church and school may well be proud of her.

She and her Rector were eye witnesses of the presentation of the Distinguished Service Cross to Rev. Mercer Johnston by the Adjutant General, U. S. Army, through Col. Johnson. This was so much of a surprise that the San Antonio papers had no immediate knowledge of it. The affair was dramatic at times and tears flowed down the faces of those in the large banquet room of the St. Anthony.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

TIMES WANT ADS.

\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

# LOCAL NEWS

—The Dominguez Institute will render a patriotic program this evening at their institution of learning on Houston street, the program consisting of vocal and instrumental selections, recitations, readings, etc. The program consists of twenty-eight numbers and is under the direction of Prof. Simon G. Dominguez, superintendent of the institute.

—Dr. John T. Halsell wishes to announce his return from service and his resumption of practice on Monday, May 12, in his former office in the Richter building. Office phone 104; residence phone 190.

—Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

—Nuevo Laredo is celebrating the "Cinco de Mayo" today, but not on the elaborate scale that characterized the observances of the day in years gone by, when thousands of Laredo people crossed the boundary line to participate in the festivities, and even big celebrations were held on the American side.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—In the ball game at Caliche Park yesterday afternoon, which was witnessed by a good-sized crowd, the Thirty-seventh Infantry team defeated the "Laredo" team by a score of 6 to 2. Some good playing was done by both sides, but the soldier boys had an "edge" on the game throughout.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery. 4-10-1f.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-1f.

—The "kermess" or "jamaica" given on Martin Plaza last evening attracted a large crowd and the festivities of the evening were much enjoyed by all. The affair was in charge of the Mexican-American young ladies and everybody appeared to enter into the spirit of the event in a joyous spirit.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-1f.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-1m.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-1f.

—This is "El Cinco de Mayo," which in Mexico is similar to our Fourth of July, for it commemorates the battle of Puebla, when the forces under Zaragoza, and in which Porfirio Diaz distinguished himself, defeated the French forces and overthrew the yoke of French rule, later terminating with the execution of Maximilian, the self-proclaimed emperor of Mexico.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-1f.

—The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-1f.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

—Unless rain again interferes, the "Peace Pageant," which will take the place of the usual May-day Fete, will take place on School Plaza next Thursday afternoon, May 8, beginning at 5:45 o'clock with the baby buggy parade. All of the children who are to participate in the event are anxious for the day to come, as they have been in readiness for it for several days past.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu. Phone 202. 6-15-1f.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

## ONION SHIPMENTS HEAVY; PRODUCE STILL IN DEMAND

Good Prices Continue to Hold Good on the Markets of the Country and Good Prices Also Prevail.

Forty-one carloads of Bermuda onions rolled out of Laredo on Saturday night and ten on Sunday night, making the total shipments of onions since our last report aggregate fifty-one carloads. This brings the grand total of shipments of onions by freight out of Laredo to date to 623 carloads.

Onion farmers are much encouraged at the manner in which the demand for the Texas onion crop holds good on the markets, and the prices being paid are also far better than prevailed last year.



# THE LAREDO TIMES

PENN PUBLISHING COMPANY  
Publishers and Proprietors.

Daily — Published every evening except Sunday daily by mail postpaid, to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada, or delivered by carrier to any part of Laredo, or New Laredo, Mexico:

One copy, one month..... 50 cts.  
One copy, one year..... \$5.00

Weekly: — Published Sunday, by mail postpaid to any point in the United States, Mexico or Canada.

One copy, one year..... \$2.00  
One copy, six months..... 1.00  
One copy, three months..... .50

Subscriptions invariably due and payable in advance.

Address communications to  
PENN PUBLISHING CO.  
Telephone 43, . . . . Laredo, Texas.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.



... This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war .....

From Monday's Daily.

TO AVERT FAILURE.

A distressing feature of the present Victory Loan campaign is that most of the people except the active participants in the campaign are apathetic. They do not seem enthused as they were over the other loans. Some of the campaigners are using arguments that it is hard to get away from, and this one from the navy boys at Great Lakes should be read by everyone:

"The gunnery efficiency and marksmanship of the United States Navy is the best in the world. The gunners of the U. S. Navy have the best eyes. If you are a member of the Navy you should have good eyesight. If you cannot see the necessity of buying Victory Bonds you must be blind."

But there are arguments for others which are just as forcible, if they could only be brought to the attention of all. One of the arguments that must not be forgotten is that the government must have this money. It is imperative. And if the money cannot be gotten by any other means, then the administration will resort to taxation to get it.

We have never repudiated a debt. We have never asked to have the debts against our government scaled down, and we have always paid 100 cents on the dollar.

The people of the United States are paying less in taxation than the residents of any other part of the world. Despite our enormous war cost, our taxes are still reasonable, and if the government secures the amount necessary by the sale of bonds, they will not have to be raised.

Did it ever occur to you that when you lend the money to the government you get it back, with interest? You are not giving a single cent to the government. But if you have to pay increased taxes you will get nothing for the money but a scrap of paper. And there will be no rebate and no feeling that you have done your share; only a feeling of resentment that you have had to pay more than you used to.

Of course, you may feel that the president's pledge of all the resources of the country did not affect you. You may even dream of going to some other country when the taxes get higher. But you will never be able to get away from that guilty conscience of yours. You will always feel that you failed when the test came, and that you were disloyal—to a lesser extent than some, perhaps—but still disloyal in not doing all you could to pay your share of the great war.

And if you should go somewhere else, where would you go and have any security of paying less? Is there a country in the world that is not paying for the cost of the war? Switzerland and Spain and the Netherlands, although neutral, have been paying for the past three years their share of the cost, and in some respects it is a greater share than ours, who gain all the glory and much of the advantage

age of the result of the gigantic struggle.

Don't you feel that you ought to do more than you have? You are as much bound to pay a part of the cost of the war as if you had signed a bond to do so. Your American citizenship entails duties as well as privileges. It means sacrifices and benefits. It means that you are obligated to pay your share of carrying on that government.

You now have an opportunity of paying a part of the cost by lending a part of your money, instead of having to pay it in taxes. And the government that protected you and yours; that took the sons and the brothers and the husbands of your neighbors to fight your battles; that brought back your own relatives safe and is now getting ready to bring back those of the others—that government needs your help.

It is not enough to say that you have made sacrifices. On Flanders field there were sacrifices made that touch more closely those who remain than those who died. And some of those men would go gladly again, if need were.

WOMEN AND BOLSHIEVIK.

The New York Evening Post calls attention to the fact that the women opponents of suffrage are not unique in their opposition; that they are following along the same lines as the I. W. W. in opposing the vote, not only of women, but of men as well.

The argument of the I. W. W. is: "Laws are no good and cannot improve anything. The ballot is controlled in the interests of the existing order. Therefore let us do away with the ballot and the laws."

The woman anti-suffragist says: Things are satisfactory as they are. The men have always done the voting, and have saved us the worry and the labor of campaigning. If women vote there will be a great change, so let us prevent the women from voting.

Both parties—the I. W. W. and the anti-suffragists—are working along the same lines. The radicals by violence and the women by inertia. And both are as mischievous as any party could well be.

So far as the anti-suffragists are concerned, no one cares whether they vote or not. If they did vote they would be apt to support something that was obsolete and retrogressive. Their tendencies are vicious, because they do not believe in progress.

But when they attempt to force others to give up their right for the ballot they are doing something which is anti-American and opposed to right and justice.

It is true that some men do not exercise the privilege of voting. But who ever heard of a man who went about trying to keep other people from voting? Who ever saw a man who just did not vote because he did not care to go around to his neighbors and trying to induce them not to vote because he didn't?

The answer is, the I. W. W., the American Bolsheviki. They are the only residents of this country—one dare not call them citizens, no matter what their birth or antecedents, for it would be an insult to the rest of us—they are the only residents, we repeat, who attempt to keep others from voting. That is, the only ones who wear male attire.

Do the women anti-suffragists wish to be classed with the great unwashed and unrefined Bolsheviki? Are they willing to go on record as being the only Americans who support this anti-American doctrine of class rule? For that is what it amounts to in the final analysis.

It is urged by the women anti-suffragists that the influence of woman in the home is sufficient activity on her part as regards politics. But it must also be remembered that some of the most vicious of the political moves in the world have been inspired by women who had no voice in the government, and who deliberately used their charms and their allurements to procure votes and support for evil measures.

The woman who intelligently marks her ballot and hands it in to the clerk of election is taking a far cleaner share in the government than the woman lobbyist who lobbies to the men by declaring that "Women should not be permitted to degrade themselves by entering politics," and then does all sorts of unspeakable things for the money she is paid.

It is interesting to note the names of some of the women who are listed on the anti-suffrage rolls. One meets them in Washington or in the various state capitals during the session of the legislature, and it is noted that most of them always have "an axe to grind." They either have bills of their own or of someone else who has paid for their services, and the way they entertain and dine and frequently—wine the members who have votes is an indication of what share they want to take in the government. But they would not vote—oh, no! Such a horrid, unsexing act! It brings one in contact with the rudest sort of men, you know, and one must live up to the traditions of the past. And all that sort of rot.

And they are aiding, whether consciously or not, in the success of the Bolsheviki movement. For they are bringing about—or trying to—the very things for which Bolshevism stands.

TIMES WANT ADS

Money Makers

# WRIGLEY'S

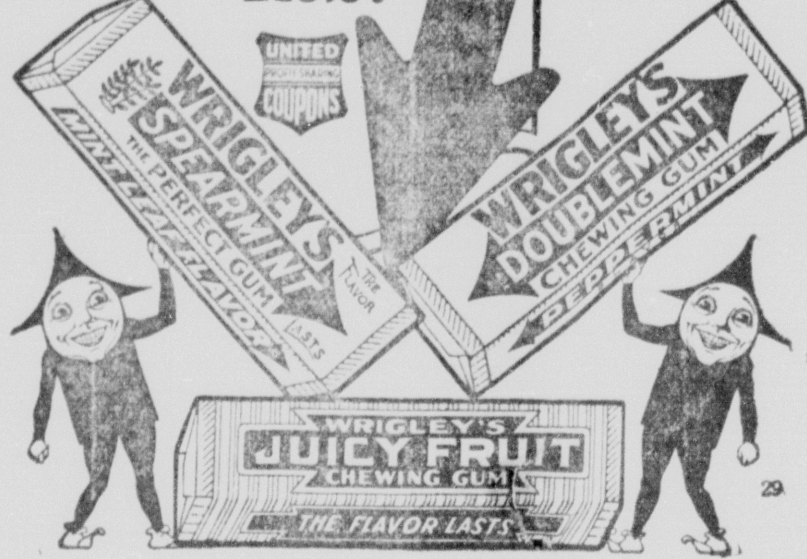
You will find all three flavors in the sealed packages—but look for the name

WRIGLEY'S

because it is your protection against inferior imitations. Just as the sealed package is protection against impurity.

SEALED TIGHT KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor Lasts!



IN THE DAYS' NEWS.

MAY 5.

Elizabeth Marbury, who is to share with William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and other notables the honor of addressing the League of Nations banquet in New York tonight, is probably the most famous of American business women. Miss Marbury is the "play broker" for the most famous dramatists of Europe and as such she has disposed of more plays for dramatic authors

than any other person in America. She has a famous intuition in judging a manuscript drama and likewise is eminently shrewd and successful in negotiating with theatrical managers. Aside from her business she has found time to write for the press about affairs of the stage, and also on woman's claims to recognition as a factor in contemporary life, political and economic. For her service to French authors, especially playwrights, Miss Marbury has been decorated by the French Government.

TIMES WANT ADS

Money Makers

## ANNOUNCEMENT

## TO PROSPECTIVE CAR BUYERS

We have secured the contract for the distribution of the famous Oakland Sensible Six Car for this section of the country, and we cordially invite your inspection of this wonderful car which embodies more real automobile value for the money than any other car on the market. Here are some of the reasons why we selected the Oakland in preference to several other makes of standard cars:

## THE OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX

is a six cylinder car of medium price. It has a small bore high-speed overhead valve engine which insures marked economy.

It is a light-weight high powered car with 44 horse power for only 2,130 pounds weight in the touring model.

It has greater proportionate power for weight in all models than any other car built, with one exception—a car that sells for approximately \$4,000.00.

The touring car is unusually roomy and comfortable, having a full 100 inches or body room upon its sturdy and serviceable chassis, 112-inch wheel base. Extra long 5-inch rear springs insures easy riding qualities.

Oakland owners regularly report 15 to 25 miles per gallon on gasoline, 8,000 to 12,000 on original set of castings, 1,500 miles and better on one gallon of lubricating oil.

When you are in San Antonio, notice the large number of Oaklands on the streets and ask the people who own them. Let us demonstrate this car to you and be convinced.

CARLOAD EN ROUTE FROM FACTORY

Pre-War Prices: F. O. B. Factory Touring or Roadster \$1075  
F. O. B. Factory: Sedan or Coupe.....\$1050

MODEL 34-B

## TEXAS AUTO SALES

L. V. PENDER, Prop.

1307 Farragut St.

Phone 874

## NEED ANSWER TO CALL NOW AS IN THE DAYS OF ISAIAH

MEN ARE NEEDED NOW MORE THAN ANYTHING ELSE.

Pastor Barr Says the Supreme Need of the World is Men, and Never More So Than at Present.

Rev. W. L. Barr spoke on giving one's life as the only act of real service possible, at First Methodist Church yesterday morning. His text was from the eighth verse of the sixth chapter of Isaiah: "Also I heard the voice of the Lord saying, whom shall I send, and who will go for us? Then said I, Here am I; send me."

The supreme need of the world is for men. It has always been so, but how much more is it true in this hour of world need! Money is valueless without a consecrated personality to expend it. Equipment is but dross without PEOPLE to use it. We spent fabulous sums of money in the recent war, every dollar of which was necessary; war equipment beyond anything ever heard of before was manufactured and shipped to military centers; but after all the war was won by MEN.

History moves around men. God could not use the magnificent temple, with all its perfect equipment, nor yet the tithes on the altar until He had the help and co-operation of a man. He needed Isaiah to volunteer his service. When He would reveal His innermost heart to the world He did it in the personality of His Son.

Every man has a call. I dare to believe that He has a perfect plan for every life, and that He tries to build each life after its architectural plan. All work of earth is sacred if thus looked at. Each is filling his own place in God's great Kingdom. One is the hand, another is the foot, another the eye, and another the ear.

The tragedy of the world is the life that has missed its goal. The little human will that thought it knew more about living than its Creator, and shot off from the Architect's plan, striving to make a plan of its own, out of harmony with everything else in the world. What might that poor restless unhappy life have been if it had put itself in the Designer's hand!

The Church of this new day is not the Church of the past, with its indifference and little time given to the things for which it stood. God calls for heroes, self-sacrificing and earnest. This calls for men who give every spare moment to God's work. Business men, and men who work long hours will find their recreation in hunting out people who need the Church, and its influence. The poor family will be found which has been neglected, and brought out to God's House and introduced as the friends of those who found them. And happiness, great and unbounded, will fill the heart of these workers!

The man whose income will admit it will retire from business, and give all of his time. I know one man who is now doing this. He lives in one of our Texas cities, a retired business man, and a man of great influence. His task day after day is looking for neglected people, rich and poor, and bringing them in touch with God and the Church. Our lay leaders, many of them, are now paying a man to run their business, while they are giving their time to the Church.

Thank God for living in this wonderful new day! Multiplied hundreds will be sent out from our shores during the next few years to complete the civilization of the world. They must be our brainiest and best young men and women. They will not go at the starvation wage of the past. A tithing Church will care for them, as they give their life.

Every department of life will need their leading workers at this, the greatest of all tasks. Preachers, doctors, teachers, printers, industrial workers will be sent to their special lines in the farthest corners of the earth. Many a returned soldier will enlist in this greater warfare. Nurses from "over there" will go back again under new and broader orders. Welfare workers of all lines will take up the duties of the new day.

And a revitalized Church, new and awake to the light of the new day, will make the world safe for democracy! The one who claims membership in Christ's Church and can't hear the call, and see the tasks, and feel the thrill is indeed dead, dead, dead. Such ones will drop out, and the Church unencumbered, will go to her God-given task. And to victory!

There are a thousand millions crying for help today, a thousand millions without Christ! The door of every nation of the world is wide open for the Master's representatives to enter. Each open door is a cry of need! Such unprecedented opportunity is a challenge to the Church. She must DO, or DIE!

"Where cross the crowded ways of life,

Where sound the cries of race and clan,

Above the noise of selfish strife,

We hear Thy voice, O Son of Man!"

And from the outward call, alone, in the closet of prayer, we hear the still small voice within, saying: "Whom shall I send, and who will go for us?" And with united chorus the Church will answer "Here am I; send me!"

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities 60c per month.

## HEAVY LIGHTNING STORM ACCOMPANIED RAINSTORM

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE LAREDO VARIATION LAST NIGHT.

Shortly After Midnight Laredo Was Visited By a Heavy Electrical Display, Followed by Rain and Wind.

Accompanied by a heavy electrical display that illumined the heavens in the southward for some time, and then the rumbling of thunder, and later crashing that awoke all from their slumbers, a strong wind and rainstorm struck Laredo at about 12:15 last night, in fact the storm was close upon the city at midnight, as the distant flashing of the heavy lightning was plainly visible here.

At about 12:30 the rain began to come down in veritable torrents for a few minutes, thunder rolled and crashed and the electrical display was one of the most intense witnessed here in some time past. The rain was steady and hard, driven by a strong wind from the southward for a time, but this finally veered to the westward, and as the storm passed over the city and the heavy clouds moved on to the northward Laredo was in the throes of a genuine thunder, lightning and rain storm for about thirty minutes. The total precipitation of the rain in this city aggregated 1.07 inches.

Reports from the offices of the Texas-Mexican, Rio Grande & Eagle Pass and the I. & G. N. railways indicate that the rain was general along their lines last night in all directions from Laredo, and in some places the precipitation was heavier than was recorded in this city. Hail is believed to have fallen in the country not far to the northeastward of here, as the constant rumbling of thunder following the passage of the storm over this city indicated this.

Coming as it does at this time, close upon the heels of the heavy rain of last week, the moisture will be of invaluable benefit to growing cotton, corn and other crops in this section, which are now in a most excellent condition, and the rain assures heavy production. The rain will tend to cause onion shipments to slack up for a day or two, but otherwise will not damage the maturing onions.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,955.00

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.

LAREDO IS RECOGNIZED AS COMING CONVENTION CENTER

Diocesan Council of the West Texas Diocese, Episcopal Church, to Be Held Here Next Spring.

The fifteenth annual council of the Diocese of West Texas of the Episcopal Church, just closed in San Antonio, was a very remarkable one for several reasons. It was of interest to all on the border because more attention is to be paid in the future to problems and opportunities peculiar to us. The council decided to come to Laredo for the sixteenth annual council next spring and is to be a big affair.

Rev. C. W. Cook was in attendance, and Miss Martha Anderson represented the Junior Auxiliary and read the Woman's Auxiliary report before that session. She proved a worthy representative and her church and school may well be proud of her.

She and her Rector were eye witnesses of the presentation of the Distinguished Service Cross to Rev. Mercer Johnston by the Adjutant General, U. S. Army, through Col. Johnson. This was so much of a surprise that the San Antonio papers had no immediate knowledge of it. The affair was dramatic at times and tears flowed down the faces of those in the large banquet room of the St. Anthony.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

There was another remarkable feature not mentioned by the press of San Antonio. The aged Bishop Johnston preached a sermon which he preached fifty years ago, changing nothing, for it needed no altering. The Bishop may be classed as a major prophet, the inspired manner in which unwittingly he told of the events of this war. The sermon startled the people, and this was emphasized when at the dinner the next day he spoke of the sermon being composed by him during the reconstruction period of the Civil War.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities 60c per month.

TIMES WANT ADS

Money Makers

# LOCAL NEWS

—The Dominguez Institute will render a patriotic program this evening at their institution of learning on Houston street, the program consisting of vocal and instrumental selections, recitations, readings, etc. The program consists of twenty-eight numbers and is under the direction of Prof. Simon G. Dominguez, superintendent of the Institute.

—Dr. John T. Halseil wishes to announce his return from service and his resumption of practice on Monday, May 12, in his former office in the Richter building. Office phone 104; residence phone 190.

—Miss Bessie Moore has given up her Beauty Parlor quarters but will go out to do all work. Phone 192.

—Nuevo Laredo is celebrating the "Cinco de Mayo" today, but not on the elaborate scale that characterized the observances of the day in years gone by, when thousands of Laredo people crossed the boundary line to participate in the festivities, and even big celebrations were held on the American side.

—Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

—Beich's (call it Bike's) Candles in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—In the ball game at Caliche Park yesterday afternoon, which was witnessed by a good-sized crowd, the Thirty-seventh Infantry team defeated the "Laredo" team by a score of 6 to 2. Some good playing was done by both sides, but the soldier boys had an "edge" on the game throughout.

—Pure strained honey 25c a pound. Economy Grocery. 4-10-tf.

—American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-tf.

—The "kermess" or "jamaica" given on Martin Plaza last evening attracted a large crowd and the festivities of the evening were much enjoyed by all. The affair was in charge of the Mexican-American young ladies and everybody appeared to enter into the spirit of the event in a joyous spirit.

—JITNEY SERVICE:—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-tf.

—For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guadalupe street, Heights. 5-1-1m.

—I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive. This includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 2-17-tf.

—This is "El Cinco de Mayo," which in Mexico is similar to our Fourth of July, for it commemorates the battle of Puebla, when the forces under Zaragoza, and in which Porfirio Diaz distinguished himself, defeated the French forces and overthrew the yoke of French rule, later terminating with the execution of Maximilian, the self-proclaimed emperor of Mexico.

—Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co, 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-tf.

—The Belmont Rooms and apartments, 602 Main Ave Phone 676 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

—Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

—Unless rain again intererres, the "Peace Pageant," which will take the place of the usual May-day Fete, will take place on School Plaza next Thursday afternoon, May 8, beginning at 5:45 o'clock with the baby buggy parade. All of the children who are to participate in the event are anxious for the day to come, as they have been in readiness for it for several days past.

—We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

—Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

ONION SHIPMENTS HEAVY; PRODUCE STILL IN DEMAND

Good Prices Continue to Hold Good on the Markets of the Country and Good Prices Also Prevail.

Forty-one carloads of Bermuda onions rolled out of Laredo on Saturday night and ten on Sunday night, making the total shipments of onions since our last report aggregate fifty-one carloads. This brings the grand total of shipments of onions by freight out of Laredo to date to 623 carloads.

Onion farmers are much encouraged at the manner in which the demand for the Texas onion crop holds good on the markets, and the prices being paid are also far better than prevailed last year.



## VICTORY BOND CAMPAIGN ENDS ON NEXT SATURDAY

WILL WEBB COUNTY ATTAIN THE  
QUOTA ASSIGNED TO HER?

Various Committees Are Working in  
Untiring Manner to Put the County  
"Over the Top" by End of Week.

Next Saturday night marks the termination of the Victory Bond Campaign throughout the country, unless the time is later extended. Will Webb county be able to attain her quota in the five remaining days? Some take an optimistic view, while others are in doubt as to whether or not the remaining amount of the quota of \$479,900, which is a little less than half, will be subscribed in this city and county within the specified time.

The various committees here have worked in a most indefatigable manner to secure the quota assigned Webb county in the Victory Bond campaign, and if their efforts fail they will not be blamed, for the workers under August C. Richter, as county chairman of the men's committees, and Mrs. Robert Lee Bobbitt as chairman of the women's committees, have worked untiringly to attain the quota. If those who can afford to take a large amount in bonds would do so (and there are a number of big ones here) the county's quota will be over-subscribed by Saturday night.

## MEXICO IS CELEBRATING GREAT NATIONAL HOLIDAY

"El Cinco de Mayo" is Being Observed  
Throughout Southern Republic To-  
day With Great Festivities.

This is Mexico's national holiday, "El Cinco de Mayo," and throughout the republic today the anniversary of the battle of Puebla is being celebrated with programs of festivities and the names of Juarez, Zaragoza and Porfirio Diaz are on the lips of many orators who are addressing the people and telling how the forces of Mexican soldiers led by Zaragoza and Diaz defeated the French at Puebla in the year 1862-67 years ago.

In Nuevo Laredo a grand parade is planned for this afternoon, to be followed by orations, band concerts, "jamaica" and other festivities, concluding with grand bailes and band concerts this evening.

## ACQUIRES MORE HOLDINGS IN OKLAHOMA OIL FIELDS

Two Republics Oil Co. File Papers  
With County Clerk Showing Valua-  
ble Property Acquired in Oklahoma.

According to a deed filed for record with the county clerk today, the Two Republics Oil Co., who are at this time operating in the Reiser oil and gas field east of Laredo, have taken over the holdings of the Gregory Branden Oil & Gas Co., consisting of 70 acres in Comanche county, Oklahoma, also equipment and five producing oil wells.

By the deal the Two Republics Oil Co. also take over twenty-four acres of land located near Walters, Okla., in the Walters oil field, with wells surrounding it which are producing from 500 to 800 barrels daily, and on which the company proposes to start drilling shortly.

## GRAND JURY WAS CONVENED IN DISTRICT COURT TODAY

Second Term of Eight Weeks of Dis-  
trict Court in Webb County Conven-  
ed This Morning by Judge Thomas.

The second consecutive term of district court for the Forty-ninth Judicial District in Webb county, to continue for eight weeks, was convened in Laredo this morning by Judge C. C. Thomas, who exchanged places with Judge J. F. Mullally, who convened court for Judge Thomas in Floresville, Wilson county, this morning.

The following is a list of the members of the grand jury which was empaneled this morning by Judge Thomas, and who immediately set to work investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Vallis: Nelson Sanchez, foreman; Leonard Nelson, John O. Buenz, Henry Borchers, J. Alex MacDonald, Joe Henry, John V. Somerville, S. V. Edwards, B. J. Leyendecker, L. M. Morrow, Walter Stein and Agustin Salinas.

### Waging Big Campaign.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left this morning on a ten days' trip on the big campaign the Presbyterian Church is carrying on in Texas for the financing of the Presbyterian colleges. The objective in the campaign is \$1,300,000. The quota set for the Laredo church was \$4,000 over and above the \$3,500 they had already pledged for local expenses and causes this year. Yesterday the church met their quota and pledged it in full. On next Sunday Dr. Brooks I. Dickey of San Antonio, a very prominent Presbyterian minister, will fill Mr. Wharton's pulpit at both services.

### For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

## GENERAL FORWARDING AND CUSTOMS AGENTS ON BORDER

COMPANIA MINERALES Y META-  
LES WELL ORGANIZED FORCE.

Company is Well Equipped for the  
Handling of Goods Entrusted to  
Them Between the Two Countries.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in this issue of The Times of the Compania de Minerales y Metales, S. A., general forwarding and customs agents, whose offices in Laredo are located in the Laredo National Bank building. This concern is one of the largest mining and smelting concerns in Mexico and its general offices are located at Monterey, Nuevo Leon.

Being a large concern of this character, it naturally has an efficient organization to handle its own business. It has just installed a new department with a view of furnishing the Mexican trade with anything required that is produced in the United States or Mexico. Their warehouses are well stocked for wholesale purposes with mining and smelting supplies, shelf hardware, mill supplies, shafting, pulleys, steel, galvanized iron, sheet steel, bar iron, explosives, chemicals, assay supplies, firebrick and clay, foodstuffs, etc. Their forge department is well fitted with labor-saving machinery which includes the latest improved electric welding apparatus, steam hammers, cranes, power punches and shears, etc.

Their forwarding departments were organized at Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, two years ago with the idea of handling shipments across the border promptly and efficiently. The charges for handling these shipments will be consistent with those charged by other brokers on the border. Their traffic department gives first-class service and they own a sufficient number of locomotives and cars to handle shipments promptly, regardless of their nature and destination.

The Compania Minerales y Metales are agents for all leading lines of goods manufactured in the United States and have a well-organized force to take care of any special orders entrusted to them. Their banking department does a general banking business and they are in a position to issue drafts on Europe or South America through New York connections.

## FARMERS HAVE ORGANIZED GIN COMPANY AT SAN IGNACIO

Zapata County Farmers Preparing for  
the Handling of Cotton Crop of  
Three Thousand Acres.

An enthusiastic meeting of the farmers of Zapata county was held Sunday evening in San Ignacio, when the matter of forming a company for the installation of a cotton gin to cost about \$10,000 was taken up and favorably acted upon and a company formed with the necessary capital. Arrangements are now being perfected to install the gin plant as soon as possible.

There are about three thousand acres of cotton planted in Zapata county this year and the indications are most favorable for a heavy yield of the fleecy staple—probably a bale to the acre. Besides cotton, the heaviest crops of corn, beans, sorghum cane and forage crops in the history of Zapata county are in prospect.

### Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15t.

## BODY OF EDWARD DUFOURCQ BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY

American Mining Operator Killed By  
Bandits at Tequitlan, Mexico, Will  
Be Buried in New York.

The body of Edward L. Dufourcq, a prominent American mining operator of Tequitlan, state of Puebla, Mexico, who was killed by Mexican bandits near Tequitlan about three weeks ago, arrived in Nuevo Laredo Saturday morning, was transferred to this side on Saturday afternoon and left here on Saturday night for New York accompanied by R. G. Dufourcq, a brother of deceased.

At the time of the killing of Edward L. Dufourcq the reports were denied by the Mexican government after investigation was demanded by the Washington authorities, but later the report was confirmed, the body of Dufourcq was prepared for shipment to his old home in New York City and arrangements made for the bringing of the body to this country, which was done and the remains are now en route to New York City for interment.

### For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 78 . . . . . Phone 48  
\*\*\*\*\*  
SOCIAL CALENDAR.  
\*\*\*\*\*

**Monday.**  
The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church in the afternoon at 4 o'clock.  
There will be a dance at the Woman's Club in the evening.  
The Heights Civic Club will hold an important meeting at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon.  
Mrs. H. W. Keller will entertain a number of young matrons at bridge Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock in honor of Mrs. Seymour Denike.  
There will be an important meeting of the Hebrew Ladies Aid Society at the residence of Mrs. F. Wormser Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.  
**Tuesday.**  
Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church will meet at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Community singing at the Soldiers Club in the evening.  
Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.  
\*\*\*\*\*

**General Mention.**  
The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet tomorrow (Tuesday) afternoon at four o'clock at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell, instead of on Thursday, the regular meeting day.

The many friends of Lieut. Albert Martin will be glad to learn that he landed at Newport News, Va., on Saturday evening.

Edward Brewster writes from France that he is having an enjoyable time sight-seeing and has visited in Paris and also in many other interesting points in France.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley has returned from a short trip to San Antonio.

Mrs. A. S. Williams and little son left Saturday evening for San Antonio and Austin to visit relatives, and will then meet Col. Williams in Mobile, where they will visit relatives before returning to their home in Boston.

Lieut. Bagley left Saturday evening for his home in New Haven, Mo., having received his discharge from the army.

Mrs. E. J. Foster left Saturday night for Austin to be the guest of friends for the week.

Mr. Sam Mackin has returned from a two weeks' business trip in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and children of Bruni are visiting in the city.

### Announcement.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, with auction bridge, honoring her sister, Mrs. James H. Allen of Memphis, Tennessee.

### Baptisms.

Henrietta Satterfield Spindler, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spindler, was baptized by Rev. C. W. Cook Sunday morning at Christ Church after the Sunday School service. The sponsors were Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Albrecht and Miss Pearl Wright stood proxy for Mrs. W. Warfield.

Afa Dean, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Moore, was christened at San Agustín cathedral yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The sponsors were Mr. Ricardo Reyna and Miss Maria T. Juarez.

### B. R. D. A.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock the members of the B. R. D. A. Club were entertained by Misses Cuca Zuñiga and Tomasa Guerra at the home of the latter. Games were played, the first prize being won by Mrs. J. Fernandez and the second by Mrs. E. F. Peña. An ice course was served. Club members present were: Mrs. E. F. Peña, E. C. Benavides, Misses Cuca Zuñiga, Tomasa Guerra, Amalia Garcia, Maria T. Juarez; guests: Mrs. J. Fernandez, Misses Lucia Zuñiga, Genoveva Garza and Aurora Avila.

### Club Notes.

**Monday.**  
The Woman's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist Church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
The Heights Civic Club will meet at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

**Tuesday.**  
The Junior Auxiliary of Christ

Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian Church will meet with Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at Masonic Hall in the evening. All members are requested to be present and all visiting members are cordially invited to attend.  
Community Singing at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

**Wednesday.**  
There will be a business meeting of the Parish Guild at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

**Thursday.**  
The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

**Friday.**  
Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire Girls will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will hold their weekly meeting at the Methodist church in the evening.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 in the evening.

**Saturday.**  
Junior Scouts of Troop 1 will hold their regular weekly meeting in the afternoon.

**Bridge Luncheon.**

Mrs. Hal W. Greer gave a charming luncheon Friday morning, honoring Mrs. D. M. Turner. The rooms were decorated with roses and oleanders, and bridge was the amusement provided. Mrs. L. J. Christen received the prize, a linen towel embroidered in butterflies, and Mrs. Frederick Gilbreath cut the consolation, an embroidered center piece, while the honor guest was presented with a lovely hand-made yoke. After the games luncheon was served from daintily appointed table trays, each carrying a crystal basket filled with nasturtiums. The guests were: Mrs. Turner, the honor guest, and Mesdames L. J. Christen, Frederick Gilbreath, Walker, Black, Buck, Shelby, Morton, Hamilton, and Mrs. James H. Allen, the sister of the hostess.

### Entertainment.

One of the pretty affairs of last week was the bridge party given by Mrs. H. W. Johnston on Saturday afternoon, complimenting the Married Ladies Social Club and additional guests. The rooms were attractive in their floral decoration of sweet peas, roses, gladioli and ferns. A series of games of bridge were played, with Mrs. Huberich holding the club high score. She was given a dresser scarf. The guest prize, a piece of hand-embroidered lingerie, was won by Mrs. J. B. DaCamara. The consolation prize, a set of dainty tea napkins, fell to Mrs. M. T. Cogley. The hostess served a two-course luncheon at the conclusion of the games. Club members present were: Mesdames Austin, Biggio, Brewster, Cogley, Christen, Davis, Deutz, Fish, Huberich, MacGregor, Young, Woodman, Younkinn and Weber. The guests included Mesdames A. S. Williams, J. B. DaCamara, Geo. Hatley, Mally, Walker, DeWolf, McKinney, Moore, Hall, Shelby, Morton, Lusk, Greer and Yesner.

### Jewish Welfare Board.

The Jewish Welfare Board hall was the scene last night of a merry and happy crowd. The girls in their cool dancing costumes and the soldiers in their khaki suits all lent the spirit of enjoyment and joy. The music was just right, the surroundings were hospitable as they always are in Laredo, and everyone there just pitched in and had a delightful evening. The folks enjoyed the dancing very much, those looking on as well as those that danced. During the intermission refreshments were served by the Misses Alexander, the hostesses of the evening, aided by Mrs. L. Daiches and Mrs. M. Ryan.

### TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, widow of Napoleon III, born in Granada, Spain, 93 years ago today.  
General Sir Henry Wilson, chief of the Imperial General Staff of the British army, born 55 years ago today.  
Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal secretary of state, born in central Italy, 67 years ago today.  
William P. G. Harding, governor of the Federal Reserve Board, born in Greene County, Ala., 55 years ago today.  
Darwin P. Kingsley, philanthropist, president of the world's largest life insurance company, born at Alburg, Vt., 62 years ago today.  
Joseph P. Tumulty, private secretary to President Wilson, born at Jersey City, N. J., 40 years ago today.

**Do You Enjoy Life?**  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

**AMBIGUOUS.**  
The Right School—Advertisement: Wanted, position in cabaret; no bad habits; willing to learn.—Boston Transcript.

**ABOUT RHEUMATISM.**  
Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

**TIMES WANT ADS.**  
\*\*\*\*\* Money Makers \*\*\*\*\*

# BELGIUM WILL SIGN TREATY ALTHOUGH GOVERNMENT AT BRUSSELS NOT SATISFIED

## Hungary has Not been Asked to Send Peace Delegation to Versailles, as Conference Holding Action in Abeyance Pending Outcome of the Disorders in That Country and Return to Order.

## FIRE DAMAGED THE NAVAL SEAPLANES

READY FOR TRANSATLANTIC  
FLIGHT BUT LOST THE  
DATE BECAUSE OF  
FIRE TODAY.

By Associated Press.  
New York, May 5.—Fire today at the Naval Air Station at Rockaway Beach damaged naval seaplanes No. 1 and No. 4 which were to start tomorrow on the first leg of their transatlantic flight. The right wing of No. 1 is completely destroyed and the other machine is slightly damaged. The fire started from an electric spark which ignited gasoline on No. 1.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Rt. Rev. Maurice F. Burke, Catholic bishop of St. Joseph, Mo., today enters upon his seventy-fifth year.  
A city election will be held at Raleigh, N. C., today for the choice of mayor and other municipal officials.  
The annual Southern Textile Exposition will be opened at Greenville, S. C., today and continued through the week.

The Yukon territorial legislative council will assemble at Dawson today to begin its annual session.

The Red Triangle Fund campaign will be launched in Canada today to raise \$1,100,000 for the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A.

The future of the National Guard will be considered at the 20th annual convention of the National Guard Association of the United States, which is to open today at Chicago.

William G. McAdoo, James W. Gerard and other noted speakers are to be heard at a dinner to be given in New York City tonight under the auspices of the New York Committee for the League of Nations.

The trial is set to begin in Seattle today of 20-year-old Ruth Garrison, who confessed, according to the police, that she poisoned Mrs. Grace Storrs, her rival for the love of Mrs. Storrs' husband.

A call has been issued for a National Conference on Lynching to assemble in New York City today to take "concerted action against lynching and lawlessness wherever found."

### EXPLAINED.

Mrs. Peace—My husband and I never dispute before the children. We always send them out when a quarrel seems imminent.

Miss Sharp—Ah, I've often wondered why they're so much in the street.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight and Tuesday cloudy. Probably local showers.

### Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today.  
Max. temp. 92 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: South.  
Fair.  
Rainfall, half-inch.

**Finns Masters at Petrograd.**  
London, May 5.—The Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Mail.

They have arrested members of the Danish Red Cross in that city and it is reported that they intend to march against the Finnish White Guards. Paris reports Saturday stated that

**Repulsed Bolshevik Gunboats.**  
Archangel, May 5.—Allied forces yesterday succeeded in repulsing the first attack by Bolshevik gunboats on the Dvina river.

**Finns Masters at Petrograd.**  
London, May 5.—The Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Mail.

They have arrested members of the Danish Red Cross in that city and it is reported that they intend to march against the Finnish White Guards. Paris reports Saturday stated that

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. See for testimonials, free.

J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

By Associated Press.  
Belgium will sign the treaty of peace in spite of the feeling at Brussels that the financial, economical and territorial aspects of the pact are not satisfactory. So far as known Hungary has not been asked to send her peace delegation to Versailles, the council holding its action in abeyance pending the outcome of the disorders in that country. The organization of the league of nations will be perfected today. Standing committees were appointed and arrangements for holding the first meeting in Washington next October were made.

**Be Delivered Thursday.**  
Paris, May 5.—It is now certain, according to the French press, that the treaty of peace will be solemnly handed to Count von Brockendorff-Rantzau, the German foreign minister, by Premier Clemenceau at Versailles on Thursday afternoon.

**Italy's Status Questioned.**  
Paris, May 5.—The status of Italy as one of the five great powers has been brought into question by her withdrawal from the peace conference and it is this status which is proving a powerful lever in inducing Italy to accept the invitation of the council of three to resume her place at the peace table. The treaty of peace makes repeated reference to the five great powers and this will have to be changed to "the four great powers" should Italy remain out.

**Will Return to Paris.**  
Paris, May 5.—Vittorio Orlando, the Italian premier, and Baron Sonnino, Italian foreign minister, will return to Paris, it was officially announced. They will take the train from Rome tonight.

**Secret Plenary Session.**  
Paris, May 5.—A secret plenary session of the peace conference has been called to meet tomorrow at the French foreign office for the purpose of the presentation of the peace treaty to the smaller powers.

### Hungary Protests.

London May 5.—The Hungarian government has sent an indignant remonstrance to the Austrian government protesting against the latter permitting the seizure of the Hungarian legation in Vienna, according to a wireless message from Budapest. It demanded that proceedings be commenced against those involved and threatened that Hungary would act in a similar manner against the German Austrian legation in Budapest if satisfaction were not given.

### Szolnok Recaptured.

London, May 5.—Szolnok has been recaptured by Hungarian soviet forces from the Rumanians, according to a Hungarian wireless dated Budapest Sunday. The town is now completely in the hands of the Hungarians.

### Repulsed Bolshevik Gunboats.

Archangel, May 5.—Allied forces yesterday succeeded in repulsing the first attack by Bolshevik gunboats on the Dvina river.

### Finns Masters at Petrograd.

London, May 5.—The Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to a despatch from Copenhagen to the Mail. They have arrested members of the Danish Red Cross in that city and it is reported that they intend to march against the Finnish White Guards. Paris reports Saturday stated that

### Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces, expelling the poison from the blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. See for testimonials, free.

J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

## ONLY BARE QUORUM IN SPECIAL SESSION

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE SUBMITTED ONLY QUESTION OF  
ALLOWING SOLDIERS  
TO VOTE.

By Associated Press.  
Austin, Texas, May 5.—The Texas legislature convened in special session today, with a bare quorum in each house. All indications are that the session will be a short one. The governor's first message submitted only the subject of allowing discharged soldiers and sailors to vote without the payment of poll tax.

### CORN DROPPED.

By Associated Press.  
Chicago, May 5.—Following the statement of Julius H. Barnes, president of the grain corporation, that the corporation had arranged for moderate importation of wheat from Canada, corn dropped 19c a bushel on the board of trade today.

### OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

Mirrors were used by the early Anglo-Saxon women slung to their sides.

The South Carolina Equal Suffrage League has established permanent headquarters in Columbia.

The minimum wage for women is established by law now in twelve States and in the District of Columbia.

The Chamber of Commerce of the United States has admitted the Chicago Woman's Association to membership.

Miss Daisy York, of Knoxville, has the distinction of being the first woman deputy criminal court clerk in Tennessee.

Miss Florence E. Allen, who has been appointed assistant county prosecutor, is the first woman officeholder in Cleveland.

Nearly 15,000,000 women twenty-one years of age or over reside in those States where women are now eligible to vote for presidential electors.

Mrs. Maggie Hathaway, at present a member of the Montana legislature, is mentioned as a prospective candidate for Congress next year.

Miss Margaret Winfield Stewart is believed to be the first Illinois-born woman to be admitted to practice law before the Supreme Court of the United States.

Finnish troops occupied Petrograd, but their identity was not established.

### To Relieve Soldiers.

New York, May 5.—One thousand men, the first contingent of 50,000 troops volunteering to relieve an equal number of doughboys now with the American army of occupation in Germany, will sail for Europe tomorrow, according to the announcement of the army embarkation authorities in Hoboken today.

### Abandon Flying Fields.

Washington, May 5.—The war department announced today that flying fields, Carruthers, Love, Rich, Barron, Call and Tallafiero, all in Texas, will be abandoned as soon as the equipment can be stored elsewhere.

### Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be



## VICTORY BOND CAMPAIGN ENDS ON NEXT SATURDAY

WILL WEBB COUNTY ATTAIN THE  
QUOTA ASSIGNED TO HER?

Various Committees Are Working in  
Unfiring Manner to Put the County  
"Over the Top" by End of Week.

Next Saturday night marks the termination of the Victory Bond Campaign throughout the county, unless the time is later extended. Will Webb county be able to attain her quota in the five remaining days? Some take an optimistic view, while others are in doubt as to whether or not the remaining amount of the quota of \$479,900, which is a little less than half, will be subscribed in this city and county within the specified time.

The various committees here have worked in a most indefatigable manner to secure the quota assigned Webb county in the Victory Bond campaign, and if their efforts fail they will not be blamed for the workers under August C. Richter, as county chairman of the men's committees, and Mrs. Robert Lee Bobbitt as chairman of the women's committees, have worked untiringly to attain the quota. If those who can afford to take a large amount in bonds would do so (and there are a number of big ones here) the county's quota will be over-subscribed by Saturday night.

## MEXICO IS CELEBRATING GREAT NATIONAL HOLIDAY

"El Cinco de Mayo" is Being Observed  
Throughout Southern Republic To-  
day With Great Festivities.

This is Mexico's national holiday, "El Cinco de Mayo," and throughout the republic today the anniversary of the battle of Puebla is being celebrated with programs of festivities and the names of Juarez, Zaragoza and Porfirio Diaz are on the lips of many orators who are addressing the people and telling how the forces of Mexican soldiers led by Zaragoza and Diaz defeated the French at Puebla in the year 1862-67 years ago.

In Nuevo Laredo a grand parade is planned for this afternoon, to be followed by orations, band concerts, "jamaica" and other festivities, concluding with grand bailes and band concerts this evening.

## ACQUIRES MORE HOLDINGS IN OKLAHOMA OIL FIELDS

Two Republics Oil Co. File Papers  
With County Clerk Showing Valuable  
Property Acquired in Oklahoma.

According to a deed filed for record with the county clerk today, the Two Republics Oil Co., who are at this time operating in the Reiser oil and gas field east of Laredo, have taken over the holdings of the Gregory Branden Oil & Gas Co., consisting of 70 acres in Comanche county, Oklahoma, also equipment and five producing oil wells.

By the deal the Two Republics Oil Co. also take over twenty-four acres of land located near Walters, Okla., in the Walters oil field, with wells surrounding it which are producing from 500 to 800 barrels daily, and on which the company proposes to start drilling shortly.

## GRAND JURY WAS CONVENED IN DISTRICT COURT TODAY

Second Term of Eight Weeks of Dis-  
trict Court in Webb County Convened  
This Morning by Judge Thomas.

The second consecutive term of district court for the forty-ninth Judicial District in Webb county, to continue for eight weeks, was convened in Laredo this morning by Judge C. C. Thomas who exchanged places with Judge J. F. Mullally, who convened court for Judge Thomas in Floresville, Wilson county, this morning.

The following is a list of the members of the grand jury which was empaneled this morning by Judge Thomas, and who immediately set to work investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Valls: Dario Sanchez, foreman; Leonard Nelson, John O. Buenz, Henry Borchers, J. Alex MacDonald, Joe Henry, John V. Sommerick, L. V. Edwards, B. J. Levenschiller, S. M. Morrow, Walter Stein and Agustin Salinas.

## Waging Big Campaign.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left this morning on a ten days' trip on the big campaign the Presbyterian Church is carrying on in Texas for the financing of the Presbyterian colleges. The objective in the campaign is \$1,300,000. The quota set for the Laredo church was \$4,000 over and above the \$3,500 they had already pledged for local expenses and causes this year. Yesterday the church met their quota and pledged it in full. On next Sunday Dr. Brooks I. Dickey of San Antonio, a very prominent Presbyterian minister, will fill Mr. Wharton's pulpit at both services.

## For a Sprained Ankle.

As soon as possible after the in-  
jury is received get a bottle of Cham-  
berlain's Liniment and follow the  
plain printed directions which ac-  
company the bottle.

## GENERAL FORWARDING AND CUSTOMS AGENTS ON BORDER

COMPANIA MINERALES Y META-  
LES WELL ORGANIZED FORCE.

Company is Well Equipped for the  
Handling of Goods Entrusted to  
Them Between the Two Countries.

Attention is directed to the ad-  
vertisement in this issue of The Times  
of the Compania de Minerales y Me-  
tales, S. A., general forwarding and  
customs agents, whose offices in La-  
redo are located in the Laredo Na-  
tional Bank building. This concern is  
one of the largest mining and smelt-  
ing concerns in Mexico and its gen-  
eral offices are located at Monterrey,  
Nuevo Leon.

Being a large concern of this char-  
acter, it naturally has an efficient or-  
ganization to handle its own business.  
It has just installed a new depart-  
ment with a view of furnishing the  
Mexican trade with anything required  
that is produced in the United States  
or Mexico. Their warehouses are  
well stocked for wholesale purposes  
with mining and smelting supplies,  
shafting hardware, mill supplies, shaft-  
ing, pulleys, steel, galvanized iron,  
sheet steel, bar iron, explosives, chem-  
icals, assay supplies, firebrick and  
clay, foodstuffs, etc. Their forge de-  
partment is well fitted with labor-  
saving machinery which includes the  
latest improved electric welding ap-  
paratus, steam hammers, cranes, power  
punches and shears, etc.

Their forwarding departments were  
organized at Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo  
Laredo, Mexico, two years ago  
with the idea of handling shipments  
across the border promptly and effi-  
ciently. The charges for handling  
these shipments will be consistent  
with those charged by other brokers  
on the border. Their traffic depart-  
ment gives first-class service and  
they own a sufficient number of lo-  
comotives and cars to handle shipments  
promptly, regardless of their nature  
and destination.

The Compania Minerales y Metales  
are agents for all leading lines of  
goods manufactured in the United  
States and have a well-organized  
force to take care of any special or-  
ders entrusted to them. Their bank-  
ing department does a general bank-  
ing business and they are in a po-  
sition to issue drafts on Europe or  
South America through New York  
connections.

## FARMERS HAVE ORGANIZED GIN COMPANY AT SAN IGNACIO

Zapata County Farmers Preparing for  
the Handling of Cotton Crop of  
Three Thousand Acres.

An enthusiastic meeting of the  
farmers of Zapata county was held  
Sunday evening in San Ignacio, when  
the matter of forming a company for  
the installation of a cotton gin to cost  
about \$10,000 was taken up and favor-  
ably acted upon and a company formed  
with the necessary capital. Ar-  
rangements are now being perfected  
to install the gin plant as soon as possible.

There are about three thousand  
acres of cotton planted in Zapata  
county this year and the indications  
are most favorable for a heavy yield  
of the fleecy staple—probably a bale  
to the acre. Besides cotton, the  
heaviest crops of corn, beans,  
sorghum cane and forage crops in the  
history of Zapata county are in prospect.

## Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has  
moved from Turbide street to No. 614  
San Agustin avenue. 5-2157.

## BODY OF EDWARD DUFORCQ BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY

American Mining Operator Killed By  
Bandits at Tequitlan, Mexico, Will  
Be Buried in New York.

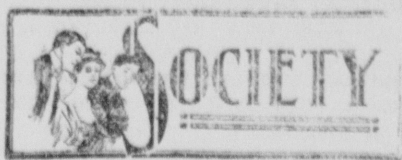
The body of Edward L. Dufourcq, a  
prominent American mining operator  
of Tequitlan, state of Puebla, Mexico,  
who was killed by Mexican bandits  
near Tequitlan about three weeks  
ago, arrived in Nuevo Laredo Satur-  
day morning, was transferred to this  
side on Saturday afternoon and left  
here on Saturday night for New York  
accompanied by R. G. Dufourcq, a  
brother of deceased.

At the time of the killing of Edward  
L. Dufourcq the reports were denied  
by the Mexican government after in-  
vestigation was demanded by the  
Washington authorities, but later the  
report was confirmed, the body of  
Dufourcq was prepared for shipment  
to his old home in New York City and  
arrangements made for the bringing  
of the body to this country, which  
was done and the remains are now  
en route to New York City for inter-  
ment.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42,  
W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or  
110 feet front west on Market Plaza,  
by 182 feet front for depth on Hidalgo  
street. For further particulars apply  
to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B.  
de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant  
street. 6-31m.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for  
opportunities. 50c. per month.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 ..... Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Monday.

The Woman's Missionary So-  
ciety of the Methodist church  
will hold its regular weekly  
meeting at the church in the  
afternoon at 4 o'clock.

There will be a dance at  
the Woman's Club in the even-  
ing.

The Heights Civic Club will  
hold an important meeting at  
the home of Mrs. M. P. Cul-  
linan at 4 o'clock Monday af-  
ternoon.

Mrs. H. W. Keller will enter-  
tain a number of young ma-  
trons at bridge Monday af-  
ternoon at 4 o'clock in honor  
of Mrs. Seymour Denike.

There will be an important  
meeting of the Hebrew Ladies  
Aid Society at the residence  
of Mrs. F. Wormser Monday  
afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

### Tuesday.

Junior Auxiliary of Christ  
Church will meet at the Re-  
ctory at 4 o'clock in the af-  
ternoon.

Ladies Aid of the Presby-  
terian Church will meet at the  
home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell at  
4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Community singing at the  
Soldiers Club in the evening.  
Miriam Chapter No. 86, O.  
E. S., will hold its regular  
meeting at the Masonic Hall  
at 8 o'clock in the evening.

### General Mention.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Pres-  
byterian church will meet tomorrow  
(Tuesday) afternoon at four o'clock  
at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell,  
instead of on Thursday, the regular  
meeting day.

The many friends of Lieut. Albert  
Martin will be glad to learn that he  
landed at Newport News, Va., on Sat-  
urday evening.

Edward Brewster writes from  
France that he is having an enjoyable  
time sight-seeing and has visited in  
Paris and also in many other interest-  
ing points in France.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley has returned  
from a short trip to San Antonio.

Mrs. A. S. Williams and little son  
left Saturday evening for San An-  
tonio and Austin to visit relatives,  
and will then meet Col. Williams in  
Mobile, where they will visit relatives  
before returning to their home in  
Boston.

Lieut. Bagley left Saturday evening  
for his home in New Haven, Mo., hav-  
ing received his discharge from the  
army.

Mrs. E. J. Foster left Saturday  
night for Austin to be the guest of  
friends for the week.

Mr. Sam Mackin has returned from  
a two weeks' business trip in the  
East.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Bruni and chil-  
dren of Bruni are visiting in the city.

### Announcement

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at  
the Latin American Club at 3:30  
o'clock Saturday afternoon, with  
auction bridge, honoring her sister,  
Mrs. James H. Allen of Memphis  
Tennessee.

### Baptisms.

Henrietta Satterfield Spindler, in-  
fant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spind-  
ler, was baptized by Rev. C. W. Cook  
Sunday morning at Christ Church af-  
ter the Sunday School service. The  
sponsors were Mr. and Mrs. W. E.  
Alberthal and Miss Pearl Wright  
stood proxy for Mrs. W. Warfield.

Afa Dean, infant daughter of Mr.  
and Mrs. J. E. Moore, was christened  
at San Agustin cathedral yesterday  
afternoon at 4 o'clock. The sponsors  
were Mr. Ricardo Reyna and Miss  
Maria T. Juarez.

### B. R. D. A.

Yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6  
o'clock the members of the B. R. D. A.  
Club were entertained by Misses  
Cuca Zuñiga and Tomas Guerra at  
the home of the latter. Games were  
played, the first prize being won by  
Mrs. J. Fernandez and the second  
by Mrs. E. F. Peña. An ice course  
was served. Club members present  
were: Mrs. E. F. Peña, E. C. Benavi-  
des, Misses Cuca Zuñiga, Tomas  
Guerra, Amalia Garcia, Maria T.  
Juarez; guests: Mrs. J. Fernandez,  
Misses Lucia Zuñiga, Genoveva Garza  
and Aurora Ayala.

### Club Notes.

Monday.  
The Woman's Missionary Society  
will meet at the Methodist Church at  
4 o'clock in the afternoon.

The Heights Civic Club will meet  
at the home of Mrs. M. P. Cullinan at  
4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Tuesday.  
The Junior Auxiliary of Christ

Church will hold its regular weekly  
meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock  
in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian  
Church will meet with Mrs. S. J. Sor-  
rell at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S.,  
will hold its regular meeting at Ma-  
sonic Hall in the evening. All mem-  
bers are requested to be present and  
all visiting members are cordially in-  
vited to attend.

Community Singing at the Soldiers'  
Club in the evening.

### Wednesday.

There will be a business meeting of  
the Parish Guild at the Rectory at 4  
o'clock in the afternoon.

### Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian  
Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred  
Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the af-  
ternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U.  
will hold their regular weekly meet-  
ing at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### Friday.

Blue Bird Chapter of Camp Fire  
Girls will meet with Mrs. Alfred  
Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will hold their  
weekly meeting at the Methodist  
church in the evening.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at  
Headquarters Hall at 8 in the even-  
ing.

### Saturday.

Junior Scouts of Troop 1 will hold  
their regular weekly meeting in the  
afternoon.

### Bridge Luncheon.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer gave a charming  
luncheon Friday morning, honoring  
Mrs. D. M. Turner. The rooms were  
decorated with roses and clematis,  
and bridge was the amusement pro-  
vided. Mrs. L. J. Christen received  
the prize, a linen towel embroidered  
in butterflies, and Mrs. Frederick Gil-  
breath cut the consolation, an em-  
broided center piece, while the  
honor guest was presented with a  
lovely hand-made yoke. After the  
games luncheon was served from  
daintily appointed table trays, each  
carrying a crystal basket filled with  
nasturtiums. The guests were: Mrs.  
Turner, the honor guest, and Mes-  
dames L. J. Christen, Frederick Gil-  
breath, Walker, Black, Buck, Shelby,  
Morton, Hamilton, and Mrs. James H.  
Allen, the sister of the hostess.

### Entertainment.

One of the pretty affairs of last  
week was the bridge party given by  
Mrs. H. W. Johnston on Saturday af-  
ternoon, complimenting the Married  
Ladies Social Club and additional  
guests. The rooms were attractive  
in their floral decoration of sweet  
peas, roses, gladioli and ferns. A  
series of games of bridge were play-  
ed, with Mrs. Huberich holding the  
club high score. She was given a  
dresser scarf. The guest prize, a  
piece of hand-embroidered lingerie,  
was won by Mrs. J. B. DaCamara. The  
consolation prize, a set of dainty tea  
napkins, fell to Mrs. M. T. Cogley.  
The hostess served a two-course lun-  
cheon at the conclusion of the games.  
Club members present were: Mes-  
dames Austin, Biggio, Brewster, Cog-  
ley, Christen, Davis, Deltz, Fish,  
Huberich, MacGregor, Young, Wood-  
man, Younk and Weber. The guests  
included Mesdames A. S. Williams, J.  
B. DaCamara, Geo. Hatley, Mally,  
Walker, DeWolf, McKinney, Moore,  
Hall, Shelby, Morton, Lusk, Greer and  
Yesner.

### Jewish Welfare Board.

The Jewish Welfare Board hall was  
the scene last night of a merry and  
happy crowd. The girls in their cool  
dancing costumes and the soldiers in  
their khaki suits all lent the spirit of  
enjoyment and joy. The music was  
just right, the surroundings were hos-  
pitable as they always are in Laredo,  
and everyone there just pitched in  
and had a delightful evening. The  
folks enjoyed the dancing very much,  
those looking on as well as those that  
danced. During the intermission re-  
freshments were served by the Misses  
Alexander, the hostesses of the even-  
ing, aided by Mrs. L. Daiches and  
Mrs. M. Ryan.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 5.  
Ex-Empress Eugenie, widow of Na-  
poleon III, born in Granada, Spain, 93  
years ago today.

General Sir Henry Wilson, chief of  
the Imperial General Staff of the British  
army, born 55 years ago today.

Cardinal Gasparri, the Papal secre-  
tary of state, born in central Italy, 67  
years ago today.

William P. G. Harding, governor of  
the Federal Reserve Board, born in  
Greene County, Ala., 55 years ago to-  
day.

Darwin P. Kingsley, philanthropist,  
president of the world's largest life  
insurance company, born at Alburg,  
Vt., 62 years ago today.

Joseph P. Tumulty, private secre-  
tary to President Wilson, born at  
Jersey City, N. J., 40 years ago today.

### About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and  
suffering than any other disease, for  
the reason that it is the most com-  
mon of all ills, and it is certainly  
gratifying to sufferers to know that  
there is a remedy that will afford re-  
lief, and make rest and sleep pos-  
sible. It is called Chamberlain's Lin-  
iment.

### AMBIGUOUS.

The Right School—Advertise-  
ment: Wanted, position in cabinet;  
no bad habits; willing to learn.—  
Boston Transcript.

### TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

# BELGIUM WILL SIGN TREATY ALTHOUGH GOVERNMENT AT BRUSSELS NOT SATISFIED

## Hungary has Not been Asked to Send Peace Delegation to Versailles, as Conference Holding Action in Abeyance Pending Outcome of the Disorders in That Country and Return to Order.

## FIRE DAMAGED THE NAVAL SEAPLANES

READY FOR TRANSATLANTIC  
FLIGHT BUT LOST THE  
DATE BECAUSE OF  
FIRE TODAY.

### By Associated Press.

New York, May 5.—Fire today at  
the Naval Air Station at Rockaway  
Beach damaged naval seaplanes No. 1  
and No. 4 which were to start tomor-  
row on the first leg of their trans-  
atlantic flight. The right wing of No.  
1 is completely destroyed and the  
other machine is slightly damaged.  
The fire started from an electric  
spark which ignited gasoline on No. 1.

### TODAY'S EVENTS.

Rt. Rev. Maurice F. Burke, Catholic  
bishop of St. Joseph, Mo., today en-  
ters upon his seventy-fifth year.

A city election will be held at  
Raleigh, N. C., today for the choice of  
mayor and other municipal officials.

The annual Southern Textile Ex-  
position will be opened at Greenville,  
S. C., today and continued through  
the week.

The Yukon territorial legislative  
council will assemble at Dawson to-  
day to begin its annual session.

The Red Triangle Fund campaign  
will be launched in Canada today to  
raise \$1,100,000 for the Y. M. C. A.  
and the Y. W. C. A.

The future of the National Guard  
will be considered at the 20th annual  
convention of the National Guard As-  
sociation of the United States, which  
is to open today at Chicago.

William G. McAdoo, James W.  
Gerard and other noted speakers are  
to be heard at a dinner to be given in  
New York City tonight under the  
auspices of the New York Committee  
for the League of Nations.

The trial is set to begin in Seattle  
today of 20-year-old Ruth Garrison,  
who confessed, according to the  
police, that she poisoned Mrs. Grace  
Storrs, her rival for the love of Mrs.  
Storrs' husband.

A call has been issued for a Na-  
tional Conference on Lynching to as-  
semble in New York City today to  
take "concerted action against lynching  
and lawlessness wherever found."

### EXPLAINED.

Mrs. Peace—My husband and I  
never dispute before the children. We  
always send them out when a quar-  
rel seems imminent.

Miss Sharp—Ah, I've often won-  
dered why they're so much in the  
street.

### WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the  
United States weather bureau at New  
Orleans is furnished The Times by  
the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Tuesday cloudy. Prob-  
ably local showers.

### Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations  
taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24  
hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 92 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: South.  
Fair.  
Rainfall, half-inch.

### Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition  
is almost certain to enjoy life, while  
the bilious and dyspeptic are despon-  
dent, do not enjoy their meals and  
miserable a good share of the time.  
This ill feeling is nearly always un-  
necessary. A few doses of Chamber-  
lain's Tablets to tone up the stomach  
improve the digestion and regulate  
the bowels is all that is needed. Try  
it.

### AMBIGUOUS.

The Right School—Advertise-  
ment: Wanted, position in cabinet;  
no bad habits; willing to learn.—  
Boston Transcript.

### TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

### By Associated Press.

Belgium will sign the treaty of  
peace in spite of the feeling at Brus-  
sels that the financial, economical and  
territorial aspects of the pact are not  
satisfactory. So far as known Hun-  
gary has not been asked to send her  
peace delegation to Versailles, the  
council holding its action in abeyance  
pending the outcome of the disorders  
in that country. The organization of  
the league of nations will be perfect-  
ed today. Standing committees were  
appointed and arrangements for hold-  
ing the first meeting in Washington  
next October were made.

### Be Delivered Thursday.

Paris, May 5.—It is now certain, ac-  
cording to the French press, that the  
treaty of peace will be solemnly  
handed to Count von Brockendorff,  
Kantau, the German foreign minis-  
ter, by Premier Clemenceau at Ver-  
sailles on Thursday afternoon.

### Italy's Status Questioned.

Paris, May 5.—The status of Italy  
as one of the five great powers has  
been brought into question by her  
withdrawal from the peace conference  
and it is this status which is proving  
a powerful lever in inducing Italy to  
accept the invitation of the council of  
three to resume her place at the  
peace table. The treaty of peace  
makes repeated reference to the five  
great powers and this will have to be  
changed to "the four great powers"  
should Italy remain out.

### Will Return to Paris.

Paris, May 5.—Vittorio Orlando, the  
Italian premier, and Baron Sonnino,  
Italian foreign minister, will return  
to Paris, it was officially announced.  
They will take the train from Rome  
tonight.

### Secret Plenary Session.

Paris, May 5.—A secret plenary  
session of the peace conference has  
been called to meet tomorrow at the  
French foreign office for the purpose  
of the presentation of the peace  
treaty to the smaller powers.

### Hungary Protests.

London May 5.—The Hungarian  
government has sent an indignant re-  
monstrance to the Austrian govern-  
ment protesting against the latter  
permitting the seizure of the Hungar-  
ian legation in Vienna, according to a  
wireless message from Budapest. It  
demanded that proceedings be com-  
menced against those involved and  
threatened that Hungary would act in  
a similar manner against the German  
Austrian legation in Budapest if sat-  
isfaction were not given.

### Szolnok Recaptured.

London, May 5.—Szolnok has been  
recaptured by Hungarian soviet forces  
from the Rumanians, according to a  
Hungarian wireless dated Budapest  
Sunday. The town is now completely  
in the hands of the Hungarians.

### Repulsed Bolshevik Gunboats.



From Tuesday's Daily.

#### PLANT FRUIT TREES.

Many people who are wasting valuable ground space by planting mere ornamental shrubs or trees would do well to study what fruits do well here. This is brought strongly to our attention by the receipt of a small box of apricots grown by Mr. John D. Davies in his orchard at Joyce, where he has nearly twenty trees producing this delicious fruit. Mr. Joyce says that five of the trees seem to fruit early, ripening about May 1st, while the others will have ripe fruit a month later, and that all the trees are loaded down with the fruit, which is an inch or more in diameter, juicy and sweet.

An apricot tree takes no more space than a mere ornamental tree and is just as pretty a sight when in blossom, while the fruit is valuable. And it takes no more care than some of the trees that practically do no more than cumber the ground for a great part of the year, except for the small amount of shade which they give.

There are many of the fruits which less favored climes produce in abundance that might be planted with profit in Laredo. There is no part of the city which is not supplied with water that can easily be used for irrigation of a small orchard and garden.

Many of the trees thrive better when a vegetable crop is grown between the rows, and thus the ground serves a double purpose, as the vegetable crop is off the ground when the trees need the most nourishment.

Peaches and plums both sisters to the apricot, will do well here, and if one can only be patient for a few years, the trees will reward the efforts of the grower. And there is a certain satisfaction that comes from nothing else that rewards the grower of fruit trees.

Those who have planted fruit trees and have given them the same care that they would to any other tree or shrub are well repaid for the small amount of labor involved. And if the Laredo people will not leave everything to Dame Nature, but care for their fruit trees in time of heavy frost, they will be surprised at the small percentage of frost-killed trees.

In some sections where the frosts are more frequent and more severe than here the people have successfully grown fruit which is popularly supposed to be peculiarly fitted to subtropical climes. And the success of oranges and lemons and grape fruit here should encourage others to take a little pains for the sake of the fruit which they are certain to obtain.

Mr. J. R. Moore a few years ago grew some of the finest grape fruit ever seen and proved that the Laredo soil, water and climate are all suited to citrus culture. And if one man can raise them successfully, surely others can.

There is no need of planting for commercial growing of fruit. Perhaps the expense of raising a large number of trees would hardly pay in the returns. But at least there could be a quantity of fruit raised by each family that has its own place, and thus reduce the cost of living.

We do not know how old Mr. Davies' trees are, but they cannot be more than a few years old, and already they are completely covered with the delicious fruit.

The grocers of Laredo sell each year an enormous quantity of canned fruit, for we are a fruit-eating people. Elsewhere in Texas the activities of the canning clubs have shown the people that it is possible to make a profit out of home-grown fruit, by canning what cannot be eaten while fresh.

If others can do this, there is no reason why Laredo people should not have gardens and orchards which will save them many dollars a year, and the markets and green grocers will be glad to take care of the surplus.

Plant fruit and other things to eat and do away with the merely showy.

#### OUR PECULIAR WAY.

We are fond of boasting that we do not talk about what we are going to do, but go ahead and do it. At least, that used to be our boast before we entered the world war.

But in the matter of loans some of the other nations could teach us a thing or two. The French, for instance, on their seventh loan, which was as proportionately great to those people as our Victory loan is to us, subscribed the entire loan in one day.

Americans who were present when that loan was subscribed said there was no fuss about it. The only posters used were the official placards of the government informing the people as to the terms of the loan and the amount needed. There was no "quota" for each district or city. It was all left to the French people, and before night the entire amount was subscribed, without any brass bands, parades, speeches or other incentives to patriotism.

Perhaps the difference is that the French patriotism is of the sort that says little and does much. There was a time when the French were accused of being an emotional people. But they have gone about their business during the war without any of the expected hysterics; they accepted their losses calmly, almost apathetically, and they received the news of victory with little of the frantic expressions of joy that had been anticipated.

We have done little compared with the French, the British and the Italians. They have all sacrificed many times what we have, they have suffer-

ed a shortage of food and clothing, they have been on the verge of defeat and still have carried on. And when it comes to subscribing to their own government loans they have shown a spirit that we might well emulate.

Occasionally we find an example of sacrifice that is worthy of comment. One Laredo man has contributed to the Red Cross, has subscribed 15 per cent of his earnings to every war loan, and is now doing without ice and milk in order that he may buy a War Savings stamp each month. Are you doing anything like that? Of course, he is doing much more for himself, for it is an investment, and a good one. But it is also helping his government, and there are many here who could do more than he is doing without any personal sacrifice, but who are holding back because the difference between 4 1/2 per cent and 10 per cent is too much for them—they cannot resist the lure of the dollar.

And others are taking the money that should go to help the best government they ever knew and investing it in all sorts of catch-penny schemes which will benefit no one but the promoters and the stockholders—if the thing turns out just right.

Tomorrow a determined effort is to be made to close up our work by subscribing—if not indeed oversubscribing—our quota. We have been given a large quota, much larger in proportion to our real means than almost any other city in the country. But we are going to meet it, and if it is not subscribed tomorrow, it will be before the week closes.

There is more incentive to subscribe now than there ever has been. It is for the purpose of cleaning up and starting business again that the money is now asked for. It will be the last great loan asked from the American people, in all human probability. And it is already pledged, if not really spent.

You are not asked to give a single cent to your government. Some governments would not ask for the money; they would proceed to take it. But our government is always considerate of its citizens. It pleads where others would command; it begs where others would snatch; it offers the best security in the world—the credit of a government which has never repudiated an obligation.

The Victory bonds are the best collateral one could have. They are as good as the gold in the vaults of your bank, and they will be repaid with good interest at the proper time, or refunded with other bonds equally as good.

#### HAD TO BE LIFTED

##### OUT OF HER CHAIR

TRoubles DISAPPEAR AFTER TAKING TANLAC AND SHE FEELS BETTER THAN IN TWENTY YEARS.

"Tanlac has done me so much good that I have adopted it as the family medicine and besides myself, I have a son and daughter, two son-in-laws and a daughter-in-law, all taking it and being benefited," said Mrs. Mary Haddox, whose home is in Caldwell, Texas, where she is known and respected by everybody. She was on a visit to her daughter and son-in-law, 507 Carroll avenue, Dallas, when she told the story of her wonderful recovery.

"For about twenty years," Mrs. Haddox continued, "I suffered from stomach trouble and nervous indigestion, and tried all kinds of treatment and medicines but steadily grew worse. I was also afflicted with rheumatism and just suffered torture. I had very little appetite and what I did eat wouldn't digest, and there was a dull hurting and heavy feeling in the pit of my stomach all the time. I would often wake up at night with a hurting in my stomach that I could hardly bear. My liver was all out of order and I felt tired and sluggish and my nerves were so shattered the least excitement would completely upset me. Every bone in my body seemed to ache just like neuralgia, my joints were swollen and my muscles and flesh hurt so I could hardly bear for anything to touch me.

"I finally got so bad off, I had to be lifted out of my chair and helped about like a baby. I had been in that fix for four months with hardly a ray of hope of getting well until I began taking Tanlac. If it had failed me I don't know what I would have done. But Tanlac didn't fail me, I'm glad to say. After using it a few days I began to improve and my rheumatism and stomach trouble has gradually disappeared until now I feel better than I have in twenty years. My nerves haven't bothered me at all, and I have had only one slight attack of rheumatism since I began taking Tanlac, and this is certainly remarkable for one my age who has suffered so long. My appetite is now as good as it ever was and I can eat vegetables and other things that used to nearly kill me, without them hurting me one bit. I have gained several pounds, sleep and rest well every night and really feel like a new person. My whole family thinks there's no medicine in the world like Tanlac and I am so rejoiced over what it has done for me that I want to tell everybody about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

#### MOVIES FROM SAN ANTONIO MADE A GOOD IMPRESSION

First of "Sunset" Pictures, Starring House Peters and Jane Miller, Shown at the Royal Last Night.

The first of the pictures made by the Sunset Pictures, Inc., of San Antonio, starring House Peters and Jane Miller in "The Forfeit," a Texas ranch story, was the feature play at the Royal Theater last night and the picture took well with the audience and many complimentary remarks were heard anent it.

As the ranchman House Peters was in a strong role, while Jane Miller, in the role of the widow of the cattle thief who married his brother, was also a very strong characterization. The scenes of action were supposed to be in Castroville and Uvalde, and no fictitious names for places were used—it was a Texas ranch story and those familiar with the geography of the Lone Star State knew that all the scene of action was in Southwest Texas. The pictures are released by the Hodkinson Corporation through the Pathe Exchange. The pictures are directed and presented by Frank Powell, one of the best directors in the picture game.

#### GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,

U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.

By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy

#### DAY IS QUIETLY OBSERVED

##### AND WITHOUT DISTURBANCE

REVOLUTIONISTS DID NOT GET CHANCE TO BEGIN TROUBLE.

Arrest of Certain Conspirators Recently Perhaps Nipped in the Bud a Little Revolutionary Plot.

The observance of "El Cinco de Mayo" passed off without a disturbance of any kind in any of the Mexican cities so far as heard of, despite the fact that American authorities had a remote idea that something might break loose in Nuevo Laredo and Monterey as the result of recent work of conspirators, but even this failed to materialize. The arrest of certain parties here, in San Antonio and in New York a few days ago is believed to have nipped in the bud a conspiracy that was to have been given full development on May 5.

In the incriminating evidence captured from some of those arrested were intimations of "something doing" about May 5, and the conspirators were working in cohorts with Almazan and Caraveo, the revolutionary leaders of Mexico, but their plans were laid bare when the documents were captured and the men arrested and the result was the little "outbreak" was called off. The big things in the way of a new revolutionary disturbance, etc., generally manifests itself strongest on a national holiday like May 5 or September 16 in Mexico, and on one occasion at least they took one of the big days in this country, St. Patrick's Day (and in the morning, too) to pull off one of the stunts in 1913, when the Carrancistas attacked the Huertistas in Nuevo Laredo and were badly defeated. Then later the little fiasco at Vera Cruz took place on San Jacinto Day, a national holiday in all Texas.

However, reports received from various portions of Mexico denote a very quiet and peaceful "Cinco de Mayo" throughout Mexico yesterday. In Nuevo Laredo there was a big parade, band concert, orations, Jamaica and other celebrations of the day and everything passed off in a most peaceful manner.

## The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

## SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

JOHN D. DAVIES IS GROWING APRICOTS IN HOME GARDEN

Samples of Fruit from Joyce Show That It Can be Successfully Grown in Webb County with Proper Care.

An attractive gift came to The Times yesterday in the form of a box of apricots from Mr. John D. Davies of Joyce, who said he sent them to show that apricots will do well in Webb county.

The fruit is of moderate size, sweet and juicy, and will compare favorably with apricots from any part of the country, being sweeter than the California apricots usually sold here.

Mr. Davies has seventeen trees, all loaded down with fruit, and he says that five of these trees bear ripe fruit about May 1st, while the rest do not mature their fruit until June 1st.

From this sample of fruit it is apparent that there is no reason why apricots should not be grown all around Laredo, if not in commercial quantities, at least enough to furnish the family with an abundance of this delicious fruit, which can be preserved in so many ways.

## ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR

T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS

Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

## The Piggly Wiggly Store

Opens every day at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Except Saturday when the store is open until 10 p. m.

#### SUGGEST DIFFERENT PLAN FROM THAT OF CLOSING UP

Representatives of Laredo Business Houses Will Be Given Assignments to Help in the Bond Campaign.

Instead of observing the proclamation issued by Governor Hobby yesterday calling on all merchants and business men generally to close their places of business tomorrow and participate in the Victory Bond issue to put this state "over the top" before Saturday night, the Victory Loan Committee of Laredo have suggested a better plan to the business men that will not necessitate closing.

The committee has requested each business establishment in the city of Laredo to select a representative of their firm or place of business to attend a meeting to be held at the Laredo Chamber of Commerce quarters tomorrow morning at nine o'clock when these representatives, together with others, will be given a list of persons to call upon and solicit subscriptions to the Victory Bonds. In this way it is expected to do some very effective work and the bond subscriptions should be largely increased as a result of the campaign planned.

#### Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Lurida street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15t.

#### Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Freshly-Made, Clean Printing

## Typewriter Ribbons

For All Makes of Typewriters

Best and Cheapest Line

HIGH-GRADE CARBON PAPERS

in Southwest Texas

J. W. FALVELLA

Laredo Times Office

#### GAGE HATS WEEKLY

Try our new Bucilla Packages, stamped lingerie, table linens, etc.

New lot of glove silk brasieres, \$2.50 values at \$1.98. Let us plait your ruffles for you.

MISS M. SALLEE,  
1209 LINCOLN ST.

How often have you listened to a Spanish conversation and wished you could understand it? How many times have you needed it in your business? The Laredo Business Colleges teaches a good course. They also, teach Stenography, Book-keeping, Letter Writing, etc. Phone 1014.

Laredo Business College

## CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes acid dyspepsias etc. Ask for booklet.

VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS

LAREDO, TEXAS

## ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY

AGENTS FOR

T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS

Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

## The Piggly Wiggly Store

Opens every day at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Except Saturday when the store is open until 10 p. m.

#### CANE-SEED

We have a limited quantity of re-cleaned Red Top and Black Amber Cane Seed for immediate delivery.

Walker-Morrow Company  
PHONE 1009.



UNIVERSAL HOME NEEDS  
VACUUM BOTTLES, WATER SETS, LUNCH KITS  
CARAFES-MOTOR SETS  
ELECTRIC IRONS, CURLING IRONS  
TOASTERS, OVENS  
PERCOLATORS, GRILLS  
THERMAX STOVES  
HEAVY NICKLE PLATED TRAYS

Sonora News Company

## METROPOLITAN CAFE

RICHTER BUILDING—OPPOSITE CITY HALL

PHONE 1018

The new and most up-to-date cafe in Laredo. Excellent service and popular prices.

We serve only "K. C." No. 1 meat. Fish and oysters received daily from the gulf direct to us.

Table reservations given special attention.

## AT LAST!

A tailor shop that builds your suits to your own ideas

PARAMOUNT TAILORING CO.

LOUIS DRACOUIS, Manager.

We are showing the latest ideas in Spring and Summer clothing.

All our garments are hand tailored in our own shop and all suits are guaranteed to give a perfect fit.

Our customers do our advertising through the medium of "satisfaction."

Quick service cleaning and pressing a specialty.

715 Salinas avenue. East side of Jarvis Plaza.  
PHONE 1148.

## Moline Universal Tractors

THE ONE MAN TRACTOR.

DOES ALL THE WORK ON A FARM AT LEAST EXPENSE

We are now ready for demonstrations and will gladly demonstrate same to you for the asking anywhere---anytime.

WORMSER BROS.

Watch for demonstration announcement

TRAFFIC OFFICER ON JOB AND OBSERVING VIOLATORS.

Charles H. Bell Wants to Make Couplings Between the Law and the Offender of All Who Violate.

Charles H. Bell, a well known former railroad man of this city, and who over a year ago sustained the loss of one arm as the result of an accident in the I. & G. N. railroad yards here, was recently appointed traffic officer of the city of Laredo and is now "on the job."

It is the duty of Mr. Bell to keep his weather eye on the violators of the speed regulations, ignoring laws in connection with traffic, etc., and those who observe such violations or know them to exist should make it their duty to help Mr. Bell enforce the ordinances in that respect and make Laredo streets safer for those humble pedestrians who cannot afford a flivver or a more luxurious honk-honk.

ONION SHIPMENTS LIGHT ON ACCOUNT OF HEAVY RAIN

Only Fifteen Carloads Were Shipped Out Last Night, Bringing the Total Shipments Up to 638 Carloads.

Fifteen carloads of onions moved out of Laredo last night by freight, the shipments going to various portions of the country. This was rather light for a week-day shipment, but the heavy rain of yesterday morning put the onion fields in such a condition that harvesting was retarded.

The total shipments of onions which have gone out of Laredo up to the present time aggregate 638 carloads, and the indications are that from this time to the end of the season the movement will be very heavy, as onion farmers are desirous of disposing of their produce while the market holds good.

#### FOR ANYTHING

IN

## GROCERIES

AT BEST CASH PRICES AND PROMPT SERVICE

Phone

637

Economy Grocery Store

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



From Tuesday's Daily.

PLANT FRUIT TREES.

Many people who are wasting valuable ground space by planting mere ornamental shrubs or trees would do well to study what fruits do well here. This is brought strongly to our attention by the receipt of a small box of apricots grown by Mr. John D. Davies in his orchard at Joyce, where he has nearly twenty trees producing this delicious fruit. Mr. Joyce says that five of the trees seem to fruit early, ripening about May 1st, while the others will have ripe fruit a month later, and that all the trees are loaded down with the fruit, which is an inch or more in diameter, juicy and sweet.

An apricot tree takes no more space than a mere ornamental tree and is just as pretty a sight when in blossom, while the fruit is valuable. And it takes no more care than some of the trees that practically do no more than cumber the ground for a great part of the year, except for the small amount of shade which they give.

There are many of the fruits which less favored climes produce in abundance that might be planted with profit in Laredo. There is no part of the city which is not supplied with water that can easily be used for irrigation of a small orchard and garden.

Many of the trees thrive better when a vegetable crop is grown between the rows, and thus the ground serves a double purpose, as the vegetable crop is off the ground when the trees need the most nourishment.

Peaches and plums, both sisters to the apricot, will do well here, and if one can only be patient for a few years, the trees will reward the efforts of the grower. And there is a certain satisfaction that comes from nothing else that rewards the grower of fruit trees.

Those who have planted fruit trees and have given them the same care that they would to any other tree or shrub are well repaid for the small amount of labor involved. And if the Laredo people will not leave everything to Dame Nature, but care for their fruit trees in time of heavy frost, they will be surprised at the small percentage of frost-killed trees.

In some sections where the frosts are more frequent and more severe than here the people have successfully grown fruit which is popularly supposed to be peculiarly fitted to sub-tropical climes. And the success of oranges and lemons and grape fruit here should encourage others to take a little pains for the sake of the fruit which they are certain to obtain.

Mr. J. R. Moore a few years ago grew some of the finest grape fruit ever seen and proved that the Laredo soil, water and climate are all suited to citrus culture. And if one man can raise them successfully, surely others can.

There is no need of planting for commercial growing of fruit. Perhaps the expense of raising a large number of trees would hardly pay in the returns. But at least there could be a quantity of fruit raised by each family that has its own place, and thus reduce the cost of living.

We do not know how old Mr. Davies' trees are, but they cannot be more than a few years old, and already they are completely covered with the delicious fruit.

The grocers of Laredo sell each year an enormous quantity of canned fruit, for we are a fruit-eating people. Elsewhere in Texas the activities of the canning clubs have shown the people that it is possible to make a profit out of home-grown fruit, by canning what cannot be eaten while fresh.

If others can do this, there is no reason why Laredo people should not have gardens and orchards which will save them many dollars a year, and the markets and green grocers will be glad to take care of the surplus.

Plant fruit and others things to eat and do away with the merely showy.

OUR PECULIAR WAY.

We are fond of boasting that we do not talk about what we are going to do, but go ahead and do it. At least, that used to be our boast before we entered the world war.

But in the matter of loans some of the other nations could teach us a thing or two. The French, for instance, on their seventh loan, which was as proportionately great to those people as our Victory loan is to us, subscribed the entire loan in one day. Americans who were present when that loan was subscribed said there was no fuss about it. The only posters used were the official placards of the government informing the people as to the terms of the loan and the amount needed. There was no "quota" for each district or city. It was all left to the French people, and before night the entire amount was subscribed, without any brass bands, parades, speeches or other incentives to patriotism.

Perhaps the difference is that the French patriotism is of the sort that says little and does much. There was a time when the French were accused of being an emotional people. But they have gone about their business during the war without any of the expected hysterics; they accepted their losses calmly, almost apathetically, and they received the news of victory with little of the frantic expressions of joy that had been anticipated.

We have done little compared with the French, the British and the Italians. They have all sacrificed many times what we have, they have suffer-

ed a shortage of food and clothing. They have been on the verge of defeat and still have carried on. And when it comes to subscribing to their own government loans they have shown a spirit that we might well emulate.

Occasionally we find an example of sacrifice that is worthy of comment. One Laredo man has contributed to the Red Cross, has subscribed 15 per cent of his earnings to every war loan, and is now doing without ice and milk in order that he may buy a War Savings stamp each month. Are you doing anything like that? Of course, he is doing much of that for himself, for it is an investment, and a good one. But it is also helping his government, and there are many here who could do more than he is doing without any personal sacrifice, but who are holding back because the difference between 4 1/2 per cent and 10 per cent is too much for them—they cannot resist the lure of the dollar. And others are taking the money that should go to help the best government they ever knew and investing it in all sorts of catch-penny schemes which will benefit no one but the promoters and the stockholders—if the time turns out just right.

Tomorrow a determined effort is to be made to close up our work by subscribing. If not indeed over-subscribing our quota. We have been given a large quota, much larger in proportion to our real means than almost any other city in the country. But we are going to meet it, and if it is not subscribed tomorrow, it will be before the week closes.

There is more incentive to subscribe now than there ever has been. It is for the purpose of cleaning up and starting business again that the money is now asked for. It will be the last great loan asked from the American people, in all human probability. And it is already pledged, if not really spent.

You are not asked to give a single cent to your government. Some governments would not ask for the money; they would proceed to take it. But our government is always considerate of its citizens. It pleads where others would command; it begs where others would snatch; it offers the best security in the world—the credit of a government which has never repudiated an obligation.

The Victory bonds are the best collateral one could have. They are as good as the gold in the vaults of your bank, and they will be repaid with good interest at the proper time, or refunded with other bonds equally as good.

HAD TO BE LIFTED OUT OF HER CHAIR

TROUBLES DISAPPEAR AFTER TAKING TANLAC AND SHE FEELS BETTER THAN IN TWENTY YEARS.

"Tanlac has done me so much good that I have adopted it as the family medicine and besides myself, I have a son and daughter, two son-in-laws and a daughter-in-law, all taking it and being benefited," said Mrs. Mary Haddox, whose home is in Caldwell, Texas, where she is known and respected by everybody. She was on a visit to her daughter and son-in-law, 507 Carroll avenue, Dallas, when she told the story of her wonderful recovery.

"For about twenty years," Mrs. Haddox continued, "I suffered from stomach trouble and nervous indigestion, and tried all kinds of treatment and medicines but steadily grew worse. I was also afflicted with rheumatism and just suffered torture. I had very little appetite and what I did eat wouldn't digest, and there was a dull burning and heavy feeling in the pit of my stomach all the time. I would often wake up at night with a hurting in my stomach that I could hardly bear. My sleep was all out of order, and I felt tired and sluggish and my nerves were so shattered the least excitement would completely upset me. Every bone in my body seemed to ache just like neuralgia, my joints were swollen and my muscles and flesh hurt so I could hardly bear for anything to touch me.

"I finally got so bad off, I had to be lifted up out of my chair and helped about like a baby. I had been in that fix for four months with hardly a ray of hope of getting well until I began taking Tanlac. If it had failed me I don't know what I would have done. But Tanlac didn't fail me. I'm glad to say. After using it a few days I began to improve and my rheumatism and stomach trouble had gradually disappeared until now I feel better than I have in twenty years. My nerves haven't bothered me at all, and I have had only one slight attack of rheumatism since I began taking Tanlac, and this is certainly remarkable for one my age who has suffered so long. My appetite is now as good as it ever was and I can eat vegetables and other things that used to nearly kill me, without them hurting me one bit. I have gained several pounds, sleep and rest well every night and really feel like a new person. My whole family thinks there's no medicine in the world like Tanlac, and I am so rejoiced over what it has done for me that I want to tell everybody about it."

Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.

TIMES WANT ADS  
\$ \$ \$ \$ Money Makers \$ \$ \$ \$

MOVIES FROM SAN ANTONIO MADE A GOOD IMPRESSION

First of "Sunset" Pictures, Starring House Peters and Jane Miller, Shown at the Royal Last Night.

The first of the pictures made by the Sunset Pictures, Inc., of San Antonio, starring House Peters and Jane Miller in "The Forfeit," a Texas ranch story, was the feature play at the Royal Theater last night and the picture took well with the audience and many complimentary remarks were heard about it.

As the ranchman House Peters was in a strong role, while Jane Miller, in the role of the widow of the cattle thief who married his brother, was also a very strong characterization. The scenes of action were supposed to be in Castrovilla and Uvalde, and so fictitious names for places were used—it was a Texas ranch story and those familiar with the geography of the Lone Star State knew that all the scenes of action was in Southwest Texas. The pictures are released by the Hodgkinson Corporation through the Pathe Exchange. The pictures are directed and presented by Frank Powell, one of the best directors in the picture game.

GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd, One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd, Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy.  
5-5-3t

"BOB" ESSING HAS DESIGNS ON BALL FANS OF THIS CITY

After Reading the Sporting Papers and Awakening From His Dreams He Sees Great Possibilities Here.

"Bobbie" Essing, that tireless worker who invariably has some kind of a new idea buzzing in his bonnet, and who after a careful visualization of his contemplations and scenes of action make realities of possibilities, has another conception that Laredo is just hankering for what he is thinking about, so he has summarized his plans a la movie style as follows:

Main title, "The Rio Grande League of Base Ball Teams." Cast of Characters: The Thirty-seventh Infantry, Knights of Columbus, Laredo and Nuevo Laredo. Scene of action: Laredo, Fort McIntosh and Nuevo Laredo. Time: P. D. Q. Story by: Some sporty guy many years ago. Director: "Bobbie" Essing.

At present this is only a rough draft of the plans of Bob Essing, but in a few days more definite announcement will be made of the formation of a baseball league here that will draw the fans to the game as quickly as a hunk of Limburger cheese would draw a fan from a table where only frijoles are being served.

TURN IN FOUR INDICTMENTS AND RESUME THEIR LABORS

Grand Jury Turn in First Batch of Bills This Morning; Civil Docket in Court Being Called and Set.

The grand jury in the district court are hard at work ferreting out crime committed in this county since the last grand jury sat eight weeks ago, and the jurors are busily engaged in investigating matters directed to their attention by the district attorney. The grand jury, which was empaneled yesterday morning, this morning returned the following four indictments:

Roberto Cuevas, burglary.  
Gregorio Esparza, theft over \$50.  
Maria Gonzales, theft under \$50.  
Pomposa Cuellar, violation of the ten mile zone law.

After turning in the above indictments this morning the grand jury resumed their investigations. District court is engaged today in the calling and setting of the civil docket for the term.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight cloudy; local showers. Wednesday cloudy; cooler.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 92 degs.

Min. temp. 58 degs.

General direction of wind: Northwest.

Fair.

DAY IS QUIETLY OBSERVED AND WITHOUT DISTURBANCE

REVOLUTIONISTS DID NOT GET CHANCE TO BEGIN TROUBLE.

Arrest of Certain Conspirators Recently Perhaps Nipped in the Bud a Little Revolutionary Plot.

The observance of "El Cinco de Mayo" passed off without a disturbance of any kind in any of the Mexican cities so far as heard of, despite the fact that American authorities had a remote idea that something might break loose in Nuevo Laredo and Monterey as the result of recent work of conspirators, but even this failed to materialize. The arrest of certain parties here, in San Antonio and in New York a few days ago is believed to have nipped in the bud a conspiracy that was to have been given full development on May 5.

In the incriminating evidence captured from some of those arrested were intimations of "something doing" about May 5, and the conspirators were working in cahoots with Almazan and Caraveo, the revolutionary leaders of Mexico, but their plans were laid bare when the documents were captured and the men arrested and the result was the little "outbreak" was called off. The big things in the way of a new revolutionary disturbance, etc., generally manifests itself strongest on a national holiday like May 5 or September 16 in Mexico, and on one occasion at least they took one of the big days in this country, St. Patrick's Day (and in the morning, too) to pull off one of the stunts in 1913, when the "arrancistas" attacked the Huertistas in Nuevo Laredo and were badly defeated. Then later the little fiasco at Vera Cruz took place on San Jacinto day, a national holiday in all Texas.

However, reports received from various portions of Mexico denote a very quiet and peaceful "Cinco de Mayo" throughout Mexico yesterday. In Nuevo Laredo there was a big parade, band concert, orations, jamaica and other celebrations of the day and everything passed off in a most peaceful manner.

The War Taxes the Nerve Energy of the Country

To win the war every energy of body and mind must be concentrated to the purpose. It will not do for you to become stale. If the necessary high rate of speed exhausts you, if you forget things and cannot sleep nights, if your digestion is impaired and you are irritated by small things, that is a sign your nervous system is breaking down, and it is time for you to take

SENSAPERSA

which will help rebuild the worn-out nerves and tissues, and put you in the front ranks. The properties of this blood tonic and nerve sedative should double your nerve health in ten days and you will be able to vigorously attack your daily problems with renewed strength and ability to resist the strain caused by the conditions of to-day. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00 at your Druggist or from City Drug Co.

JOHN D. DAVIES IS GROWING APRICOTS IN HOME GARDEN

Samples of Fruit from Joyce Show That It Can be Successfully Grown in Webb County with Proper Care.

An attractive gift came to The Times yesterday in the form of a box of apricots from Mr. John D. Davies of Joyce, who said he sent them to show that apricots will do well in Webb county.

The fruit is of moderate size, sweet and juicy, and will compare favorably with apricots from any part of the country being sweeter than the California apricots usually sold here.

Mr. Davies has seventeen trees, all loaded down with fruit, and he says that five of these trees bear ripe fruit about May 1st, while the rest do not mature their fruit until June 1st.

From this sample of fruit it is apparent that there is no reason why apricots should not be grown all around Laredo, if not in commercial quantities, at least enough to furnish the family with an abundance of this delicious fruit, which can be preserved in so many ways.

ROY CAMPBELL COMPANY AGENTS FOR T. M. REID, TENERIFFE, CANARY ISLANDS Will book your Onion Seed order for the fall of 1919.

The Piggly Wiggly Store Opens every day at 8 a. m. and closes at 7 p. m. Except Saturday when the store is open until 10 p. m.

SUGGEST DIFFERENT PLAN FROM THAT OF CLOSING UP

Representatives of Laredo Business Houses Will Be Given Assignments to Help in the Bond Campaign.

Instead of observing the proclamation issued by Governor Hobby yesterday calling on all merchants and business men generally to close their places of business tomorrow and participate in the Victory Bond issue to put this state "over the top" before Saturday night, the Victory Loan Committee of Laredo have suggested a better plan to the business men that will not necessitate closing.

The committee has requested each business establishment in the city of Laredo to select a representative of their firm or place of business to attend a meeting to be held at the Laredo Chamber of Commerce quarters tomorrow morning at nine o'clock when these representatives, together with others, will be given a list of persons to call upon and solicit subscriptions to the Victory Bonds. In this way it is expected to do some very effective work and the bond subscriptions should be largely increased as a result of the campaign planned.

Shoe Shop Moved.  
The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Kurlide street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15t.

Do You Enjoy Life?  
A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Freshly-Made, Clean Printing  
Typewriter Ribbons  
For All Makes of Typewriters  
Best and Cheapest Line  
HIGH-GRADE CARBON PAPERS  
in Southwest Texas  
J. W. FALVELLA  
Laredo Times Office

GAGE HATS WEEKLY  
Try our new Bucilla Packages, stamped lingerie, table linens, etc.  
New lot of glove silk brasieres, \$2.50 values at \$1.98.  
Let us plait your ruffles for you.  
MISS M. SALLEE,  
1209 LINCOLN ST.

How often have you listened to a Spanish conversation and wished you could understand it? How many times have you needed it in your business? The Laredo Business Colleges teaches a good course.  
They also teach Stenography, Book-keeping, Letter Writing filing.  
Phone 1014.  
Laredo Business College

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepsias etc. Ask for booklet.

VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS  
LAREDO, TEXAS

CANE-SEED  
We have a limited quantity of re-cleaned Red Top and Black Amber Cane Seed for immediate delivery.  
Walker-Morrow Company  
PHONE 1009.

UNIVERSAL HOME NEEDS  
VACUUM BOTTLES, WATER SETS, LUNCH KITS  
CARAFES-MOTOR SETS  
ELECTRIC IRONS, CURLING IRONS  
TOASTERS, OVENS  
PERCOLATORS, GRILLS  
THERMAX STOVES  
HEAVY NICKLE PLATED TRAYS  
Sonora News Company

METROPOLITAN CAFE  
RICHTER BUILDING—OPPOSITE CITY HALL  
PHONE 1018  
The new and most up-to-date cafe in Laredo.  
Excellent service and popular prices.  
We serve only "K. C." No. 1 meat. Fish and oysters received daily from the gulf direct to us.  
Table reservations given special attention.

AT LAST!  
A tailor shop that builds your suits to your own ideas  
PARAMOUNT TAILORING CO.  
LOUIS DRACOUIS, Manager.  
We are showing the latest ideas in Spring and Summer clothing.  
All our garments are hand tailored in our own shop and all suits are guaranteed to give a perfect fit.  
Our customers do our advertising through the medium of "satisfaction."  
Quick service cleaning and pressing a specialty.  
715 Salinas avenue. East side of Jarvis Plaza.  
PHONE 1148.

Moline Universal Tractors  
THE ONE MAN TRACTOR.  
DOES ALL THE WORK ON A FARM AT LEAST EXPENSE.  
We are now ready for demonstrations and will gladly demonstrate same to you for the asking anywhere---anytime.  
WORMSER BROS.  
Watch for demonstration announcement

TRAFFIC OFFICER ON JOB AND OBSERVING VIOLATORS.  
Charles H. Bell Wants to Make Couplings Between the Law and the Offender of All Who Violate.

Charles H. Bell, a well known former railroad man of this city and who over a year ago sustained the loss of one arm as the result of an accident in the I. & G. N. railroad yards here, was recently appointed traffic officer of the city of Laredo and is now "on the job."

It is the duty of Mr. Bell to keep his weather eye on the violators of the speed regulations, ignoring laws in connection with traffic, etc., and those who observe such violations or know them to exist should make it their duty to help Mr. Bell enforce the ordinances to that respect and make Laredo streets safer for those humble pedestrians who cannot afford a flivver or a more luxurious honk-honk.

\*\*\*\*\*  
TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
MAYO 6.  
Frederick William, the former Prussian Crown Prince, born at Potsdam, 37 years ago today.

Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., retired, famous as the discoverer of the North Pole, born at Cresson, Pa., 63 years ago today.

Oscar W. Underwood, senior United States senator from Alabama, born at Louisville, Ky., 57 years ago today.

Philander C. Knox, United States senator from Pennsylvania, born at Brownsville, Pa., 66 years ago today.

John T. McCutcheon, celebrated cartoonist and war correspondent, born in Tippecanoe County, Ind., 49 years ago today.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

FOR ANYTHING IN GROCERIES  
AT BEST CASH PRICES AND PROMPT SERVICE  
Phone 637  
Economy Grocery Store



## LAREDO BASE BALL LEAGUE ELICITING MUCH INTEREST

PROPOSITION TO ORGANIZE A LEAGUE MEETS WITH FAVOR.

Meeting Will Be Held at Firemen's Hall on Friday Night at Which an All-American Club Be Formed.

The item published in The Times yesterday to the effect that Robert E. Essing of Fort McIntosh was planning the organization of a baseball league in Laredo to be composed of four teams, representing the Thirty-seventh Infantry, the Knights of Columbus, Nuevo Laredo and Laredo, has elicited much interest from all concerned and the proposed league is an assured success.

The Thirty-seventh Infantry has a crackerjack ball team, as have also the Knights of Columbus and Nuevo Laredo, and the Laredo team will be selected in due course of time. Robert H. Kilsby and Carlos Richter, two well known local ball players, have called a meeting to be held in Firemen's Hall on Friday night at which time an American baseball team will be organized and will represent the city of Laredo in the proposed league which Mr. Essing, has in prospect. There is plenty of good material here from which to select a strong Laredo team, and already Messrs. Kilsby and Richter have a "ball tosser" aligned with them who has a reputation in state baseball circles and who has joined their team.

## BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work.

People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, griping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without griping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS

MAYO 7.

Earl of Rosebery, former prime minister of Great Britain, born in London, 72 years ago today.

Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the National War Garden Commission of the United States, born at Lexington, Mich., 62 years ago today.

Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois congressman and former Speaker of the House, born at Guilford, N. C., 83 years ago today.

Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, former president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, born at Petersburg, Va., 58 years ago today.

William A. MacCorkle, former governor of West Virginia, born at Lexington, Va., 62 years ago today.

## Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

To Organize Baseball Team. A meeting to organize an all-American baseball team will be held at Firemen's Hall on Friday night at 8 o'clock. For further information see Robert H. Kilsby or Carlos Richter.

## About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-51m.

## Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Furber street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-51m.

## SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 76 ..... Phone 63  
SOCIAL CALENDAR.

## Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening.

There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

## Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

## Grandmother's Smiles.

Of all the most beautiful things in the world,

To which would you give the first prize?

Would it be to the Star-Spangled Banner unfurled.

Or the light that's in Annabel's eyes?

Perhaps you would favor some flower's varied hues,

Or a bit of superb Brussels lace—

There's not the least doubt in my mind that I'd choose

The smile that's on Grandmother's face.

Let others suggest a magnificent yacht,

Or the eagle's most marvelous flight;

Let them point to some wooded and picturesque spot,

To the sunset that ushers the night.

The oriole's color, the hand of a maid,

The deer's agile fleetness and grace;

In Beauty's fair scales each of these is outweighed

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

This smile is the tracing of full four-score years

Of sorrow and trouble and joy,

Of hopes intermingled with trials and tears—

Life's gold mixed, alas, with alloy!

But bravely through all to her faith she has clung—

Avoiding the worthless and base;

So, 'tis easy to tell that she's eighty years young

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

—Addison Fletcher Andrews in the Christian Register.

## General Mention.

Judge N. A. Rector left yesterday for his home in Austin.

Dr. Frank Jones of Fort Worth is in the city for a few days.

Mrs. Sidney Katz and baby of San Antonio will arrive in the city shortly to visit Mrs. Chas. Moser.

Little Miss Carlotta Floyd is at home again after a two weeks' stay at Mercy Hospital.

The many friends of Chester Burbank will be glad to learn that he is convalescing after a recent illness of several weeks.

Mrs. Peyton Kerr has returned from a short visit to relatives in Pearsall.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left Monday for Brownsville. He will be absent for several weeks on a speaking tour in the interest of the Presbyterian colleges in Texas.

Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held its regular meeting at the Rectory Tuesday afternoon. After the service at the church, the children went over to the Rectory.

Miss Martha Anderson read an interesting report of the Junior work at the Diocesan Council in San Antonio, wherewas went as a delegate. Rector Cook told the little ones a story about "Bees," which they enjoyed immensely.

The boys had a lesson in manual training and the girls enjoyed a delightful play hour on the lawn. Among those present were Miss Martha Anderson and Mary Cook, Marjorie Fish, Anita and Ethel Laue, Helen MacGregor, Mary Ernestine Sleski, Edna Tarver, Elinor Kehl, Mary Anderson, Elizabeth and Charline Nye, Anne McKinney, Horace, George, Bobby and Jack Kehl, Ralph Cook, John Robert Fasnacht and Randolph Hunter.

Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church held a business and social meeting Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. J. Borrell. It was decided to hold another cake sale

on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the C. O. D. Grocery. At the conclusion of the business meeting the hostess served an ice course and cake. Those present were: Mesdames Sweetman, Sutton, Lattig, Von Allman, Shoemaker, Wharton, H. M. Austin, Pratt and the hostess.

## RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen. Can be easily investigated.

What better proof can be had?

R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER

Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

Est. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.

By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy. 5-53t.

## NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Cannel Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company. 4-24-30t.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Thursday cloudy; probably local showers.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today.

Max. temp. 92 degs.

Min. temp. 59 degs.

General direction of wind: East. Clear.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT  
YOUR  
THRIFT STAMP TODAY?  
SAVE AND SUCCEED!

## RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 3 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Miners at 10:30 a. m.

Train No. 3 leaves Miners daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 8:30 a. m.

## THINGS WANT ADS.

5-5-13 Moby Makers 5-5-13

## PROGRAMS BAND CONCERTS

MARTIN PLAZA AND AT POST

Thirty-seventh Infantry Band Plays Tomorrow Night on Martin Plaza and Friday Night at Ft. McIntosh.

The following musical program will be given by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band under direction of Lieut. Everlof on Martin Plaza tomorrow night from 8:30 to 9:30 o'clock:

1. March, "The Matador," ..... Curti
2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ..... Schlegel
3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ..... Rosas
4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ..... Bucalossi
5. Suite, "La Feria," ..... Lacome
6. One Step, "Madelon," ..... Roberts

## Concert at Post Friday.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening:

1. March, "A Frangosa," ..... Costa
2. Overture, "French Comedy," ..... Keler-Bela
3. Waltz, "Blue," ..... Margis
4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ..... Luders
5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ..... Luigini
6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ..... Berlin



## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Value of farm lands in the United States is increasing steadily. Average grade plow lands had a value of 74.31 per acre on March 1, as compared with \$68.28 a year ago, \$62.17 two years ago and \$58.39 three years ago.

Greatest percentage of increase in values during the past year occurred in the South Atlantic States, in the Carolinas and Georgia, and extended to Alabama, Kentucky and Arkansas.

Small or no increases in values were made in the New England States, Pacific Coast States, Louisiana, Texas, Kansas and Montana. Material increases were reported in Nebraska and South Dakota. Iowa stands first in value of plowing lands, with an average of \$169 per acre. Illinois ranks second, with an average value of \$144 per acre; California third, with \$121, and Indiana fourth, with \$100. Alabama reports the lowest average value of plow lands, \$24 per acre.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

The fourth anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania will be observed today with memorial services on both sides of the Atlantic.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon, former Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, will celebrate his eighty-third birthday today.

Today has been designated as Navy Day in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign by Carter Glass, United States Secretary of the Treasury.

William G. McAdoo, former Secretary of the Treasury, and Mrs. McAdoo, who is a daughter of President Wilson, celebrate their fifth wedding anniversary today.

Leading Ohio churchmen of thirty denominations are to confer in Cleveland today on plans for the formation of a State federation of Protestant churches.

Leaders of the opposition party in New Brunswick are to meet in conference at St. John today to consider the present political situation and outline a program for the future.

The premiers and ministers of foreign affairs of the Scandinavian countries are to meet at Stockholm today for an important conference on international problems and policies.

Many eminent prelates of the Roman Catholic church will take part in ceremonies to be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral today, when the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, the new archbishop of New York, will receive the pallium.

Minnesota suffragists are to celebrate their winning of the ballot with an all-day State conference and jubilee program in Minneapolis today.

Important problems confronting the grocery trade are to be discussed at the annual convention of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association, which is to meet in New Orleans today for a three-day session.

Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserably a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly-always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

# PEACE TERMS PRESENTED ON THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF SINKING OF LUSITANIA

Terms Also Included Arraignment of Former Emperor William for Supreme Offense Against International Morality and Sanctity of a Treaty and Provided for His Trial by Allied Tribunal.

## OBSERVE LUSITANIA ANNIVERSARY.

London, May 7.—Four years ago today the Cunard Line steamship Lusitania was torpedoed and sunk off the south coast of Ireland by a German submarine. More than 1100 persons perished in the disaster, 114 of the victims being American. Today the anniversary was observed by special services in many English churches and by a special memorial in the Lusitania cemetery at Queenstown, Ireland.

## EARL OF ROSEBERY IS 72.

London, May 7.—The Earl of Rosebery, former leader of the Liberal party and prime minister in 1894-5, was remembered by many friends today on the occasion of his seventy-second birthday anniversary. Soon after his retirement from the premiership the celebrated statesman was obliged by ill health to withdraw from the political arena and of late years he has taken little or no part in public affairs.

## WAR VETERANS TO ORGANIZE.

St. Louis, Mo., May 7.—Today's arrivals indicate a large and representative attendance when the meeting is called to order here tomorrow to perfect an organization of the American veterans of the world war. The gathering is regarded as one of much importance, since the organization to be given birth is expected to equal in influence and exceed in scope the famous organization of the Grand Army of the Republic when that body was at its maximum membership. The membership of the new organization will be open to all officers and enlisted men in the United States military or naval service between the date of America's declaration of war and the final cessation of hostilities. At the St. Louis meeting only the preliminary plans are to be adopted, the final details of organization to be left to a convention to be held later in the year.

To the Aid of France.

New York, May 7.—The summary of the peace treaty says: "In addition to the securities afforded in the treaty of peace, the president of the United States has pledged himself to propose to the senate of the United States and the prime minister of Great Britain has pledged himself to propose to the parliament of Great Britain an agreement subject to the approval of the council of the league of nations to come immediately to the assistance of France in case of unprovoked attack by Germany."

Received the Treaty.

Versailles, May 7.—Germany today was told the terms upon which the al-

Not a Secret Pact.

Paris, May 7.—France, the United States and Great Britain have concluded an agreement giving supplementary guarantees for France and security for the peace treaty, says the Echo de Paris. Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George and President Wilson will at a meeting this morning draft the final form of this pact, which will not be a secret paper.

Arrived This Morning.

Paris, May 7.—Vittorio Orlando, Italian Premier, and Baron Sonnino, foreign minister, arrived in Paris from Rome today.

Orlando Resumed Seat.

Paris, May 7.—Italian Premier Orlando arrived at the Paris White House just as the council of four re-assembled and resumed his seat in the council.

Italy Mandatory of Flume.

Paris, May 7.—As a basis for resuming participation in the peace negotiations, Premier Orlando accepted a proposition that Italy administer Flume as mandatory of the league of nations until 1923, after which Flume will revert to Italian sovereignty.

## CALLED CONGRESS TO MEET ON MAY 19

PRESIDENT WILSON WILL NOT BE PRESENT AT THE OPENING OF THE SPECIAL SESSION.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 7.—President Wilson issued a call by cable today for a special session of congress to meet Monday, May 19. In making the announcement, Secretary Tumulty stated that of course it would be impossible for Mr. Wilson to be present the opening day. The president, in naming the early date, was guided largely by the advice of Secretary Glass as to the necessity of passing the annual appropriation measures which failed in the closing days of last session, say White House officials.

Many eminent prelates of the Roman Catholic church will take part in ceremonies to be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral today, when the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, the new archbishop of New York, will receive the pallium.

Minnesota suffragists are to celebrate their winning of the ballot with an all-day State conference and jubilee program in Minneapolis today.

Important problems confronting the grocery trade are to be discussed at the annual convention of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association, which is to meet in New Orleans today for a three-day session.

Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserably a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly-always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## VIRGINIA LEAGUE READY TO START.

Richmond, Va., May 7.—The re-organized Virginia baseball league is ready for the start of its race tomorrow. The league this year consists of six clubs in place of the four-club circuit of last year. The present members are Richmond, Newport News, Petersburg, Norfolk, Suffolk and Portsmouth. In the initial games tomorrow Norfolk is scheduled to play at Portsmouth, Suffolk at Newport News, and Petersburg in Richmond. The several managers have succeeded in getting together promising teams and all indications point to an interesting race for the pennant. The season will continue until Labor day.

## FISTIC CARNIVAL FOR MEMPHIS.

Memphis, Tenn., May 7.—If present plans are carried out this city will see one of the greatest pugilistic carnivals ever pulled off in this country during the week of May 19. The boxing bouts are to be a feature of the Memphis centennial celebration, which is expected to attract thousands of visitors from many of the neighboring States. The plans of the promoters call for a boxing show during five nights of the week. The matches already arranged for will bring together Mike Gibbons and Kayo Brown, Jack Britten and Johnny Griffiths, Jack Dillon and Phil Harrison, and Benny Chavez and Pal Moore. All of the bouts will be eight-round affairs.

Germany Won't Pay.



## LAREDO BASE BALL LEAGUE ELICITING MUCH INTEREST

PROPOSITION TO ORGANIZE A LEAGUE MEETS WITH FAVOR.

Meeting Will Be Held at Firemen's Hall on Friday Night at Which an All-American Club Be Formed.

The item published in The Times yesterday to the effect that Robert E. Essing of Fort McIntosh was planning the organization of a baseball league in Laredo to be composed of four teams, representing the Thirty-seventh Infantry, the Knights of Columbus, Nuevo Laredo and Laredo, has elicited much interest from all concerned and the proposed league is an assured success.

The Thirty-seventh Infantry has a crackerjack ball team, as have also the Knights of Columbus and Nuevo Laredo, and the Laredo team will be selected in due course of time. Robert H. Kilsby and Carlos Richter, two well known local ball players, have called a meeting to be held in Firemen's Hall on Friday night at which time an American baseball team will be organized and will represent the city of Laredo in the proposed league which Mr. Essing, has in prospect. There is plenty of good material here from which to select a strong Laredo team, and already Messrs. Kilsby and Richter have a "ball tosser" aligned with them who has a reputation in state baseball circles and who has joined their team.

## BAD BREATH

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Get at the Cause and Remove It

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel, act gently on the bowels and positively do the work. People afflicted with bad breath find quick relief through Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The pleasant, sugar-coated tablets are taken for bad breath by all who know them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets act gently but firmly on the bowels and liver, stimulating them to natural action, clearing the blood and gently purifying the entire system. They do that which dangerous calomel does without any of the bad after effects.

All the benefits of nasty, sickening, gripping cathartics are derived from Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets without gripping, pain or any disagreeable effects.

Dr. F. M. Edwards discovered the formula after seventeen years of practice among patients afflicted with bowel and liver complaint, with the attendant bad breath.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are purely a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; you will know them by their olive color. Take one or two every night for a week and note the effect. 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 7.

Earl of Rosebery, former prime minister of Great Britain, born in London, 72 years ago today.

Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the National War Garden Commission of the United States, born at Lexington, Mich., 62 years ago today.

Joseph G. Cannon, Illinois congressman and former Speaker of the House, born at Guilford, N. C., 83 years ago today.

Mrs. Percy V. Pennybacker, former president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, born at Petersburg, Va., 58 years ago today.

William A. MacCorkle, former governor of West Virginia, born at Lexington, Va., 62 years ago today.

## Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

## To Organize Baseball Team.

A meeting to organize an all-American baseball team will be held at Firemen's Hall on Friday night at 8 o'clock. For further information see Robert H. Kilsby or Carlos Richter.

## About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

## For Sale.

The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

## Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church will hold a business meeting at the Rectory at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be a dance at the Jewish Welfare Board hall in the evening. There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

Thursday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The four circles of the W. M. U. will hold their regular weekly meeting at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

## Grandmothers' Smiles.

Of all the most beautiful things in the world.

To which would you give the first prize?

Would it be to the Star-Spangled Banner unfurled.

Or the light that's in Annabel's eyes?

Perhaps you would favor some flower's varied hues.

Or a bit of superb Brussels lace— There's not the least doubt in my mind that I'd choose

The smile that's on Grandmother's face.

Let others suggest a magnificent yacht.

Or the eagle's most marvelous flight; Let them point to some wooded and picturesque spot.

To the sunset that ushers the night. The oriole's color, the hand of a maid.

The deer's agile fleetness and grace; In Beauty's fair scales each of these is outweighed

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

This smile is the tracing of full four-score years

Of sorrow and trouble and joy, Of hopes intermingled with trials and tears—

Life's gold mixed, alas, with alloy! But bravely through all to her faith she has clung—

Avoiding the worthless and base; So, 'tis easy to tell that she's eighty years young

By the smile that's on Grandmother's face.

—Addison Fletcher Andrews in the Christian Register.

## General Mention.

Judge N. A. Rector left yesterday for his home in Austin.

Dr. Frank Jones of Fort Worth is in the city for a few days.

Mrs. Sidney Katz and baby of San Antonio will arrive in the city shortly to visit Mrs. Chas. Moser.

Little Miss Carlotta Floyd is at home again after a two weeks' stay at Mercy Hospital.

The many friends of Chester Burbank will be glad to learn that he is convalescent after a recent illness of several weeks.

Mrs. Peyton Kerr has returned from a short visit to relatives in Pearsall.

Rev. L. H. Wharton left Monday for Brownsville. He will be absent for several weeks on a speaking tour in the interest of the Presbyterian colleges in Texas.

Junior Auxiliary.

The Junior Auxiliary of Christ Church held its regular meeting at the Rectory Tuesday afternoon. After the service at the church, the children went over to the Rectory.

Miss Martha Anderson read an interesting report of the Junior work at the Diocesan Council in San Antonio, whereto she went as a delegate. Rector Cook told the little ones a story about "Bees," which they enjoyed immensely.

The boys had a lesson in manual training and the girls enjoyed a delightful play hour on the lawn. Among those present were Miss Martha Anderson and Mary Cook, Marjorie Fish, Anita and Ethel Laue, Helen MacGregor, Mary Ernestine Sielski, Edna Tarver, Elinor Kehl, Mary Anderson, Elizabeth and Christine Nye, Anne McKinney, Horace, George, Bobby and Jack Kehl, Ralph Cook, John Robert Fasnacht and Randolph Hunter.

Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church held a business and social meeting Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. S. J. Sorrell. It was decided to hold another cake sale

on Saturday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the C. O. D. Grocery. At the conclusion of the business meeting the hostess served an ice course and cake. Those present were: Mesdames Sweetman, Sutton, Lattig, Von Allman, Shoemaker, Wharton, H. M. Austin, Pratt and the hostess.

## RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen. Can be easily investigated.

What better proof can be had? R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

## GOVERNMENT SALE.

On May 8th, 1919, at 10 A. M., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following property:

1st. One lot of drugs, miscellaneous, valued at \$1,065.00.

2nd. One lot of drugs, value unknown.

3rd. Six barrels of Sal Ammoniac and four boxes of Ammonium Carbonate, value unknown.

The above drugs, etc., will be sold in lots as listed above, on the 2nd floor of the Postoffice Building, in the Customs Rooms.

Any one desiring to examine this property before the sale, may do so, by applying to the Deputy Collector of Customs, at the Customs Rooms during office hours.

J. A. HERRING,  
U. S. Marshal, S. D. T.  
By ALLEN WALKER, Deputy. 5-5-3t.

## NOTICE OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RIO GRANDE AND EAGLE PASS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande and Eagle Pass Railway Company is hereby called and will be held at the office of the said company, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1919; for the purpose of authorizing said Railway Company to convey to the Canal Coal Company two certain tracts of land, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, and known as Porciones Numbers Two (2) and Three (3).

C. C. BIGGIO,  
Vice President Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company.

Attest:  
J. D. MERRIMAN,  
Secretary Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railway Company. 4-24-30t.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight and Thursday cloudy; probably local showers.

Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 92 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: East.

Clear.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT YOUR THRIFT STAMP TODAY? SAVE AND SUCCEED!

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.

Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.

Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 2:36 p. m.

International & Great Northern.

Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.

Night Train.

Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 1 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.

Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.

Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:15 p. m.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$

## PROGRAMS BAND CONCERTS MARTIN PLAZA AND AT POST

Thirty-seventh Infantry Band Plays Tomorrow Night on Martin Plaza and Friday Night at Ft. McIntosh.

The following musical program will be given by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band under direction of Lieut. Everlof on Martin Plaza tomorrow night from 8:30 to 9:30 o'clock:

1. March, "The Matador." ... Curti
2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ... Schlegel
3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ... Rosas
4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ... Bucalossi
5. Suite, "La Feria," ... Lacombe
6. One Step, "Madelon," ... Roberts

## Concert at Post Friday.

The following program will be rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band at Fort McIntosh on Friday evening:

1. March, "A Frangosa," ... Costa
2. Overture, "French Comedy," ... Keler-Bela
3. Waltz, "Blue," ... Margis
4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ... Laders
5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ... Luigin
6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ... Berlin



## WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

Prepared For The Times by the St. Louis Union Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Value of farm lands in the United States is increasing steadily. Average grade plow lands had a value of 74.31 per acre on March 1, as compared with \$68.38 a year ago, \$62.17 two years ago and \$58.39 three years ago.

Greatest percentage of increase in values during the past year occurred in the South Atlantic States, in the Carolinas and Georgia, and extended to Alabama, Kentucky and Arkansas.

Small or no increases in values were made in the New England States, Pacific Coast States, Louisiana, Texas, Kansas and Montana.

Material increases were reported in Nebraska and South Dakota. Iowa stands first in value of plowing lands, with an average of \$169 per acre. Illinois ranks second, with an average value of \$144 per acre; California third, with \$121, and Indiana fourth, with \$100. Alabama reports the lowest average value of plow lands, \$24 per acre.

To Royal Arch Masons.

You are earnestly requested to attend called Convocation of Laredo Chapter 185, R. A. M., Wednesday evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. E. and R. A. degrees. All visiting Companions cordially invited.

JOHN COLMAN,  
Secretary. 5-6-2t.

## Get Rid of That Persistent Cough

Stop that weakening, persistent cough or cold, threatening throat or lung affections, with Eckman's Alternative, the tonic and expectorant of 20 years' successful use. 80c and \$1.50 bottles from druggists, or from ECKMAN LABORATORY, Philadelphia

To Royal Arch Masons.

You are earnestly requested to attend called Convocation of Laredo Chapter 185, R. A. M., Wednesday evening, May 7th, at 8 o'clock, for work in M. E. and R. A. degrees. All visiting Companions cordially invited.

JOHN COLMAN,  
Secretary. 5-6-2t.

Leaders of the opposition party in New Brunswick are to meet in conference at St. John today to consider the present political situation and outline a program for the future.

The premiers and ministers of foreign affairs of the Scandinavian countries are to meet at Stockholm today for an important conference on international problems and policies.

Many eminent prelates of the Roman Catholic church will take part in ceremonies to be held in St. Patrick's Cathedral today, when the Most Rev. Patrick J. Hayes, the new archbishop of New York, will receive the pallium.

Minnesota suffragists are to celebrate their winning of the ballot with an all-day State conference and jubilee program in Minneapolis today.

Important problems confronting the grocery trade are to be discussed at the annual convention of the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association, which is to meet in New Orleans today for a three-day session.

Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

# PEACE TERMS PRESENTED ON THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF SINKING OF LUSITANIA

Terms Also Included Arraignment of Former Emperor William for Supreme Offense Against International Morality and Sanctity of a Treaty and Provided for His Trial by Allied Tribunal.

## OBSERVE LUSITANIA ANNIVERSARY.

London, May 7.—Four years ago today the Cunard Line steamship Lusitania was torpedoed and sunk off the south coast of Ireland by a German submarine. More than 1100 persons perished in the disaster, 114 of the victims being American. Today the anniversary was observed by special services in many English churches and by a special memorial in the Lusitania cemetery at Queenstown, Ireland.

What the Terms Are.

Paris, May 7.—The peace treaty between twenty-seven allied powers on the one hand and Germany on the other was handed the Germans today. It is the longest treaty ever drawn, totalling 80,000 words, divided into 15 main sections, and represents the combined product of over a thousand experts. It is printed in parallel pages of English and French, recognized as having equal validity. It does not deal with questions affecting Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, except as binding Germany to accept any agreement reached with these former allies. Germany by treaty restores Alsace-Lorraine to France; accepts the internationalization of the Saar basin temporarily and of Danzig permanently; agrees to territorial changes toward Denmark and Belgium and in East Prussia cedes most of Upper Silesia to Poland; renounces all political and territorial rights outside Europe, as to her own or her allies' territory; she also recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland; her army is reduced to 100,000 men, including officers and conscription within her territories is abolished; all forts 40 kilometers east of the Rhine are to be razed, and all importations, exportations and nearly all production of war materials stopped; the German navy is reduced to six battleships, six light cruisers and twelve torpedo boats, no submarines, and a personnel of not over 15,000.

To the Aid of France.

New York, May 7.—The summary of the peace treaty says: "In addition to the securities afforded in the treaty of peace, the president of the United States has pledged himself to propose to the senate of the United States and the prime minister of Great Britain has pledged himself to propose to the parliament of Great Britain an agreement subject to the approval of the council of the league of nations to come immediately to the assistance of France in case of unprovoked attack by Germany."

Received the Treaty.

Versailles, May 7.—Germany today was told the terms upon which the al-

ligned and associated powers will make peace with her. The terms were contained in a treaty of 80,000 words handed to the German plenipotentiaries at a memorable assemblage here attended by delegates of 27 nations which were parties to the peace pact.

Germany Won't Pay.

Paris, May 7.—German delegates to the peace congress declare that they will sign the peace treaty but that Germany will not pay an indemnity.

Not a Secret Pact.

Paris, May 7.—France, the United States and Great Britain have concluded an agreement giving supplementary guarantees for France and security for the peace treaty, says the Echo de Paris. Premiers Clemenceau and Lloyd George and President Wilson will at a meeting this morning draft the final form of this pact, which will not be a secret paper.

Arrived This Morning.

Paris, May 7.—Vittorio Orlando, Italian Premier, and Baron Sonnino, foreign minister, arrived in Paris from Rome today.

Orlando Resumed Seat.

Paris, May 7.—Italian Premier Orlando arrived at the Paris White House just as the council of four re-assembled and resumed his seat in the council.

Italy Mandatory of Fiume.

Paris, May 7.—As a basis for resuming participation in the peace negotiations, Premier Orlando accepted a proposition that Italy administer Fiume as mandatory of the league of nations until 1923, after which Fiume will revert to Italian sovereignty.

Withdrawn by August.

Washington, May 7.—The last man of the American expeditionary forces will have been withdrawn from France by August, Secretary Baker announced today.

Shot Adolph Joffe.

Copenhagen, May 7.—When the Polish forces captured Vilna recently, they seized and shot Adolph Joffe, former Russian Bolshevik ambassador to Berlin, according to a Polish newspaper received here.

Notice of Dissolution.

The firm of the Rio Grande Auto Machine Co., composed of Andrew Ritter and M. M. Holland, has been dissolved by mutual consent. A Ritter will continue the business, assume all debts and collect all debts due said firm.

ANDREW RITTER,  
M. M. HOLLAND.  
Laredo, Texas, May 7, 1919. 5-7-3t.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

## PEACE TERMS PRESENTED ON THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF SINKING OF LUSITANIA

Terms Also Included Arraignment of Former Emperor William for Supreme Offense Against International Morality and Sanctity of a Treaty and Provided for His Trial by Allied Tribunal.

By Associated Press.

Germany received the terms of peace on the fourth anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania and 177 days after the last shot was fired on Nov. 11, 1918. At the plenary session yesterday it was decided that 22 nations, instead of 13, should be represented when the peace terms were presented. An interesting feature of the convention was added yesterday when the clause arraignment of former Emperor William for a supreme offense against international morality and the sanctity of a treaty was attached to the treaty, with a provision for trial by a tribunal of the five great nations.

What the Terms Are.

Paris, May 7.—The peace treaty between twenty-seven allied powers on the one hand and Germany on the other was handed the Germans today. It is the longest treaty ever drawn, totalling 80,000 words, divided into 15 main sections, and represents the combined product of over a thousand experts. It is printed in parallel pages of English and French, recognized as having equal validity. It does not deal with questions affecting Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey, except as binding Germany to accept any agreement reached with these former allies. Germany by treaty restores Alsace-Lorraine to France; accepts the internationalization of the Saar basin temporarily and of Danzig permanently; agrees to territorial changes toward Denmark and Belgium and in East Prussia cedes most of Upper Silesia to Poland; renounces all political and territorial rights outside Europe, as to her own or her allies' territory; she also recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland; her army is reduced to 100,000 men, including officers and conscription within her territories is abolished; all forts 40 kilometers east of the Rhine are to be razed, and all importations, exportations and nearly all production of war materials stopped; the German navy is reduced to six battleships, six light cruisers and twelve torpedo boats, no submarines, and a personnel of not over 15,000.

To the Aid of France.

New York, May 7.—The summary of the peace treaty says: "In addition to the securities afforded in the treaty of peace, the president of the United States has pledged himself to propose to the senate of the United States and the prime minister of Great Britain has pledged himself to propose to the parliament of Great Britain an agreement subject to the approval of the council of the league of nations to come immediately to the assistance of France in case of unprovoked attack by Germany."

Received the Treaty.

Versailles, May 7.—Germany today was told the terms upon which the al-

ligned and associated powers will make peace with her. The terms were contained in a treaty of 80,000 words handed to the German plenipotentiaries at a memorable assemblage here attended by delegates of 27 nations which were parties to the peace pact.

Germany Won't Pay.

Paris, May 7.—German delegates to the peace congress declare that they will sign the peace treaty but that Germany will not pay an indemnity.

Not a Secret Pact.

Paris, May 7.—France, the United States and Great Britain



# MORE ARROGANCE.

The German delegates in Versailles are reported to have said that they would sign the peace treaty, but that the German people will not pay an indemnity. So far as we can see, there is but one alternative to paying an indemnity, and that is, having it taken away from them.

But of course this is but a last attempt to be arrogant and haughty, while at the same declining any responsibility for the arrogance. In other words, it is an attempt of the delegates to "pass the buck" to the German people, whose representatives they claim to be.

The terms are not in any sense harsh. Compared with what the Germans would have inflicted upon the allies had they won the war, the terms are so mild and inoffensive that the Germans themselves will be surprised at the leniency of the victors.

Germany cedes Alsace-Lorraine to France and relinquishes all claims to territory outside of Europe. Besides she restores the stolen province of Schleswig-Holstein, the greater part of upper Silesia to Poland, and recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland.

She renounces for herself and her allies all territorial and political rights outside of Europe and especially Morocco, Egypt, Liberia and Shantung, and this means the renunciation of the African colonies which have been captured by her enemies.

The Saar basin is to be internationalized temporarily, which will give Belgium, France and Holland access to the coal and iron in that territory, and she also consents to the permanent internationalization of Danzig, which gives Poland access to the Baltic.

And one thing which will assure peace and quiet in Europe for some time to come is the provision to reduce the German army to 100,000 men, including officers, raise all forts within forty kilometers of the Rhine, abolish conscription and reduce her navy to a few fighting units and a personnel of not to exceed 15,000 men. For the German people are sick and tired of conscription, and they will not willingly enter the military or naval service except in case of foreign aggression.

As to the indemnities, they have already been stated sufficiently. And this is the part which will be of the greatest moment to the German people, for above all the German hates to part with what he has grasped. The fact that they have ruined a part of France and nearly all of Belgium as well as destroying parts of the entire civilized world was matter for self-gratulation up to the moment when the Germans discovered that they would be obliged to pay for the damage. They objected loudly—too loudly for anyone to believe that they are in earnest.

They knew the defeated nation or nations would have to pay for the war. But they had figured that Germany would be the gainer by the peace treaty, and when they found out that they were the victims of their own greed, they immediately began to find fault with their leaders.

There is no prospect that Germany will refuse to accept the terms of the treaty. And the allied nations will see that they live up to their agreement. There is no longer a disciplined German army, even though there is something of an armament left and a few million men capable of bearing arms.

But the entering wedge of suspicion and distrust has split Germany into parties, and each party into factions. There is no solidarity between the socialists, for instance, and the people have come to the point of distrusting all political organizations.

There is poetic justice in delivering the peace terms on the anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania. It is right that this act, so loudly applauded in Germany, and which was the real cause of our entering the war, no matter what the immediate cause, should be celebrated by the delivery of the peace terms to the German delegates.

# ROUNDING THEM UP.

The "national convention" of the I. W. W. in Chicago is proving a harvest, not only for the Chicago police, but for the authorities of many other cities, as a number of long-wanted crooks have been rounded up by the simple expedient of investigating the delegates.

It has been shown that practically all of the Bolsheviks in the country are connected by fraternal ties with the I. W. W., and that aside from the purely political connections, the "wobblies" also have widespread ramifications in underground criminal circles.

One thing has rather surprised the public, and that is the small number of the members. It had been claimed that the organization numbered at least half a million, and there were many who claimed at least a million. The report of the membership committee, however, establishes the fact that there are but 35,000 names on the roster and that of these only 25,000 are in "good standing."

A surprising feature of the convention was the introduction of a resolution limiting the service of paid of-

ficers to two years. The adoption of this resolution would cut off William D. Haywood, the official secretary-treasurer now in jail serving a long term for conspiracy. In fact, Haywood for some time past has been the real organization, and with his incarceration it began to disintegrate.

While the organization is not as strong or as widespread as had been feared, it must not be ignored as a menace. There are many desperate individuals scattered throughout the country, and many criminal gangs as well, who would be glad to identify themselves with such an organization were it to be relieved from police surveillance, and for this reason the authorities must keep up the good work.

The raid on the organization's books in Chicago and the arrest of the prominent leaders there and elsewhere was all that was needed to put it on the downward slide, and if it can be kept moving the members will not have time for anything else than their own safety.

The people all over the country are becoming aroused to the menace of such organizations. It is not enough to have an occasional anarchist spouting his evil doctrine on a street corner, and for an occasional farm hand with a more or less imaginary grievance to inveigh against the abuses of the capitalists, but when a body of these men gets together and excepts a campaign which includes the burning of barns and farm implements, the killing of work animals and the terrorizing of a whole section without adequate police protection, it is easily seen that should the movement become nation-wide it would menace the very foundations of our government.

So it is incumbent upon the authorities of every section of the country to put a stop to this evil propaganda. Every one preaching the doctrine of sedition, of anarchy, of class hatred and of resistance to the legal authority, should be arrested and punished upon conviction.

The majority of the people of this country are sane and sound in their political beliefs. They are as a whole better educated than the people of any other country. They are more intelligent and, while being more progressive than other nations, they are at the same time more conservative when it comes to political methods.

It takes a long time to bring about a political change in this country, and seldom if ever are violent methods used or approved. And for this reason the country is safe against the Bolsheviks, the I. W. W., or the anarchists of any other label.

At the same time, it will not do to relax our vigilance. Every man should constitute himself a committee of one to report any improper propaganda to the legal authorities. Where they will not take any action, it will be easy to arouse public action to put an end to the abuses, and that too without any mob rule.

The day of the I. W. W. is coming, and it will close with its ruin.

# TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

MAY 8.

1841—John Norquay, Manitoba statesman and premier, born near Fort Garry, Man. Died in Winnipeg, July 5, 1889.

1865—John Reynolds, governor of Illinois and representative in Congress, died at Belleville, Ill. Born in Montgomery County, Pa., Feb. 26, 1788.

1873—John Stuart Mill, famous philosopher and political economist, died at Avignon, France. Born in London, May 20, 1806.

1894—South Carolina supreme court decided that the State was practically under prohibition.

1902—Eruption of Mont Pelee, Martinique, destroyed St. Pierre and 30,000 inhabitants.

1903—The Russians reoccupied the Province of New Chang, Manchuria, with a large force of troops.

1915—Germany announced the capture of Libau, the Russian port on the Baltic.

1916—Australians and New Zealanders took over part of the British front.

1917—U. S. House of representatives voted to increase the strength of the Navy.

# TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 8.

Edward William Nelson, chief of the United States Biological Survey, born at Manchester, N. H., 64 years ago today.

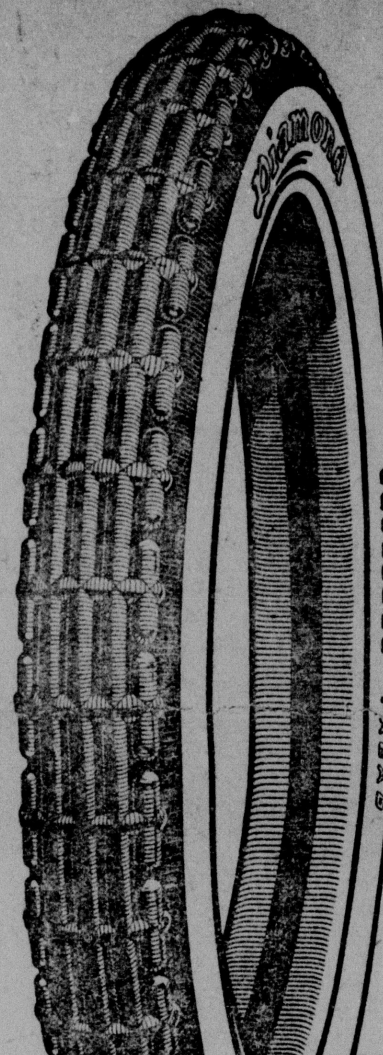
Prof. James R. Angell, who has been offered the presidency of the University of Michigan, born at Burlington, Vt., 50 years ago today.

Clarence W. Watson, former United States senator from West Virginia, born at Fairmont, W. Va., 55 years ago today.

Frank G. Carpenter, celebrated traveler and newspaper correspondent, born at Mansfield, O., 64 years ago today.

Marie Wainwright, long a prominent actress of the American stage, born in Philadelphia, 66 years ago today.

Francis Outmet, former American amateur golf champion, born at Brookline, Mass., 26 years ago today.



# Diamond SQUEEGEE TREAD Tires

Even Taxis get over 5000 miles on "Diamonds"

You know what the taxi driver hears—"only eight minutes to the train! Drive now if you never did before."

Taxis get punishment that your car never gets. Tires dare not fail. Further, they must give maximum mileage per dollar of cost. Else "overhead" will eat up profits.

The Quaker City Cab Co., Philadelphia, solves its tire problem with Diamonds—Diamonds average over 5000 miles in winter work with chains for them.

The Portland Taxicab Co., Portland, Ore., using Diamonds on its fleet, gets an average of over 6,000 miles. The Terminal Taxi Co., Washington, D. C., has been getting 6000 miles on its Diamonds. These specific instances are typical of many others under hard service.

We can cite you just as interesting instances right in this town, among our customers. Give us the opportunity.

Laredo Auto Sales Co. Inc.



# GREAT RESULTS ATTAINED DURING WORK WEDNESDAY

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO BOND ISSUE NOW AGGREGATE \$335,000.

Within \$145,000 of the Goal, and Most of This Sum Will Be Forthcoming at the Meeting Tomorrow.

As a result of the whirlwind campaign conducted yesterday by the Victory Bond committees, augmented by the work of a number of volunteer solicitors, who conducted a thorough canvass of the city, the subscription list to the Victory Loan campaign in Webb county was increased approximately \$30,000, making the grand total of all subscriptions up to this morning about \$835,000, or within \$145,000 of the quota of \$479,900 assigned to this county.

A meeting of the soliciting and voluntary committees was held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning at 9 o'clock, at which the work of all the committees who were busily engaged in canvassing yesterday, was tabulated and the above result was announced. The report proves most encouraging to those concerned and County Chairman August C. Richter and Mrs. R. L. Bobbit and their committees take a very optimistic view of the situation and declare that Webb county will go "over the top" by Saturday evening at the latest with a half million-dollar subscription to the Victory Liberty Bond issue.

A call has been issued for a mass meeting of the citizens of Laredo and residents of Webb county at Market Hall tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and every red-blooded American in this community is urged to attend this meeting and show to the world that Webb county is thoroughly American in spirit and one of the most patriotic in the country and that her people stand by Uncle Sam and will go down in their purses and help him pay every honest obligation he contracted while waging a war in behalf of justice, democracy and humanity. The soldier boys who made the grand sacrifice that justice and democracy might survive have finished their job, and many a home has been deprived of a brave son, brother or husband, while those who stayed at home have their work to do and must help finish the job.

# Jewish Welfare Board Activities.

Due to the K. of C.'s opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 18th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening. 5-8-31.

# EXPRESS EMPLOYEES GET 8-HOUR DAY AND RAISE

Hereafter City Express Office Will Open at 8:30 and Close at 5:30 Each Day.

Mr. C. J. Gorman, local agent of the American Railways Express, has returned from San Antonio, where he was called by the district superintendent, the occasion being a meeting of the principal agents of this division to consider the eight-hour day for the men.

Beginning tomorrow the Laredo office will open at 8:30 in the morning and close at 5:30 in the afternoon. A special increase of salary for all employees here was granted, and the reduction in working hours with the increase in pay makes a decided improvement in the lot of the really hard-worked employees.

# Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Turbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.

# RAIN AGAIN RETARDS WORK OF HARVESTING OF ONIONS.

Rains of Past Week Have Caused Onion Shipments to be Light; Total Shipments Aggregate 679 Cars.

Onion shipments were getting back to normal yesterday and the shipments would have been resumed on a heavy scale today, but the heavy rain and hailstorm came along last evening and the indications are that shipments for the next day or two will continue light, as there will be considerable mud in the fields again and it will take a day or two for them to dry out to permit of harvesting and cleaning work being continued.

The shipments out of here last night aggregated twenty-six carloads by freight, bringing the grand total of shipments for the season so far up to 679 carloads, which is less than half of the estimated shipments for the season.

# About Rheumatism.

Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

# PEACE PAGEANT WILL BE HELD ON TOMORROW

Announcement to That Effect Made This Afternoon Following Postponement.

The Peace Pageant by the school children of the Laredo schools, which was to have taken place this afternoon on School Plaza was postponed indefinitely last night following the rain, but announcement made this afternoon is to the effect that THE PEACE PAGEANT WILL TAKE PLACE TOMORROW AFTERNOON ON SCHOOL PLAZA BEGINNING WITH THE BABY BUGGY PARADE AT 5:45 O'CLOCK.

# ODD FELLOWS ATTENTION.



Rio Grande Lodge No. 372 meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Fred. L. Mackay, Noble Grand; J. H. Barlow, Secretary.

Laredo Encampment No. 29 meets every second and fourth Friday at 8 p. m. Jos. Netzer, Chief Patriarch; G. W. Pew, Scribe.

G. W. Glascock-Rebekah Lodge No. 438 meets every first and third Friday at 8 p. m. Miss Hortense Tannenbaum, Noble Grand; Jos. Netzer, Secretary.

All visiting Brothers and Sisters are cordially invited to attend. Lodge room at the corner of Farragut street and Convent avenue.

# DON EMILIO REYES HERE ENROUTE TO NEW POST DUTY

Former "Administrador del Timbre" in Nuevo Laredo Returns From Mexico City En route Del Rio.

Don Emilio Reyes, a former well known resident and official of Nuevo Laredo, where he held the position as Administrador del Timbre up to about a year ago, when he was appointed to a government position with headquarters in Mexico City, arrived in Laredo today accompanied by his family and in a day or two will leave for Del Rio, Texas, having been appointed as Mexican consul with headquarters at that place.

During his residence in Nuevo Laredo of a number of years Don Emilio made many friends on both sides of the Rio Grande, as he is one of those affable, accommodating gentlemen who makes friends of all he meets, and these wish him every success in his new duties as Mexican consul at Del Rio.

# RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexicon.  
Train No. 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.  
Train No. 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.  
International & Great Northern.  
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.  
Night Train.  
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 6 a. m.  
Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.  
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.  
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:15 p. m.

# "See 'Gets-It' Pool Off This Corn."

Leaves The Toe as Smooth as the Palm of Your Hand.

The corn never grew that "Gets-It" will not get. It never irritates the flesh, never makes your toe sore. Just two drops of "Gets-It" and presto! the corn-pain vanishes. Shortly you can peel the corn right off with your finger and there you are—painless and happy, with the toe as smooth and corn-free as your palm. "Gets-It" is the only safe way in the world to treat a corn or callus. It's the sure way—the way that never fails. It is tried and true—used by millions every year. It always works. "Gets-It" makes cutting and digging at a corn and fusing with bandages, salves or anything else entirely unnecessary. "Gets-It" is the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. Mfg. by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.



Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Horner's Pharmacy, City Drug Co.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

# RAIN, THUNDER, HAILSTORM VISITED LAREDO SECTION

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE A VARIATION OF WEATHER.

Hailstones Fell for About Ten Minutes, While Rain Lasted for Several Hours During Early Evening.

Preceded by one of those windstorms that sends "real estate" on the rise and fills the air with the fine particles, Laredo was visited by a heavy hail-thunder and rainstorm yesterday evening, beginning at about 6:30 o'clock, and the rain continuing for some time after the other disturbed elements had disappeared, for the hail, wind and thunder was of short duration.

The storm broke in all its fury about 7 o'clock, at which time the wind was blowing hard, there was crashing of thunder and vivid flashing of lightning, hailstones as large as marbles fell, and then a good steady rain set in and fell for about thirty minutes after which it slackened up for a time and came down slowly for an hour or so longer. The total precipitation of rain last evening aggregated 1.17, or nearly an inch and a quarter.

Reports received here from the country in all directions from this city indicate that the rain was general, and in some places heavier than elsewhere. The hail accompanied the storm in many parts of the country around Laredo and is believed to have done some damage to fruit trees and tender vegetation, but is not believed to have hurt the onion crop in any manner.

This is the third heavy rain, thunder and windstorm to strike Laredo within the past eight days, and at this time the ground is thoroughly soaked and corn, cotton and other growing crops are in fine condition, while grass is in a most thriving condition on the ranges of the big ranches as a result of the copious supply of moisture that has fallen.

# A BAND CONCERT TONIGHT; ANOTHER TOMORROW NIGHT

This Evening the Thirty-seventh Band Plays on Martin Plaza; Tomorrow Night at Fort McIntosh.

As announced in yesterday's issue of The Times, there will be a band concert on Martin Plaza this evening from 8:30 to 9:30 by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band, when the following program will be rendered:  
1. March, "The Matador," ..... Curti  
2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ..... Schlegel  
3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ..... Rosas  
4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ..... Bucalossi  
5. Suite, "La Feria," ..... Lacombe  
6. One Step, "Madelon," ..... Roberts  
Tomorrow evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band will render the following program at Fort McIntosh:  
1. March, "A Frangosa," ..... Costa  
2. Overture, "French Comedy," ..... Keler-Bela  
3. Waltz, "Blue," ..... Margis  
4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ..... Luders  
5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ..... Luigini  
6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ..... Berlin.

# VETERAN NEWSPAPER MAN IS VISITING IN THIS CITY

E. T. Merriman of the Corpus Christi Caller is Here to Write a Boosting Article for Laredo Section.

Eli Todd Merriman, one of the veteran newspapermen of Texas, and for more than twenty-five years manager of the Corpus Christi Caller, is among the visitors in Laredo on a short business trip and is a guest of his brother, Jeff D. Merriman, and family on the Heights.

Mr. Merriman resigned from the management of the Daily Caller about nine years ago and engaged in other business, and recently served as a city commissioner of Corpus Christi, but the smell of printer's ink has so strongly imbedded itself in his nostrils that he had to return to the fourth estate, and he is now a staff writer of the Caller and comes to Laredo at this time to "writeup" the onion industry and other matters pertaining to Laredo, which will be carried in an illustrated and descriptive article in the Caller shortly.

# OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, which celebrates its silver jubilee this year, comprises some 680 clubs, with an aggregate membership of nearly 70,000.

A new law in Utah establishes the eight-hour work day for women and further provides that it must be continuous labor with the exception of one hour for lunch.

A little village exists on the Cape of Shima, in Japan, the name of which in Japanese means "the Settlement of Nymphs." Woman in this village is the predominant partner. The chief industry is pearl-fishing, and it is the women who are the fishers. The men stay at home and do the housework.

# LOCAL NEWS

The grand jury in district court, which was in recess yesterday on account of some of the members helping in the canvassing for Victory Bond subscriptions, resumed their labors this morning and are investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Valls.

Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

The Victory Bond workers feel much encouraged over the results of the whirlwind campaign conducted here yesterday and are now confident that Webb county will "go over the top" by Saturday night. Those who have not yet subscribed for their full limit of bonds should do so at once.

Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Eight carloads of zinc ore, one carload of guano, two carloads of ixite and one carload of arsenic.

If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1203. 3-14-1f.

JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-1f.

For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-1m.

The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose P. Barrera and Miss Maria del Pilar Martinez. 2-17-1f.

Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-1f.

The following oil lease prospect has been filed for record with the county clerk: W. N. McElroy to R. B. Humphrey, Sec. No. 278, Cert. 3701, and Sec. 1694, Cert. 5447, containing a total of 1,280 acres of land. Consideration, \$192.

The Belmont. Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-1f.

Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-16-1f.

A report reached here this morning to the effect that one of the county bridges on the Minera road was washed out and badly damaged by the rain last night, but up to the noon hour County Judge Page had received no confirmation of this report.

Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-1f.

Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-1f.

Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-1f.

NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

Notice.

The State of Texas, To all persons interested in the Estate of Thomas Hickey, and Olive Mary Hickey, minors: Maria Villarreal de Hickey, has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for letters of guardianship on the persons and Estate of said minors which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919, said day being the 19th of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper.

Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1919.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ, Clerk County Court, Webb County.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.



From Thursday's Daily.

### MORE ARROGANCE.

The German delegates in Versailles are reported to have said that they would sign the peace treaty, but that the German people will not pay an indemnity. So far as we can see, there is but one alternative to paying an indemnity, and that is, having it taken away from them.

But of course this is but a last attempt to be arrogant and haughty, while at the same declining any responsibility for the arrogance. In other words, it is an attempt of the delegates to "pass the buck" to the German people, whose representatives they claim to be.

The terms are not in any sense harsh. Compared with what the Germans would have inflicted upon the allies had they won the war, the terms are so mild and inoffensive that the Germans themselves will be surprised at the leniency of the victors.

Germany cedes Alsace-Lorraine to France and relinquishes all claims to territory outside of Europe. Besides she restores the stolen province of Schleswig-Holstein, the greater part of upper Silesia to Poland, and recognizes the total independence of German-Austria, Czechoslovakia and Poland.

She renounces for herself and her allies all territorial and political rights outside of Europe and especially Morocco, Egypt, Liberia and Shantung, and this means the renunciation of the African colonies which have been captured by her enemies.

The Saar basin is to be internationalized temporarily, which will give Belgium, France and Holland access to the coal and iron in that territory, and she also consents to the permanent internationalization of Danzig, which gives Poland access to the Baltic.

And one thing which will assure peace and quiet in Europe for some time to come is the provision to reduce the German army to 100,000 men, including officers, raise all forts within forty kilometers of the Rhine, abolish conscription and reduce her navy to a few fighting units and a personnel of not to exceed 15,000 men. For the German people are sick and tired of conscription, and they will not willingly enter the military or naval service except in case of foreign aggression.

As to the indemnities, they have already been stated sufficiently. And this is the part which will be of the greatest moment to the German people, for above all the German hates to part with what he has grasped. The fact that they have ruined a part of France and nearly all of Belgium as well as destroying parts of the entire civilized world was matter for self-gratulation up to the moment when the Germans discovered that they would be obliged to pay for the damage. They objected loudly—too loudly for anyone to believe that they are in earnest.

They knew the defeated nation or nations would have to pay for the war. But they had figured that Germany would be the gainer by the peace treaty, and when they found out that they were the victims of their own greed, they immediately began to find fault with their leaders.

There is no prospect that Germany will refuse to accept the terms of the treaty. And the allied nations will see that they live up to their agreement. There is no longer a disciplined German army, even though there is something of an armament left and a few million men capable of bearing arms.

But the entering wedge of suspicion and distrust has split Germany into parties, and each party into factions. There is no solidarity between the socialists, for instance, and the people have come to the point of distrusting all political organizations.

There is poetic justice in delivering the peace terms on the anniversary of the sinking of the Lusitania. It is right that this act, so loudly applauded in Germany, and which was the real cause of our entering the war, no matter what the immediate cause, should be celebrated by the delivery of the peace terms to the German delegates.

### ROUNDING THEM UP.

The "national convention" of the I. W. W. in Chicago is proving a harvest, not only for the Chicago police but for the authorities of many other cities, as a number of long-wanted crooks have been rounded up by the simple expedient of investigating the delegates.

It has been shown that practically all of the Bolsheviks in the country are connected by fraternal ties with the I. W. W., and that aside from the purely political connections, the "wobblies" also have widespread ramifications in underground criminal circles.

One thing has rather surprised the public, and that is the small number of the members. It had been claimed that the organization numbered at least half a million, and there were many who claimed at least a million. The report of the membership committee, however, establishes the fact that there are but 35,000 names on the roster and that of these only 25,000 are in "good standing."

A surprising feature of the convention was the introduction of a resolution limiting the service of paid of-

ficers to two years. The adoption of this resolution would cut off William D. Haywood, the official secretary-treasurer now in jail serving a long term for conspiracy. In fact, Haywood for some time past has been the real organization, and with his incarceration it began to disintegrate.

While the organization is not as strong or as widespread as had been feared, it must not be ignored as a menace. There are many desperate individuals scattered throughout the country, and many criminal gangs as well, who would be glad to identify themselves with such an organization were it to be relieved from police surveillance, and for this reason the authorities must keep up the good work.

The raid on the organization's books in Chicago and the arrest of the prominent leaders there and elsewhere was all that was needed to put it on the downward slide, and it can be kept moving the members will not have time for anything else than their own safety.

The people all over the country are becoming aroused to the menace of such organizations. It is bad enough to have an occasional anarchist spouting his evil doctrine on a street corner, and for an occasional farm hand with a more or less imaginary grievance to inveigh against the abuses of the capitalists, but when a body of these men gets together and adopts a campaign which includes the burning of barns and farm implements, the killing of work animals and the terrorizing of a whole section without adequate police protection, it is easily seen that should the movement become nation-wide it would menace the very foundations of our government.

So it is incumbent upon the authorities of every section of the country to put a stop to this evil propaganda. Every one preaching the doctrine of sedition, of anarchy, of class hatred and of resistance to the legal authority, should be arrested and punished upon conviction.

The majority of the people of this country are sane and sound in their political beliefs. They are as a whole better educated than the people of any other country. They are more intelligent and, while being more progressive than other nations, they are at the same time more conservative when it comes to political methods.

It takes a long time to bring about a political change in this country, and seldom if ever are violent methods used or approved. And for this reason the country is safe against the Bolsheviks, the I. W. W., or the anarchists of any other label.

At the same time, it will not do to relax our vigilance. Every man should constitute himself a committee of one to report any improper propaganda to the legal authorities. Where they will not take any action, it will be easy to arouse public action to put an end to the abuses, and that too without any mob rule.

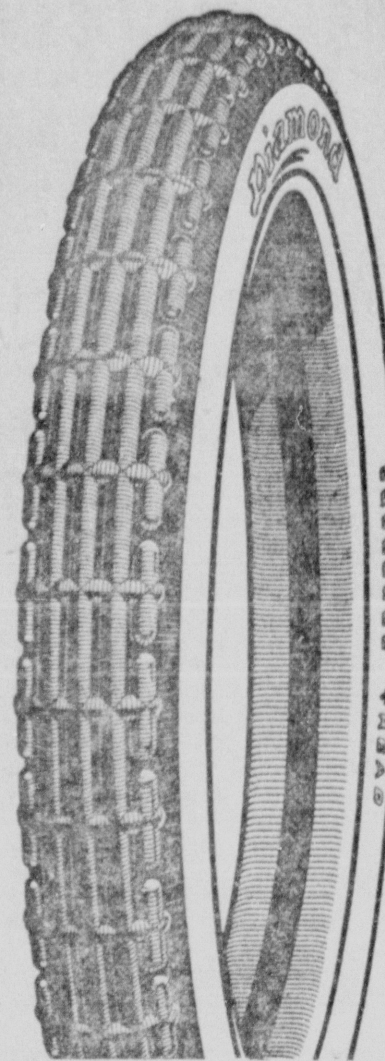
The day of the I. W. W. is coming, and it will close with its ruin.

### TODAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

- MAY 8.
- 1841—John Norquay, Manitoba statesman and premier, born near Fort Garry, Man. Died in Winnipeg, July 5, 1889.
- 1865—John Reynolds, governor of Illinois and representative in Congress, died at Belleville, Ill. Born in Montgomery County, Pa., Feb. 26, 1788.
- 1873—John Stuart Mill, famous philosopher and political economist, died at Avignon, France. Born in London, May 20, 1806.
- 1894—South Carolina supreme court decided that the State was practically under prohibition.
- 1902—Eruption of Mont Pelee, Martinique, destroyed St. Pierre and 30,000 inhabitants.
- 1903—The Russians reoccupied the Province of New Chang, Manchuria, with a large force of troops.
- 1915—Germany announced the capture of Libau, the Russian port on the Baltic.
- 1916—Australians and New Zealanders took over part of the British front.
- 1917—U. S. House of representatives voted to increase the strength of the Navy.

### TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

- MAY 8.
- Edward William Nelson, chief of the United States Biological Survey, born at Manchester, N. H., 64 years ago today.
- Prof. James R. Angell, who has been offered the presidency of the University of Michigan, born at Burlington, Vt., 50 years ago today.
- Clarence W. Watson, former United States senator from West Virginia, born at Fairmont, W. Va., 55 years ago today.
- Frank G. Carpenter, celebrated traveler and newspaper correspondent, born at Mansfield, O., 64 years ago today.
- Marie Wainwright, long a prominent actress of the American stage, born in Philadelphia, 65 years ago today.
- Francis Ouimet, former American amateur golf champion, born at Brookline, Mass., 26 years ago today.



## Diamond SQUEEGEE TREAD Tires

Even Taxis get over 5000 miles on "Diamonds"

You know what the taxi driver hears—"only eight minutes to the train! Drive now if you never did before."

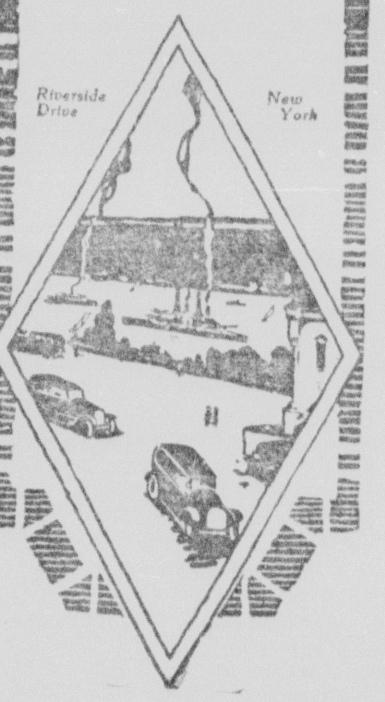
Taxis get punishment that your car never gets. Tires dare not fail. Further, they must give maximum mileage per dollar of cost. Else "overhead" will eat up profits.

The Quaker City Cab Co., Philadelphia, solves its tire problem with Diamonds—Diamonds average over 5000 miles in winter work with chains for them.

The Portland Taxicab Co., Portland, Ore., using Diamonds on its fleet, gets an average of over 6,000 miles. The Terminal Taxi Co., Washington, D. C., has been getting 6000 miles on its Diamonds. These specific instances are typical of many others under hard service.

We can cite you just as interesting instances right in this town, among our customers. Give us the opportunity.

Laredo Auto Sales Co. Inc.



## GREAT RESULTS ATTAINED DURING WORK WEDNESDAY

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO BOND ISSUE NOW AGGREGATE \$335,000.

Within \$145,000 of the Goal, and Most of This Sum Will Be Forthcoming at the Meeting Tomorrow.

As a result of the whirlwind campaign conducted yesterday by the Victory Bond committees, augmented by the work of a number of volunteer canvassers of the city, the subscription list to the Victory Loan campaign in Webb county was increased approximately \$30,000, making the grand total of all subscriptions up to this morning about \$335,000, or within \$145,000 of the quota of \$479,900 assigned to this county.

A meeting of the soliciting and voluntary committees was held at the Chamber of Commerce quarters this morning at 9 o'clock, at which the work of all the canvassers who were busy engaged in canvassing yesterday, was tabulated and the above result was announced. The report was most encouraging to those concerned and County Chairman August C. Richter and Mrs. R. L. Bobbit and their committees take a very optimistic view of the situation and declare that Webb county will go "over the top" by Saturday evening at the latest with a half million-dollar subscription to the Victory Liberty Bond issue.

A call has been issued for a mass meeting of the citizens of Laredo and residents of Webb county at Market Hall tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, and every red-blooded American in this community is urged to attend this meeting and show to the world that Webb county is thoroughly American in spirit and one of the most patriotic in the country and that her people stand by Uncle Sam and will go down in their purses and help him pay every honest obligation he contracted while waging a war in behalf of justice, democracy and humanity. The soldier boys who made the grand sacrifice that justice and democracy might survive have finished their job, and many a home has been deprived of a brave son, brother or husband, while those who stayed at home have their work to do and must help finish the job.

**Jewish Welfare Board Activities.**  
Due to the fact of the opening there will be no dance at the Jewish Welfare Board Hall this Sunday night. There will be a dance however on Sunday night May 13th, to which occasion the folks of Laredo are cordially invited to come and enjoy a pleasant evening. 5-8-3t.

### EXPRESS EMPLOYEES GET 8-HOUR DAY AND RAISE

Hereafter City Express Office Will Open at 8:30 and Close at 5:30 Each Day.

Mr. C. J. Gorman, local agent of the American Railways Express, has returned from San Antonio, where he was called by the district superintendent the occasion being a meeting of the principal agents of this division to consider the eight-hour day for the men.

Beginning tomorrow the Laredo office will open at 8:30 in the morning and close at 5:30 in the afternoon. A special increase of salary for all employees here was granted, and the reduction in working hours with the increase in pay makes a decided improvement in the lot of the really hard-worked employees.

**Shoe Shop Moved.**  
The Vox de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Irbide street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15t.

### RAIN AGAIN RETARDS WORK OF HARVESTING OF ONIONS

Rains of Past Week Have Caused Onion Shipments to Be Light; Total Shipments Aggregate 679 Cars.

Onion shipments were getting back to normal yesterday and the shipments would have been resumed on a heavy scale today, but the heavy rain and hailstorm came along last evening and the indications are that shipments for the next day or two will continue light, as there will be considerable mud in the fields again and it will take a day or two for them to dry out to permit of harvesting and cleaning work being continued.

The shipments out of here last night aggregated twenty-six carloads by freight, bringing the grand total of shipments for the season so far up to 679 carloads, which is less than half of the estimated shipments for the season.

**About Rheumatism.**  
Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

### PEACE PAGEANT WILL BE HELD ON TOMORROW

Announcement to That Effect Made This Afternoon Following Postponement.

The Peace Pageant by the school children of the Laredo schools, which was to have taken place this afternoon on School Plaza was postponed indefinitely last night following the rain, but announcement made this afternoon is to the effect that THE PEACE PAGEANT WILL TAKE PLACE TOMORROW AFTERNOON ON SCHOOL PLAZA BEGINNING WITH THE BABY BUGGY PARADE AT 5:45 O'CLOCK.

### ODD FELLOWS ATTENTION.



Rio Grande Lodge No. 373 meets every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Fred. L. Mackay, Noble Grand; J. H. Barlow, Secretary.

Laredo Encampment No. 29 meets every second and fourth Friday at 8 p. m. Jos. Netzer, Chief Patriarch; G. W. Pew, Scribe.

G. W. Glascock-Rebekah Lodge No. 438 meets every first and third Friday at 8 p. m. Miss Hortense Tannenbaum, Noble Grand; Jos. Netzer, Secretary.

All visiting Brothers and Sisters are cordially invited to attend. Lodge room at the corner of Farragut street and Convent avenue.

### DON EMILIO REYES HERE ENROUTE TO NEW POST DUTY

Former "Administrador del Timbre" in Nuevo Laredo Returns From Mexico City En route Del Rio.

Don Emilio Reyes, a former well known resident and official of Nuevo Laredo, where he held a position as Administrador del Timbre up to about a year ago, when he was appointed to a government position with headquarters in Mexico City, arrived in Laredo today accompanied by his family and in a day or two will leave for Del Rio, Texas, having been appointed as Mexican consul with headquarters at that place.

During his residence in Nuevo Laredo of a number of years Don Emilio made many friends on both sides of the Rio Grande, as he is one of those affable, accommodating gentlemen who makes friends of all he meets, and these wish him every success in his new duties as Mexican consul at Del Rio.

### RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas-Mexican.	
Train No 1 leaves for Corpus Christi at 9 a. m.	
Train No 2 arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:35 p. m.	
International & Great Northern.	
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 10:45 a. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.	
Night Train.	
Leaves at 9 p. m. and arrives at 8 a. m.	
Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.	
Train No 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:20 a. m.	
Train No 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 11 a. m. Arrives at Laredo at 8:15 p. m.	

## "See 'Gets-It' Peel Off This Corn."

Leaves The Toe as Smooth as the Palm of Your Hand.

The corn never grew that "Gets-It" will not get it. It never irritates the flesh, never makes your toe sore. Just two drops of "Gets-It" and presto! the corn-pain vanishes. Shortly you can peel the corn right off with your finger and there you are—pain-free and happy, with the toe as smooth and corn-free as your palm. "Gets-It" is the only safe way in the world to treat a corn or callus. It's the sure way—the way that never fails. It is tried and true—used by millions every year. It always works. "Gets-It" makes cutting and digging at a corn and fussing with bandages, salves or anything else entirely unnecessary. "Gets-It," the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. M'd by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.



It's Wonderful to See "Gets-It" Peel Off Corns off with your finger and there you are—pain-free and happy, with the toe as smooth and corn-free as your palm. "Gets-It" is the only safe way in the world to treat a corn or callus. It's the sure way—the way that never fails. It is tried and true—used by millions every year. It always works. "Gets-It" makes cutting and digging at a corn and fussing with bandages, salves or anything else entirely unnecessary. "Gets-It," the guaranteed, money-back corn-remover, the only sure way, costs but a trifle at any drug store. M'd by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Laredo and recommended as the world's best corn remedy by Horner's Pharmacy.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

## RAIN, THUNDER, HAILSTORM VISITED LAREDO SECTION

ELEMENTS COMBINED TO GIVE A VARIATION OF WEATHER.

Hailstones Fell for About Ten Minutes, While Rain Lasted for Several Hours During Early Evening.

Preceded by one of those windstorms that sends "real estate" on the rise and fills the air with the fine particles, Laredo was visited by a heavy hail-thunder and rainstorm yesterday evening, beginning at about 6:30 o'clock, and the rain continuing for some time after the other disturbed elements had disappeared, for the hail, wind and thunder was of short duration.

The storm broke in all its fury about 7 o'clock, at which time the wind was blowing hard, there was crashing of thunder and vivid flashing of lightning, hailstones as large as marbles fell and then a good steady rain set in and fell for about thirty minutes after which it slackened off for a time and came down slowly for an hour or so longer. The total precipitation of rain last evening aggregated 1.17, or nearly an inch and a quarter.

Reports received here from the country in all directions from this city indicate that the rain was general, and in some places heavier than elsewhere. The hail accompanied the storm in many parts of the country around Laredo and is believed to have done some damage to fruit trees and tender vegetation, but is not believed to have hurt the onion crop in any manner.

This is the third heavy rain, thunder and windstorm to strike Laredo within the past eight days, and at this time the ground is thoroughly soaked and corn, cotton and other growing crops are in fine condition, while grass is in a most thriving condition on the ranges of the big ranches as a result of the copious supply of moisture that has fallen.

### A BAND CONCERT TONIGHT; ANOTHER TOMORROW NIGHT

This Evening the Thirty-seventh Band Plays on Martin Plaza; Tomorrow Night at Fort McIntosh.

As announced in yesterday's issue of The Times, there will be a band concert on Martin Plaza this evening from 8:30 to 9:30 by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band, when the following program will be rendered:

1. March, "The Matador," ..... Curti
  2. Overture, "The Golden Sceptre," ..... Schlegel
  3. Waltz, "Impassioned Dreams," ..... Rosas
  4. Descriptive, "Hunting Scene," ..... Bucalossi
  5. Suite, "La Feria," ..... Lacombe
  6. One Step, "Madelon," ..... Roberts
- Tomorrow evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band will render the following program at Fort McIntosh:
1. March, "A Frangese," ..... Costa
  2. Overture, "French Comedy," ..... Keler-Bela
  3. Waltz, "Blue," ..... Margis
  4. Selection, "The Grand Mogul," ..... Luders
  5. Suite, "Ballet Egyptian," ..... Luigini
  6. One Step, "Oh, How I Hate to Get Up," ..... Berlin

### VETERAN NEWSPAPER MAN IS VISITING IN THIS CITY

E. T. Merriman of the Corpus Christi Caller is Here to Write a Boosting Article for Laredo Section.

Eli Todd Merriman, one of the veteran newspapermen of Texas, and for more than twenty-five years manager of the Corpus Christi Caller, is among the visitors in Laredo on a short business trip and is a guest of his brother, Jeff D. Merriman, and family on the Heights.

Mr. Merriman resigned from the management of the Daily Caller about nine years ago and engaged in other business, and recently served as a city commissioner of Corpus Christi, but the smell of printer's ink has so strongly imbedded itself in his nostrils that he had to return to the fourth estate, and he is now a staff writer of the Caller and comes to Laredo at this time to "writeup" the onion industry and other matters pertaining to Laredo, which will be carried in an illustrated and descriptive article in the Caller shortly.

### OF INTEREST TO WOMEN.

The Illinois Federation of Women's Clubs, which celebrates its silver jubilee this year, comprises some 650 clubs, with an aggregate membership of nearly 70,000.

A new law in Utah establishes the eight-hour work day for women and further provides that it must be continuous labor with the exception of one hour for lunch.

A little village exists on the Cape of Shima, in Japan, the name of which in Japanese means "the Settlement of Nymphs." Woman in this village is the predominant partner. The chief industry is pearl-fishing, and it is the women who are the fishers. The men stay at home and do the housework.

## LOCAL NEWS

The grand jury in district court, which was in recess yesterday on account of some of the members helping in the canvassing for Victory Bond subscriptions, resumed their labors this morning and are investigating matters called to their attention by District Attorney Valls.

Miss Bessie Moore has moved her Beauty Parlor to 815 Convent avenue. Leave calls over phone 192.

Thirty years a Roof Man. I paint and stop all leaks under a guarantee on tin, paper and shingles. Al J. Nolen, P. O. Box 568, Laredo, Texas. 4-28-1m.

The Victory Bond workers feel much encouraged over the results of the whirlwind campaign conducted here yesterday and are now confident that Webb county will "go over the top" by Saturday night. Those who have not yet subscribed for their full limit of bonds should do so at once.

Beich's (call it Bike's) Candies in Chocolates and Bonbons, Cherries and Nuts, best on earth, at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

American, National and Texas League Base Ball results received daily at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

The following importations from Mexico passed through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon: Eight carloads of zinc ore, one carload of guano, two carloads of ixite and one carload of arsenic.

If you want a plumber in a hurry phone Juarez No. 1293. 3-14-tf.

JITNEY SERVICE.—15 cts. trip per person. J. Nieto. Phone 515. 2-20-tf.

For dressmaking see Mrs. Adam, 1602 Guatemozin street, Heights. 5-1-m.

The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Jose P. Barrera and Miss Maria del Pilar Martinez. 2-17-tf.

I buy and sell anything from a pin to a locomotive; this includes farms and ranches. J. L. Fierros, 302 Farragut street. 4-22-tf.

Mexican hats at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

Pianos and combinola player pianos. Moran Music Co., 1217 Lincoln street. 2-3-tf.

The following oil lease prospect has been filed for record with the county clerk: W. N. McElroy to R. B. Humphrey, Sec. No. 278, Cert. 3701, and Sec. 1694, Cert. 5447, containing a total of 1,280 acres of land. Consideration, \$192.

The Bellmont Rooms and apartments. 602 Main Ave. Phone 576 or 1017. 6-20-tf.

Mexican baskets at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

We paint automobiles; also make auto tops. Fidel Cantu, Phone 202. 6-15-tf.

A report reached here this morning to the effect that one of the county bridges on the Minera road was washed out and badly damaged by the rain last night, but up to the noon hour County Judge Page had received no confirmation of this report.

Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office; residence 812 Farragut street. Residence phone 348. 4-27-tf.

Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf.

Mexican pottery in quite a variety at the Royal Cigar Stand. 4-22-tf.

### NOTICE IN PROBATE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Webb County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Webb, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

### Notice.

The State of Texas, To all persons interested in the Estate of Thomas Hickey, and Olive Mary Hickey, minors: Maria Villarreal de Hickey, has filed in the County Court of Webb County, an application for letters of guardianship on the persons and Estate of said minors which will be heard on the Third Monday of May, A. D. 1919, said day being the 19th of said month at the Court House thereof, in the City of Laredo, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper.

Herein fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this Writ make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Laredo, Texas, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1919.

J. A. RODRIGUEZ, Clerk County Court, Webb County.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



From Friday's Daily.

## TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 9.

Sir James M. Barrie, famous Scottish novelist and playwright, born at Kirriemuir, N. B., 59 years ago today.

John L. McLaurin, former United States senator from South Carolina, born in Marlboro County, S. C., 59 years ago today.

Edward Weston of New York, celebrated electrical engineer and inventor, born in England, 69 years ago today.

John R. Mohler, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, born in Philadelphia, 44 years ago today.

## Shoe Shop Moved.

The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustin avenue. 5-2-15t.

## LAREDO'S WAR SACRIFICES.

(Peace to Their Ashes.)  
Lieut. E. J. Cousineau,  
Lieut. Luke W. Loftus,  
Lieut. Percy R. Winch,  
Sergt. George Bigden,  
Sergt. Charles Woodul,  
Sergeant Gustin K. Smith,  
Sergeant Adam Bold,  
Sig. Elec. P. A. Diaz,  
Corporal Jack Correu,  
Corporal Milos Little,  
Corporal Leonardo Diaz,  
Private Edmundo Lopez,  
Private Benjamin Hastings,  
Private Moises Carrejo,  
Private Francisco Garcia,  
Private Lorenzo Rendon,  
Private Jose Ybarra,  
Private Maurice Akabass,  
Private Jose Zamora,  
Private Louis F. Folsom,  
Private Harold Smith,  
Private William Lake, U. S. M.,  
Private Wm. L. Ford, U. S. M.

## IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

MAY 9.

Twenty-seven years ago today, in the Italian province of Lucca, was born a little princess who was destined to play in later years a unique role in the great European war drama. The little princess was Zita of Parma, who later was to become the Empress Zita of Austria. What a strange fate has been hers! From the quiet of a convent school at Zangberg to the brilliant salons of Vienna, to the imperial throne and to the retreat in Switzerland, spans the career of this young woman of twenty-seven who began life as a member of a family long deprived of all semblance of royalty except the name, attained one of the most exalted positions in Europe, and who is likely to spend the remainder of her life in exile. Those who are inclined toward superstition may see some connection between the ill fate that has overtaken the beautiful young Empress and the fact that she is the 13th child of the late Duke of Parma.

## RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen. Can be easily investigated. What better proof can be had?

R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co. Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 78 . . . . . Phone 48

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Friday.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.

Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

Mrs. A. E. Younkin will entertain the members of the Married Ladies Social Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, with Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago as honor guest.

### Saturday.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

### The Rose Beyond the Wall.

Near a shady wall a rose once grew,  
Budded and blossomed in God's free light.  
Watered and fed by morning dew,  
Shedding its sweetness day and night.

As it grew and blossomed fair and tall,  
Slowly rising to loftier height,  
It came to a crevice in the wall,  
Through which there shone a beam of light.

Onward it crept with added strength,  
With never a thought of fear or pride;  
And it followed the light through the crevice's length,  
And unfolded itself on the other side.

The light, the dew, the broadening view,  
Were found the same as they were before;  
And it lost itself in beauties now,  
Breathing its fragrance more and more.

Shall claim of death cause us to grieve,  
And make our courage faint or fail?  
Nay, let us faith and hope receive—  
The rose still grows beyond the wall.

Scattering fragrance far and wide,  
Just as it did in days of yore;  
Just as it did on the other side,  
Just as it will for evermore.

### General Mention.

Mrs. A. Notzon of San Antonio is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Notzon.

The many friends of Mrs. J. M. Slaughter will be glad to learn that she is now convalescent after a recent severe illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago will arrive in the city today for a short stay.

Mr. W. D. Butler left Wednesday night for Groesbeck, Texas, in response to the news of the illness of his father.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts of Albuquerque, New Mexico, is expected in the city on Saturday, to be the new pastor of the Christian Church.

The many friends of Guy Trout will be interested in knowing that the engineering department of the University of Texas have nominated him for president of the students' council.

Lieut. Leo Eistetter, who has been with the A. E. F. for some time, has sailed from France and is expected home shortly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson expect to leave on Sunday night for Dallas to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge. Mrs. Thompson will stop in San Antonio to visit friends on the return trip.

Mrs. C. M. Henry has returned from a short business trip to Houston.

Mr. George Teunison expects to go to Dallas the latter part of the week to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge.

Miss Inez Hill returned home on Saturday after a trip to Uvalde and Hondo with Mr. and Mrs. George Moyer. She spent a week in San Antonio with Mrs. Moyer before returning home.

Mrs. C. H. Bell has returned from

a pleasant three weeks' visit to relatives in Palestine.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reeves have moved to Robstown where they will make their home.

## Splash Party.

A number of the Seventh grade girls enjoyed a delightful splash party Thursday afternoon at Villegas' pool. They were chaperoned by Mrs. G. W. Derby and Mrs. M. S. Ryan. After their swim the party motored to the Ryan home on the Heights, where delicious basket lunches were enjoyed. Those present were: Dorothy Derby, Josephine Brewster, Kathleen Heaner, Dora Becker, Helen Lindsay, Gene Morgan, Lois Derby, Evelyn Ryan and Dorothy Wiggins.

## Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church held an interesting and pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. The Bible study was conducted by Mrs. Phelps and the lesson covered the 12th chapter of Luke. A short business session followed the devotional service after which a delightful social time was enjoyed and the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Little, Hodges, Phelps, Smith, Hamilton, Joe Netzer Jr., Ward, A. O. Dannelly, Millar, Hiatt and Poggenpohl.

## The W. M. U. Meets.

Circle A of the W. M. U. held its weekly meeting on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Trout. The time was devoted to sewing. Those present were Mrs. C. H. Bell, Mrs. Jennings and Mrs. Trout.

Circle B of the W. M. U. held a pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Coffee. Mrs. Henry was the leader in the devotional services, after which a short business session was held and plans were discussed for work during the summer months. A delightful social hour was enjoyed, during which the hostess served a refreshment course. Those present were Miss Annie Pace, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Windrow, Mrs. Reynolds and Mrs. Coffee.

## PERSONALS

United States Consul Randolph Robertson left last night for Washington on official business. During his absence the consular office in Nuevo Laredo will be in charge of Vice Consul E. W. Eaton.

## Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.



FACTORY has come to American arms in the fight for Democracy.

Now we must take care of the boys and the Government that is responsible for it by investing liberally.



1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

For Sale or Rent:—Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks. J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 576 4-4-tf

For Sale or Trade:—Jack, without superior in State of Texas, registered, black color with white tips; height 15 hands standard measurement. Price \$850.00 cash, or will exchange for young mules. Also black jack 5 years old, 14 hands jack measurement; price \$300 cash or trade for young mules. Address H. C. Lane, Millett, Texas 12-18-tf

For Sale:—Maxwell five passenger automobile 1917 model, self starter, in good condition. \$200 cash. Apply 615 Zaragoza street. 4-22-tf

Wanted to Rent:—Residence close in by May 1. Phone 962. 4-28-tf

For Rent:—Seven room brick house with all modern conveniences; also garage. Apply Nieves Ortiz, 2020 Calahan street. 5-1-15t.

For Sale:—Dodge touring car in fine condition. Price reasonable. Phone 239 if interested. 5-1-15t.

For Sale:—Property producing \$180.00 per month rent. Very good location. If interested call at 1216 Lincoln St. 5-1-15t.

For Sale:—Small farm of 30 acres with implements. Located South Laredo. Also one Bessemer engine 55-H. P. and pump. Price right, easy terms if desired. Address, L. R. Ortiz, Laredo. 5-2-15t.

For Sale:—Bargains. Two second-hand Ford touring cars. Texas Auto Sales Co. Phone 874. 5-2-10t.

Wanted:—Farm to plant onions or other crops by irrigation. Share or salary. Good references in my profession. J. O. Salinas, 1207 Santa Ursula avenue. 5-6-15t.

Wanted:—Girl cigar makers. Answer by letter to "F" care Times office. 5-6-15t.

Agents Wanted:—Come to see me at Room 8, 1313 Lincoln street. 5-6-15t.

For Sale:—Oakland chassis, cheap; first-class condition. Apply Scotch Woolen Mills. 5-7-14t.

Wanted at Once:—Six or seven-room house; close in. Apply "F" this office. 5-6-14t.

For Sale:—Remington Typewriter No. 10 in good condition for \$50. Call 1911 Matamoros; phone 1189. 5-7-15t.

For Rent:—Light house-keeping rooms. 1320 Juarez avenue. Phone 618. 5-8-15t.

For Rent:—Furnished room with southeast exposure and in good location. Phone 587. 5-8-15t.

For Rent:—Light housekeeping or cool bedroom. 1512 Victoria street, phone 1413. 5-9-15t.

Found:—In Sanitary Grocery, pocketbook with small amount in bills. Owner can recover by identifying same and paying for this advertisement. 5-9-15t.

# BERLIN OFFICIAL CIRCLES BELIEVE THAT GERMANY IS HELPLESS AND MUST ACCEPT

## After Lengthy Session of German Cabinet to Discuss Terms of Peace, It was Believed that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would Refuse to Sign Terms and Would Resign His Post First.

## FEELING IS STRONG BETWEEN SOLDIERS

### NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS CLAIM DISCRIMINATION MADE AGAINST THEM.

By Associated Press.

St. Louis, Mo., May 9.—The feeling between the National Guard and the regular army was brought to the front at the second day's session of the national caucus of the American Legion, composed of men and women who were in the military or naval service during the war. Major Hamilton Fish of New York presented a resolution urging congress to place the National Guard and the regular army on an equal footing, and charges were freely made that National Guard officers in France were discriminated against in favor of the regulars.

## "GOLDEN SPIKE" CELEBRATION.

Ogden, Utah, May 9.—Ogden is filling with visitors for the "Golden Spike" celebration to be held tomorrow in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the joining and completion of the Union Pacific and Pacific railroad, forming the first transcontinental line connecting the east and west. The final arrangements for the celebration were completed today. The program will be featured by a parade and pageant depicting the early and modern methods of transportation. Historical exercises will be held, with addresses by Governor Bamberger of Utah and official representatives of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads. In attendance as special guests of the occasion will be a number of pioneers who took part in the building of the two railroads. The completion of the transcontinental line by the junction of the Union and Central Pacific roads was an event of far-reaching industrial and financial importance. The desirability of such a line was first realized during the rush of gold-seekers to California in 1848. In that year a committee of the United States senate reported favorably a bill for the construction of a railroad, to the Pacific. The chief promoter of the project at that time was Asa Whitney, a New York merchant, who devoted many years to an earnest endeavor to have the United States Government take up the project.

The first official step was taken in 1849, when Senator Benton introduced his Pacific railroad bill into Congress. Nothing further was done until 1853, in which year Congress passed an act providing that surveys be made for the proposed road. During the early years of the civil war Congress attempted, by offering land grants and other inducements, to persuade men of enterprise to undertake the building of the railroad through the great central plains. Government interests at the time imperatively needed such a road. Urged by President Lincoln and others, Oakes Ames, a wealthy Massachusetts manufacturer and a representative in Congress, undertook this immense and hazardous work, risking his entire fortune in the enterprise.

The plans called for the construction of a road running in a general direction almost east and west on the 40th degree of latitude. One thousand and thirty-four miles of road were to be built by the Union Pacific and 883 by the Central Pacific, giving a grand total of 1917 miles. The work of construction was commenced in 1865 and it was believed at the time that ten years or more would be necessary to complete the work. Though the difficulties to be overcome were very great, they were

conquered, and in 1869 the rails of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined, and the east and west united. This was seven years earlier than the terms of the contract required, and in the carriage of mails and the transportation of troops and supplies was of vast service to the government.

It is planned to hold the semi-centennial exercises tomorrow at Promontory Point, a few miles from Ogden, where on May 10, 1869, Dr. Thomas Durant and Governor Leland Stanford of California drove the last spikes connecting the Union and Central Pacific roads. More than a score of Utah and California pioneers who witnessed the event of fifty years ago will be present at the exercises.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons. Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force. Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

Do You Enjoy Life? A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR. MAY 9.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons. Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force.

Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

By Associated Press.

Berlin, May 9.—Official circles learned the probable terms of peace today and a lengthy session of the cabinet followed, at which the action Germany is to take was discussed. It was considered in some quarters that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would refuse to sign the treaty and would resign, but the opinion is general that Germany must accept as she is helpless.

## One Immediate Solution.

Berlin, May 9.—There is only one immediate solution, peace with Russia and the use of Bolshevik troops for Germany. Herr Gelsberg, one of the German delegates to Versailles, is quoted by the Neue Zeitung as declaring in reference to the peace terms submitted.

## Conspiracy Discovered.

London, May 9.—A conspiracy to induce British sailors to mutiny and soldiers to demobilize themselves by marching out of their barracks has

## "NO ONE CALLED ON ME."

Some are saying this. Perhaps no one has ever asked you face to face to buy notes of the Victory Liberty Loan; for some reason you were missed.

Consider yourself called on now. Meet the committee, the man who has given up two years of income and gone out to risk his life for you, this woman who has given up something dearer than life—her boy—for your protection, and then that other figure there looking strangely familiar; this last is your own conscience.

The committee is looking you right in the face, waiting in silence to know how much you are going to buy.

Consider yourself called upon. Get an application form, sign and hand it in to your local committee. You cannot say:

"No one called on me."

\*\*\*\*\*

## TWENTY PERSONS KILLED BY STORM

### HEAVY WIND STORM SWEEP LOWER VALLEY AND DEMOLISHED MANY BUILDINGS.

By Associated Press.

Brownsville, Texas, May 9.—Twenty persons, including J. L. Vick and his two sons, are reported killed in a storm which swept the lower Rio Grande valley Wednesday night. Most of those killed were Mexicans. Hundreds of small buildings were demolished and much damage done army camps throughout that country.

conquered, and in 1869 the rails of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined, and the east and west united. This was seven years earlier than the terms of the contract required, and in the carriage of mails and the transportation of troops and supplies was of vast service to the government.

It is planned to hold the semi-centennial exercises tomorrow at Promontory Point, a few miles from Ogden, where on May 10, 1869, Dr. Thomas Durant and Governor Leland Stanford of California drove the last spikes connecting the Union and Central Pacific roads. More than a score of Utah and California pioneers who witnessed the event of fifty years ago will be present at the exercises.

Do You Enjoy Life? A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR. MAY 9.

Lloyd George sustained by vote of British House of Commons. Partly successful attempt to seal Ostend harbor by British naval force.

Official report showed Allied tonnage lost by submarines during April, 381,631.

TIMES WANT ADS. \$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$

## DISCHARGED MEN ARE PERMITTED TO VOTE

### LEGISLATURE PASSED THE BILL AND ADJOURNED AND GOV. ENROR SIGNED BILL TODAY.

By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, May 9.—Governor Hobby today signed the bill giving discharged soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll tax.

## Shortest Session on Record.

Austin, Texas, May 9.—After four and a half days, the shortest session on record, the Texas legislature, called in special session to consider measures permitting soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll taxes, adjourned at noon today. Two bills were passed and two general resolutions were adopted. The first bill exempts discharged soldiers and sailors from the payment of poll taxes and permitting their voting. The second bill extends the date upon which the board of control act because effective from June, 1919, to Jan. 1, 1920.

been discovered, according to the Daily Mail. The premises of various persons have been searched and documents seized.

## Wipe Out Austrian Navy.

Paris, May 9.—The naval terms of the treaty to be presented Austria as they have been completed entirely wipe out the Austrian navy. All ships, large and small, are to be surrendered. Their disposition among the allies will be adjusted later.

## China Won't Sign.

Paris, May 9.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference has received telegraphic instructions not to sign the peace treaty because of the Kiao-Chau-Shantung settlement.

## EXPECTED TO RESIGN.

Washington, May 9.—The resignation of the department of commerce's industrial board is expected in official circles today as the result of the railroad administration's refusal to accept the board's schedule of steel prices.

## ST. LOUIS WENT OVER.

Washington, May 9.—The treasury department today officially recognized the claim of the St. Louis district having exceeded its Victory Loan quota with subscriptions of \$195,104,000. St. Louis was the first district to go over.

## FLIGHT DELAYED.

Washington, May 9.—The departure of naval seaplanes Nos. 1 and 2 from Halifax for Trepass Bay on the second leg of their transatlantic flight has been postponed until tomorrow, the navy department was advised at noon today. The planes did not start because of the renewal of four propellers.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Arbor Day in Rhode Island. Final drive in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign.

Post-war industrial problems will be considered by the New Jersey Manufacturers' Association, meeting in annual session today at Atlantic City.

Several matters of importance to the future work of the Southern Methodist Church are to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the College of Bishops, which is to begin its session today in St. Louis.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:

Tonight partly cloudy; warmer. Saturday cloudy; warmer.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:

Max. temp. 80 degs.

Min. temp. 59 degs.

General direction of wind: Northeast.

Clear.



# TODAY'S BIRTHDAYS.

MAY 9.  
Sir James M. Barrie, famous Scottish novelist and playwright, born at Kilmuir, N. B., 59 years ago today.

John L. McLaurin, former United States senator from South Carolina, born in Marlboro County, S. C., 59 years ago today.

Edward Weston of New York, celebrated electrical engineer and inventor, born in England, 69 years ago today.

John R. Mohler, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, born in Philadelphia, 44 years ago today.

**Shoe Shop Moved.**  
The Voz de Laredo Shoe Shop has moved from Iturbide street to No. 614 San Agustín avenue. 5-2-15.

# LAREDO'S WAR SACRIFICES.

(Peace to Their Ashes)  
Lieut. E. J. Cousineau,  
Lieut. Luke W. Loftus,  
Lieut. Percy R. Winch,  
Sergt. George Bigden,  
Sergt. Charles Woodul,  
Sergeant Gustin K. Smith,  
Sergeant Adam Bold,  
Sig. Elec. P. A. Diaz,  
Corporal Jack Correu,  
Corporal Milus Little,  
Corporal Leonardo Diaz,  
Private Edmundo Lopez,  
Private Benjamin Hastings,  
Private Moises Carrejo,  
Private Francisco Garcia,  
Private Lorenzo Rendon,  
Private Jose Ybarra,  
Private Maurice Akabass,  
Private Jose Zamora,  
Private Louis F. Folsom,  
Private Harold Smith,  
Private William Lake, U.S.M.,  
Private Wm. L. Ford, U.S.M.

# IN THE DAY'S NEWS.

Twenty-seven years ago today, in the Italian province of Lucca, was born a little princess who was destined to play in later years a unique role in the great European war drama. The little princess was Zita of Parma, who later was to become the Empress Zita of Austria. What a strange fate has been hers! From the quiet of a convent school at Zangbert to the brilliant salons of Vienna, to the imperial throne and to the retreat in Switzerland, spans the career of this young woman of twenty-seven who began life as a member of a family long deprived of all semblance of royalty except the name, attained one of the most exalted positions in Europe, and who is likely to spend the remainder of her life in exile. Those who are inclined toward superstition may see some connection between the ill fate that has overtaken the beautiful young Empress and the fact that she is the 13th child of the late Duke of Parma.

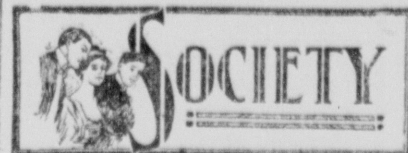
# RESULTS TELL.

There Can Be No Doubt About the Results in Laredo.

Results tell the tale. All doubt is removed. The testimony of a Laredo citizen can be easily investigated. What better proof can be had? R. E. Sadler, railroad conductor, 1712 Matamoros St., says: "My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills leads me to recommend them as the best of all kidney medicines. I had weak kidneys and pains in my back. I got Doan's Kidney Pills from Horner's Drug Store and they gave me complete relief."

OVER THREE YEARS LATER Mr. Sadler said: "I use Doan's Kidney Pills now and then and they always give good results. I recommend Doan's as highly now as ever."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Sadler had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 78 ..... Phone 43

# SOCIAL CALENDAR.

## Friday.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. A. Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.  
Troop 1, Boy Scouts, will meet in the evening in the League room in the Methodist church.

Troop 2, Boy Scouts, will meet at Headquarters Hall at 8 o'clock in the evening.  
Peace Pageant Parade on School Plaza at 6:30 in the evening.

Mrs. A. E. Younklin will entertain the members of the Married Ladies Social Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, with Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago as honor guest.

## Saturday.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

**The Rose Beyond the Wall.**  
Near a shady wall a rose once grew,  
Budded and blossomed in God's free light,  
Watered and fed by morning dew,  
Shedding its sweetness day and night.

As it grew and blossomed fair and tall,  
Slowly rising to loftier height,  
It came to a crevice in the wall,  
Through which there shone a beam of light.

Onward it crept with added strength,  
With never a thought of fear or pride;  
And it followed the light through the crevice's length,  
And unfolded itself on the other side.

The light, the dew, the broadening view,  
Were found the same as they were before;  
And it lost itself in beauties now,  
Breathing its fragrance more and more.

Shall claim of death cause us to grieve,  
And make our courage faint or fall?  
Nay, let us faith and hope receive—  
The rose still grows beyond the wall.

Scattering fragrance far and wide,  
Just as it did in days of yore;  
Just as it did on the other side,  
Just as it will for evermore.

—A. L. Frink.

## General Mention.

Mrs. A. Notzon of San Antonio is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Notzon.

The many friends of Mrs. J. M. Slaughter will be glad to learn that she is now convalescent after a recent severe illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago will arrive in the city today for a short stay.

Mr. W. D. Butler left Wednesday night for Groesbeck, Texas, in response to the news of the illness of his father.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts of Albuquerque, New Mexico, is expected in the city on Saturday, to be the new pastor of the Christian Church.

The many friends of Guy Trout will be interested in knowing that the engineering department of the University of Texas have nominated him for president of the students' council.

Lieut. Leo Eistetter, who has been with the A. E. F. for some time, has sailed from France and is expected home shortly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson expected to leave on Sunday night for Dallas to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge. Mrs. Thompson will stop in San Antonio to visit friends on the return trip.

Mrs. C. M. Henry has returned from a short business trip to Houston.

Mr. George Teunison expects to go to Dallas the latter part of the week to attend the Knights of Pythias grand lodge.

Miss Inez Hill returned home on Saturday after a trip to Uvalde and Hondo with Mr. and Mrs. George Moyer. She spent a week in San Antonio with Mrs. Moyer before returning home.

Mrs. C. H. Bell has returned from

a pleasant three weeks' visit to relatives in Palestine.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reeves have moved to Robstown where they will make their home.

## Splash Party.

A number of the Seventh grade girls enjoyed a delightful splash party Thursday afternoon at Villegas pool. They were chaperoned by Mrs. G. W. Derby and Mrs. M. S. Ryan. After their swim the party motored to the Ryan home on the Heights, where delicious basket lunches were enjoyed. Those present were: Dorothy Derby, Josephine Brewster, Kathleen Heaner, Dora Becker, Helen Lindsay, Gene Morgan, Lois Derby, Evelyn Ryan and Dorothy Wiggins.

## Ladies Aid Society.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church held an interesting and pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl. The Bible study was conducted by Mrs. Phelps and the lesson covered the 12th chapter of Luke. A short business session followed the devotional service after which a delightful social time was enjoyed and the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Little, Hodges, Phelps, Smith, Hamilton, Joe Netzer Jr., Ward, A. O. Dannelly, Millar, Hiatt and Poggenpohl.

## The W. M. U. Meets.

Circle A of the W. M. U. held its weekly meeting on Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Trout. The time was devoted to sewing. Those present were Mrs. C. H. Bell, Mrs. Jennings and Mrs. Trout.

Circle B of the W. M. U. held a pleasant meeting Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Coffee. Mrs. Henry was the leader in the devotional services, after which a short business session was held and plans were discussed for work during the summer months. A delightful social hour was enjoyed, during which the hostess served a refreshment course. Those present were Miss Annie Pace, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Windrow, Mrs. Reynolds and Mrs. Coffee.

# PERSONALS

United States Consul Randolph Robertson left last night for Washington on official business. During his absence the consular office in Nuevo Laredo will be in charge of Vice Consul E. W. Eaton.

## Cause of Headache.

By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.



## FACTORY HAS

come to American arms in the fight for Democracy.

Now we must take care of the boys and the Government that is responsible for it by investing liberally.

## Found:—In Sanitary Grocery,

pocketbook with small amount in bills. Owner can recover by identifying same and paying for this advertisement.



1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

**For Sale or Rent:—**Rooms, apartments, bungalows, hotels, lots, blocks. J. Maxcy Pace, 920 Salinas Ave. Phone 676 4-4-15.

**For Sale or Trade:—**Jack, without superior in State of Texas, registered, black color with white tips; height 15 hands standard measurement. Price \$50.00 cash, or will exchange for young mules. Also black jack 5 years old, 14 hands jack measurement; price \$300 cash or trade for young mules. Address H. C. Lane, Millett, Texas. 12-18-15.

**For Sale:—**Maxwell five passenger automobile 1917 model, self starter, in good condition. \$200 cash. Apply 615 Zaragoza street. 4-22-15.

**Wanted to Rent:—**Residence close in by May 1. Phone 962. 4-23-15.

**For Rent:—**Seven room brick house with all modern conveniences; also garage. Apply Nieves Ortiz, 209 Calahan street. 5-1-15.

**For Sale:—**Dodge touring car in fine condition. Price reasonable. Phone 239 if interested. 5-1-15.

**For Sale:—**Property producing \$130.00 per month rent. Very good location. If interested call at 1216 Lincoln St. 5-1-15.

**For Sale:—**Small farm of 30 acres with implements. Located South Laredo. Also one Bessemer engine 55-H. P. and pump. Price right, easy terms if desired. Address, L. R. Ortiz, Laredo. 5-2-15.

**For Sale:—**Bargains. Two second-hand Ford touring cars. Texas Auto Sales Co. Phone 874. 5-2-10.

**Wanted:—**Farm to plant onions or other crops by irrigation. Share or salary. Good references in my profession. J. O. Salinas, 1207 Santa Ursula avenue. 5-5-15.

**Wanted:—**Girl cigar makers. Answer by letter to "F" care Times office. 5-6-15.

**Agents Wanted:—**Come to see me at Room 8, 1313 Lincoln street. 5-6-15.

**For Sale:—**Oakland chassis, cheap, first-class condition. Apply Scotch Woolen Mills. 5-7-15.

**Wanted at Once:—**Six or seven-room house; close in. Apply "P" this office. 5-6-15.

**For Sale:—**Remington Typewriter No. 19 in good condition for \$50. Call 1911 Matamoros; phone 1180. 5-7-15.

**For Rent:—**Light house-keeping rooms. 1320 Juarez avenue. Phone 618. 5-8-15.

**For Rent:—**Furnished room with southeast exposure and in good location. Phone 587. 5-8-15.

**For Rent:—**Light housekeeping or cool bedroom, 1512 Victoria street, phone 1413. 5-9-15.

**Found:—**In Sanitary Grocery, pocketbook with small amount in bills. Owner can recover by identifying same and paying for this advertisement. 5-9-15.

# BERLIN OFFICIAL CIRCLES BELIEVE THAT GERMANY IS HELPLESS AND MUST ACCEPT

After Lengthy Session of German Cabinet to Discuss Terms of Peace, It was Believed that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would Refuse to Sign Terms and Would Resign His Post First.

# FEELING IS STRONG BETWEEN SOLDIERS

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS CLAIM DISCRIMINATION MADE AGAINST THEM.

## By Associated Press.

St. Louis, Mo., May 9.—The feeling between the National Guard and the regular army was brought to the front at the second day's session of the national caucus of the American Legion, composed of men and women who were in the military or naval service during the war. Major Hamilton Fish of New York presented a resolution urging congress to place the National Guard and the regular army on an equal footing, and charges were freely made that National Guard officers in France were discriminated against in favor of the regulars.

## "GOLDEN SPIKE" CELEBRATION.

Ogden, Utah, May 9.—Ogden is filling with visitors for the "Golden Spike" celebration to be held tomorrow in commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the joining and completion of the Union Pacific and Pacific railroad, forming the first transcontinental line connecting the east and west.

The final arrangements for the celebration were completed today. The program will be featured by a parade and pageant depicting the early and modern methods of transportation. Historical exercises will be held, with addresses by Governor Ramberg of Utah and official representatives of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads. In attendance as special guests of the occasion will be a number of pioneers who took part in the building of the two railroads.

The completion of the transcontinental line by the junction of the Union and Central Pacific roads was an event of far-reaching industrial and financial importance. The desirability of such a line was first realized during the rush of gold-seekers to California in 1848. In that year a committee of the United States senate reported favorably a bill for the construction of a railroad to the Pacific. The chief promoter of the project at that time was Asa Whitney, a New York merchant, who devoted many years to an earnest endeavor to have the United States Government take up the project.

The first official step was taken in 1849, when Senator Benton introduced his Pacific railroad bill into Congress. Nothing further was done until 1853, in which year Congress passed an act providing that surveys be made for the proposed road.

During the early years of the civil war Congress attempted, by offering land grants and other inducements, to persuade men of enterprise to undertake the building of the railroad through the great central plains. Government interests at the time imperatively needed such a road.

Urged by President Lincoln and others, Oakes Ames, a wealthy Massachusetts manufacturer and a representative in Congress, undertook this immense and hazardous work, risking his entire fortune in the enterprise.

The plans called for the construction of a road running in a general direction almost east and west on the 49th degree of latitude. One thousand and thirty-four miles of road were to be built by the Union Pacific and 883 by the Central Pacific, giving a grand total of 1917 miles.

The work of construction was commenced in 1865 and it was believed at the time that ten years or more would be necessary to complete the work. Though the difficulties to be overcome were very great, they were

## By Associated Press.

Berlin, May 9.—Official circles learned the probable terms of peace today and a lengthy session of the cabinet followed, at which the action Germany is to take was discussed. It was considered in some quarters that Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau would refuse to sign the treaty and would resign, but the opinion is general that Germany must accept as she is helpless.

## One Immediate Solution.

Berlin, May 9.—There is only one immediate solution, peace with Russia and the use of Bolshevik troops for Germany, Herr Geisberg, one of the German delegates to Versailles, is quoted by the Neue Zeitung as declaring in reference to the peace terms submitted.

## Conspiracy Discovered.

London, May 9.—A conspiracy to induce British sailors to mutiny and soldiers to demobilize themselves by marching out of their barracks has

## \*\*\*\*\*

## "NO ONE CALLED ON ME."

Some are saying this. Perhaps no one has ever asked you face to face to buy notes of the Victory Liberty Loan; for some reason you were missed.

Consider yourself called on now. Meet the committee, the man who has given up two years of income and gone out to risk his life for you, this woman who has given up something dearer than life—her boy—for your protection, and then that other figure there looking strangely familiar; this last is your own conscience.

The committee is looking you right in the face, waiting in silence to know how much you are going to buy.

Consider yourself called upon. Get an application form, sign and hand it in to your local committee. You cannot say:

"No one called on me."

## \*\*\*\*\*

# TWENTY PERSONS KILLED BY STORM

HEAVY WIND STORM SWEEP LOWER VALLEY AND DEMOLISHED MANY BUILDINGS.

## By Associated Press.

Brownsville, Texas, May 9.—Twenty persons, including J. L. Vick and his two sons, are reported killed in a storm which swept the lower Rio Grande valley Wednesday night. Most of those killed were Mexicans. Hundreds of small buildings were demolished and much damage done army camps throughout that country.

conquered, and in 1869 the rails of the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific were joined, and the east and west united. This was seven years earlier than the terms of the contract required, and in the carriage of mails and the transportation of troops and supplies was of vast service to the government.

It is planned to hold the semi-centennial exercises tomorrow at Promontory Point, a few miles from Ogden, where on May 10, 1869, Dr. Thomas Durant and Governor Leland Stanford of California drove the last spikes connecting the Union and Central Pacific roads. More than a score of Utah and California pioneers who witnessed the event of fifty years ago will be present at the exercises.

## Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are despondent, do not enjoy their meals and miserable a good share of the time. This ill feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

## TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

# DISCHARGED MEN ARE PERMITTED TO VOTE

LEGISLATURE PASSED THE BILL AND ADJOURNED AND GOV. ERMOR SIGNED BILL TODAY.

## By Associated Press.

Austin, Texas, May 9.—Governor Hobby today signed the bill giving discharged soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll tax.

## Shortest Session on Record.

Austin, Texas, May 9.—After four and a half days, the shortest session on record, the Texas legislature, called in special session to consider measures permitting soldiers and sailors the right to vote without poll taxes, adjourned at noon today. Two bills were passed and two general resolutions were adopted. The first bill exempts discharged soldiers and sailors from the payment of poll taxes and permitting their voting. The second bill extends the date upon which the board of control act because effective from June, 1919, to Jan. 1, 1920.

been discovered, according to the Daily Mail. The premises of various persons have been searched and documents seized.

## Wipe Out Austrian Navy.

Paris, May 9.—The naval terms of the treaty to be presented Austria as they have been completed entirely wipe out the Austrian navy. All ships, large and small, are to be surrendered. Their disposition among the allies will be adjusted later.

## China Won't Sign.

Paris, May 9.—The Chinese delegation to the peace conference has received telegraphic instructions not to sign the peace treaty because of the Kiao-Chau-Shantung settlement.

## EXPECTED TO RESIGN.

## By Associated Press.

Washington, May 9.—The resignation of the department of commerce's industrial board is expected in official circles today as the result of the railroad administration's refusal to accept the board's schedule of steel prices.

## ST. LOUIS WENT OVER.

## By Associated Press.

Washington, May 9.—The treasury department today officially recognized the claim of the St. Louis district having exceeded its Victory Loan quota with subscriptions of \$195,104,000. St. Louis was the first district to go over.

## FLIGHT DELAYED.

## By Associated Press.

Washington, May 9.—The departure of naval seaplanes Nos. 1 and 2 from Halifax for Trepassay Bay on the second leg of their transatlantic flight has been postponed until tomorrow, the navy department was advised at noon today. The planes did not start because of the renewal of four propellers.

## TODAY'S EVENTS.

Arbor Day in Rhode Island.  
Final drive in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign.

Post-war industrial problems will be considered by the New Jersey Manufacturers' Association, meeting in annual session today at Atlantic City.

Several matters of importance to the future work of the Southern Methodist Church are to be acted upon at the annual meeting of the College of Bishops, which is to begin its session today in St. Louis.

## WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:  
Tonight partly cloudy; warmer.  
Saturday cloudy; warmer.

## Local Weather Report.

The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:  
Max. temp. 80 degs.  
Min. temp. 59 degs.  
General direction of wind: North-east.  
Clear.



## A DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

The killing of a United States officer and three Mexican smugglers during an attempt to smuggle liquor into Texas is an indication of what a serious problem the prohibition of importation of liquors into the United States has given rise to.

It is difficult because no one suggests a way by which it can be solved. Even the enactment of prohibition laws in Mexico would have little effect, for the manufacture of mescal and other Mexican alcoholic liquors could be carried on illicitly with little trouble, and the condition of economic and political affairs in that country precludes any idea of enforcing such a law were it to be enacted.

It is evident that the problem is going to cost our nation and our state much money, as well as some lives, to solve. The guarding of the border under ordinary circumstances is sufficiently difficult, but when the incentive of big money is added to the natural tendency to smuggle on the part of the ignorant and the lawless, it is evident that all precautions will be unable to put a complete stop to the business of contraband.

The liquor costs little in Mexico. It is easily obtainable, and the apparatus for making it is simple and the process easily learned. Then the price obtainable on this side of the river, despite the best efforts of our officers of the law, is sufficient to make a few smuggling trips pay enough to warrant the careless, lawless element entering into the traffic on a sufficiently large scale.

It is a question whether the killing of a few smugglers will deter the others from carrying on the illicit trade. It will serve to stimulate the American officers to greater efforts to know that the smugglers are prepared to give battle and to fight their way through, if possible, for no danger was ever enough to prevent an American customs or river guard from doing his whole duty.

Clashes between our officers and lawless Mexicans have not been frequent, and they have heretofore been mostly confined to cattle thieves. But now a new stimulation has been given to the game of resistance to the American guards and the elusion of the officers' vigilance.

This is one of the penalties the border people must pay for the maintenance of law and order. It is many years since the lawless Mexicans were so bold, and it may be that they will soon see the futility of their efforts to evade arrest and still make a success of smuggling.

But while the outlaws are learning the lesson, the American officer carries his life in his hands, for the other night's happenings show that the contrabandists are prepared to resist arrest even to the taking of life. And the unfortunate part of the affair is that all the efforts of our guards to prevent the smuggling without using arms are useless, and therefore the ignorant outlaws must be killed or incapacitated before they will surrender.

It is a queer commentary upon human weakness when one considers that for the sake of a dollar or two the ignorant men risk their life, and that the man who wants a prohibited drink is willing to pay enough to make it worth the while of the smuggler to take that risk.

Probably at no time in Laredo's history has there been so little smuggling as at present, for the vigilance of the customs and immigration guards and the activities of the rangers have convinced the ordinary smuggler that there is nothing in the game.

But the enormous percentage of profit in a few gallons of mescal induces men who would not dream of facing the rifles of the guards for ordinary gain to take risks that nothing can justify and makes them so desperate that they fire upon armed guards in the lawful pursuit of their duty, knowing that the chances are mostly against their success.

It is a worrisome problem, and would seem to present difficulties which no other on the border has ever offered.

## MOTHER.

There never was a year in which the memory of mother appealed so to the men of America as this year. Some of the men are far away and have little hope of seeing the dear old face and hearing the sweet old voice for some time to come. Others have just returned from the thundering hell of the war front and the first face they wanted to see was that of mother. And the mothers of many will not see their sons until they cross the river, now shining not far away in the setting sun.

Through all the tiresome days of training; through the weary nights of guard duty and the fierce combats with a treacherous foe, one face was always before the absent son—mother.

It was the thought of home and mother that made the American soldiers so tender and kindly toward the women and children of France and Belgium, and even those of Germany. The children found them delightful playmates, and the women found them gentle and considerate, all because each soldier thought of the days when he played around the house and went to mother with all his childish woes or eagerly besought her

to share in his boyish delights and pleasures.

It was the thought of mother that kept the American soldiers clean in the midst of many temptations, and one who wrote to his mother: "I am keeping clean and trusting in God," expressed the thought of many who would not have written or said it.

Few of those who went overseas will understand—at least, not for years to come—the agony of the mother at home, waiting for news of the absent one, dreading lest his name appear in the fatal lists which brought sorrow to so many, rejoicing in each honor that came to her boy and hoping that the returning troops would include the one person for whom she prayed each night.

The ones who stayed at home—even those far from the place where mother lives—did not cost her a tithe of the sorrow and the anxiety that came to her because of her boy in France. For they seemed comparatively close and safe when she thought of the boy in the trenches.

Only a mother can understand the agony of knowing that the son she brought into the world has left, never to return. He did not even have the consolation of mother's presence in his last moments, and no other ministrations, no matter how tender, could be the same to him.

So those of us who are left must be very tender and considerate of mother, this year above all others. She appreciates our love and she will cling to us when all others have left us. But her heart is with a green mound in France, where lie the mangled remains of one who died nobly for his country, and who in dying pierced the heart of his mother with an anguish that is beyond all healing.

Those who have come back to mother, those who are still here and hearty and expect to be home soon, and those who have never been away must do all they can this year to show that the mother love is appreciated beyond all others, just as it is the greatest love in the world.

One said: "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend." But he did not say that of mothers, for he knew the greatness, the exceeding tenderness, the all-embracing sublimity of mother love could never be approached by anything in this world of ours.

The mother goes down into the Valley of the Shadow of Death to bring a new life into the world. She gives of her very being to nourish and foster that little life, and with infinite patience and love she labors through all her days to bring that child up "in the fear and favor of the Lord."

Nothing we can do is enough to prove our love for mother. Some of us have lost our mothers for a while, but we know that they are straining their eyes over the battlements of heaven to discern from afar our approach. And it seems, knowing our mothers as we do, that it will not be heaven for them until we arrive.

## CONTRACT HAS BEEN SIGNED.

Contract for well number one on Inter-Ocean Oil Company's holdings in Burk Burnett has been signed and we will be able to announce in a very short time that actual drilling has commenced.

We hope to announce in the next few days that enough capital has been interested so that we may withdraw the further sale of our property. If you have already bought, but have not taken the limit we sincerely advise you to get busy and take all you can afford; if you have not already bought but are interested in our proposition—then get busy quickly and get in.

We shall be glad to give you any information you may desire or if you will look for the oil news in the daily papers you may find just the information you desire.

Get busy—Do it now.

## TO MY MOTHER.

Mother, you are growing old and gray.  
Your step is tired and slow.  
But your heart is just the same, dear mother.  
As it was long, long ago.  
I fancy I can hear you  
When I used to run away,  
With your shaded eyes you called to  
The truant Laura May.

I would crawl beneath the window,  
Then I'd sneak outside the gate;  
Be gone before you missed me,  
Next door, with my playmate.  
Those were happy days, dear mother,  
And I remember well  
I'd run in all excited,  
Some miraculous tale to tell.

That was years ago, dear mother,  
Since we played around your knee;  
Then your eyes were bright as diamonds,  
Your hair black as could be.

As in days long, long ago;  
And I miss you, miss you, mother,  
As I, too, older grow.  
—By Mrs. L. V. Jambers.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

PEACE PAGEANT ON FRIDAY  
PROVED CROWNING EVENT

MANY WITNESSED BEAUTIFUL FETE BY SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Visitors From the East Praised Laredo's Peace Pageant as One of Grandest They Had Witnessed.

"Laredo's school children certainly cover themselves with glory when it came to holding a peace pageant, and during my many years residence in the Eastern portion of the United States I never witnessed so elaborate and gorgeous an event as this one," said a gentleman from New York who yesterday looked with keen interest on the Peace Pageant on School Plaza. Laredo hardly realize how much the children impressed themselves on those who might act in a critical manner and analyze every feature of the grand pageant held yesterday evening on Jarvis Plaza, but critical visitors were quick to give words of praise at what they saw. But, summoned up in a few words, several thousand people gathered on and about School Plaza yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock to witness the program, which began at about 6 o'clock with the baby buggy parade.

The baby buggy parade was the first feature on the program, and headed by an escort of the Boy Scouts, the parade passed in review of the vast crowd, while music was rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band. The notable participants in the baby buggy parade were the following little ones and their impersonations:

Uncle Sam.—Robert Tonkin; Columbia, Gladys Greenstreet; General Pershing, George W. Derby, Jr.; General Foch, Samuel Cuellar; Columbia, Leonor Judkins; France, Lilly Withoff; Belgium, Rebecca Garcia, Estelle Gonzales, Jesusa Gonzales, Carmen Cazen, Emilia Garcia; Italy, Quintin Diaz and Beatrice Baker; Portugal, Josephine Armenol; Maria Leyendecker, Antonia Vizcaya; Cuba, Berta Cantu; Cleotide Withoff; Serbia, Antonia Muñoz; Josephine Martinez; Roumania, Virginia Alvarado, Andrea Muñoz; Liberia, Josefa Leos and Vera Muñoz; Ireland, Baby Bryant; Greece, Fay Kerr; Brazil, Foster and Goodwin twins; Fatty Arbuckle, Bud G'Sell; Charles Chaplin and a Red Cross Chapter in miniature, a number of decorated baby buggies, Richter and Deutz miniature trade displays.

Following the baby buggy parade came the "crowning" event of the evening, the entrance of the various courts. The High School Cadets, as a guard of honor, with their standard, entered the plaza from the northwest corner and marched to a position near the throne, standing at attention on both sides of it. The group dancers then arranged themselves near the throne. As the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band struck up the national air of Great Britain a number of white costumed Indian club swingers, (athletes of the High School) marched into the plaza and toward their position near the throne.

Then came the Belgian court, the French court (Joan of Arc); the Italian court and last, "Liberty" and her attendants, the band playing the national air of each nation as their representatives entered. As the queen ascended the throne the band played "Hail, Hail, Queen of the May," and the children joined in the singing. Master Jack Halsell, as a soldier of the United States army, crowned Liberty, while Master Beverly Hall, representing a sailor of the United States Navy, presented Liberty with her torch. Then followed the Maypole dancing, group dancing, Indian Club drill by High School boys, another group dance, singing of "America," lowering of the flag and grand finale, "The Star Spangled Banner."

The following is a list of the names of the various participants in the peace pageant and their costuming: The High School boys in white sailor costumes representing Great Britain and her naval power, composed of: Elmer Rogers, standard bearer; Granden Rogers, Horace Greenstreet, Jack Bunn, Norman Sorrell, John Graham, Edward Leyendecker, Otis Walker, Leo Netzer, Felix Garza, Joe Puig, John Chamberlain Harry Bradley and Frank Dickey. They wore white sailor costumes with Union Jack arm bands.

Mildred Leyendecker, Liberty; Rosalie Wormser, Independence; Willis Leyendecker, crown bearer; Johnnie Leyendecker, torch bearer; Jack Halsell in soldier's uniform, U. S. Army; Beverly Hall, in sailor's uniform, U. S. Navy; Fred Rogers, standard bearer; Liberty's court representing the United States of America, composed of the following girls: Rosalie Biggio, Evelyn Ryan, Emilie Halsell, Minerva G'Sell, Caroline Brennan, Corinne Hamilton, Margaret Copeland, Marjorie Fish, Dorothy Morton, Lois Derby, Dorothy Derby. Liberty's costume was in the tri-color and trimmed in gold bands with gold slippers; the goddess wore a crown of lilies was tied with maline in the national colors, as was her torch of gold. Liberty's court was costumed as follows: Dresses of white organdie, with red satin bands and girdles, yokes and head bands of blue set with white satin stars.

Alice Penn and her court, representing France, contained the following: Justo Penn Jr., standard bearer; Amelia Gonzalez, Luz Gonzalez, Amelia Ramon, Aurora Perez, Odette Bunn,

WEBB COUNTY OVER THE TOP  
IS SLOGAN OF COMMITTEES

ONLY \$75,000 WAS LACKING AT LAST TABULATION TODAY.

Committees Set to Work in a Most Determined Manner to Put County "Over the Top" by Tonight.

"Laredo must go over the top this evening—I must be prepared by tonight to wire headquarters that Webb county has oversubscribed her quota." This is the way August C. Richter, Chairman of the men's committee in charge of the Victory Loan campaign "sized up" the situation this morning.

"We are \$75,000 short this morning." With this optimistic view of matters, the committees set to work today to raise the \$75,000 of the quota lacking to put this county over the top, and some hard work has been in progress throughout the day on the part of both men and women canvassers.

The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser	.....\$ 500
Miss Helen Richter	..... 500
Mrs. George W. Derby	..... 500
Mrs. M. T. Cogley	..... 500
Mrs. A. E. Younk	..... 500
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig	..... 500
Mrs. Charles E. Richter	..... 600
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr.	..... 600
Mrs. D. N. Valdez	..... 500
Mrs. Annie Richter	..... 500
Mrs. Dorothy Borchers	..... 500
Mrs. H. D. Shelby	..... 500
Mrs. L. O. Ortiz	..... 1,000
Mrs. S. N. Johnson	..... 1,000
Mrs. B. G. Salinas	..... 1,000
Mrs. J. R. Moore	..... 1,000
Mrs. Alfred Matthews	..... 1,000
Mrs. Arthur Derby	..... 1,000
Mrs. W. J. Sames	..... 1,000
Mrs. Charles Deutz	..... 1,000
Mrs. H. C. Hall	..... 1,800
Mrs. August C. Richter	..... 2,600
Miss Katherine Tarver	..... 3,000

And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

Ada Johnson, Kathleen Heaner, Mabel Barr, Ernestina Vela, Lamar Benavides, Adeline Lecea, Helen Lindsay, Lilia Martinez. They wore white dresses scalloped with red and dotted with blue fleur de lis, and carried large banners of white with fleur de lis.

Esther Penn and her court, representing Italy, was composed of the following: Ralph Mathes, standard bearer; Irene Leyendecker, Lila Sanchez, Willie Belle Brennan, Lamar Leyendecker, Carrie Henry, Celina Ferrara, Catherine Crutchfield, Laura Taylor, Julia McVicar, Merciel Lake and Virginia Penn. They wore green skirts and bodices over white blouses, long completed by a touch of red.

Elena Garcia's court, representing Belgium, was composed of the following: Royle K. Mims, Jr., standard bearer; Sara Leal, Margarita Leyendecker, Vella Leal, Estella Garza, Elvira Garza, Inez Diaz, Elodia Vega, Adele Strain, Adela Guerra, Esmeralda Martinez, Annie Claflin and Teresa Nieto. Costumes were typical Belgian, peg-shaped bodices, with bonnets to match dresses.

Miss Zara Mowry had trained for the occasion two groups of ballet dancers whose airy dancing elicited much applause, since it was the perfection of daintiness. Many and varied were the costumes in the whole pageant and in the baby buggy parade, but none excelled in beauty the dresses of gauze in all the tints of the rainbow of the dainty little fairies in the group dances. The "Dance of the Garlands" was participated in by the following little girls: Alice Barlow, Ruth Barlow, Evelyn Randolph, Josephine Daiches, Genevieve Wilcox, Helen Dixon, Antoinette Bunn, Caroline Joseph, Nellie Ward, Anita Gates, Kathleen Aldridge, Teresa Fasnacht, Claire Derby and Reba Mims.

Little Misses Josephine Daiches and Rosita Barlow together danced "The Chase of the Butterfly."

Among others who deserve credit for the grand success of the peace pageant and who gave their untiring efforts and co-operation in the work, are Mrs. Maria J. Diaz, Mrs. J. B. Morton and Miss Maude McKnight, the committee in charge of the plaza and throne arrangements; Miss Siros, Miss Myrtle Polkinnhorn and Miss Margaret Jarvis, who were in charge of the baby buggy parade, and Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill and Miss Katherine Tarver, who were in charge of the pageant as a whole.

For Sale.  
The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

TIMES WANT ADS.  
\$ \$ \$ \$ Money Makers \$ \$ \$ \$

FOURTH SMUGGLER IS DEAD  
HAVING DIED YESTERDAY

DEATH TOLL OF FIGHT BELOW LAREDO THURSDAY NOW FIVE.

Four Mexicans Killed Were Members of Gang Engaged in Violation of Immigration Laws Regarding Entry

The fourth of the Mexican smugglers, Jose Valdez, who was seriously wounded in the battle with American customs, immigration and health inspectors at a point seven miles below Laredo on Thursday night, succumbed to his wounds at Mercy Hospital yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock following an operation in an effort to save his life, but he never regained consciousness from the time he was shot through the chest by Robert Runsey until the time of his death.

The death list as a result of the fight now stands at five men—Charles Hopkins, of the United States Immigration Service; Doroteo Brondo, Pedro Vargas, Jose Valdez and an unknown Mexican smuggler whose body fell into the Rio Grande during the fight and disappeared after being shot through the body several times. Reports from the bedside of Ira Hill, of the state health department, who was seriously wounded during the fight and is now at Mercy Hospital, state that his chances of recovery are now more favorable than they were yesterday morning, which is very gratifying news to the many friends of the intrepid young officer.

In referring to the men as smugglers it was not intended to convey the impression that they were smugglers of mescal, but violators of the immigration laws, as it is said they were members of a gang who were crossing large bodies of Mexicans illegally into this country under cover of darkness every few nights. When they were detected in the act of crossing to the American side on Thursday night all the Mexicans were heavily armed, each having a rifle and a revolver, and from one of the dead men, Doroteo Prado, who died with a weapon in his hand, was taken a United States army automatic pistol. The Mexicans showed their intention of putting up a fight from the very moment that they discovered they had been detected in the act of illegally entering the country, and in the consequent battle every one of them were killed or lost their life as the result of wounds inflicted during the fight. Hopkins' body is being held pending the arrival of his wife, who is expected to return to her home in Laredo this evening, being absent on a visit to relatives in North Texas when her husband was killed.

701 CARLOADS OF ONIONS  
BEEN SHIPPED OUT IN LAREDO

With Favorable Weather for Few Days Now Shipments Will Be Larger Than Previously During Season.

The shipments for one month and one day of onions out of Laredo aggregate a total of 701 carloads, and this in view of the fact that during the past week the shipments have been exceedingly light each night on account of the heavy rains having interfered with the shipments.

Last night a total of twenty carloads of onions moved out of here, bringing the grand total of all shipments for the season up to 701 carloads. Next week, with favorable weather conditions prevailing, the shipments should average from forty to fifty carloads daily, as the demand for Texas onions continues good and the prices are also most encouraging.

SAN ANTONIO TEAM IS HERE  
FOR 3 GAMES WITH LAREDOS

Fast I. & G. N. Shops Team Arrived This Morning to Play a Series With Laredo Team; Game Today.

The International & Great Northern Shops team, one of the strongest amateur baseball teams in San Antonio, arrived here this morning for a series of three games with the Laredo team, the first game taking place at Caliche Park this evening beginning at 6:30 o'clock.

There will be two games between the I. & G. N. and Laredo teams tomorrow, one beginning at 10:15 tomorrow forenoon and the other starting at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Laredo fans should turn out in force to witness these games, as they are promised contests worth while witnessing.

Mexico City Team Here.  
The celebrated Mexico City baseball team, on which there are five or six noted Cuban ball players, arrived in Nuevo Laredo this morning and Manager Pierce of the Laredo team immediately began negotiations and completed arrangements whereby the team crossed to Laredo today and on tomorrow morning will cross bats with the I. & G. N. Shops team at 10:30 and in the afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock will play a double-header with Laredo and the I. & G. N. teams. Here is an opportunity to see a real series of real baseball games.

Notice.  
Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

A. M. MANSUR.  
Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor

Phone 70 . . . . . Phone 43

## SOCIAL CALENDAR.

## Saturday.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn. The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be a dance at the Soldiers' Club in the evening.

## Sunday.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet in the Church at 6:45 p. m.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will hold its regular meeting in the League room of the Methodist Church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

## Monday.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church in the afternoon at 4 o'clock.

There will be a dance at the Womans' Club in the evening.

There will be a meeting of the mothers and wives of the returned soldiers from "over there and here" at the Woman's Club room at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to arrange for an entertainment for them.

## General Mention.

Mr. M. S. Ryan is in Austin for a two weeks' business trip.

Mrs. Geoffrey James Giles writes that her school will close on June 24th and she will then come south by water from New York to Galveston, stopping en route home in San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mr. Adolph Kahn is spending a few days in San Antonio visiting his children, who are attending school there.

Miss Doris Bigden, who has been the house guest of Miss Hazel Irwin for the past week, returned home on Thursday morning.

Mr. Con Mims returned home yesterday morning from a short stay in Birmingham, Alabama.

Mrs. Raymond V. Martin, who several days ago suffered a stroke of paralysis and was taken to the Mercy Hospital, has so far recovered as to be able to be taken home today.

Mr. Benito Treviño arrived in the city yesterday from France after a year's service with the A. E. F. He is wearing the gold service stripes which show a year "over there." He is very glad to be at home again.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter P. Leyendecker returned yesterday from Fort Sam Houston where they spent a week visiting Captain and Mrs. E. F. Shafer. Mrs. Shafer was formerly Miss Julia Leyendecker of this city.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts, the new pastor of the Christian church, and wife have secured rooms at the residence of E. F. Hamilton, 1813 Farragut street, where they will make their home for the present.

## Announcements.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will have a special Mothers' Day Program at the church Sunday evening at 7:15 o'clock. The young people are especially invited to be present.

The mothers and wives of the returned soldiers who have seen service "over there and here" will meet at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock to arrange an entertainment for them to be given in the near future. A full attendance is urged.

There will be an important meeting of the Tuesday Music and Literary Club at the home of Mrs. A. P. Nye on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting was not held yesterday on account of the May Day Fete.

Club Notes.  
Circle C of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church held a pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fletcher Smith. An interesting Bible lesson with Mrs. Wilkes as leader was studied. A social hour was also enjoyed in which the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Wil-

kes, Walker, Yeary, Beaman and Smith.

## May Day Fete.

The Public Schools of the city held their Annual May Day Fete at the School Plaza Friday afternoon at 5:45 o'clock, which proved a decided success. The Pageant was depicted in a beautiful manner, the Goddess of Liberty (Miss Mildred Leyendecker) was attended by her maid of honor (Miss Rosalie Wormser), her court, America, and the courts of Italy (Miss Esther Penn), France (Miss Alice Penn) and Belgium (Miss Elena Garcia). An attractive setting was made by the gay colored streamers of the May poles and the graceful dancers, and in the fairy dancers and other attendants. The baby buggy parade was especially attractive. The dance executed by Rosita Barlow and Josephine Daiches was very prettily executed and deserves mention.

The addition of the band from Fort McIntosh assisted materially in making the affair such a decided success. Too much praise cannot be accorded those who planned and presented this lovely spectacle.

## Bridge Party.

Mrs. A. E. Younk entertained the members of the Married Ladies Social Club, with Mrs. Walter Guhl as honor guest, and a number of other guests in her home in Matamoros Street yesterday afternoon, with a bridge party which proved to be one of the delightful affairs of the week. The rooms were filled with exquisite shasta daisies and ferns resting in graceful baskets ornamented with bows of golden-hued tulle. Dainty hand-tinted tally cards marked the scores for an interesting series of games of bridge. The club prize was won by Mrs. W. N. Young, who was given a pair of pillow cases. The guest prize fell to Mrs. J. B. DaCamara, who received a dresser scarf. The honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago, was given a lovely set of drawwork table doilies. At the conclusion of the games a two-course luncheon was served. The following enjoyed the delightful hospitality of the afternoon: Club members—Mesdames Austin, Biggio, Christen, Cogley, Brewster, Davis, Fish, Huberich, Johnston, MacGregor, Vidales, Weber, Woodman and Young. The guests included the honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl, and Mesdames Bobbitt, Hall, Wilson, J. E. Jones, Moore, Mally, J. B. DaCamara, A. C. Hamilton, Greer, Tutwiler, and Greenstreet.

Commencement at Holding Institute.  
Sunday, May 11—Annual sermon at 11 o'clock. Dr. David W. Carter, Georgetown, Texas.

Monday, the 12th, 8:00 p. m. Class Day Exercises.

Tuesday, the 13th, 8:00 p. m. Joint Meeting Literary Societies.

Wednesday, the 14th, 8:00 p. m. Recital Music Departments.

Thursday, the 15th, 8:00 p. m. Graduation Exercises.

A cordial invitation to the interested public, and especially the friends of the institution.

The Institute is closing a good year, and a class of thirteen will graduate.



—The commissioners' court will meet in regular quarterly session next Monday morning and it is probable that one of the first matters to come before the court will be that of a special election to vote \$300,000 bonds for good roads work in this county.

—The importations through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon from Mexico consisted of 2 carloads of calamine, one carload of hides and two carloads of beer in bond to Juarez.

—The grand jury in district court yesterday afternoon took a recess until Monday morning, at which time they will convene again and take up matters demanding their attention.

—The peace pageant on School Plaza yesterday afternoon was pronounced by all who saw it as one of the most beautiful of the kind that could have been staged. And the little ones were as happy as could be on this day when they were to participate in the grand event.

—The Mexico City baseball team is here for two games tomorrow. Among the members of this team are several Cuban players who are of the big league variety and have reputations as players that are hard to beat.

—At the morning services at Christ Church tomorrow Mother's Day will be fittingly observed with an address and music. In the evening Mr. Taylor of the 37th Infantry Band will render as a trombone solo, Ch. Gounod's "Nazareth."

ONE YEAR



### A DIFFICULT PROBLEM.

The killing of a United States officer and three Mexican smugglers during an attempt to smuggle liquor into Texas is an indication of what a serious problem the prohibition of importation of liquors into the United States has given rise to.

It is difficult because no one suggests a way by which it can be solved. Even the enactment of prohibition laws in Mexico would have little effect, for the manufacture of mescal and other Mexican alcoholic liquors could be carried on illicitly with little trouble, and the condition of economic and political affairs in that country precludes any idea of enforcing such a law were it to be enacted.

It is evident that the problem is going to cost our nation and our state much money, as well as some lives, to solve. The guarding of the border under ordinary circumstances is sufficiently difficult, but when the incentive of big money is added to the natural tendency to smuggle on the part of the ignorant and the lawless, it is evident that all precautions will be unable to put a complete stop to the business of contraband.

The liquor costs little in Mexico. It is easily obtainable, and the apparatus for making it is simple and the process easily learned. Then the price obtainable on this side of the river, despite the best efforts of our officers of the law, is sufficient to make a few smuggling trips pay enough to warrant the careless, lawless element entering into the traffic on a sufficiently large scale.

It is a question whether the killing of a few smugglers will deter the others from carrying on the illicit trade. It will serve to stimulate the American officers to greater efforts to know that the smugglers are prepared to give battle and to fight their way through, if possible, for no danger was ever enough to prevent an American customs or river guard from doing his whole duty.

Clashes between our officers and lawless Mexicans have not been frequent, and they have heretofore been mostly confined to cattle thieves. But now a new stimulation has been given to the game of resistance to the American guards and the elusion of the officers' vigilance.

This is one of the penalties the border people must pay for the maintenance of law and order. It is many years since the lawless Mexicans were so bold, and it may be that they will soon see the futility of their efforts to evade arrest and still make a success of smuggling.

But while the outlaws are learning the lesson, the American officer carries his life in his hands, for the other night's happenings show that the contrabandists are prepared to resist arrest even to the taking of life. And the unfortunate part of the affair is that all the efforts of our guards to prevent the smuggling without using arms are useless, and therefore the ignorant outlaws must be killed or incapacitated before they will surrender.

It is a queer commentary upon human weakness when one considers that for the sake of a dollar or two the ignorant peon risks his life, and that the man who wants a prohibited drink is willing to pay enough to make it worth the while of the smuggler to take that risk.

Probably at no time in Laredo's history has there been so little smuggling as at present, for the vigilance of the customs and immigration guards and the activities of the rangers have convinced the ordinary smuggler that there is nothing in the game.

But the enormous percentage of profit in a few gallons of mescal induces men who would not dream of facing the rifles of the guards for ordinary gain to take risks that nothing can justify and makes them so desperate that they fire upon armed guards in the lawful pursuit of their duty, knowing that the chances are mostly against their success.

It is a worrisome problem, and would seem to present difficulties which no other on the border has ever offered.

### MOTHER.

There never was a year in which the memory of mother appealed so to the men of America as this year. Some of the men are far away and have little hope of seeing the dear old face and hearing the sweet old voice for some time to come. Others have just returned from the thundering hell of the war front and the first face they wanted to see was that of mother. And the mothers of many will not see their sons until they cross the river, now shining not far away in the setting sun.

Through all the tiresome days of training; through the weary nights of guard duty and the fierce combats with a treacherous foe, one face was always before the absent son—mother.

It was the thought of home and mother that made the American soldiers so tender and kindly toward the women and children of France and Belgium, and even those of Germany. The children found them delightful playmates, and the women found them gentle and considerate, all because each soldier thought of the days when he played around the house and went to mother with all his childish woes or eagerly besought her

to share in his boyish delights and pleasures.

It was the thought of mother that kept the American soldiers clean in the midst of many temptations, and one who wrote to his mother: "I am keeping clean and trusting in God," expressed the thought of many who would not have written or said it.

Few of those who went overseas will understand—at least, not for years, to come—the agony of the mother at home, waiting for news of the absent one, dreading lest his name appear in the fatal lists which brought sorrow to so many, rejoicing in each honor that came to her boy and hoping that the returning troops would include the one person for whom she prayed each night.

The ones who stayed at home—even though far from the place where mother lives—did not cost her a tithe of the sorrow and the anxiety that came to her because of her boy in France. For they seemed comparatively close and safe when she thought of the boy in the trenches.

Only a mother can understand the agony of knowing that the son she brought into the world has left, never to return. He did not even have the consolation of mother's presence in his last moments, and no other ministrations, no matter how tender, could be the same to him.

So those of us who are left must be very tender and considerate of mother, this year above all others. She appreciates our love and she will cling to us when all others have left us. But her heart is with a green mound in France, where lie the mangled remains of one who died nobly for his country, and who in dying pierced the heart of his mother with an anguish that is beyond all healing.

Those who have come back to mother, those who are still hale and hearty and expect to be home soon, and those who have never been away must do all they can this year to show that the mother love is appreciated beyond all others, just as it is the greatest love in the world.

One said: "Greater love hath no man than this, that he lay down his life for his friend." But he did not say that of mothers, for he knew the greatness, the exceeding tenderness, the all-embracing sublimity of mother love could never be approached by anything in this world of ours.

The mother goes down into the Valley of the Shadow of Death to bring a new life into the world. She gives of her very being to nourish and foster that little life, and with infinite patience and love she labors through all her days to bring that child up "in the fear and favor of the Lord."

Nothing we can do is enough to prove our love for mother. Some of us have lost our mothers for a while, but we know that they are straining their eyes over the battlements of heaven to discern from afar our approach. And it seems, knowing our mothers as we do, that it will not be heaven for them until we arrive.

### CONTRACT HAS BEEN SIGNED.

Contract for well number one on Inter-Ocean Oil Company's holdings in Blackburn has been signed and we will be able to announce in a very short time that actual drilling has commenced.

We hope to announce in the next few days that enough capital has been interested so that we may withdraw the further sale of our property. If you have already bought, but have not taken the limit, we sincerely advise you to get busy and take all you can afford. If you have not already bought but are interested in our proposition—then get busy quickly and get in.

We shall be glad to give you any information you may desire or if you will look for the oil news in the daily papers you may find just the information you desire.

Get busy—Do it now.

### TO MY MOTHER.

Mother, you are growing old and gray. Your step is tired and slow. But your heart is just the same, dear mother.

As it was long, long ago, I fancy I can hear you When I used to run away, With your shaded eyes you called to The truant Laura May.

I would crawl beneath the window, Then I'd sneak outside the gate; Be gone before you missed me, Next door with my playmate.

Those were happy days, dear mother, And I remember well I'd run in all excited, Some miraculous tale to tell.

That was years ago, dear mother, Since we played around your knee, Then your eyes were bright as diamonds, Your hair black as could be.

But you're just as dear to me, sweet mother, As in days long, long ago; And I miss you, miss you, mother, As I too, older grow.

—By Mrs. L. V. Jambers.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c per month.

### PEACE PAGEANT ON FRIDAY PROVED CROWNING EVENT

MANY WITNESSED BEAUTIFUL FETE BY SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Visitors From the East Praised Laredo's Peace Pageant as One of Grandest They Had Witnessed.

"Laredo's school children certainly cover themselves with glory when it came to holding a peace pageant, and during my many years residence in the Eastern portion of the United States I never witnessed so elaborate and gorgeous an event as this one," said a gentleman from New York who yesterday looked with keen interest on the Peace Pageant on School Plaza. Laredo hardly realize how much the children impressed themselves on those who might act in a critical manner and analyze every feature of the grand pageant held yesterday evening on Jarvis Plaza, but critical visitors were quick to give words of praise at what they saw. But, summoned up in a few words, several thousand people gathered on and about School Plaza yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock to witness the program, which began at about 6 o'clock with the baby buggy parade.

The baby buggy parade was the first feature on the program, and headed by an escort of the Boy Scouts, the parade passed in review of the vast crowd, while music was rendered by the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band. The notable participants in the baby buggy parade were the following little ones and their imperiousness:

Uncle Sam—Robert Tonkin; Columbia, Gladys Greenstreet; General Pershing, George W. Derby, Jr.; General Foch, Samuel Cuellar; Columbia, Leonor Jenkins; France, Lilly Withoff; Belgium, Rebecca Garcia, Estelle Gonzales, Jesusa Gonzales, Carmen Cazen, Emilia Garcia; Italy, Quintin Diaz and Beatrice Baker; Portugal, Josephine Armengol, Maria Leyendecker, Antonia Vizeva, Cuba, Berta Cantu; Cleotide Withoff; Serbia, Antonia Muñoz; Josephine Martinez; Roumania, Virginia Alvarado, Andrea Muñoz; Liberia, Josefa Leos and Vera Muñoz; Ireland, Baby Bryant; Greece, Fay Kerr; Brazil, Foster and Goodwin twins; Fatty Arbuckle, Bud O'Sell; Charles Chaplin and a Red Cross Chapter in miniature, a number of decorated baby buggies, Richter and Deutz miniature trade displays.

Following the baby buggy parade came the "crowning" event of the evening, the entrance of the various courts. The High School Cadets, as a guard of honor, with their standard, entered the plaza from the northwest corner and marched to a position near the throne, standing at attention on both sides of it. The group dancers then arranged themselves near the throne. As the Thirty-seventh Infantry Band struck up the national air of Great Britain a number of white costumed Indian clowns, (athletes of the High School) marched into the plaza and toward their position near the throne.

Then came the Belgian court, the French court (Jean of Arc), the Italian court and last, "Liberty" and her attendants, the band playing the national air of each nation as their representatives entered. As the queen ascended the throne the band played "Hail, Hail, Queen of the May" and the children joined in the singing. Master Jack Halsell, as a soldier of the United States army, crowned Liberty while Master Beverly Hall, representing a sailor of the United States Navy, presented Liberty with her torch. Then followed the Maypole dancing group dancing Indian Club drill by High School boys, another group dance singing of "America" lowering of the flag and grand finale, "The Star Spangled Banner."

The following is a list of the names of the various participants in the peace pageant and their costumes: The High School boys in white sailor costumes representing Great Britain and her naval power, composed of: Elmer Rogers, standard bearer; Grandon Rogers, Horace Greenstreet, Jack Bunn, Norman Sorrell, John Graham, Edward Leyendecker, Otis Walker, Leo Netzer, Felix Garza, Joe Puig, John Chamberlain, Harry Bradley and Frank Decker. They wore white sailor costumes with Union Jack arm bands.

Mildred Leyendecker, Liberty, Rosalie Wormser, Independence, Willis Leyendecker, crown bearer, Johnnie Leyendecker, torch bearer, Jack Halsell in soldier's uniform, U. S. Army; Beverly Hall, in sailor's uniform, U. S. Navy; Fred Rogers, standard bearer; Liberty's court representing the United States of America, composed of the following girls: Rosalie Biggio, Evelyn Ryan, Emilie Halsell, Minerva G'Sell, Caroline Brennan, Corinne Hamilton, Margaret Copeland, Marjorie Jarvis, Dorothy Morton, Lela Derby, Dorothy Derby. Liberty's costume was in the tricolor and trimmed in gold bands with gold slippers; the goddess wore a crown of five points and her huge bouquet of lilies was tied with maline in the national colors, as was her torch of gold. Liberty's court was costumed as follows: Dresses of white organdie, with red satin bands and girdles, vokes and head bands of blue set with white satin stars.

Alice Penn and her court, representing France, contained the following: Justo Penn Jr., standard bearer; Amelia Gonzalez, Luz Gonzalez, Amelia Ramon, Aurora Perez, Odette Bunn.

### WEBB COUNTY OVER THE TOP IS SLOGAN OF COMMITTEES

ONLY \$75,000 WAS LACKING AT LAST TABULATION TODAY.

Committees Set to Work in a Most Determined Manner to Put County "Over the Top" by Tonight.

"Laredo must go over the top this evening—I must be prepared by tonight to wire headquarters that Webb county has over-subscribed her quota." This is the way August C. Richter, Chairman of the men's committee in charge of the Victory Loan campaign "sized up" the situation this morning.

"We are \$75,000 short this morning." With this optimistic view of matters, the committees set to work today to raise the \$75,000 of the quota lacking to put this county over the top, and some hard work has been in progress throughout the day on the part of both men and women canvassers.

The following is a list of the "Ladies' \$500 and Over Club" formed in Laredo for the Victory Bond Campaign:

Mrs. Charles Moser .....\$ 500  
Miss Helen Richter ..... 500  
Mrs. George W. Derby ..... 500  
Mrs. M. T. Cogley ..... 500  
Mrs. A. E. Younkun ..... 500  
Mrs. Valentin L. Puig ..... 500  
Mrs. Charles E. Richter ..... 600  
Mrs. Isaac Gill, Jr. .... 600  
Mrs. D. N. Valdez ..... 500  
Mrs. Annie Richter ..... 500  
Mrs. Dorothy Borchers ..... 500  
Mrs. H. D. Shelby ..... 500  
Mrs. L. O. Ortiz ..... 1,000  
Mrs. S. N. Johnson ..... 1,000  
Mrs. B. G. Salinas ..... 1,000  
Mrs. J. R. Moore ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Alfred Matthews ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Arthur Derby ..... 1,000  
Mrs. W. J. James ..... 1,000  
Mrs. Charles Deutz ..... 1,000  
Mrs. H. C. Hall ..... 1,800  
Mrs. August C. Richter ..... 2,500  
Miss Katherine Tarver ..... 3,000

And, oh, there are so many other Laredo ladies that should also be in this honor list. Why not get in it while it is yet time? Telephone Mrs. H. D. Shelby how much you are willing to take in Victory Bonds at once, as the campaign closes tomorrow night and additional names to the list will be published in tomorrow's issue of The Times. The women helped win the war—now let Laredo women help put old Webb county "over the top" in this bond drive.

Ada Johnson, Kathleen Heaner, Mabel Barr, Ernestina Vela, Lamar Benavides, Adelina Lecea, Helen Lindsay, Lilia Martinez. They wore white dresses scalloped with red and dotted with blue fleur de lis, and carried large banners of white with fleur de lis.

Esther Penn and her court, representing Italy, was composed of the following: Ralph Mathes, standard bearer; Irene Leyendecker, Lila Sanchez, Willie Belle Brennan, Lamar Leyendecker, Carrie Henry, Celina Ferrara, Catherine Crutchfield, Laura Taylor, Julia McVicar, Merciel Lake and Virginia Penn. They wore green skirts and bodices over white blouses, long completed by a touch of red.

Elena Garcia's court, representing Belgium, was composed of the following: Royle K. Mims, Jr., standard bearer; Sara Leal, Margarita Leyendecker, Vela Leal, Estella Garza, Elvira Garza, Inez Diaz, Elodia Vega, Adele Strain, Adela Guerra, Esmeralda Martinez, Annie Clarin and Teresa Nieto. Costumes were typical Belgian, peg-shaped bodices, with bonnets to match dresses.

Miss Zora Mowry had trained for the occasion two groups of ballet dancers whose airy dancing elicited much applause, since it was the perfection of daintiness. Many and varied were the costumes in the whole pageant and in the baby buggy parade, but none excelled in beauty the dresses of gauze in all the tints of the rainbow of the dainty little fairies in the group dances. The "Dance of the Garlands" was participated in by the following little girls: Alice Barlow, Ruth Barlow, Evelyn Randolph, Josephine Daiches, Genevieve Wilcox, Helen Dixon, Antoinette Bunn, Caroline Joseph, Nellie Ward, Anita Gates, Kathleen Aldridge, Teresa Fasnacht, Claire Derby and Reba Mims.

Little Misses Josephine Daiches and Rosita Barlow together danced "The Chase of the Butterfly." Among others who deserve credit for the grand success of the peace pageant and who gave their untiring efforts and co-operation in the work are Mrs. Maria J. Diaz, Mrs. J. B. Morton and Miss Maude McKnight, the committee in charge of the plaza and throne arrangements; Miss Siro, Miss Myrtle Polkhorst and Miss Margaret Jarvis, who were in charge of the baby buggy parade, and Mrs. Wilmer Threadgill and Miss Katherine Tarver, who were in charge of the pageant as a whole.

For Sale. The northwest corner of Block 42, W. D. Laredo. Contains 3 1/2 lots, or 110 feet front west on Market Plaza, by 183 feet for depth on Hidalgo street. For further particulars apply to B. Chacon, executor estate E. B. de Garcia, deceased, 1219 Grant street. 5-3-1m.

TIMES WANT ADS. \$\$\$\$ Money Makers \$\$\$\$

### FOURTH SMUGGLER IS DEAD HAVING DIED YESTERDAY

DEATH TOLL OF FIGHT BELOW LAREDO THURSDAY NOW FIVE.

Four Mexicans Killed Were Members of Gang Engaged in Violation of Immigration Laws Regarding Entry

The fourth of the Mexican smugglers, Jose Valdez, who was seriously wounded in the battle with American customs, immigration and health inspectors at a point seven miles below Laredo on Thursday night, succumbed to his wounds at Mercy Hospital yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock following an operation in an effort to save his life, but he never regained consciousness from the time he was shot through the chest by Robert Rumsey until the time of his death.

The death list as a result of the fight now stands at five men—Charles Hopkins, of the United States Immigration Service; Doroteo Brondo, Pedro Vargas, Jose Valdez and an unknown Mexican smuggler whose body fell into the Rio Grande during the fight and disappeared after being shot through the body several times. Reports from the bedside of Ira Hill, of the state health department, who was seriously wounded during the fight and is now at Mercy Hospital, state that his chances of recovery are now more favorable than they were yesterday morning, which is very gratifying news to the many friends of the intrepid young officer.

In referring to the men as smugglers it was not intended to convey the impression that they were smugglers of mescal, but violators of the immigration laws, as it is said they were members of a gang who were crossing large bodies of Mexicans illegally into this country under cover of darkness every few nights. When they were detected in the act of crossing to the American side on Thursday night all the Mexicans were heavily armed, each having a rifle and a revolver, and from one of the dead men, Doroteo Prado, who died with a weapon in his hand, was taken a United States army automatic pistol. The Mexicans showed their intention of putting up a fight from the very moment that they discovered they had been detected in the act of illegally entering the country, and in the consequent battle every one of them were killed or lost their life as the result of wounds inflicted during the fight. Hopkins' body is being held pending the arrival of his wife, who is expected to return to her home in Laredo this evening, being absent on a visit to relatives in North Texas when her husband was killed.

### 701 CARLOADS OF ONIONS BEEN SHIPPED OUT IN LAREDO

With Favorable Weather for Few Days Now Shipments Will Be Larger Than Previously During Season.

The shipments for one month and one day of onions out of Laredo aggregate a total of 701 carloads, and this in view of the fact that during the past week the shipments have been exceedingly light each night on account of the heavy rains having interfered with the shipments.

Last night a total of twenty carloads of onions moved out of here, bringing the grand total of all shipments for the season up to 701 carloads. Next week, with favorable weather conditions prevailing, the shipments should average from forty to fifty carloads daily, as the demand for Texas onions continues good and the prices are also most encouraging.

### SAN ANTONIO TEAM IS HERE FOR 3 GAMES WITH LAREDOS

Fast I. & G. N. Shops Team Arrived This Morning to Play a Series With Laredo Team; Game Today.

The International & Great Northern Shops team, one of the strongest amateur baseball teams in San Antonio, arrived here this morning for a series of three games with the Laredo team, the first game taking place at Caliche Park this evening beginning at 6:30 o'clock.

There will be two games between the I. & G. N. and Laredo teams tomorrow, one beginning at 10:15 to-morrow forenoon and the other starting at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Laredo fans should turn out in force to witness these games, as they are promised contests worth while witnessing.

### Mexico City Team Here.

The celebrated Mexico City baseball team, on which there are five or six noted Cuban ball players, arrived in Nuevo Laredo this morning and Manager Pierce of the Laredo team immediately began negotiations and completed arrangements whereby the team crossed to Laredo today and on tomorrow morning will cross bats with the I. & G. N. Shops team at 10:30 and in the afternoon beginning at 3 o'clock will play a double-header with Laredo and the I. & G. N. teams. Here is an opportunity to see a real series of real baseball games.

### Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons that after this date I will not be responsible for any debts made by my wife, Annie Mansur.

A. M. MANSUR.

Laredo, Texas, May 8, 1919.

5-9-30t.



Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt  
Society Editor  
Phone 79 ..... Phone 48  
SOCIAL CALENDAR.

### Saturday.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain at auction bridge at the Latin-American Club at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. J. H. Allen of Memphis, Tenn.

The Sunbeam Band of the Baptist Church will hold its regular meeting at the church at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. There will be a dance at the Soldiers Club in the evening.

### Sunday.

The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will meet at the church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

The Christian Endeavor Society of the Presbyterian Church will meet in the Church at 6:45 p. m.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Church will hold its regular meeting in the League room of the Methodist Church at 6:30 o'clock in the evening.

### Monday.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the church in the afternoon at 4 o'clock.

There will be a dance at the Womans' Club in the evening.

There will be a meeting of the mothers and wives of the returned soldiers from "over there and here" at the Woman's Club room at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, to arrange for an entertainment for them.

### General Mention.

Mr. M. S. Ryan is in Austin for a two weeks' business trip.

Mrs. Geoffrey James Giles writes that her school will close on June 24th and she will then come south by water from New York to Galveston, stopping en route home in San Antonio to visit relatives.

Mr. Adolph Kahn is spending a few days in San Antonio visiting his children, who are attending school there.

Miss Doris Bigden, who has been the house guest of Miss Hazel Irwin for the past week, returned home on Thursday morning.

Mr. Con Mims returned home yesterday morning from a short stay in Birmingham, Alabama.

Mrs. Raymond V. Martin, who several days ago suffered a stroke of paralysis and was taken to the Mercy Hospital, has so far recovered as to be able to be taken home today.

Mr. Benito Treviño arrived in the city yesterday from France after a year's service with the A. E. F. He is wearing the gold service stripes which show a year "over there." He is very glad to be at home again.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter P. Leyendecker returned yesterday from Fort Sam Houston where they spent a week visiting Captain and Mrs. E. F. Shaffer. Mrs. Shaffer was formerly Miss Lila Leyendecker of this city.

Rev. F. Gaylord Roberts, the new pastor of the Christian church, and wife have secured rooms at the residence of E. F. Hamilton, 1815 Farrago street, where they will make their home for the present.

Announcements. The B. Y. P. U. of the Baptist Church will have a special Mothers Day Program at the church Sunday evening at 7:15 o'clock. The young people are especially invited to be present.

The mothers and wives of the returned soldiers who have seen service "over there and here" will meet at the Woman's Club room on Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock to arrange an entertainment for them to be given in the near future. A full attendance is urged.

There will be an important meeting of the Tuesday Music and Literary Club at the home of Mrs. A. P. Nye on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

The Blue Birds will meet with Mrs. Alfred Poggenpohl at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The meeting was not held yesterday on account of the May Day Fete.

### Club Notes.

Circle C of the W. M. U. of the Baptist Church held a pleasant meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fletcher Smith. An interesting Bible lesson with Mrs. Wilkes as leader was studied. A social hour was also enjoyed in which the hostess served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Wil-

kes, Walker, Yeary, Beaman and Smith.

### May Day Fete.

The Public Schools of the city held their Annual May Day Fete at the School Plaza Friday afternoon at 5:45 o'clock, which proved a decided success. The Pageant was depicted in a beautiful manner, the Goddess of Liberty (Miss Mildred Leyendecker) was attended by her maid of honor (Miss Rosalie Wormser), her court, America, and the courts of Italy (Miss Esther Penn), France (Miss Alice Penn) and Belgium (Miss Elena Garcia). An attractive setting was made by the gay colored streamers of the May poles and the graceful dancers, and in the fairy dancers and other attendants. The baby buggy parade was especially attractive. The dance executed by Rosita Barlow and Josephine Daiches was very pretty executed and deserves mention.

The addition of the band from Fort McIntosh assisted most materially in making the affair such a decided success. Too much praise cannot be accorded those who planned and presented this lovely spectacle.

### Bridge Party.

Mrs. A. E. Younkun entertained the members of the Married Ladies Social Club, with Mrs. Walter Guhl as honor guest, and a number of other guests in her home in Matamoros Street yesterday afternoon, with a bridge party which proved to be one of the delightful affairs of the week. The rooms were filled with exquisite shasta daisies, and ferns resting in graceful baskets ornamented with bows of golden-hued tulle. Dainty hand-tinted tally cards marked the scores for an interesting series of games of bridge. The club prize was won by Mrs. W. N. Young, who was given a pair of pillow cases. The guest prize fell to Mrs. J. B. DaCamara, who received a dresser scarf. The honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl of Chicago, was given a lovely set of drawwork table doilies. At the conclusion of the games a two-course luncheon was served. The following enjoyed the delightful hospitality of the afternoon: Club members—Mesdames Austin, Biggio, Christen, Cogley, Brewster, Davis, Fish, Huberich, Johnston, MacGregor, Vidales, Weber, Woodman and Young. The guests included the honor guest, Mrs. Walter Guhl, and Mesdames Bobbitt, Hall, Wilson, J. E. Jones, Moore, Mally, J. R. DaCamara, A. C. Hamilton, Greer, Tutwiler, and Greenstreet.

### Commencement at Holding Institute.

Sunday, May 11—Annual sermon at 11 o'clock, Dr. David W. Carter, Georgetown, Texas.

Monday, the 12th, 8:00 p. m. Class Day Exercises.

Tuesday, the 13th, 8:00 p. m. Joint Meeting Literary Societies.

Wednesday, the 14th, 8:00 p. m. Recital Music Departments.

Thursday, the 15th, 8:00 p. m. Graduation Exercises.

A cordial invitation to the interested public, and especially the friends of the institution.

The institute is closing a good year, and a class of thirteen will graduate.



The commissioners' court will meet in regular quarterly session next Monday morning and it is probable that one of the first matters to come before the court will be that of a special election to vote \$300,000 bonds for good roads work in this county.

The importations through the port of Laredo yesterday afternoon from Mexico consisted of 2 carloads of calamine, one carload of hides and two carloads of beer in bond to Juarez.

The grand jury in district court yesterday afternoon took a recess until Monday morning, at which time they will convene again and take up matters demanding their attention.

The peace pageant on School Plaza yesterday afternoon was pronounced by all who saw it as one of the most beautiful of the kind that could have been staged. And the little ones were as happy as could be on this day when they were to participate in the grand event.

The Mexico City baseball team is here for two games tomorrow. Among the members of this team are several Cuban players who are of the big league variety and have reputations as players that are hard to beat.

At the morning services at Christ Church tomorrow Mother's Day will be fittingly observed with an address and music. In the evening Mr. Taylor of the 37th Infantry Band will render as a trombone solo, Ch. Gounod's "Nazareth."

### ONE YEAR AGO TODAY IN THE WAR.

MAY 10. Italians captured Monte Corno, with many prisoners. Allies recaptured trenches northwest of Albert. More than 600 lives lost in the sinking of the Italian transport Santa Anna.



## America's Greatest Contribution to the World-Wide War

### AMERICA'S GREAT

Much has been said about the marvelous contributions of men and materials made by America to the winning of the war, but her greatest contribution has rarely been discussed. It is true that we raised a vast army of four million men, that we put two million of them across in little over a year and would have had the rest across in a few more months. It is true that we not only fed and clothed our own nation but supplied millions of tons of food and clothing and munitions to our allies. We sent hundreds of warships and thousands of floating mines that helped to put the enemy submarine out of business. We finally developed the best motor for certain flying service and started such a stream of aeroplanes across the ocean that Germany lost hope and quit. We had just made ready poison gas in such quantities that a whole city or an entire line of defense could be drowned from aeroplanes, and planes had been prepared that could sail over the enemy's line, drop their tanks and bombs and return, driven by gasoline and guided by electricity with no living pilot! Great cannon rockets that had a range of 250 miles were already planned, and American genius was showing that the nation that invented the ironclad ship, the submarine, the machine gun, the flying machine and the tank tractor had really "just begun to fight."

But, after all, America's greatest contribution to the war and to the world was her ideals. For four years the bulk of the civilized nations of the world had been struggling in an uncoordinated way against Germany. They could get no unity of action or command, because there was no unity of ideal. The leader of each nation had each his own purpose and program, and none was able to find a common purpose around which all could rally. The populations of these countries had no clear conceptions of the meaning of the war and were weary of the

meaningless sacrifices.

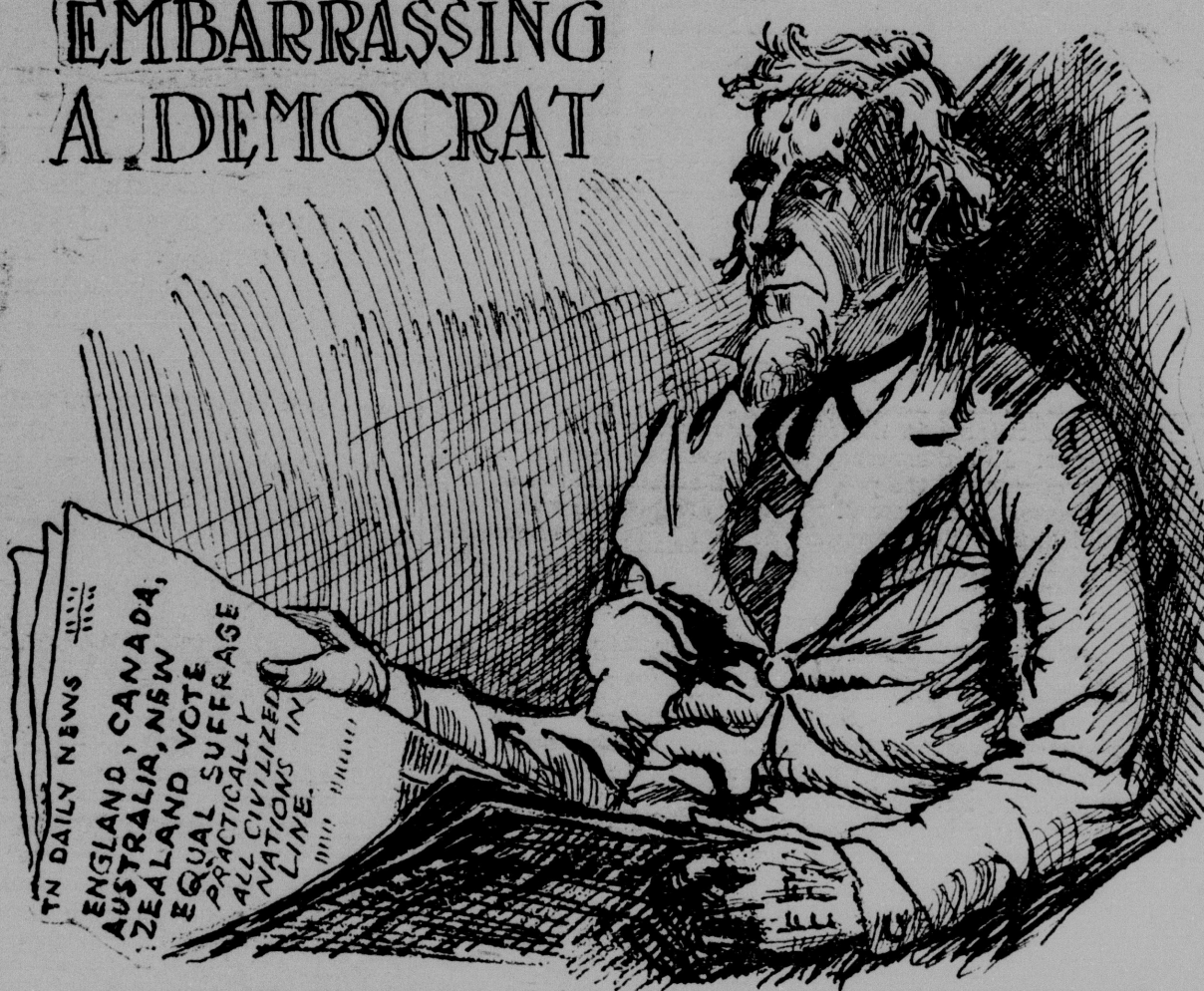
It remained for America, speaking through her masterful leader, President Wilson, to find the spiritual meaning of the war and to furnish an ideal, at once so simple that all could understand, and so noble that all could cheerfully sacrifice in its behalf. This, said President Wilson, is not a war of vengeance, not a war for Alsace-Lorraine nor Italia-Irridenta, nor for any dynasty or nation, but a war for the principle of democracy against the principle of autocracy.

Around this common ideal, all liberty-loving nations rallied, and, with unity of ideal, unity of leadership under General Foch at once took the place of the babel of contending private purposes and jealousies. Unity of command, and enthusiastic sacrifice by heroic men and women for a great world ideal brought the immediate doom of the Kaiser's dream of empire.

And, when the war was over, and the wily diplomats of the ancient world met, each with his pet plan of national aggrandizement, our same great leader set up for the peace conference the ideal of perpetual peace, through a treaty of justice to great and small, to enemy and friend, and a league of free nations to guard this just peace of the world. While some of the diplomats did not relish this ideal, the sound common sense and the sense of justice of their peoples have forced the unwilling leaders to accept this great American peace ideal, and a lasting peace of justice and a league of free nations will come into being.

To have been privileged in one generation to set the ideals both of peace and war for the civilized world, is an honor never before granted to a nation of earth. This position of world leadership for righteousness, brings with it not only the highest honor, but the most sacred obligation that we should ourselves scrupulously observe those principles of justice and democracy which we have set as world ideals.

## EMBARRASSING A DEMOCRAT



WHY KEEP ME WITH MEXICO,  
BULGARIA AND TURKEY?

## Democratic Platform Demands Woman Suffrage and Full Citizenship for Voters ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY AT WACO 1918

"We recommend that the legislature submit an amendment to the state constitution giving women the right of suffrage on the same terms as men."

"We believe that America should be for Americans, and therefore recommend the submission to the people of an amendment to the constitution granting the right of suffrage to persons of foreign birth only when they shall have acquired full citizenship in this country."

THE FIRST STEP IN REDEEMING THIS DEMOCRATIC PARTY PLATFORM PLEDGE WAS TAKEN BY THE LEGISLATURE UNANIMOUSLY AT THE JANUARY SESSION BY PASSING THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION TO BE VOTED ON BY THE DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS:

Be it resolved by the Legislature of Texas that section 2 of article 6, of the constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that hereafter said section shall read as follows:

"Every person, male or female, subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in this state one year next preceeding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be declared a qualified elector."

THE FINAL STEP WILL BE TAKEN BY THE LOYAL DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS IN REDEEMING THEIR PLATFORM PLEDGE BY VOTING FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH THUS MAKING OUR TEXAS BALLOT

100 PERCENT DEMOCRATIC  
and  
100 PERCENT AMERICAN

## Misguided Legislators Determine to Wreck the Pure Lives of Our Youths

"Did you ever hear of anything so outrageous?" said Judge Ant Equal Suff, looking up from his morning paper.

"What is that," replied his wife.

"Why it is actually proposed that all the young men who have reached twenty-one since last year should be allowed to vote!"

"Well, why not?"

"Oh woman! Where is your mind! What can you be thinking about! Why these dear boys never have voted!"

"Yes?"

"And if they should be taken from the pure surroundings of their homes and schools and farms and stores and immersed into the vile atmosphere of an American voting booth or a party convention, then we might as well say good-bye home-life, good-bye schools and farms and factories and stores. There would be no time left for home, no desire for work, no ambition to succeed, no—"

"But, why will voting do all this?"

"That is too plain to discuss! Then, it is all so entirely unnecessary. Aren't they already represented? Don't their fathers vote for them? There must be some sort of division of labor in a civilized society. Aren't the schools and the farms and factories and stores enough to load on their fair young shoulders? If they would attend to these thoroughly, wouldn't that be enough for any reasonable set of humans? Do they want the earth?"

"Perhaps they might have some ideas of their own about the government, or perhaps some of their fathers are dead, or possibly the father has only one vote and that is for himself, or maybe the father doesn't try to represent the son's view at all—"

"Ah, there is one of the main points against it. They might not agree! Then this vote would bring discord into the family! Woman, would you disrupt all our homes? You certainly can not realize what you are saying!"

"But, perhaps the point of view of the fresh, well-trained, youthful minds, with their peculiar experience, might bring some valuable new thought into our politics?"

"Ah, there is the trouble again! New thought is just what we don't want in our politics. Would you make us all Bolsheviks? Heaven protect us!"

"But, maybe the young men would like to have some voice in making the laws they have to obey and declaring the wars they have to fight? You see, many of them have just been fighting this war for democracy and have heard us declare that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

"But, what has that got to do with boys just coming twenty-one? Thomas Jefferson never specified boys that are just twenty-one at all."

"But isn't a democracy a government by the people, and aren't these young men people?"

"Of course, in a vague sort of general way they are people, and yet they are not people. They are above people! They are on a pedestal, too gentle, too pure, too high-minded to mingle with rough men at the ballot box. If they have any ideas, they can get them made into laws without wrecking our homes, spoiling their modest charm and rubbing the delicate bloom off their cheeks against the ballot box. They can use their influence. Influence is the word. Influence is more powerful than votes! If they voted, they would lose their influence. It would be so much less degrading to them to use their influence upon the yard boy, the bar keeper, the ward heeler and—"

"Hold on! Wake up, dear, you are fast asleep and dreaming that you are making one of those masterful speeches you heard last night against woman suffrage!"

### THE NEW TEXAS FOOD PRODUCT

Do you find meat and eggs expensive?

Do you like to try new foods?

Do you want to boost Texas?

If you are a doer, try cottonseed flour. A fine flavored cottonseed flour is now manufactured in Texas. The rich nutty flavor is developed by roasting and most of the fiber and resin has been removed by a special process of bolting.

Meat and eggs are desirable foods because they furnish protein, the food principle necessary for the growth and repair of the body. Meat averages about 20 per cent protein and eggs about 13 per cent, and this is more than is found in most foods, but cotton seed flour contains 51 per cent protein. Cottonseed flour also contains some fat and no starch. (The carbohydrates in cottonseed flour are sugar and resins.) People who are not allowed to eat starch can use cotton seed flour instead of gluten or almond meal for making breadstuffs. It makes especially delicious Boston Brown Bread, gingerbreads and luncheon dishes to take the place of meat. The highly milled cottonseed flour has been used by a number of people for several years. In using this flour it is well to remember that you are using a high protein food or meat substitute, so you must cut down the amount of meat used. In order to further balance your foods, continue using large quantities of fruits and vegetables.

Besides adding a delicious new food to your diet you will be saving money by using cottonseed flour. It costs less than one-fifth as much as meat and you get twelve times as much protein for the same money.

Few people realize what a tremendous supply of human food has been opened up to man by the experiments of the University of Texas and other laboratories on the food properties and the proper use of cotton seed flour in the human diet. A four million bale Texas cotton crop will produce about two billion pounds of cotton seed flour, which has a food value equal to that of eight million baby beeves weighing 800 pounds each. When the true value of cotton seed flour becomes known it will sell for several times its present price. If it sold for the same price per pound actual nutriment as meat does, it would be worth forty or fifty cents a pound.

### HEALTHY BABIES MAKE A HEALTHY STATE.

The greatness of the state depends upon the health and strength of its babies. Will we give these babies an opportunity to develop into strong, healthy individuals, or will they be allowed to become narrow-chested, weak, and independable? Will they become leaders among men, wise and healthy mothers, or the reverse?

The answer to this is found in the manner in which a community cares for its children. Hot weather, the most trying time for young children, is almost here, and we should be planning to prevent all sickness. The summer care of the babies means more to the child's future condition, especially the bottle fed baby, than anything else. It is easier, better, and cheaper to prevent than to cure. Food and fresh air play the most important part in a baby's life. However, it must be pure milk, water, and air to prevent summer sickness. These may not only be produced in the home, but the community should supervise the milk and water supply, also the housing conditions and general sanitation of the community. Not until the community feels as responsible for the welfare of the babies as the mother does, will we have healthy children. Let the State do its share in saving the Hundred Thousand Babies for Uncle Sam."

### WHAT MADE UNCLE NED LAUGH?

Why, Uncle Ned what are you laughing to yourself so about?

Wuz I laffin, Mars Bob?

Yes Ned, you were just chuckling.

Well, tell you de truf, Mars Bob,

I went to hear one dem Anti-Suffidge speakins last night and I wuz jes

er ricollectin how dat speaker ackted.

He put me in mind of what Sally tole me 'bout dat Kermelion of you maw's.

How did the anti-suffrage speaker remind you about what Aunt Sally

said about the Cameleon, Uncle Ned?

Well sir, Sally, she said dat dar

Kermelion come a runnin in de

kitchen on de floo and he wuz floo

cullud. Den he run up on de green

wall and turned plum green, and

Sally, she got after him and he

jumped off on her red skirt and

turned plum red, and den run up

over her yaller sash and turned

plum yaller, and den he run up on

her plad wase—and he bust hisself

trying to make good.

## WHY WOMEN SHOULD NOT VOTE

(By An Anti-Suffragist.)

1st. Because, they never have voted and, therefore, never should.  
2nd. Because it isn't just. They pay no taxes, obey no laws, have no rights of their own. Furthermore, they have no children, and, therefore, have no right to be concerned in the provisions made for children in our laws.

3rd. Because women are not at all concerned about women, or children, or personal welfare or sanitation or hygiene or pure food, and have no interests at all different from those of most men, so that she would add no new point-of-view, nor new idea to our political life. Furthermore, we men have already covered all possible political ideas and produced a code of laws and system of government that leave no room for improvement.

4th. Because our Texas women are mentally and morally inferior to those of England, Canada, Australia, the dozen nations in Europe and the twenty-six states in America in which women vote successfully. Our women are more like the women of Turkey, Bulgaria, and Mexico, which are the three principal nations left now in our class in the matter of woman suffrage.

5th. Because it will ruin them just like teaching them to read has done. We said it would from the very first.

6th. Because it is so much more lady-like and takes so much less time from the home for her to use her "influence" on her negro yard man, German baker and Mexican butcher than to go to the polls, and vote for herself.

7th. Because she can't take part in war. To be sure she did bear and rear all the men who fought in this last war, and she did inspire them to fight, made a few uniforms and some ammunition, saved a bit of food, wrote some cheering letters, bound up some wounds, nursed some sick, sold Liberty Bonds, did a few other things and "carried on" one or two home responsibilities, but aside from these fragments she did nothing—absolutely nothing.

8th. Because, we were only joking when we said we believed that all governments derived their just powers from the consent of the governed, and were bluffing when we claimed to be fighting this war for democracy.

9th. Because, she was such a slacker in this war and our un-naturalized aliens helped us so much that she ought to continue to be without the vote and we ought to continue to let our aliens, who were so loyal to their old countries, continue to honor us with their ballots. It makes the other nations have so much higher regard for us and makes us feel so proud of ourselves when we stop to think about it.

10th. There are a hundred more reasons, all exactly as good as these, but these are enough.

## Woman Teaches in Harvard Medical College

Harvard University has at last broken away from the old New England prejudice and appointed a woman upon its faculty to teach the men medical students the important subject of industrial diseases. For years women have taken a keener interest in the problems concerning the health of working people, with the result that when one of our greatest American Universities wanted the best expert on this subject that the world could furnish it called Dr. Alice Hamilton of Hull House, Chicago. It is funny, isn't it, that the greatest American University selects a woman to teach industrial diseases to men and yet Texas would not allow that woman to vote on any law regulating the health conditions of workers? On May 24th we are going to put an end to that absurdity and let our State have the benefit of the intelligence of both men and women in making its laws and selecting its officers.

Vote for the suffrage Amendment.



# Supplement to Laredo Times

SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1919.

## America's Greatest Contribution to the World-Wide War

### AMERICA'S GREAT

Much has been said about the marvelous contributions of men and materials made by America to the winning of the war, but her greatest contribution has rarely been discussed. It is true that we raised a vast army of four million men, that we put two million of them across in little over a year and would have had the rest across in a few more months. It is true that we not only fed and clothed our own nation but supplied millions of tons of food and clothing and munitions to our allies. We sent hundreds of warships and thousands of floating mines that helped to put the enemy submarine out of business. We finally developed the best motor for certain flying service and started such a stream of aeroplanes across the ocean that Germany lost hope and quit. We had just made ready poison gas in such quantities that a whole city or an entire line of defense could be drowned from aeroplanes, and planes had been prepared that could sail over the enemy's line, drop their tanks and bombs and return, driven by gasoline and guided by electricity with no living pilot! Great cannon rockets that had a range of 250 miles were already planned, and American genius was showing that the nation that invented the ironclad ship, the submarine, the machine gun, the flying machine and the tank tractor had really "just begun to fight."

But, after all, America's greatest contribution to the war and to the world was her ideals. For four years the bulk of the civilized nations of the world had been struggling in an uncoordinated way against Germany. They could get no unity of action or command, because there was no unity of ideal. The leader of each nation had each his own purpose and program, and none was able to find a common purpose around which all could rally. The populations of these countries had no clear conceptions of the meaning of the war and were weary of the

meaningless sacrifices.

It remained for America, speaking through her masterful leader, President Wilson, to find the spiritual meaning of the war and to furnish an ideal, at once so simple that all could understand, and so noble that all could cheerfully sacrifice in its behalf. This, said President Wilson, is not a war of vengeance, not a war for Alsace-Lorraine nor Italy-Irredenta, nor for any dynasty or nation, but a war for the principle of democracy against the principle of autocracy.

Around this common ideal, all liberty-loving nations rallied, and, with unity of ideal, unity of leadership under General Foch at once took the place of the babel of contending private purposes and jealousies. Unity of command, and enthusiastic sacrifice by heroic men and women for a great world ideal brought the immediate doom of the Kaiser's dream of empire.

And, when the war was over, and the wily diplomats of the ancient world met, each with his pet plan of national aggrandizement, our same great leader set up for the peace conference the ideal of perpetual peace, through a treaty of justice to great and small, to enemy and friend, and a league of free nations to guard this just peace of the world. While some of the diplomats did not relish this ideal, the sound common sense and the sense of justice of their peoples have forced the unwilling leaders to accept this great American peace ideal, and a lasting peace of justice and a league of free nations will come into being.

To have been privileged in one generation to set the ideals both of peace and war for the civilized world, is an honor never before granted to a nation of earth. This position of world leadership for righteousness, brings with it not only the highest honor, but the most sacred obligation that we should ourselves scrupulously observe those principles of justice and democracy which we have set as world ideals.

## EMBARRASSING A DEMOCRAT



WHY KEEP ME WITH MEXICO,  
BULGARIA AND TURKEY?

## Democratic Platform Demands Woman Suffrage and Full Citizenship for Voters

ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY AT WACO 1918

"We recommend that the legislature submit an amendment to the state constitution giving women the right of suffrage on the same terms as men."

"We believe that America should be for Americans, and therefore recommend the submission to the people of an amendment to the constitution granting the right of suffrage to persons of foreign birth only when they shall have acquired full citizenship in this country."

THE FIRST STEP IN REDEEMING THIS DEMOCRATIC PARTY PLATFORM PLEDGE WAS TAKEN BY THE LEGISLATURE UNANIMOUSLY AT THE JANUARY SESSION BY PASSING THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION TO BE VOTED ON BY THE DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS:

Be it resolved by the Legislature of Texas that section 2 of article 6, of the constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that hereafter said section shall read as follows:

"Every person, male or female, subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in this state one year next preceeding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be declared a qualified elector."

THE FINAL STEP WILL BE TAKEN BY THE LOYAL DEMOCRATS OF TEXAS IN REDEEMING THEIR PLATFORM PLEDGE BY VOTING FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH THUS MAKING OUR TEXAS BALLOT

100 PERCENT DEMOCRATIC  
and  
100 PERCENT AMERICAN

## Misguided Legislators Determine to Wreck the Pure Lives of Our Youths

"Did you ever hear of anything so outrageous?" said Judge Ant Equal Suff, looking up from his morning paper.

"What is that," replied his wife.

"Why it is actually proposed that all the young men who have reached twenty-one since last year should be allowed to vote!"

"Well, why not?"

"Oh woman! Where is your mind! What can you be thinking about! Why these dear boys never have voted!"

"Yes?"

"And if they should be taken from the pure surroundings of their homes and schools and farms and stores and immersed into the vile atmosphere of an American voting booth or a party convention, then we might as well say good-bye home-life, good-bye schools and farms and factories and stores. There would be no time left for home, no desire for work, no ambition to succeed, no—"

"But, why will voting do all this?"

"That is too plain to discuss! Then, it is all so entirely unnecessary. Arn't they already represented? Don't their fathers vote for them? There must be some sort of division of labor in a civilized society. Arn't the schools and the farms and factories and stores enough to load on their fair young shoulders? If they would attend to these thoroughly, wouldn't that be enough for any reasonable set of humans? Do they want the earth?"

"Perhaps they might have some ideas of their own about the government, or perhaps some of their fathers are dead, or possibly the father has only one vote and that is for himself, or maybe the father doesn't try to represent the son's view at all—"

"Ah, there is one of the main points against it. They might not agree! Then this vote would bring discord into the family! Woman, would you disrupt all our homes? You certainly can not realize what you are saying!"

"But, perhaps the point of view of the fresh, well-trained, youthful minds, with their peculiar experience, might bring some valuable new thought into our politics?"

"Ah, there is the trouble again! New thought is just what we don't want in our politics. Would you make us all Bolsheviks? Heaven protect us!"

"But, maybe the young men would like to have some voice in making the laws they have to obey and declaring the wars they have to fight? You see, many of them have just been fighting this war for democracy and have heard us declare that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed."

"But, what has that got to do with boys just coming twenty-one? Thomas Jefferson never specified boys that are just twenty-one at all."

"But isn't a democracy a government by the people, and aren't these young men people?"

"Of course, in a vague sort of general way they are people, and yet they are not people. They are above people! They are on a pedestal, too gentle, too pure, too high-minded to mingle with rough men at the ballot box. If they have any ideas, they can get them made into laws without wrecking our homes, spoiling their modest charm and rubbing the delicate bloom off their cheeks against the ballot box. They can use their influence. Influence is the word. Influence is more powerful than votes! If they voted, they would lose their influence. It would be so much less degrading to them to use their influence upon the yard boy, the bar keeper, the ward beeler and—"

"Hold on! Wake up, dear, you are fast asleep and dreaming that you are making one of those masterful speeches you heard last night against woman suffrage!"

### THE NEW TEXAS FOOD PRODUCT

Do you find meat and eggs expensive?

Do you like to try new foods?

Do you want to boost Texas?

If you are a doer, try cottonseed flour. A fine flavored cottonseed flour is now manufactured in Texas. The rich nutty flavor is developed by roasting and most of the fiber and resin has been removed by a special process of bolting.

Meat and eggs are desirable foods because they furnish protein, the food principle necessary for the growth and repair of the body. Meat averages about 20 per cent protein and eggs about 13 per cent, and this is more than is found in most foods, but cotton seed flour contains 51 per cent protein. Cottonseed flour also contains some fat and no starch. (The carbohydrates in cottonseed flour are sugar and resins.) People who are not allowed to eat starch can use cotton seed flour instead of gluten or almond meal for making breadstuffs. It makes especially delicious Boston Brown Bread, gingerbreads and luncheon dishes to take the place of meat. The highly milled cottonseed flour has been used by a number of people for several years. In using this flour it is well to remember that you are using a high protein food or meat substitute, so you must cut down the amount of meat used. In order to further balance your foods, continue using large quantities of fruits and vegetables.

Besides adding a delicious new food to your diet you will be saving money by using cottonseed flour. It costs less than one-fifth as much as meat and you get twelve times as much protein for the same money.

Few people realize what a tremendous supply of human food has been opened up to man by the experiments of the University of Texas and other laboratories on the food properties and the proper use of cotton seed flour in the human diet. A four million bale Texas cotton crop will produce about two billion pounds of cotton seed flour, which has a food value equal to that of eight million baby beavers weighing 800 pounds each. When the true value of cotton seed flour becomes known it will sell for several times its present price. If it sold for the same price per pound actual nutriment as meat does, it would be worth forty or fifty cents a pound.

### HEALTHY BABIES MAKE A HEALTHY STATE.

The greatness of the state depends upon the health and strength of its babies. Will we give these babies an opportunity to develop into strong, healthy individuals, or will they be allowed to become narrow-chested, weak, and independable? Will they become leaders among men, wise and healthy mothers, or the reverse?

The answer to this is found in the manner in which a community cares for its children. Hot weather, the most trying time for young children, is almost here, and we should be planning to prevent all sickness. The summer care of the babies means more to the child's future condition, especially the bottle fed baby, than anything else. It is easier, better, and cheaper to prevent than to cure.

Food and fresh air play the most important part in a baby's life. However, it must be pure milk, water, and air to prevent summer sickness. These may not only be produced in the home, but the community should supervise the milk and water supply, also the housing conditions and general sanitation of the community. Not until the community feels as responsible for the welfare of the babies as the mother does, will we have healthy children. Let the State do its share in saving the Hundred Thousand Babies for Uncle Sam.

### WHAT MADE UNCLE NED LAUGH!

Why, Uncle Ned what are you laughing to yourself so about?

Wuz I laffin, Mars Bob?

Yes Ned, you were just chuckling.

Well, tell you de truf, Mars Bob,

I went to hear one dem Anti-Suffidge speakins last night and I was jes

er riculectin how dat speaker ackted.

He put me in mind of what Sally

lole me 'bout dat dar Kermellion of

you maw's.

How did the anti-suffrage speaker

remind you about what Aunt Sally

said about the Cameleon, Uncle Ned?

Well sir, Sally, she said dat dar

Kermellion come a runnin in de

kitchen on de floo and he was floo

cullud. Den he run up on de green

wall and turned plum green, and

Sally, she got after him and he

jumped off on her red skirt and

turned plum red, and den run up

over her yaller sash and turned

plum yaller, and den he run up

on her plad wase—and he bust hisself

trying to make good.

## WHY WOMEN SHOULD NOT VOTE

(By An Anti-Suffragist.)

1st. Because, they never have voted and, therefore, never should.  
2nd. Because it isn't just. They pay no taxes, obey no laws, have no rights of their own. Furthermore, they have no children, and, therefore, have no right to be concerned in the provisions made for children in our laws.

3rd. Because women are not at all concerned about women, or children, or personal welfare or sanitation or hygiene or pure food, and have no interests at all different from those of most men, so that she would add no new point-of-view, nor new idea to our political life. Furthermore, we men have already covered all possible political ideas and produced a code of laws and system of government that leave no room for improvement.

4th. Because our Texas women are mentally and morally inferior to those of England, Canada, Australia, the dozen nations in Europe and the twenty-six states in America in which women vote successfully. Our women are more like the women of Turkey, Bulgaria, and Mexico, which are the three principal nations left now in our class in the matter of woman suffrage.

5th. Because it will ruin them just like teaching them to read has done. We said it would from the very first.

6th. Because it is so much more lady-like and takes so much less time from the home for her to use her "influence" on her negro yard man, German baker and Mexican butcher than to go to the polls, and vote for herself.

7th. Because she can't take part in war. To be sure she did bear and rear all the men who fought in this last war, and she did inspire them to fight, made a few uniforms and some ammunition, saved a bit of food, wrote some cheering letters, bound up some wounds, nursed some sick, sold Liberty Bonds, did a few other things and "carried on" one or two home responsibilities, but aside from these fragments she did nothing—absolutely nothing.

8th. Because, we were only joking when we said we believed that all governments derived their just powers from the consent of the governed, and were bludging when we claimed to be fighting this war for democracy.

9th. Because, she was such a slacker in this war and our unnaturalized aliens helped us so much that she ought to continue to be without the vote and we ought to continue to let our aliens, who were so loyal to their old countries, continue to honor us with their ballots. It makes the other nations have so much higher regard for us and makes us feel so proud of ourselves when we stop to think about it.

10th. There are a hundred more reasons, all exactly as good as these, but these are enough.

## Woman Teaches in Harvard Medical College

Harvard University has at last broken away from the old New England prejudice and appointed a woman upon its faculty to teach the men medical students the important subject of industrial diseases. For years women have taken a keener interest in the problems concerning the health of working people, with the result that when one of our greatest American Universities wanted the best expert on this subject that the world could furnish it called Dr. Alice Hamilton of Hull House, Chicago. It is funny, isn't it, that the greatest American University selects a woman to teach industrial diseases to men and yet Texas would not allow that woman to vote on any law regulating the health conditions of workers? On May 24th we are going to put an end to that absurdity and let our State have the benefit of the intelligence of both men and women in making its laws and selecting its officers.

Vote for the suffrage Amendment.



# LEADING MEN OF STATE AND NATION ENDORSE WOMAN SUFFRAGE

## Recognized Thinkers From Every Walk of Life Give Reasons for Their Faith

### PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON:

"I intend to vote for Woman Suffrage in New Jersey, because I believe that the time has come to extend that privilege and responsibility to the women of the nation."

### HON. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN:

"When the cause is known there will be wholesale abandonment of the opposition, for the most active opponents cannot give their real reason for opposing it without driving all the virtuous elements in society to the support of woman suffrage."

### HON. ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State:

"I may say that I am supporting the President in all his policies, and he is well known to be working for the suffrage amendment and desires its passage."

### HON. WILLIAM G. McADOO, Secretary of the Treasury:

"The American women have made a game fight and a fair fight for suffrage, and are entitled to win. The right to vote may, and I hope will, strengthen the power of women to assist in bringing about many social and moral reforms."

### HON. W. B. WILSON, Secretary of Labor:

"I am for woman suffrage because I believe that every mature person of sound mind should have a voice in determining the law."

### HON. NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War:

"I had no opinion on the subject, one way or the other, until it became a question within the range of my own opportunity for political action. There seemed to be no greater reasons against extending suffrage to women than there had been against earlier extensions among men which eliminated property and educational tests. I had long believed that 'the cure for the ills of democracy is more democracy' and because woman suffrage was fundamental in its justice I became not only an adherent but an advocate of the cause."

### HON. JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy:

"I have been for many years in favor of giving the franchise to the women of our country and believe that it will eventually be universal."

### HON. D. F. HOUSTON, Secretary of Agriculture:

"The women of the United States are quite as much interested in their country as the men and have as much at stake in the successful operation of its governmental machinery. On every occasion they have evinced a patriotic willingness to make any sacrifice and to endure any hardships for the promotion of its highest interests. The patriotism, self-control, and intelligent action of women in the present emergency lend additional support to the argument and should dispel any doubts fair-minded men may have entertained as to the wisdom of enfranchising them."

### HON. FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary of the Interior:

"Because of the great numbers of women in industry and other need for their protection, I feel that the suffrage amendment should be passed now. Its passage is inevitable. It should not be delayed."

### HON. CHAMP CLARK, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"Woman suffrage is as inevitable as the rising of tomorrow's sun." "I have been for it ever since I got the hang of the Declaration of Independence."

### HON. THOS. WATT GREGORY, Attorney General:

"I have heard no argument against the right of women to vote which seems to me to be entitled to respect."

### HON. C. A. CULBERSON, United States Senator for Texas:

"I favor the adoption of the amendment to our State Constitution giving women the full right to vote upon the broad ground that as a part of the general citizenship of the State they are so affected by taxation and good government generally as to be entitled to this right."

### HON. MORRIS SHEPPARD, U. S. Senator for Texas:

"Texas will have an opportunity on May 24 to give the women of Texas a voice in the government of Texas. Without the sacrifices and services of women the great war for world democracy could not have been won. Shall we prove false to the principle of democracy in this hour of triumph? Shall we deny its application to those who helped to save it? Shall we deny to half our own people of voting age the priceless privilege of self-government? Let our answer on May 24 be the enfranchisement of Texas women and the establishment of real democracy in Texas."

### GOVERNOR W. P. HOBBY:

"Suffrage should be given the women of Texas because it is democratic and means our State Government will more truly rest upon the consent of the governed. Partial suffrage already prevails and full suffrage, therefore, will be but a more complete expression of the will of the Democratic party."

"There could be no more fitting time to take women into full partnership at the ballot box than in the period of reconstruction following the world war which women so substantially helped to win."

"I prefer to have the right of suffrage conferred upon the women by the male voters of Texas rather than by the Federal amendment which will be adopted by the present Congress."

"I hope the vote in favor of the equal suffrage amendment will be overwhelming on May 24."

### LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR W. A. JOHNSON:

"I feel that the great war has emphasized more than any other one thing the necessity and justice in extending to the good women of the state on a parity with men the right to a say in the management of the affairs of the state. The women proved to be our very best soldiers, both at home and on the battlefield. Not only this but they gave us their lifeblood in the persons of their sons to die on the fields of France and Flanders. Surely the noble men of Texas will not fail to place in them this one little confidence. There never was a more opportune time to reward faithfulness. The equal suffrage amendment must pass."

### HON. ROBERT EWING THOMASON, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"I am for woman suffrage because it is founded on right and justice. It has long been said that taxation without representation is unjust, and yet woman's property has been taxed to help finance the government; woman's energy has been taxed to run the homes, schools and churches; and woman's patriotism has been voluntarily taxed to fight and win the battles of our country."

"If woman is good enough to knit the socks, cook without sugar, sell Liberty Bonds and War Stamps, work on the farms and in the munition factories, minister to the sick and dying on the battlefields, and give birth to and rear the knightliest sons that every fought for freedom, then she is good enough to vote."

"The least the men can do is to give women only their rights."

### HON. W. M. KEY, Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals:

"Equal suffrage is right and just. Woman has as much interest as man in the laws by which the lives and property of herself and her children are regulated; and, therefore, justice demands that she be permitted to participate in the selection of those who make and administer the laws. In a democracy the government derives its just powers from the consent of the people; and the ballot is the method by which such consent is expressed. Women are people; and, therefore they should have the same means as men have for expressing their will."

### HON. T. C. JENNINGS, Commissioner of Labor:

"Women should be given the vote because it is essentially democratic, and no government can become a real democracy which denies to half of its citizenship the right of suffrage."

"She has assumed a new status in our industrial life, and is sharing the burdens of government with her brother man. She has demonstrated her patriotic and intellectual equality with the male half of our citizenship. Her participation in politics and the affairs of government will have a purifying effect, and tend toward higher ideals; suffrage is, therefore her right, and should not be doled out as a privilege."

### FRED W. DAVIS, Commissioner of Agriculture:

"Every sane person subject to the laws of a commonwealth should have a voice in making the laws governing such commonwealth and in selecting those who are to administer same."

"Man's work and woman's work are fundamentally classified by nature and long usage. Our laws are designed, however, to cover the duties and responsibilities of both spheres, and the respective public interest of both sexes will follow their inclinations and responsibilities. The public thought of men is differentiated. Some men are primarily interested in legislation covering finance, some jurisprudence, some agriculture, etc. Women will naturally take public interest in laws regulating the conditions of the home, the school, the work shop, etc., such interest not only being proper, but in many cases, badly needed."

"I would deprecate any material change in the relation of the sexes, but would, through her vote, have women's thought and influence more fully reflected in the rules of action by which we are governed, politically and socially."

### PRESIDENT S. P. BROOKS, of Baylor University:

"It would be a shame for foreigners who are aliens in thought and sympathy to continue to have privileges that our Texas women are not allowed to have. For my part I am unwilling to strike back at our women who have done so much to win the war. I vote for equal suffrage."

### BISHOP EDWIN D. MOUZON:

"I shall vote for the amendment. I believe that the vote cast by the women of Texas in the primaries last year was the cleanest, the most intelligent, and the most independent vote ever cast in Texas."

"The women of the state by the public service they have rendered have clearly won the right to what they ask. The argument has been made; the people have made up their minds; we only await the opportunity of casting the vote which shall settle this question in Texas."

### PRESIDENT ROBT. E. VINSON, of the University of Texas:

"Women, in my judgment, are as fully qualified, both by nature and by training, as men to exercise the right of suffrage, and there is no argument, apart from the purely sentimental one against their having this privilege."

"For many years the states of the American union have been training women on an equal footing with men, spending great amounts of money on their education and fitting them for the duties of active citizenship. Why the state should not now avail itself of the results of its own policy of education and thus secure additional advantages from the expenditures which it has made, is beyond my comprehension. I sincerely trust that the constitutional amendment will carry by overwhelming vote on May 24."

### HON. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, President of the Texas State Federation of Labor:

"I am in favor of universal suffrage, and that the law should be so changed that all citizens would be given the right to vote without any financial requirements."

"This is my definition of real democracy. What a blot on our patriotism that the boys who fought the battles for freedom and democracy are denied the franchise, because they had not paid the tax of one dollar and seventy-five cents."

### HON. W. A. FRASER, Sovereign Commander, Woodmen of the World:

"Don't let your prejudices govern your vote. Face the question squarely."

"Surely no higher type of intelligence, of loyalty and of devotion to our national ideals is to be found anywhere than in the South. So in the spirit of fair play and of justice and democracy let the manhood of Texas and of the South welcome the fair women of the South as equal partners in shaping the future policies of State and Nation."

"My work is for the protection of the home, and the State and Nation need fear no danger when the queen of the home is on guard at the ballot box."

### HON. SAM P. COCHRAN:

"I am heartily in favor of equal suffrage for the women of our state; believing that the intelligent woman is just as well qualified to participate in the government of matters political, social and economic as the average man, and even better qualified than many men, who have not had equal educational advantages. The influence of the educated women of our state will be a potent factor in the purification of politics in the State of Texas, as well as in the Nation."

Francis E. Clark, President of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

"I have seen the operation of woman suffrage in New Zealand and other parts of the world, and my belief in it has been strengthened."

William Jennings Bryan:

"I ask no political rights myself that I am not willing to grant my wife."

## YOUR PLATFORM—STAND BY IT MAY 24th

### If You Are a Democrat.

"We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men."—Adopted at the National Democratic Convention, St. Louis, July, 1916.

### If You Are a Republican.

"The Republican Party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, favors the extension of the suffrage to women as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of this country, but recognizes the right of each State to settle the question for itself."—Adopted at the National Republican Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Progressive.

"We believe the women of the country, who share with men the burdens of government in time of peace and make equal sacrifice in time of war, should be given the full political right of suffrage, both by Federal and State action."—Adopted at the National Progressive Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Prohibitionist.

"The right of citizens of the United States to vote should not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex. We declare in favor of the enfranchisement of women by amendment to State and Federal constitutions."

### If You Are a Socialist.

"Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women."—Adopted at the Socialist Convention, Indianapolis, May, 1912.

### THE MAGIC MILK PITCHER.

Suppose some good fairy should come to you and promise an abundance of any food you should choose, —or an evil fairy should come and threaten to allow you just one food. Wise you will be, in either case, if you select—a never-empty milk pitcher.

For there's magic in milk; magic for the building of strong, healthy bodies; magic that will correct many mistakes in the choice and combination of food materials; mysterious substances that promote growth, and mystery in the simplicity the feeding problem assumes when plenty of milk is available.

Milk will take the place of meat. We eat meat chiefly for its protein, or body-building substance. A quart of milk furnishes as much protein as a third of a pound of lean meat, and its proteins are of better quality and more readily used by the body than those of meat. Don't forget that skim milk and buttermilk are just as good substitutes for meat, as whole milk.

Milk will replace bread, butter, sugar, or any of the foods that we use to furnish our energy. It is from the oxidizing, or burning, of foods in the body that we get our muscular energy. A quart of milk will give as much energy as half a pound of bread, one-fourth pound of butter, or twelve tablespoons of sugar. And this is in addition to the body-building material mentioned above.

Milk is our greatest source of calcium (lime.) It is particularly important that growing children have plenty of lime for the making of bones and teeth. Rickets (soft bones) result from an insufficient supply of lime. Lime is also essential for grown-ups. Most of our every-day foods contain only very small amounts of lime, but a pint of milk a day will guarantee a sufficient supply to adults, and a quart of milk a day will meet the greater need of children. Besides calcium, milk contains many other minerals that the body needs.

Milk contains special growth-promoting substances. We have found, by feeding experiments with animals, that there are two particular substances that must be present in any diet that will produce normal growth. In plants one of the substances is apt to be found in abundance in the seed, and the other in the stems and leaves. But both are found in great abundance in milk. Growing children should always have a sufficient supply of these growth-promoting substances.

There is just one element of a complete diet lacking in milk. It does not contain sufficient iron, and so it must be supplemented by iron-containing foods. Fresh fruits and vegetables, especially the green vegetables, supply large amounts of iron, and, since they contain also vegetable fiber, which guards against constipation, they form an ideal supplement for milk. With a cow and a vegetable garden the family should "live happily ever after," as far as the food problem is concerned.

So great is the value of milk and vegetables in the diet that it is almost impossible to have a wrong diet when plenty of milk and vegetables are furnished. No less an authority than Doctor McCollum, probably the greatest expert on diet in America, states that we are not justified in spending a cent of money for meat until every adult has a pint and every child under sixteen has a quart of milk a day, and that the amount of money spent for fresh fruits and vegetables should at least equal that spent for meat.

"There can be little doubt that the suffrage question.....did contribute very materially to build up the confidence, the willingness to undertake responsibility and face hardship that has been so abundantly displayed by every class of woman.... At every sort of occupation they have been found efficient beyond precedent and intelligent beyond precedent.....These women have won the vote."

H. G. WELLS.

## A Few of the Many Indorsements

### PRESBYTERIANS WANT WOMEN'S VOTES IN NATIONAL CRISIS.

On May 25th, the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, meeting in Dallas, Texas, for its Annual General Assembly, passed with a large favoring majority the following woman suffrage resolution:

"Whereas in our history, the influence of women has been invaluable in all such moral reforms as temperance and honest government; and, Whereas, the Presbyterian Church believes in utilizing every possible force in the new and larger work lying before this country; and, Whereas, we recognize that Christian wives and mothers should be given an opportunity to assist in the great work of introducing into civic life more of the true spirit of practical Christianity; therefore,

Be it resolved that we, the Commissioners to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, assert our belief in the justice, wisdom and righteousness of the enfranchisement of the women of our country."

### EQUAL SUFFRAGE IS INDORSED BY TEXAS BAPTISTS

By almost unanimous vote, and without a dissenting voice, woman suffrage was indorsed today by 5,000 Texas and Southern Baptists at the morning session (November 24, 1917) of the Baptist General Convention of Texas at the First Baptist Church.

The resolution was presented by Dr. George W. Truett of Dallas, and included a pledge of the members for a loyal stand behind the President and the Government in the prosecution of the war "against autocracy, as expressed in all ecclesiastical and political systems."

"And we look with grateful favor upon the rapid conversion of the American people to the principle of the infeasible right of women to express their convictions at the ballot box along with their brothers."

### HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL GIBBONS:

"The Church has taken no official attitude on the subject, but leaves the matter to the good judgment of her children as to what they think best. The statement that the Church is opposed to the enfranchisement of women is incorrect."

### REV. J. ELLIOT ROSS, Ph.D., C.S.P., Austin, Texas:

"There is no argument against equal suffrage. When you carry the war into the enemy's country and demand an argument against votes for women that does not equally apply to votes for men, you get only inconclusive vaporings."

### TEXAS FARMERS' CONGRESS INDORSES WOMAN SUFFRAGE

"RESOLVED, That the Texas Farmers' Congress expresses itself as favoring equal suffrage for all citizens of Texas."

Adopted unanimously by the 16th Farmers' Congress of Texas, at College Station, July, 1913.

### THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

"Resolved, that the American Federation of Labor, in convention assembled, considers this injustice no longer tolerable, and demands on behalf of the working people of the United States that the United States Senate take immediate action to enfranchise the women of the Nation by passing the Federal Suffrage Amendment now pending in that body."

### THE MACCABEES INDORSE EQUAL SUFFRAGE. RESOLUTION

Ladies of the Modern Maccabees, which represents over 50,000 women, has re-affirmed its allegiance to the cause of woman suffrage, in the following resolution passed at its recent biennial review in Grand Rapids, Mich., in July, 1916.

Resolved, That the convention officially endorses national woman suffrage and will stand at all times ready to aid fulfillment of its purpose.

### Abraham Lincoln:

"I go for all sharing the privileges of the government who assist in bearing its burdens, by no means excluding women."

### WOODROW WILSON:

"The services of women during this supreme crisis of the world's history have been of the most signal usefulness and distinction. The war could not have been fought without them, or its sacrifices endured. It is high time that some part of our debt of gratitude to them should be acknowledged and paid, and the only acknowledgement they ask is their admission to the suffrage. Can we justly refuse it?"

VOTE FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH



# LEADING MEN OF STATE AND NATION ENDORSE WOMAN SUFFRAGE

## Recognized Thinkers From Every Walk of Life Give Reasons for Their Faith

### PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON:

"I intend to vote for Woman Suffrage in New Jersey, because I believe that the time has come to extend that privilege and responsibility to the women of the nation."

### HON. WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN:

"When the cause is known there will be wholesale abandonment of the opposition, for the most active opponents cannot give their real reason for opposing it without driving all the virtuous elements in society to the support of woman suffrage."

### HON. ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State:

"I may say that I am supporting the President in all his policies, and he is well known to be working for the suffrage amendment and desires its passage."

### HON. WILLIAM G. McADOO, Secretary of the Treasury:

"The American women have made a game fight and a fair fight for suffrage, and are entitled to win. The right to vote may, and I hope will, strengthen the power of women to assist in bringing about many social and moral reforms."

### HON. W. B. WILSON, Secretary of Labor:

"I am for woman suffrage because I believe that every mature person of sound mind should have a voice in determining the law."

### HON. NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War:

"I had no opinion on the subject, one way or the other, until it became a question within the range of my own opportunity for political action. There seemed to be no greater reasons against extending suffrage to women than there had been against earlier extensions among men which eliminated property and educational tests. I had long believed that the cure for the ills of democracy is more democracy, and because woman suffrage was fundamental in its justice I became not only an adherent but an advocate of the cause."

### HON. JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of the Navy:

"I have been for many years in favor of giving the franchise to the women of our country and believe that it will eventually be universal."

### HON. D. F. HOUSTON, Secretary of Agriculture:

"The women of the United States are quite as much interested in their country as the men and have as much at stake in the successful operation of its governmental machinery. On every occasion they have evinced a patriotic willingness to make any sacrifice and to endure any hardships for the promotion of its highest interests. The patriotism, self-control, and intelligent action of women in the present emergency lend additional support to the argument and should dispel any doubts fair-minded men may have entertained as to the wisdom of enfranchising them."

### HON. FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary of the Interior:

"Because of the great numbers of women in industry and other need for their protection, I feel that the suffrage amendment should be passed now. Its passage is inevitable. It should not be delayed."

### HON. CHAMP CLARK, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"Woman suffrage is as inevitable as the rising of tomorrow's sun." "I have been for it ever since I got the hang of the Declaration of Independence."

### HON. THOS. WATT GREGORY, Attorney General:

"I have heard no argument against the right of women to vote which seems to me to be entitled to respect."

### HON. C. A. CULBERSON, United States Senator for Texas:

"I favor the adoption of the amendment to our State Constitution giving women the full right to vote upon the broad ground that as a part of the general citizenship of the State they are so affected by taxation and good government generally as to be entitled to this right."

### HON. MORRIS SHEPPARD, U. S. Senator for Texas:

"Texas will have an opportunity on May 24 to give the women of Texas a voice in the government of Texas. Without the sacrifices and services of women the great war for world democracy could not have been won. Shall we prove false to the principle of democracy in this hour of triumph? Shall we deny its application to those who helped to save it? Shall we deny to half our own people of voting age the priceless privilege of self-government? Let our answer on May 24 be the enfranchisement of Texas women and the establishment of real democracy in Texas."

### GOVERNOR W. P. HOBBY:

"Suffrage should be given the women of Texas because it is democratic and means our State Government will more truly rest upon the consent of the governed. Partial suffrage already prevails and full suffrage, therefore, will be but a more complete expression of the will of the Democratic party."

"There could be no more fitting time to take women into full partnership at the ballot box than in the period of reconstruction following the world war which women so substantially helped to win."

"I prefer to have the right of suffrage conferred upon the women by the male voters of Texas rather than by the Federal amendment which will be adopted by the present Congress."

"I hope the vote in favor of the equal suffrage amendment will be overwhelming on May 24."

### LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR W. A. JOHNSON:

"I feel that the great war has emphasized more than any other one thing the necessity and justice in extending to the good women of the state on a parity with men the right to a say in the management of the affairs of the state. The women proved to be our very best soldiers, both at home and on the battlefield. Not only this but they gave us their lifeblood in the persons of their sons to die on the fields of France and Flanders. Surely the noble men of Texas will not fail to place in them this one little confidence. There never was a more opportune time to reward faithfulness. The equal suffrage amendment must pass."

### HON. ROBERT EWING THOMASON, Speaker of the House of Representatives:

"I am for woman suffrage because it is founded on right and justice. It has long been said that taxation without representation is unjust, and yet woman's property has been taxed to help finance the government; woman's energy has been taxed to run the homes, schools and churches; and woman's patriotism has been voluntarily taxed to fight and win the battles of our country."

"If woman is good enough to knit the socks, cook without sugar, sell Liberty Bonds and War Stamps, work on the farms and in the munition factories, minister to the sick and dying on the battlefields, and give birth to and rear the knightliest sons that every fought for freedom, then she is good enough to vote."

"The least the men can do is to give women only their rights."

### HON. W. M. KEY, Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals:

"Equal suffrage is right and just. Woman has as much interest as man in the laws by which the lives and property of herself and her children are regulated; and, therefore, justice demands that she be permitted to participate in the selection of those who make and administer the laws. In a democracy the government derives its just powers from the consent of the people; and the ballot is the method by which such consent is expressed. Women are people; and, therefore they should have the same means as men have for expressing their will."

### HON. T. C. JENNINGS, Commissioner of Labor:

"Women should be given the vote because it is essentially democratic, and no government can become a real democracy which denies to half of its citizenship the right of suffrage."

"She has assumed a new status in our industrial life, and is sharing the burdens of government with her brother man. She has demonstrated her patriotic and intellectual equality with the male half of our citizenship. Her participation in politics and the affairs of government will have a purifying effect, and tend toward higher ideals; suffrage is, therefore her right, and should not be doled out as a privilege."

### FRED W. DAVIS, Commissioner of Agriculture:

"Every sane person subject to the laws of a commonwealth should have a voice in making the laws governing such commonwealth and in selecting those who are to administer same."

"Man's work and woman's work are fundamentally classified by nature and long usage. Our laws are designed, however, to cover the duties and responsibilities of both spheres, and the respective public interest of both sexes will follow their inclinations and responsibilities. The public thought of men is differentiated. Some men are primarily interested in legislation covering finance, some jurisprudence, some agriculture, etc. Women will naturally take public interest in laws regulating the conditions of the home, the school, the work shop, etc., such interest not only being proper, but in many cases, badly needed."

"I would deprecate any material change in the relation of the sexes, but would, through her vote, have women's thought and influence more fully reflected in the rules of action by which we are governed, politically and socially."

### PRESIDENT S. P. BROOKS, of Baylor University:

"It would be a shame for foreigners who are aliens in thought and sympathy to continue to have privileges that our Texas women are not allowed to have. For my part I am unwilling to strike back at our women who have done so much to win the war. I vote for equal suffrage."

### BISHOP EDWIN D. MOUZON:

"I shall vote for the amendment. I believe that the vote cast by the women of Texas in the primaries last year was the cleanest, the most intelligent, and the most independent vote ever cast in Texas."

"The women of the state by the public service they have rendered have clearly won the right to what they ask. The argument has been made; the people have made up their minds; we only await the opportunity of casting the vote which shall settle this question in Texas."

### PRESIDENT ROBT. E. VINSON, of the University of Texas:

"Women, in my judgment, are as fully qualified, both by nature and by training, as men to exercise the right of suffrage, and there is no argument, apart from the purely sentimental one against their having this privilege."

"For many years the states of the American union have been training women on an equal footing with men, spending great amounts of money on their education and fitting them for the duties of active citizenship. Why the state should not now avail itself of the results of its own policy of education and thus secure additional advantages from the expenditures which it has made, is beyond my comprehension. I sincerely trust that the constitutional amendment will carry by overwhelming vote on May 24."

### HON. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, President of the Texas State Federation of Labor:

"I am in favor of universal suffrage, and that the law should be so changed that all citizens would be given the right to vote without any financial requirements."

"This is my definition of real democracy. What a blot on our patriotism that the boys who fought the battles for freedom and democracy are denied the franchise, because they had not paid the tax of one dollar and seventy-five cents."

### HON. W. A. FRASER, Sovereign Commander, Woodmen of the World:

"Don't let your prejudices govern your vote. Face the question squarely."

"Surely no higher type of intelligence, of loyalty and of devotion to our national ideals is to be found anywhere than in the South. So in the spirit of fair play and of justice and democracy let the manhood of Texas and of the South welcome the fair women of the South as equal partners in shaping the future policies of State and Nation."

"My work is for the protection of the home, and the State and Nation need fear no danger when the queen of the home is on guard at the ballot box."

### HON. SAM P. COCHRAN:

"I am heartily in favor of equal suffrage for the women of our state, believing that the intelligent woman is just as well qualified to participate in the government of matters political, social and economic as the average man, and even better qualified than many men, who have not had equal educational advantages. The influence of the educated women of our state will be a potent factor in the purification of politics in the State of Texas, as well as in the Nation."

Francis E. Clark, President of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

"I have seen the operation of woman suffrage in New Zealand and other parts of the world, and my belief in it has been strengthened."

William Jennings Bryan:

"I ask no political rights myself that I am not willing to grant my wife."

## YOUR PLATFORM—STAND BY IT MAY 24th

### If You Are a Democrat.

"We recommend the extension of the franchise to the women of the country by the States upon the same terms as to men."—Adopted at the National Democratic Convention, St. Louis, July, 1916.

### If You Are a Republican.

"The Republican Party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, favors the extension of the suffrage to women as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of this country, but recognizes the right of each State to settle the question for itself."—Adopted at the National Republican Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Progressive.

"We believe the women of the country, who share with men the burdens of government in time of peace and make equal sacrifice in time of war, should be given the full political right of suffrage, both by Federal and State action."—Adopted at the National Progressive Convention, Chicago, June, 1916.

### If You Are a Prohibitionist.

"The right of citizens of the United States to vote should not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex. We declare in favor of the enfranchisement of women by amendment to State and Federal constitutions."

### If You Are a Socialist.

"Unrestricted and equal suffrage for men and women."—Adopted at the Socialist Convention, Indianapolis, May, 1912.

### THE MAGIC MILK PITCHER.

Suppose some good fairy should come to you and promise an abundance of any food you should choose. —or an evil fairy should come and threaten to allow you just one food. Wise you will be, in either case, if you select—a never-empty milk pitcher.

For there's magic in milk; magic for the building of strong, healthy bodies; magic that will correct many mistakes in the choice and combination of food materials; mysterious substances that promote growth, and mystery in the simplicity the feeding problem assumes when plenty of milk is available.

Milk will take the place of meat. We eat meat chiefly for its protein, or body-building substance. A quart of milk furnishes as much protein as a third of a pound of lean meat, and its proteins are of better quality and more readily used by the body than those of meat. Don't forget that skim milk and buttermilk are just as good substitutes for meat, as whole milk.

Milk will replace bread, butter, sugar, or any of the foods that we use to furnish our energy. It is from the oxidizing, or burning, of foods in the body that we get our muscular energy. A quart of milk will give as much energy as half a pound of bread, one-fourth pound of butter, or twelve tablespoons of sugar. And this is in addition to the body-building material mentioned above.

Milk is our greatest source of calcium (lime). It is particularly important that growing children have plenty of lime for the making of bones and teeth. Rickets (soft bones) result from an insufficient supply of lime. Lime is also essential for grown-ups. Most of our every-day foods contain only very small amounts of lime, but a pint of milk a day will guarantee a sufficient supply to adults, and a quart of milk a day will meet the greater needs of children. Besides calcium, milk contains many other minerals that the body needs.

Milk contains special growth-promoting substances. We have found, by feeding experiments with animals, that there are two particular substances that must be present in any diet that will produce normal growth. In plants one of the substances is apt to be found in abundance in the seed, and the other in the stems and leaves. But both are found in great abundance in milk. Growing children should always have a sufficient supply of these growth-promoting substances.

There is just one element of a complete diet lacking in milk. It does not contain sufficient iron, and so it must be supplemented by iron-containing foods. Fresh fruits and vegetables, especially the green vegetables, supply large amounts of iron, and, since they contain also vegetable fiber, which guards against constipation, they form an ideal supplement for milk. With a cow and a vegetable garden the family should "live happily ever after," as far as the food problem is concerned.

So great is the value of milk and vegetables in the diet that it is almost impossible to have a wrong diet when plenty of milk and vegetables are furnished. No less an authority than Doctor McCollum, probably the greatest expert on diet in America, states that we are not justified in spending a cent of money for meat until every adult has a pint and every child under sixteen has a quart of milk a day, and that the amount of money spent for fresh fruits and vegetables should at least equal that spent for meat.

"There can be little doubt that the suffrage question..... did contribute very materially to build up the confidence, the willingness to undertake responsibility and face hardship that has been so abundantly displayed by every class of woman.... At every sort of occupation they have been found efficient beyond precedent and intelligent beyond precedent. ....These women have won the vote."

H. G. WELLS.

## A Few of the Many Indorsements

### PRESBYTERIANS WANT WOMEN'S VOTES IN NATIONAL CRISIS.

On May 25th, the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, meeting in Dallas, Texas, for its Annual General Assembly, passed with a large favoring majority the following woman suffrage resolution:

"Whereas in our history, the influence of women has been invaluable in all such moral reforms as temperance and honest government; and, Whereas, the Presbyterian Church believes in utilizing every possible force in the new and larger work lying before this country; and, Whereas, we recognize that Christian wives and mothers should be given an opportunity to assist in the great work of introducing into civic life more of the true spirit of practical Christianity; therefore,

Be it resolved that we, the Commissioners to the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the United States of America, assert our belief in the justice, wisdom and righteousness of the enfranchisement of the women of our country."

### EQUAL SUFFRAGE IS INDORSED BY TEXAS BAPTISTS

By almost unanimous vote, and without a dissenting voice, woman suffrage was indorsed today by 5,000 Texas and Southern Baptists at the morning session (November 24, 1917) of the Baptist General Convention of Texas at the First Baptist Church.

The resolution was presented by Dr. George W. Truett of Dallas, and included a pledge of the members for a loyal stand behind the President and the Government in the prosecution of the war "against autocracy, as expressed in all ecclesiastical and political systems."

"And we look with grateful favor upon the rapid conversion of the American people to the principle of the indefeasible right of women to express their convictions at the ballot box along with their brothers."

### HIS EMINENCE CARDINAL GIBBONS:

"The Church has taken no official attitude on the subject, but leaves the matter to the good judgment of her children as to what they think best. The statement that the Church is opposed to the enfranchisement of women is incorrect."

### REV. J. ELLIOT ROSS, Ph.D., C.S.P., Austin, Texas:

"There is no argument against equal suffrage. When you carry the war into the enemy's country and demand an argument against votes for women that does not equally apply to votes for men, you get only inconclusive vapors."

### TEXAS FARMERS' CONGRESS INDORSES WOMAN SUFFRAGE

"RESOLVED, That the Texas Farmers' Congress expresses itself as favoring equal suffrage for all citizens of Texas."

Adopted unanimously by the 16th Farmers' Congress of Texas, at College Station, July, 1913.

### THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR.

"Resolved, that the American Federation of Labor, in convention assembled, considers this injustice no longer tolerable, and demands on behalf of the working people of the United States that the United States Senate take immediate action to enfranchise the women of the Nation by passing the Federal Suffrage Amendment now pending in that body."

### THE MACCABEES INDORSE EQUAL SUFFRAGE. RESOLUTION

Ladies of the Modern Maccabees, which represents over 50,000 women, has re-affirmed its allegiance to the cause of woman suffrage, in the following resolution passed at its recent biennial review in Grand Rapids, Mich., in July, 1916.

Resolved, That the convention officially endorses national woman suffrage and will stand at all times ready to aid fulfillment of its purpose.

### Abraham Lincoln:

"I go for all sharing the privileges of the government who assist in bearing its burdens, by no means excluding women."

### WOODROW WILSON:

"The services of women during this supreme crisis of the world's history have been of the most signal usefulness and distinction. The war could not have been fought without them, or its sacrifices endured. It is high time that some part of our debt of gratitude to them should be acknowledged and paid, and the only acknowledgement they ask is their admission to the suffrage. Can we justly refuse it?"

VOTE FOR THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT ON MAY 24TH

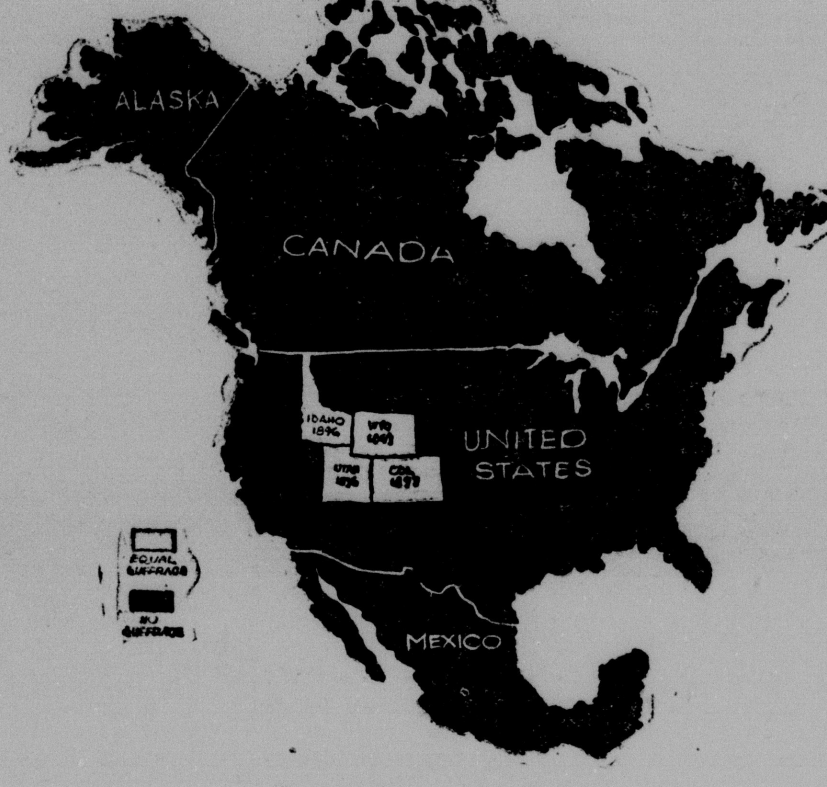


# Sweep of Suffrage Victories

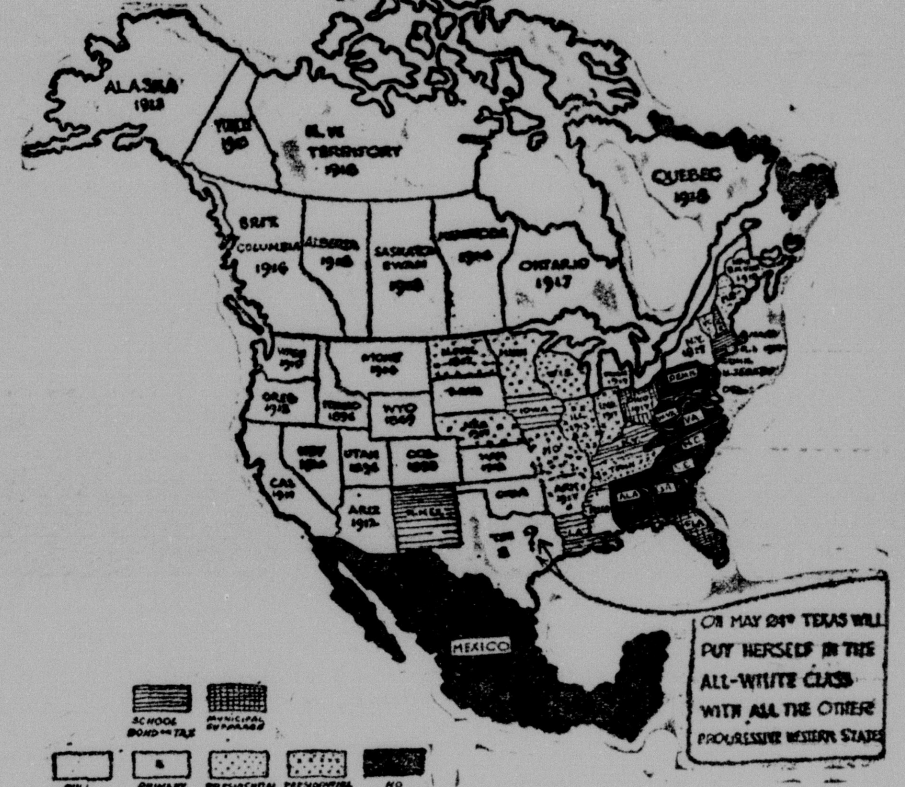
1869



1900



1919



## A Brief History of Woman Suffrage

Wyoming first granted equal suffrage to women in 1869. The movement progressed so slowly in America that by 1900 only three new states had followed Wyoming's example. For the next ten years progress halted entirely, but no state then or since ever turned back. Furthermore, the idea was always taken up by the states that were adjoining a suffrage state and were, therefore, in the best position to know whether suffrage was a blessing or a curse. After 1910, equal suffrage gained rapidly, adding seven states in five years. The effect of the world war has been to further hasten the progress of the movement. The heightened sense of justice and the clearer conception of the meaning of democracy have caused a landslide that has swept all Canada, New York and so many other states that today twenty-six states of our Union, England and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and nearly every civilized state in Europe have either adopted complete equal suffrage or have granted women a considerable voice in the government.

Look at the maps and see how the white wave of democracy and justice has rolled over our Nation with ever-increasing tide during the last eight years. Complete equal suffrage for the whole United States passed the Lower House of the last Congress 274 to 128 votes, and passed the Senate 64 to 33, failing by only one vote to have the two-thirds required for constitutional amendments. Had not two Senators violated the instructions of their legislatures, the Federal Equal Suffrage Amendment would now be passed.

The prudent politician foreseeth a storm and listeneth to the voice of his people, but the foolish man defies the lightning and perisheth! The fair-minded men of Texas want to give equal rights to their sisters and mothers, and they are going to do it on May 24th, regardless of the misrepresentations of the brewers and their hired journalists and spell-binders.

## WHAT DOES WOMAN SUFFRAGE DO FOR PROHIBITION.

The Year-Book of the Anti-Saloon League for 1915 says of Illinois: "The woman suffrage bill has proved to be the most valuable piece of temperance legislation the state has enacted. In one election 1,150 saloons were closed; 900 of these closed on account of majorities found in women's ballot boxes. The woman suffrage law has been of mere value inasmuch as it aided materially in enforcing the law."

If you really believe in permanent prohibition and in having it enforced, then the surest plan you can follow is to vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th. Be not deceived, the brewers and booze ring are not dead—not even sleeping. They know what they are doing when they support the sending out of tons of false statements about suffrage and brutal slanders of the devoted patriotic

## WHO SAYS THE IRISH LOVE A FIGHT?

A general inspecting some front-line trenches one morning after a terrific bombardment found an Irishman standing guard at a trench observation post, knee-deep in chilly mud and water with his own head bandaged and the wounded lying about in various degrees of manglement and everyone tired, hungry, sleepy and half frozen in the midst of desolation left by the artillery fire. In a burst of sympathy he remarked, "Pat, this a h-ll of a war isn't it?" "Yes, General, but you'll admit it is better than no war at all, won't you?"

women leading the suffrage movement!

Mr. Prohibitionist if the old brewery and booze gang is fighting woman suffrage tooth and nail, what's your play?

Don't forget to answer on May 24th.

## What Women Have Said They Want to Vote?

2,000,000 WOMEN OF THE NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION  
2,500,000 WOMEN OF THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMAN'S CLUBS  
THE NATIONAL WOMAN'S TRADES UNION LEAGUE  
THE AMERICAN COLLEGIATE ALUMNAE  
THE AMERICAN NURSES ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF BUSINESS WOMEN  
THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION  
THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR  
AND NUMBERLESS CHURCHES, GRANGES, AND SMALLER GROUPS  
AND 385,000 TEXAS WOMEN REGISTERED TO VOTE LAST SUMMER BY A VERY INCONVENIENT PLAN IN 16 DAYS!

The antis make a great fuss over the fact that not many women paid their poll tax to vote this year. But they fail to mention that there is no primary this year and therefore the women have nothing to vote for and no reason to qualify to vote.

But the antis don't mention that last year 385,000 women registered for voting in 16 days when they had a vote in the primary and had a chance to help the good men purge the state of political corruption!

## What Laws Have Women Helped to Put on the Statute Books?

	COMMISSION TO REGULATE HOURS, WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS	CHILD LABOR LAW—14 YEAR LIMIT	COMPULSORY EDUCATION	8 HOUR DAY FOR WOMEN	MINIMUM WAGE	MOTHERS' PENSIONS	EQUAL GUARDIAN LAW	AGE OF CONSENT 16 YEARS	RED LIGHT ABATEMENT	PROHIBITION
STATES HAVING EQUAL SUFFRAGE—TOTAL SCORE 79										
COLORADO										
CALIFORNIA										
WASHINGTON										
UTAH										
NEVADA										
WYOMING										
MONTANA										
IDAHO										
ARIZONA										
OREGON										
KANSAS										
STATES WITHOUT EQUAL SUFFRAGE—TOTAL SCORE 29										
FLORIDA										
GEORGIA										
ALABAMA										
LOUISIANA										
DELAWARE										
MISSISSIPPI										
N. CAROLINA										
S. CAROLINA										
VIRGINIA										
VERMONT										

The black squares indicate that the State does not have the law indicated at the top of the corresponding column. Florida, for example, has none of the ten laws except the child labor law, while Colorado and Kansas have all, and California all except prohibition.

There is no need to guess and theorize about what woman would do if she had the ballot, for woman has had the ballot for more than a generation in one State and for nearly a generation in several others. She has not corrected in one generation all the evils that man struggled with without success for a thousand years, but she has had already a pronounced effect on legislation relating to education, to the protection of children, of women, of labor, of morals and of the home. The above chart shows that the ten old suffrage States—some of these having had suffrage only a few years—score 79 points out of a possible hundred in the matter of having enacted the ten laws relating to education, women, children, morals and home, while the ten old States without equal suffrage and most hostile to it score only 29 points.

Colorado, which has had equal suffrage for 25 years has been the leader of the nation in legislation protecting the child. The Interparliamentary Union, composed of leading public men and women of many nations who travelled the world over studying the laws and public life of the different nations and states, makes the statement that: "Colorado has the sanest, the most humane, the most progressive, most scientific laws relating to the child to be found in any statute books in the world."

Every one of these laws has been enacted since the women were given the ballot and enacted by the support of the women.

Furthermore, suffrage in these States has not "broken up the home" nor "made woman mannish" nor brought any of the awful evils the antis predict. There is not a single case on record in fifty years of equal suffrage of the vote causing a divorce, while there are records of thousands of divorces caused by low wages, drinking, red light districts and other such evils which woman's vote helps always to put an end to.

The unanswerable fact is that after the men of Idaho, Utah and Colorado had seen the working of suffrage for 26 years in the adjoining State of Wyoming they gave the ballot to their own women. Then, after seeing the results of suffrage in these four neighboring States for about twenty years, practically all the States around these four gave their women the ballot.

Doesn't anybody know that the millions of men in these States would never have given their wives and daughters the ballot if they had not seen that it did good and not harm in the adjoining States? No State has ever yet tried equal suffrage and then given it up. It is the adjoining States, the ones in the best position to see its effects, that have voted woman suffrage upon themselves. This mighty wave has swept practically everything from the Pacific to the Mississippi River and is now flowing rapidly over the Eastern States.

Texas will give her women the full suffrage on May 24th and give the force of her mighty power and influence to this great wave of liberty and justice.

## VALUE OF AN EDUCATION

### Every Day Spent in School Pays the Child Nine Dollars

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

#### HERE IS THE PROOF:

Uneducated Laborers Earn on the Average \$500 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$20,000. High School Graduates Earn on the Average \$1000 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$40,000. This Education Required 12 Years of School of 180 Days Each, a Total of 2160 days in School.

If 2160 Days at School Add \$20,000 to the Income for Life, Then Each Day at School Adds \$9.02.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

The Child That Stays Out of School to Earn Less Than 2.00 a Day Is Losing Money, Not Making Money.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

### WHAT FOUR YEARS IN SCHOOL PAID

Wages of Two Groups of Brooklyn Citizens

When—	Those Who Left School at 14 (Yearly Salary)	Those Who Left School at 18 (Yearly Salary)
14 Years of Age \$200	\$0	\$0
16 " " \$250	\$0	\$0
18 " " \$350	\$500	\$500
20 " " \$475	\$750	\$750
22 " " \$575	\$1000	\$1000
24 " " \$600	\$1150	\$1150
26 " " \$688	\$1550	\$1550

Total Salary 11 Years .....\$5112.50  
Total Salary 7 Years .....\$727.50

Notice that at 25 years of age the better educated boys are receiving \$900 per year more salary, and have already, in 7 years, received \$2250 more than the boys who left school at 14 years have received for eleven years' work.

IT PAYS TO CONTINUE YOUR STUDIES

### Education Increases Productive Power

Massachusetts Gave Her Citizens 7 Years' Schooling

The United States Gave Her Citizens 4.4 Years' Schooling

Tennessee Gave Her Citizens 3 Years' Schooling

Massachusetts Citizens Produced Per Capita \$260 Per Year

Citizens of the United States Produced Per Capita \$170 Per Year

Tennessee Citizens Produced Per Capita \$116 Per Year

It Pays the State to Educate

### SCHOOLS A PAYING INVESTMENT FOR THE STATE

Massachusetts Spent \$13,889,838.00 or \$38.55 Per Pupil on Education.

Tennessee Spent \$1,628,313.00, or \$4.68 Per Pupil, On Education During the Same Year.

That Year Massachusetts Citizens Produced on the Average \$144 Each More Than Did Tennessee Citizens, or a Total of \$403,969,824.00 More Than Tennessee.

If Massachusetts Gives 12 Million Dollars More to Schools and Her Better Educated Citizens Produce 403 Million Dollars More Per Year, How Much Profit Does That State Make On Her Investment in Education?

EDUCATION IS NOT A CHARITY BUT THE BEST PAYING INVESTMENT

### DISTINGUISHED MEN OF AMERICA and their EDUCATION

With No Schooling Of 5 Million, Only 31 Attained Distinction

With Elementary Schooling Of 33 Million, 808 Attained Distinction

With High-School Education Of 2 Million, 1245 Attained Distinction

With College Education Of 1 Million, 5768 Attained Distinction

The child with no schooling has one chance in 150,000 of performing distinguished service; with elementary education he has four times the chance, with high-school education, 87 times the chance; with college education, 200 times the chance.

WHAT IS YOUR CHILD'S CHANCE?

### What Education Paid University of Texas Graduates

Salaries earned by the class of 1903:

ACADEMIC (Men)  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$686 \$2111 \$2523

ACADEMIC (Women)  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$569 \$843 \$1015

LAW  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$663 \$1915 \$3813

ENGINEERS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$857 \$1430 \$2008

PHARMACISTS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$626 \$1250 \$1850

DOCTORS  
First Year First Year First Year  
\$1092 \$2750 \$4467

One-third of the Students of the University of Texas Work their Way Through



# Sweep of Suffrage Victories



## A Brief History of Woman Suffrage

Wyoming first granted equal suffrage to women in 1869. The movement progressed so slowly in America that by 1900 only three new states had followed Wyoming's example. For the next ten years progress halted entirely, but no state then or since ever turned back. Furthermore, the idea was always taken up by the states that were adjoining a suffrage state and were, therefore, in the best position to know whether suffrage was a blessing or a curse. After 1910, equal suffrage gained rapidly, adding seven states in five years. The effect of the world war has been to further hasten the progress of the movement. The heightened sense of justice and the clearer conception of the meaning of democracy have caused a landslide that has swept all Canada, New York and so many other states that today twenty-six states of our Union, England and Canada, Australia, New Zealand and nearly every civilized state in Europe have either adopted complete equal suffrage or have granted women a considerable voice in the government.

Look at the maps and see how the white wave of democracy and justice has rolled over our Nation with ever-increasing tide during the last eight years. Complete equal suffrage for the whole United States passed the Lower House of the last Congress 274 to 134 votes, and passed the Senate 64 to 33, falling by only one vote to have the two-thirds required for constitutional amendments. Had not two Senators violated the instructions of their legislatures, the Federal Equal Suffrage Amendment would now be passed.

The prudent politician foreseeth a storm and listeneth to the voice of his people, but the foolish man denieth the lightning and perisheth! The fair-minded men of Texas want to give equal rights to their sisters and mothers, and they are going to do it on May 24th, regardless of the misrepresentations of the brewers and their hired journalists and spell-binders.

## WHAT DOES WOMAN SUFFRAGE DO FOR PROHIBITION.

The Year-Book of the Anti-Saloon League for 1915 says of Illinois: "The woman suffrage bill has proved to be the most valuable piece of temperance legislation the state has enacted. In one election 1,150 saloons were closed; 900 of these closed on account of majorities found in women's ballot boxes. The woman suffrage law has been of more value inasmuch as it aided materially in enforcing the law."

If you really believe in permanent prohibition and in having it enforced, then the surest plan you can follow is to vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th. Be not deceived, the brewers and booze ring are not dead—not even sleeping. They know what they are doing when they support the sending out of tons of false statements about suffrage and brutal slanders of the devoted patriots

## WHO SAYS THE IRISH LOVE A FIGHT?

A general inspecting some front-line trenches one morning after a terrific bombardment found an Irishman standing guard at a trench observation post, knee-deep in chilly mud and water with his own head bandaged and the wounded lying about in various degrees of manglement and everyone tired, hungry, sleepy and half frozen in the midst of desolation left by the artillery fire. In a burst of sympathy he remarked, "Pat, this a hell of a war isn't it?" "Yes, General, but you'll admit it is better than no war at all, won't you?"

women leading the suffrage movement! Mr. Prohibitionist if the old brewer and booze gang is fighting woman suffrage tooth and nail, what's your play? Don't forget to answer on May 24th.

## What Women Have Said They Want to Vote?

2,000,000 WOMEN OF THE NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION  
2,500,000 WOMEN OF THE GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMAN'S CLUBS  
THE NATIONAL WOMAN'S TRADES UNION LEAGUE  
THE AMERICAN COLLEGIATE ALUMNAE  
THE AMERICAN NURSES ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION  
THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF BUSINESS WOMEN  
THE WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION  
THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR  
AND NUMBERLESS CHURCHES, GRANGES, AND SMALLER GROUPS  
AND 385,000 TEXAS WOMEN REGISTERED TO VOTE LAST SUMMER BY A VERY INCONVENIENT PLAN IN 16 DAYS!

The antis make a great fuss over the fact that not many women paid their poll tax to vote this year. But they fail to mention that there is no primary this year and therefore the women have nothing to vote for and no reason to qualify to vote.

But the antis don't mention that last year 385,000 women registered for voting in 16 days when they had a vote in the primary and had a chance to help the good men purge the state of political corruption!

## What Laws Have Women Helped to Put on the Statute Books?

STATES HAVING EQUAL SUFFRAGE - TOTAL SCORE 79	COMMISSION TO REGULATE HOURS, WAGES AND WORKING CONDITIONS	CHILD LABOR LAW - 14 YEAR LIMIT	COMPULSORY EDUCATION	8 HOUR DAY FOR WOMEN	MINIMUM WAGE	MOTHERS' PENSIONS	EQUAL GUARDIANSHIP LAW	AGE OF CONSENT 16 YEARS	RED LIGHT ABATEMENT	PROHIBITION
COLORADO										
CALIFORNIA										
WASHINGTON										
UTAH										
NEVADA										
WYOMING										
MONTANA										
IDAHO										
ARIZONA										
OREGON										
KANSAS										
STATES WITHOUT EQUAL SUFFRAGE - TOTAL SCORE 29										
FLORIDA										
GEORGIA										
ALABAMA										
LOUISIANA										
DELAWARE										
MISSISSIPPI										
N. CAROLINA										
S. CAROLINA										
VIRGINIA										
VERMONT										

The black squares indicate that the State does not have the law indicated at the top of the corresponding column. Florida, for example, has none of the ten laws except the child labor law, while Colorado and Kansas have all, and California all except prohibition.

There is no need to guess and theorize about what woman would do if she had the ballot, for woman has had the ballot for more than a generation in one State and for nearly a generation in several others. She has not corrected in one generation all the evils that man struggled with without success for a thousand years, but she has had already a pronounced effect on legislation relating to education, to the protection of children, of women, of labor, of morals and of the home. The above chart shows that the ten old suffrage States—some of these having had suffrage only a few years—score 79 points out of a possible hundred in the matter of having enacted the ten laws relating to education, women, children, morals and home, while the ten old States without equal suffrage and most hostile to it score only 29 points.

Colorado, which has had equal suffrage for 25 years has been the leader of the nation in legislation protecting the child. The Interparliamentary Union, composed of leading public men and women of many nations who travelled the world over studying the laws and public life of the different nations and states, makes the statement that: "Colorado has the sanest, the most humane, the most progressive, most scientific laws relating to the child to be found in any statute books in the world."

Every one of these laws has been enacted since the women were given the ballot and enacted by the support of the women.

Furthermore, suffrage in these States has not "broken up the home" nor "made woman mannish" nor brought any of the awful evils the antis predict. There is not a single case on record in fifty years of equal suffrage of the vote causing a divorce, while there are records of thousands of divorces caused by low wages, drinking, red light districts and other such evils which woman's vote helps always to put an end to.

The unanswerable fact is that after the men of Idaho, Utah and Colorado had seen the working of suffrage for 26 years in the adjoining State of Wyoming they gave the ballot to their own women. Then, after seeing the results of suffrage in these four neighboring States for about twenty years, practically all the States around these four gave their women the ballot.

Doesn't anybody know that the millions of men in these States would never have given their wives and daughters the ballot if they had not seen that it did good and not harm in the adjoining States? No State has ever yet tried equal suffrage and then given it up. It is the adjoining States, the ones in the best position to see its effects, that have voted woman suffrage upon themselves. This mighty wave has swept practically everything from the Pacific to the Mississippi River and is now flowing rapidly over the Eastern States.

Texas will give her women the full suffrage on May 24th and give the force of her mighty power and influence to this great wave of liberty and justice.

## VALUE OF AN EDUCATION

### Every Day Spent in School Pays the Child Nine Dollars

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

#### HERE IS THE PROOF:

Uneducated Laborers Earn on the Average \$500 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$20,000. High School Graduates Earn on the Average \$1000 per Year for Forty Years, a Total of \$40,000. This Education Required 12 Years of School of 180 Days Each, a Total of 2160 Days in School.

If 2160 Days at School Add \$20,000 to the Income for Life, Then Each Day at School Adds \$9.02.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

The Child That Stays Out of School to Earn Less Than 9.00 a Day Is Losing Money, Not Making Money.

\$9.02 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$9.02

### WHAT FOUR YEARS IN SCHOOL PAID

Wages of Two Groups of Brooklyn Citizens

When—	Those Who Left School at 14 (Yearly Salary)	Those Who Left School at 18 (Yearly Salary)
14 Years of Age \$200	\$0	\$0
16 " " \$250	\$0	\$0
18 " " \$350	\$500	\$500
20 " " \$475	\$750	\$750
22 " " \$575	\$1000	\$1000
24 " " \$650	\$1150	\$1150
26 " " \$688	\$1550	\$1550
Total Salary 11 Years	\$5112.50	
Total Salary 7 years	\$7337.50	

Notice that at 25 years of age the better educated boys are receiving \$900 per year more salary, and have already, in 7 years, received \$2250 more than the boys who left school at 14 years have received for eleven years' work.

IT PAYS TO CONTINUE YOUR STUDIES

### Education Increases Productive Power

Massachusetts Gave Her Citizens 7 Years' Schooling

The United States Gave Her Citizens 4.4 Years' Schooling

Tennessee Gave Her Citizens 2 Years' Schooling

Massachusetts Citizens Produced Per Capita \$260 Per Year

Citizens of the United States Produced Per Capita \$170 Per Year

Tennessee Citizens Produced Per Capita \$116 Per Year

It Pays the State to Educate

### SCHOOLS A PAYING INVESTMENT FOR THE STATE

Massachusetts Spent \$13,889,838.00 or \$38.55 Per Pupil on Education.

Tennessee Spent \$1,628,313.00, or \$4.68 Per Pupil, On Education During the Same Year.

That Year Massachusetts Citizens Produced on the Average \$144 Each More Than Did Tennessee Citizens, or a Total of \$403,969,824.00—More Than Tennessee.

If Massachusetts Gives 12 Million Dollars More to Schools and Her Better Educated Citizens Produce 403 Million Dollars More Per Year, How Much Profit Does That State Make On Her Investment in Education?

EDUCATION IS NOT A CHARITY BUT THE BEST PAYING INVESTMENT

### DISTINGUISHED MEN OF AMERICA and their EDUCATION

With No Schooling Of 5 Million, Only 31 Attained Distinction

With Elementary Schooling Of 33 Million, 808 Attained Distinction

With High-School Education Of 2 Million, 1245 Attained Distinction

With College Education Of 1 Million, 5768 Attained Distinction

The child with no schooling has one chance in 150,000 of performing distinguished service; with elementary education he has four times the chance; with high-school education, 87 times the chance; with college education, 800 times the chance.

WHAT IS YOUR CHILD'S CHANCE?

### What Education Paid University of Texas Graduates

Salaries earned by the class of 1903:

ACADEMIC (Men)		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$626	\$2111	\$2522
ACADEMIC (Women)		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$559	\$843	\$1015
LAW		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$668	\$1916	\$3812
ENGINEERS		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$857	\$1430	\$2003
PHARMACISTS		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$626	\$1250	\$1850
DOCTORS		
First Year	First Year	First Year
\$1092	\$2750	\$4467

One-third of the Students of the University of Texas Work their Way Through



**"We have made partners of women in this war. Shall we admit them to a partnership of suffering and sacrifice and toil and not to a partnership of privilege and right?---Woodrow Wilson.**



**DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW HONORARY PRESIDENT NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION AND CHAIRMAN OF THE WOMAN'S COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE**

The ability, training and public spirit of the leaders of the woman suffrage movement in America have been signally proven during the trials of war. When President Wilson looked for the ablest and most patriotic woman executive in America to head the work of the Woman's Committee of the National Council of Defense he chose Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who has for a generation been before the public of America and Europe as the leader of the suffragists. It is equally remarkable that of the eleven leading women chosen out of the nation for service on the National Council's Woman's Committee, eight were either state or national officers in the National Woman Suffrage Association.

The work of this committee in directing the conservation, publicity and morale work among the women is one of the few things that not even the chronic critics have been able to attack. What these women, and the thousands of their co-workers in the states did, stands as a monument to the patriotism, loyalty and intelligence of the womanhood of America.

#### **GALVESTON WOMAN SERVING MID ROARING CANNON AND BURNING BOMBS.**

Dr. Ethel Lyon Heard, wife of Dr. Allen G. Heard of the University of Texas Medical College, who has been given the War Cross for distinguished services, followed her husband from Galveston and enlisted in the Red Cross soon after he entered the army. She was sent to Chalons, about fifteen miles behind the line of battle, near Reims, to take charge of a maternity hospital. Here for more than a year she has been working under periodic raids and bombardments, caring for the helpless mothers and new-born babes driven out of their homes by the approach of the German army. Moonlight air raids and bombings got so common that Dr. Heard ceased to mention them in her letters home, but when the Germans crushed the line and drove the Allies thirty miles back to Chateau Thierry she had an experience that she did mention. She wrote:

"Hearing from the Red Cross zone captain that there was an overwhelming number of wounded at an evacuation hospital near-by, I took a nurse and went over there in my little Ford, which we call 'Mary Anne.' We found the hospital completely filled and the wounded lying on the ground all around in the grove. We started to work before reaching the building and worked our way to the dressing rooms, where we worked all night under bombardment from long range guns and bombing from airplanes 'till five o'clock, when we took two hours' sleep and went at it again. Fortunately, no shell struck the hospital, but with them falling all around I was dreadfully afraid Mary Anne would be hit, and as soon as it was light, slipped out to see if she was safe—and there she was entirely untouched and ready for every emergency. By continuous work all next day we managed to get every one of the wounded dressed and sent back on the train out of the zone of fire, and then we drove back home. There were so few surgeons and so many wounded that many men died before we could get to them, and yet in all their pain and shock I never heard a complaint from a single man—it is simply wonderful."

A little later the kaiser started the second push that was to go from Chateau Thierry to Paris, but which found our Marines across the path. The French had no idea that this push would be stopped so short and turned back so quickly and completely, so they ordered Doctor Heard to evacuate her hospital, sending the children and patients over to Mery-sur-Seine. Writing of the evacuation Dr. Heard says "The word came to go on Friday. We started the furniture and supplies on Saturday. I was up all Saturday night with a



**DR. ETHEL LYON HEARD**

Formerly President of the Galveston Equal Suffrage Association, the Heroic Head of the Maternity Hospital at Chalons Sur Marne.

woman giving birth to twins. Sunday at 7 a. m. we got the beds and most necessary articles off on the military camions and loaded the patients into the ambulances, and by some of the cars making the long trip twice we sent all the patients that day, Miss Pye going with the last load, which included the woman with the new-born twins. "The children with their staff and stuff were to go in the morning, so I thought I would have a good night's sleep, but at 9:30 a woman in labor was brought in and about time the labor ward was made ready for her I heard a bang! At first I thought it the first note of an air raid, but when it recurred regularly we soon perceived that it was a long range gun dropping shells into the town. So I meandered around seeing to things and keeping the women cheered up. About 11:30 the cars began to get back from Mery. The men had been driving all day, but when I told them I thought we ought to get the children out at once, they pitched in, changing tires and filling up with gas and oil at once, like bricks. I gave directions to the head nurse of the children and was obliged to go then to the labor ward where I presently delivered the lady of a fine boy, while the shells dropped regularly every five minutes. When I got through with her I went down stairs and found the cars all loaded, twenty children in three cars, and a nurse and driver with each car. They left at 3 a. m. I gave them my blessing, told them to dodge the shells, going through town, and went to bed now in earnest as the mother and

#### **THE BRAVEST BATTLE.**

The bravest battle that ever was fought;  
Shall I tell you where and when?  
On the maps of the world you will find it not;  
It was fought by the mothers of men.

Nay, not with cannon or battle shot,  
With sword or nobler pen;  
Nay, not with eloquent word or thought,  
From mouths of wonderful men.

But deep in a walled-up woman's heart—  
Of woman that would not yield,  
But patiently, silently bore her part—  
Lo! there is that battlefield.

No marshaling troop, no bivouac song;  
No banner to gleam and wave;  
And Oh! these battles they last so long—  
From babyhood to the grave!

Yet, faithful still as a bridge of stars,  
She fights in her walled-up town—  
Fights on and on in the endless wars,  
Then silent, unseen—goes down.

—Joaquin Miller.



**BRAVE RED CROSS NURSES.**

The ants used to say that women ought not to vote because they can't fight in time of war!

But, now—  
Who are the Red Cross nurses?  
Who ran the canteens and served coffee and food to the tired boys behind the trenches?  
Who helped run the hospitals and hotels and rest homes for soldiers?  
Who helped keep the books and write the orders?  
Who did dangerous secret service work?  
Who helped run the telephones and telegraphs?  
Who worked in the railroad offices and helped to keep the troop and supply trains going?

Who helped sell the Liberty Bonds?  
Who helped to make the munitions?  
Who made the soldier's clothing?  
Who wound the bandages?  
Who knitted the socks?  
Who bore the babies, educated the boys and inspired and cheered the men that crushed the St. Mihiel salient and swept the Argonne Forest?

It takes a whole nation now to win a war. The women had a big part to do, and they did it grandly.

It also takes all the intelligence and character of the nation to win the victory in time of peace over disease, ignorance and corruption; and the women have a big share to perform in that fight. Give them the vote and let them do their share.

habe were comfortable and she was courageous. I got a good nap till 5:30 when the shells began dropping right in the back yard and I felt I ought to be around to see about things.

"The next day we continued sending furniture and sent the mother and new babe. During the day another woman in labor was brought in in a military ambulance. The shells continued falling all day and night. At twelve o'clock that night I delivered this mother and then got nearly five hours of sleep. The next day I went to Mery. Meantime the shelling ceased, but that night we had a hum-dinger of an air raid—six big bombs fell about a block away. Wednesday I returned to the hospital. That night there was a terrific thunder storm, so there was no raid and no excitement except taking eight old people and two nuns across town in a truck in the inky blackness and pouring rain, feeling our way inch by inch through the crooked, narrow streets, where we could not see where houses ended and sky started, much less which was street and which was sidewalk. We left them at the seminary, where there was a safe cellar and got back next night was clear, and, of course, we had raids, this time with incendiary bombs for change! Miss Pye had established an emergency station in one of the big wine caves in the mountains, where everyone goes on clear nights, so I was left alone at the hospital with two of the drivers. The next night I was there entirely alone, the two cars having gone back. One mean aviator dropped a bomb right back of my little barrack where I sleep and as a result there is not a pane of glass left in the place, nor hardly a tile on the roof."

Dr. Heard was president of the Equal Suffrage Association of Galveston, and leader in the Red Cross work there before she left Texas. She is hoping to get back home before the election. Now haven't she, and

the millions of other noble women like her who have helped to win this war for Democracy, earned the right to Democracy at home? If you think so, then vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th and let our patriotic women vote and exclude the disloyal alien vote.

#### **A MOTHER'S VIEW**

Here is what Mrs. E. A. Watters, President of the Texas Congress of Mothers, thinks about the suffrage amendment: "I believe in woman suffrage as the best means to protect the child in the home, school, church, and state. When women are given the vote they will be relieved of the arduous task of getting up petitions and educating the men to give them better laws to protect women and children. They will no longer waste efforts by begging others to do for them what they can do for themselves."

"Conservation of time, money, and energy will be the result, thus giving the woman more time in the home with their children, and more time for the study of child nurture. Most women of our state are home makers. They should be given the vote to protect their homes."

#### **WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND THE INFANT DEATH RATE.**

The lowest infant death rate in the world is in New Zealand where women have voted for over 20 years. Of the cities in the United States having the lowest infant death rate, those in equal suffrage cities have an average death rate of 66 while the male suffrage cities average 100.7. Kansas has reduced its infant death rate from 120 to 70 since it established the first Child Hygiene Bureau in the United States in 1913, the year after women were given the vote.

Let us give our Texas women the vote on May 24th and let them help us to save 50 out of each hundred and twenty babies that now die in Texas!



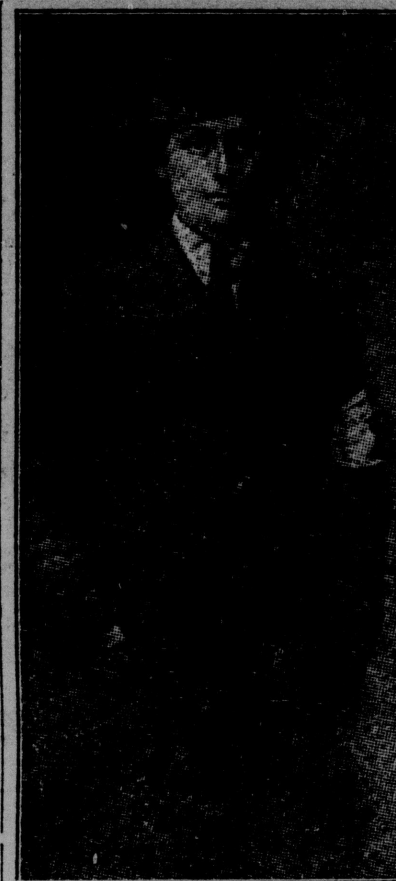
**DR. CAROLINE FINLEY**  
Director of First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit; Decorated by the French Government.

#### **WORK OF WOMEN'S OVERSEAS HOSPITAL UNITS.**

Mrs. Raymond Brown, reporting to the National Suffrage Association in St. Louis, said:

"When the Women's Overseas Hospitals sent its first unit to France, it was with the idea of giving help to the women and children of France. The keynote of our purpose was struck by M. Allemand, of the cabinet of the minister of war, who, said, 'We are not only grateful but I understand why you have come to our aid. The suffragists of America are doing this because of their deep interest in public welfare. That is the real reason they are suffragists, isn't it?'"

"The first unit sent over was to establish a hospital for women and children in the devastated region. They had been assigned several villages from which the boches had been driven back, but before they could take possession there came another German drive, and they were called on by the French War Department for instant military service. Five of our surgeons and a number of nurses and aides left Paris in a truck destined for a hospital which was abandoned before they reached it. They were then sent to Chateau Ognon where they received a tide of wounded direct from the battlefield. The hospital was short-handed, not organized. These finely trained American women surgeons waived all prerogatives and prestige. They washed feet, cut blood-stiffened bandages from mangled bodies, gave injections when they could get them and did everything that trained minds and skillful hands could do to lighten the agony. After this first drive our women surgeons found their proper places and the next



**DR. ALICE GREGORY**  
Decorated by the French Government.

drive found them operating on an equality with the French men surgeons.

"The Croix de Guerre was given to four of our women for bravery in working under fire. It did not take as much courage, however, to work under fire as it did to stay quietly in bed night after night during the aeroplane raids. Three times they dropped them in the grounds of the chateau and one terrible night in July one fell in the midst of one of the hospital wards and wiped it out of existence, with eighteen killed and twelve wounded.

"In the July drive this hospital had the record for France for the number of operations performed, 1,500 in 19 days. More than half this number went through the hands of our group of nurses who had complete charge of the preparation ward."

The second unit established a hospital for refugees, planning, purchasing and equipping all the material, even the plumbing. The next unit was organized at the request of the French Government to conduct a special hospital for gassed soldiers, one of the most difficult types of work developed during the war.

Since the armistice the first unit has given its time to running a hospital for prisoners returning from Germany and to relief work in Belgium.



**MISS CAROLYN MOUNTAIN**  
Chauffeur, First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit.



#### **THE SOLDIER VOTES:**

For the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

#### **Because He Wants:**

- 1st. To stop the voting of those aliens who are too disloyal to become citizens.
- 2nd. To put his mother and sister who loyally supported him in this war in position to support him by their ballot in peace as well as war.

#### **HOW TO MARK YOUR BALLOT**

Below is a copy of the official ballot that will be used on May 24th, marked as it should be marked to vote for the Suffrage Amendment.

Whatever else you may vote for or against, be sure to **Vote for the Suffrage Amendment.**

#### **OFFICIAL BALLOT**

FOR Prohibition.

AGAINST Prohibition.

FOR the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

FOR the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

FOR the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

#### **GENERAL PERSHING**

General Pershing wrote back to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense:

"The patriotism of our incomparable women, than whom there are none other more noble, shall be our constant inspiration until the great task which is entrusted to us is accomplished."

#### **PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE**

Lloyd George, the brainy English prime minister, who did more than any other Englishman to win the war, says:

"If it had not been for the splendid manner in which the women came forward to work in the hospitals and munition factories, in administrative offices of all kinds and in war work behind the lines, often in daily danger of their lives, Great Britain, and I believe, all the Allies would have been unable to withstand the enemy attacks of the last few months."

England has kept her pledge to Democracy and given her women citizens complete suffrage. Can Texas do less?



**MISS ROBERT LEE CROMWELL**  
Of Texas; Decorated by the Kings of Two Nations for Conspicuous Red Cross Service.

#### **A BRAVE TEXAS WOMAN DECORATED BY TWO EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS**

Texas has again been placed on the world map of honor by one of her heroic daughters. Miss Robert Lee Cromwell, who for many years was the quiet but forceful and efficient principal of the Corpus Christi High School, and the earnest summer school student in the University of Texas Summer School for Teachers, prepared herself as a trained nurse and at the outbreak of the war en-

teered the service of the Red Cross and volunteered for foreign service. Recognizing her fine training, her executive ability and commanding personality, the Red Cross put her in charge of some of the most difficult posts in Russia amid the carnage of the eastern and Caucasian fronts. Miss Cromwell acquitted herself so splendidly that she was decorated for distinguished services by the late Czar of Russia, who was then fighting with the Allies.

On our entrance into the war, Miss Cromwell was sent to the western front and in following the sweeping crash of our victorious allied armies and in the heart-rending work of caring for the restored and ravished Belgian provinces her work was so notable that recently she has been decorated with the Queen's Medal by Queen Elizabeth and King Albert of Belgium.

This splendid, educated Texas woman, whom the rulers of two nations have decorated for heroism, public spirit, and intelligent work in reconstructing their civilization, will, when she returns to her native land, be allowed to vote on the important problems of reconstruction and social betterment if she lives in New York, but if she comes home to Texas she will be classed politically with children, idiots, insane and criminals, and denied the right to have any voice in making the laws or electing the officers under whom she must live—unless the fair-minded, just men of Texas vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24. Miss Cromwell wants her just democratic rights. She and millions of other heroic women at home and abroad have won them; and the chivalric men of Texas will give them to them on May 24.

**"We shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts---for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments."---Woodrow Wilson.**



"We have made partners of women in this war. Shall we admit them to a partnership of suffering and sacrifice and toil and not to a partnership of privilege and right?---Woodrow Wilson.



DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW HONORARY PRESIDENT NATIONAL AMERICAN WOMAN SUFFRAGE ASSOCIATION AND CHAIRMAN OF THE WOMAN'S COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

The ability, training and public spirit of the leaders of the woman suffrage movement in America have been signally proven during the trials of war. When President Wilson looked for the ablest and most patriotic woman executive in America to head the work of the Woman's Committee of the National Council of Defense he chose Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, who has for a generation been before the public of America and Europe as the leader of the suffragists. It is equally remarkable that of the eleven leading women chosen out of the nation for service on the National Council's Woman's Committee, eight were either state or national officers in the National Woman Suffrage Association.

The work of this committee in directing the conservation, publicity and morale work among the women is one of the few things that not even the chronic critics have been able to attack. What these women, and the thousands of their co-workers in the states did, stands as a monument to the patriotism, loyalty and intelligence of the womanhood of America.

#### GALVESTON WOMAN SERVING MID ROARING CANNON AND BURSTING BOMBS.

Dr. Ethel Lyon Heard, wife of Dr. Allen G. Heard of the University of Texas Medical College, who has been given the War Cross for distinguished services, followed her husband from Galveston and enlisted in the Red Cross soon after he entered the army. She was sent to Chalons, about fifteen miles behind the line of battle, near Reims, to take charge of a maternity hospital. Here for more than a year she has been working under periodic raids and bombardments, caring for the helpless mothers and new-born babes driven out of their homes by the approach of the German army. Moonlight air raids and bombings got so common that Dr. Heard ceased to mention them in her letters home, but when the Germans crushed the line and drove the Allies thirty miles back to Chateau Thierry she had an experience that she did mention. She wrote:

"Hearing from the Red Cross zone captain that there was an overwhelming number of wounded at an evacuation hospital near-by, I took a nurse and went over there in my little Ford, which we call 'Mary Anne'. We found the hospital completely filled and the wounded lying on the ground all around in the grove. We started to work before reaching the building and worked our way to the dressing rooms, where we worked all night long, changing fires and filling up with gas and oil at once. Like bricks, I gave directions to the head nurse of the children and was obliged to go to the labor ward where I presently delivered the lady of a fine boy, while the shells dropped regularly every five minutes. When I got through with her I went down stairs and found the cars all loaded, twenty children in three cars, and a nurse and driver with each car. They left at 3 a. m. I gave them my blessing, told them to dodge the shells, going through town, and went to bed in a single man—it is simply wonderful."

A little later the Kaiser started the second push that was to go from Chateau Thierry to Paris, but which found our Marines across the path. The French had no idea that this push would be stopped so short and turned back so quickly and completely, so they ordered Doctor Heard to evacuate her hospital, sending the children and patients over to Mery-sur-Seine. Writing of the evacuation Dr. Heard says: "The word came to go on Friday. We started the furniture and supplies on Saturday. I was up all Saturday night with a



DR. ETHEL LYON HEARD Formerly President of the Galveston Equal Suffrage Association, the Heroic Head of the Maternity Hospital at Chalons Sur Marne.

woman giving birth to twins. Sunday at 7 a. m. we got the beds and most necessary articles off on the military camions and loaded the patients into the ambulances, and by some of the cars making the long trip twice we sent all the patients that day, Miss Pye going with the last load, which included the woman with the new-born twins. "The children with their staff and stuff were to go in the morning, so I thought I would have a good night's sleep, but at 9:30 a woman in labor was brought in and about time the labor ward was made ready for her I heard a bang! At first I thought it the first note of an air raid, but when it recurred regularly we soon perceived that it was a long range gun dropping shells into the town. So I meandered around seeing to things and keeping the woman cheered up. About 11:30 the cars began to get back from Mery. The men had been driving all day, but when I told them I thought we ought to get the children out at once, they pitched in, changing tires and filling up with gas and oil at once. Like bricks, I gave directions to the head nurse of the children and was obliged to go to the labor ward where I presently delivered the lady of a fine boy, while the shells dropped regularly every five minutes. When I got through with her I went down stairs and found the cars all loaded, twenty children in three cars, and a nurse and driver with each car. They left at 3 a. m. I gave them my blessing, told them to dodge the shells, going through town, and went to bed in a single man—it is simply wonderful."

#### THE BRAVEST BATTLE.

The bravest battle that ever was fought;  
Shall I tell you where and when?  
On the maps of the world you will find it not;  
It was fought by the mothers of men.

Nay, not with cannon or battle shot,  
With sword or nobler pen;  
Nay, not with eloquent word or thought,  
From mouths of wonderful men.

But deep in a walled-up woman's heart—  
Of woman that would not yield,  
But patiently, silently bore her part—  
Lo! there is that battlefield.

No marshaling troop, no bivouac song;  
No banner to gleam and wave;  
And Oh! these battles they last so long—  
From babyhood to the grave!

Yet, faithful still as a bridge of stars,  
She fights in her walled-up town—  
Fights on and on in the endless wars,  
Then silent, unseen—goes down.  
—Joaquin Miller.



BRAVE RED CROSS NURSES.

The ants used to say that women ought not to vote because they can't fight in time of war!

But, now—  
Who are the Red Cross nurses?  
Who ran the canteens and served coffee and food to the tired boys behind the trenches?  
Who helped run the hospitals and hotels and rest homes for soldiers?  
Who helped keep the books and write the orders?  
Who did dangerous secret service work?  
Who helped run the telephones and telegraphs?  
Who worked in the railroad offices and helped to keep the troop and supply trains going?  
Who helped sell the Liberty Bonds?  
Who helped to make the munitions?  
Who made the soldier's clothing?  
Who wound the bandages?  
Who knit the socks?  
Who bore the babies, educated the boys and inspired and cheered the men that crushed the St. Mihiel salient and swept the Argonne Forest?

It takes a whole nation now to win a war. The women had a big part to do, and they did it grandly.

It also takes all the intelligence and character of the nation to win the victory in time of peace over disease, ignorance and corruption; and the women have a big share to perform in that fight. Give them the vote and let them do their share.

babe were comfortable and she was courageous. I got a good nap till 5:30 when the shells began dropping right in the back yard and I felt I ought to be around to see about things.

"The next day we continued sending furniture and sent the mother and new babe. During the day another woman in labor was brought in in a military ambulance. The shells continued falling all day and night. At twelve o'clock that night I delivered this mother and then got nearly five hours of sleep. The next day I went to Mery. Meantime the shelling ceased, but that night we had a hum-dinger of an air raid—six big bombs fell about a block away. Wednesday I returned to the hospital. That night there was a terrific thunder storm, so there was no raid and no excitement except taking eight old people and two nuns across town in a truck in the inky blackness and pouring rain, feeling our way inch by inch through the crooked, narrow streets, where we could not see where houses ended and sky started, much less which was street and which was sidewalk. We left them at the seminary, where there was a safe cellar and got back wet, muddy and sleepy at 12:30. The next night was clear, and, of course, we had raids, this time with incendiary bombs for change! Miss Pye had established an emergency station in one of the big wine caves in the mountains, where everyone goes on clear nights, so I was left alone at the hospital with two of the drivers. The next night I was there entirely alone, the two cars having gone back. One mean aviator dropped a bomb right back of my little barrack where I sleep and as a result there is not a pane of glass left in the place, nor hardly a tile on the roof."

Dr. Heard was president of the Equal Suffrage Association of Galveston, and leader in the Red Cross work there before she left Texas. She is hoping to get back home before the election. Now haven't she, and

the millions of other noble women like her who have helped to win this war for Democracy, earned the right to Democracy at home? If you think so, then vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24th and let our patriotic women vote and exclude the disloyal alien vote.

#### A MOTHER'S VIEW

Here is what Mrs. E. A. Watters, President of the Texas Congress of Mothers, thinks about the suffrage amendment.

"I believe in woman suffrage as the best means to protect the child in the home, school, church, and state. When women are given the vote they will be relieved of the arduous task of getting up petitions and educating the men to give them better laws to protect women and children. They will no longer waste efforts by begging others to do for them what they can do for themselves."

Conservation of time, money, and energy will be the result, thus giving the woman more time in the home with their children, and more time for the study of child nurture. Most women of our state are home makers. They should be given the vote to protect their homes."

#### WOMAN SUFFRAGE AND THE INFANT DEATH RATE.

The lowest infant death rate in the world is in New Zealand where women have voted for over 20 years. Of the cities in the United States having the lowest infant death rate, those in equal suffrage cities have an average death rate of 66 while the male suffrage cities average 109.7. Kansas has reduced its infant death rate from 120 to 70 since it established the first Child Hygiene Bureau in the United States in 1913, the year after women were given the vote.

Let us give our Texas women the vote on May 24th and let them help us to save 50 out of each hundred and twenty babies that now die in Texas!



DR. CAROLINE FINLEY Director of First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit; Decorated by the French Government.

#### WORK OF WOMEN'S OVERSEAS HOSPITAL UNITS.

Mrs. Raymond Brown, reporting to the National Suffrage Association in St. Louis, said:

"When the Women's Overseas Hospitals sent its first unit to France, it was with the idea of giving help to the women and children of France. The keynote of our purpose was struck by M. Allemand, of the cabinet of the minister of war, who said, 'We are not only grateful but I understand why you have come to our aid. The suffragists of America are doing this because of their deep interest in public welfare. That is the real reason they are suffragists, isn't it?'"

"The first unit sent over was to establish a hospital for women and children in the devastated region. They had been assigned several villages from which the boches had been driven back, but before they could take possession there came another German drive, and they were called on by the French War Department for instant military service. Five of our surgeons and a number of nurses and aides left Paris in a truck destined for a hospital which was abandoned before they reached it. They were then sent to Chateau Ognon where they received a tide of wounded direct from the battlefield. The hospital was short-handed, not organized. These finely trained American women surgeons waived all prerogatives and prestige. They washed feet, oiled blood-stiffened bandages from mangled bodies, gave injections when they could get them and did everything that trained minds and skillful hands could do to lighten the agony. After this first drive our women surgeons found their proper places and the next



DR. ALICE GREGORY Decorated by the French Government.

drive found them operating on an equality with the French men surgeons.

"The Croix de Guerre was given to four of our women for bravery in working under fire. It did not take as much courage, however, to work under fire as it did to stay quietly in bed night after night during the aeroplane raids. Three times they dropped them in the grounds of the chateau and one terrible night in July one fell in the midst of one of the hospital wards and wiped it out of existence, with eighteen killed and twelve wounded.

"In the July drive this hospital had the record for France for the number of operations performed, 1,500 in 19 days. More than half this number went through the hands of our group of nurses who had complete charge of the preparation ward. The second unit established a hospital for refugees, planning, purchasing and equipping all the material, even the plumbing. The next unit was organized at the request of the French Government to conduct a special hospital for gassed soldiers, one of the most difficult types of work developed during the war.

Since the armistice the first unit has given its time to running a hospital for prisoners returning from Germany and to relief work in Belgium.



MISS CAROLYN MOUNTAIN Chauffeur, First Suffrage Overseas Hospital Unit.



#### THE SOLDIER VOTES:

For the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

#### Because He Wants:

1st, To stop the voting of those aliens who are too disloyal to become citizens.  
2nd, To put his mother and sister who loyally supported him in this war in position to support him by their ballot in peace as well as war.

#### HOW TO MARK YOUR BALLOT

Below is a copy of the official ballot that will be used on May 24th, marked as it should be marked to vote for the Suffrage Amendment.

Whatever else you may vote for or against, be sure to Vote for the Suffrage Amendment.

#### OFFICIAL BALLOT

FOR Prohibition.

AGAINST Prohibition.

FOR the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters.

FOR the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas.

FOR the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

AGAINST the Amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes.

#### GENERAL PERSHING

General Pershing wrote back to Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense:

"The patriotism of our incomparable women, than whom there are none other more noble, shall be our constant inspiration until the great task which is entrusted to us is accomplished."

#### PREMIER LLOYD GEORGE

Lloyd George, the brainy English prime minister, who did more than any other Englishman to win the war, says:

"If it had not been for the splendid manner in which the women came forward to work in the hospitals and munition factories, in administrative offices of all kinds and in war work behind the lines, often in daily danger of their lives, Great Britain, and I believe, all the Allies would have been unable to withstand the enemy attacks of the last few months."

England has kept her pledge to Democracy and given her women citizens complete suffrage. Can Texas do less?



MISS ROBERT LEE CROMWELL Of Texas; Decorated by the Kings of Two Nations for Conspicuous Red Cross Service.

#### A BRAVE TEXAS WOMAN DECORATED BY TWO EUROPEAN GOVERNMENTS

Texas has again been placed on the world map of honor by one of her heroic daughters. Miss Robert Lee Cromwell, who for many years was the quiet but forceful and efficient principal of the Corpus Christi High School, and the earnest summer school student in the University of Texas Summer School for teachers, prepared herself as a trained nurse and at the outbreak of the war en-

tered the service of the Red Cross and volunteered for foreign service. Recognizing her fine training, her executive ability and commanding personality, the Red Cross put her in charge of some of the most difficult posts in Russia amid the carnage of the eastern and Caucasian fronts. Miss Cromwell acquitted herself so splendidly that she was decorated for distinguished services by the late Czar of Russia, who was then fighting with the Allies.

On our entrance into the war, Miss Cromwell was sent to the western front and in following the sweeping crash of our victorious allied armies and in the heart-rending work of caring for the restored and ravished Belgian provinces her work was so notable that recently she has been decorated with the Queen's Medal by Queen Elizabeth and King Albert of Belgium.

This splendid, educated Texas woman, whom the rulers of two nations have decorated for heroism, public spirit, and intelligent work in reconstructing their civilization, will, when she returns to her native land, be allowed to vote on the important problems of reconstruction and social betterment if she lives in New York, but if she comes home to Texas she will be classed politically with children, idiots, insane and criminals, and denied the right to have any voice in making the laws or electing the officers under whom she must live—unless the fair-minded, just men of Texas vote for the suffrage amendment on May 24. Miss Cromwell wants her just democratic rights. She and millions of other heroic women at home and abroad have won them; and the chivalric men of Texas will give them to them on May 24.

"We shall fight for the things which we have always carried nearest our hearts---for democracy, for the right of those who submit to authority to have a voice in their own governments."---Woodrow Wilson.